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# SPECIFICATION

100% Construction Documents Submittal

VA Project No. 695-13-112

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111 Admin Consolidation for 10AS Sim Lab  
Clement J. Zablocki VA Medical Center  
Milwaukee, Wisconsin



Volume 1 of 2: Division 0 – 12

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Issued: April 30, 2013



**DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS  
VHA MASTER SPECIFICATIONS**

**TABLE OF CONTENTS  
Section 00 01 10**

Volume 1		
	<b>DIVISION 00 - SPECIAL SECTIONS</b>	<b>DATE</b>
00 01 15	List of Drawing Sheets	09-11
	<b>DIVISION 01 - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS</b>	
01 00 00	General Requirements	01-13
01 01 10 1HR	1 Hr Construction Smoke Barriers	
01 01 10 FSS	Fire And Safety Control	
01 01 10 IC	Infection Control	
01 01 10 SN	Special Notes	
01 32 16.13	Network Analysis Schedules	03-11
01 32 16.15	Project Schedules (Small Projects - Design/Bid/Build	04-10
01 33 23	Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples	11-08
01 42 19	Reference Standards	09-11
01 57 19	Temporary Environmental Controls	01-11
01 58 16	Temporary Interior Signage	08-11
01 74 19	Construction Waste Management	05-12
01 74 19.10	Attachment A - Sample Construction Waste Management Plan	
01 81 11	Sustainable Design Requirements	02-13
01 91 00	General Commissioning Requirements	05-11
	<b>DIVISION 02 - EXISTING CONDITIONS</b>	
02 41 00	Demolition	06-10
02 42 00	Cutting, Removal, Demolition, restoration and Patching	
02 82 11	Traditional Asbestos Abatement	07-11
02 82 11-A	Supplemental Asbestos Inspection Report	
02 82 13.13	Glovebag Asbestos Abatement	07-11
02 82 13.19	Asbestos Floor Tile and Mastic Abatement	07-11
02 83 33.13	Lead-Based Paint Removal and Disposal	08-11
	Supplemental Asbestos Inspection Report	
	<b>DIVISION 05 - METALS</b>	
05 50 00	Metal Fabrications	09-11
	<b>DIVISION 06 - WOOD, PLASTICS AND COMPOSITES</b>	
06 10 00	Rough Carpentry	09-11
06 20 00	Finish Carpentry	05-10
	<b>DIVISION 07 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION</b>	
07 21 13	Thermal Insulation	03-09
07 53 23	Ethylene-Propylene-Diene-Monomer Roofing	10-11

07 84 00	Firestopping	10-11
07 92 00	Joint Sealants	12-11
07 95 13	Expansion Joint Cover Assemblies	10-11
	<b>DIVISION 08 - OPENINGS</b>	
08 11 13	Hollow Metal Doors and Frames	01-13
08 14 00	Interior Wood Doors	10-12
08 31 13	Access Doors and Frames	10-11
08 35 00	Side-Folding Grilles Open Design	
08 71 00	Door Hardware	09-11
08 80 00	Glazing	10-12
	<b>DIVISION 09 - FINISHES</b>	
09 22 16	Non-Structural Metal Framing	07-10
09 29 00	Gypsum Board	02-13
09 30 13	Ceramic/Porcelain Tiling	05-12
09 51 00	Acoustical Ceilings	10-10
09 65 13	Resilient Base and Accessories	10-11
09 65 16	Resilient Sheet Flooring	07-10
09 65 19	Resilient Tile Flooring	03-11
09 68 00	Carpeting	10-11
09 72 16	Vinyl-Coated Fabric Wall Covering	11-11
09 91 00	Painting	04-09
	<b>DIVISION 10 - SPECIALTIES</b>	
10 12 00	Display Cases	
10 14 00	Signage	11-11
10 21 13	Toilet Compartments	05-12
10 21 23	Cubicle Curtain Tracks	11-11
10 22 19	Movable Partition System	
10 22 26	Paired Operable Partitions	
10 25 13	Patient Bed Service Walls	11-11
10 26 00	Wall and Door Protection	01-11
10 28 00	Toilet, Bath, and Laundry Accessories	11-11
10 51 13	Metal Lockers	
10 57 00	Wire Shelving	04-13
	<b>DIVISION 11 - EQUIPMENT</b>	
11 73 00	Ceiling Mounted Patient Lift System	07-10
	<b>DIVISION 12 - FURNISHINGS</b>	
12 00 00	Modular Furniture Schedule	
12 24 00	Window Shades	11-11
12 32 00	Manufactured Millwork	04-13
	<b>DIVISION 21- FIRE SUPPRESSION</b>	
Volume 2		
21 05 11	Common Work Results for Fire Suppression	11-09
21 08 00	Commissioning of Fire Suppression System	07-10

02-01-13

21 10 00	Water-Based Fire-Suppression Systems	
21 13 13	Wet-Pipe Sprinkler Systems	05-08
	<b>DIVISION 22 - PLUMBING</b>	
22 05 11	Common Work Results for Plumbing	04-11
22 05 23	General-Duty Valves for Plumbing Piping	12-09
22 07 11	Plumbing Insulation	05-11
22 08 00	Commissioning of Plumbing Systems	07-10
22 11 00	Facility Water Distribution	05-11
22 13 00	Facility Sanitary and Vent Piping	12-09
22 40 00	Plumbing Fixtures	03-11
22 62 00	Vacuum Systems for Healthcare Facilities	
22 63 00	Gas Systems for Healthcare Facilities	
	<b>DIVISION 23 - HEATING, VENTILATING, AND AIR CONDITIONING (HVAC)</b>	
23 05 11	Common Work Results for HVAC	11-10
23 05 12	General Motor Requirements for HVAC and Steam Generation Equipment	11-10
23 05 41	Noise and Vibration Control for HVAC Piping and Equipment	11-10
23 05 93	Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing for HVAC	05-11
23 07 11	HVAC and Boiler Plant Insulation	05-11
23 08 00	Commissioning of HVAC	07-10
23 09 23	Direct-Digital Control System for HVAC	09-11
23 21 13	Hydronic Piping	09-12
23 23 00	Refrigerant Piping	02-10
23 31 00	HVAC Ducts and Casings	04-11
23 36 00	Air Terminal Units	03-10
23 37 00	Air Outlets and Inlets	11-09
23 81 00	Decentralized Unitary HVAC Equipment	02-11
23 82 00	Convection Heating and Cooling Units	04-11
23 82 16	Air Coils	04-11
	<b>DIVISION 26 - ELECTRICAL</b>	
26 05 02	Electrical Demolition For Remodeling	
26 05 03	Electrical Equipment Mounting Requirements	
26 05 11	Requirements for Electrical Installations	12-12
26 05 19	Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables	12-12
26 05 26	Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems	12-12
26 05 33	Raceway and Boxes for Electrical Systems	09-10
26 09 23	Lighting Controls	09-10
26 24 16	Panelboards	12-12
26 27 26	Wiring Devices	12-12
26 29 11	Motor Controllers	12-12
26 29 21	Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers	12-12
26 51 00	Interior Lighting	12-12
	<b>DIVISION 27 - COMMUNICATIONS</b>	
27 05 11	Requirements for Communications Installations	11-09
27 05 26	Grounding and Bonding for Communications Systems	10-06

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI VA MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

02-01-13

27 05 33	Raceways and Boxes for Communications Systems	12-05
27 08 00	Commissioning of Communications Systems	07-10
27 10 00	Structured Cabling	12-05
27 15 00	Communications Horizontal Cabling	10-06
27 51 16	Public Address and Mass Notification Systems	01-10
27 52 23	Nurse Call and Code Blue Systems	01-10
	<b>DIVISION 28 - ELECTRONIC SAFETY AND SECURITY</b>	
28 05 00	Common Work Results for Electronic Safety and Security	09-11
28 05 13	Conductors and Cables for Electronic Safety and Security	09-11
28 05 26	Grounding and Bonding for Electronic Safety and Security	09-11
28 05 28.33	Conduits and Backboxes for Electronic Safety and Security	09-11
28 08 00	Commissioning of Electronic Safety and Security Systems	09-11
28 13 00	Physical Access Control Systems	10-11
28 23 00	Video Surveillance	09-11
28 26 00	Electronic Personal Protection System	09-11
28 31 00	Fire Detection and Alarm	10-11

**SECTION 00 01 15**  
**LIST OF DRAWINGS**

The drawings listed below accompanying this specification form a part of the contract.

Drawing No.            Title

General Information

G100                    COVER SHEET

Architectural

A000	INFECTIOUS CONTROL PLAN AND GENERAL NOTES
A001	GENERAL NOTES AND ABBREVIATIONS
A002	10TH FLOOR PLAN - LIFE SAFETY PLAN
A003	9TH AND 10TH FLOOR PLAN - PHASING
A004	10TH FLOOR PLAN - ABATEMENT
A100	10TH FLOOR PLAN - DEMOLITION
A101	10TH FLOOR PLAN - NEW WORK
A200	10TH FLOOR PLAN - REFLECTED CEILING PLAN
A400	10TH FLOOR FINISH PLAN AND ROOM FINISH SCHEDULE
A500	10TH FLOOR PLAN - EQUIPMENT PLAN
A501	10TH FLOOR PLAN - EQUIPMENT SCHEDULE
A502	10TH FLOOR PLAN - MOVABLE PARTITION SYSTEM
A503	MOVABLE PARTITION SYSTEM - ELEVATIONS
A504	MOVABLE PARTITION SYSTEM - ELEVATIONS
A505	MOVABLE PARTITION SYSTEM - ELEVATIONS
A506	MOVABLE PARTITION SYSTEM - ELEVATIONS
A507	MOVABLE PARTITION SYSTEM - DETAILS
A508	MOVABLE PARTITION SYSTEM - DETAILS
A509	PARTITION SYSTEM - DETAILS
A510	MOVABLE PARTITION SYSTEM - MILLWORK DETAILS
A600	10TH FLOOR PLAN - FURNITURE PLAN
A601	FURNITURE ELEVATIONS
A800	DOOR SCHEDULE, DOOR TYPES AND FRAME TYPES

Fire Protection

FX000	SYMBOLS, ABBREVIATIONS, AND SHEET INDEX
FD110	10TH FLOOR PLAN - FIRE PROTECTION DEMOLITION
FX110	10TH FLOOR PLAN - FIRE PROTECTION NEW WORK

Plumbing

PL000	SYMBOLS, ABBREVIATIONS AND SHEET INDEX
PD109	9TH FLOOR PLAN - PLUMBING DEMOLITION
PD110	10TH FLOOR PLAN - PLUMBING DEMOLITION
PL109	9TH FLOOR PLAN - PLUMBING NEW WORK
PL110	10TH FLOOR PLAN - PLUMBING NEW WORK
PL500	PLUMBING DETAILS
PL600	PLUMBING SCHEDULES
PL900	PLUMBING ISOMETRICS

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MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS  
  
09-11

HVAC

MI000	ABBREVIATIONS, SYMBOLS AND GENERAL NOTES
MD109	9TH FLOOR PLAN - HVAC DEMOLITION
MH109	9TH FLOOR PLAN - HVAC NEW WORK
MD110	10TH FLOOR PLAN - HVAC DEMOLITION
MH110	10TH FLOOR PLAN - HVAC NEW WORK
MM501	HVAC DETAILS
MM502	HVAC DETAILS
MM601	HVAC SCHEDULES
MM602	HVAC SCHEDULES
MM701	MECHANICAL CONTROLS

Electrical

E000	SYMBOLS, ABBREVIATIONS AND SHEET INDEX
E110	10TH FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL OVERALL
E210D	10TH FLOOR PLAN - ELECTRICAL DEMOLITION
E210L	10TH FLOOR PLAN- LIGHTING
E210P	10TH FLOOR PLAN - POWER
E400	ONE LINE POWER DIAGRAM SYMBOLS
E401	ONE LINE POWER DIAGRAMS
E500	ELECTRICAL DETAILS
E501	ELECTRICAL DETAILS
E600	LIGHTING SCHEDULE
E610	POWER SCHEDULES
E611	POWER SCHEDULES

Technology

T000	TECHNOLOGY SYMBOLS, ABBREVIATIONS AND SHEET INDEX
T110	10TH FLOOR PLAN - TECHNOLOGY OVERALL
T210	10TH FLOOR PLAN - TECHNOLOGY NEW WORK
T400	ONE LINE TELECOMMUNICATIONS DIAGRAM & SYMBOLS
T500	TECHNOLOGY DETAILS
T501	TECHNOLOGY DETAILS
T600	TECHNOLOGY SCHEDULES

- - - E N D - - -

01-01-13

**SECTION 01 00 00  
GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

1.1 GENERAL INTENTION.....	1
1.2 STATEMENT OF BID ITEM(S).....	2
1.3 SPECIFICATIONS AND DRAWINGS FOR CONTRACTOR.....	3
1.4 CONSTRUCTION SECURITY REQUIREMENTS.....	3
1.5 FIRE SAFETY.....	5
1.6 OPERATIONS AND STORAGE AREAS.....	8
1.7 ALTERATIONS.....	12
1.8 INFECTION PREVENTION MEASURES.....	13
1.9 DISPOSAL AND RETENTION.....	16
1.10 PROTECTION OF EXISTING VEGETATION, STRUCTURES, EQUIPMENT, UTILITIES, AND IMPROVEMENTS.....	18
1.11 RESTORATION.....	19
1.14 LAYOUT OF WORK.....	20
1.15 AS-BUILT DRAWINGS.....	20
1.16 USE OF ROADWAYS.....	20
1.17 COR'S FIELD OFFICE.....	21
1.18 TEMPORARY USE OF MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT.....	21
1.19 TEMPORARY USE OF EXISTING ELEVATORS.....	22
1.20 TEMPORARY USE OF NEW ELEVATORS.....	23
1.21 TEMPORARY TOILETS.....	24
1.22 AVAILABILITY AND USE OF UTILITY SERVICES.....	24
1.23 NEW TELEPHONE EQUIPMENT.....	26
1.24 TESTS.....	26
1.25 INSTRUCTIONS.....	27
1.26 GOVERNMENT-FURNISHED PROPERTY.....	28

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI VA MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

01-01-13

1.27 RELOCATED ITEMS.....	29
1.28 STORAGE SPACE FOR DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS EQUIPMENT.....	30
1.29 CONSTRUCTION SIGN.....	30
1.30 SAFETY SIGN.....	30
1.32 FINAL ELEVATION Digital Images.....	31
1.33 HISTORIC PRESERVATION.....	31
1.33 TEMPORARY INTERIOR SIGNAGE.....	31

01-01-13

**SECTION 01 00 00**  
**GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

**1.1 GENERAL INTENTION**

- A. Contractor shall completely prepare site for building operations, including demolition and removal of existing structures, and furnish labor and materials and perform work for 111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB as required by drawings and specifications.
- B. Provide Deduct Alternate to provide VCT in lieu of RBR-1, RBR-2 and RBR-2 in Corridors C10A12, C10A07, C10A10A, Sim Reception Waiting 10112, Scrub Station 10138, Ante Room C10A09.
- C. Provide Deduct Alternate to refurbish and convert existing fan coil units to DDC operation in lieu of providing new fan coil units with DDC controls.
- D. Provide Deduct Alternate to eliminate the purchase and installation of patient lifts in Sim Lab 1 10140, Sim Lab 2 - 10143 and Sim/ Staff Toilet - 10137.
- E. Provide Deduct Alternate to omit all renovation within Doctor Office's 10121, 10119, 10117, 10111, 10107, 10105 and Assistant Office 10101.
- F. Provide Deduct Alternate to eliminate the purchase and installation of the two (2) Paired Operable Partitions that divide Multi-Purpose/Debrief 10129 & Multi-Purpose/Training 10133, RN Trainer 10149 & MD Trainer 10153.
- G. Provide Deduct Alternate to eliminate purchase and installation of all furniture items as indicated on drawing A600.
- H. Visits to the site by Bidders may be made only by appointment with the COR.
- I. Offices of Chequamegon Bay Engineering, as Architect-Engineers, will render certain technical services during construction. Such services shall be considered as advisory to the Government and shall not be construed as expressing or implying a contractual act of the Government without affirmations by Contracting Officer or his duly authorized representative.
- J. Before placement and installation of work subject to tests by testing laboratory retained by Department of Veterans Affairs, the Contractor

01-01-13

shall notify the COR in sufficient time to enable testing laboratory personnel to be present at the site in time for proper taking and testing of specimens and field inspection. Such prior notice shall be not less than three work days unless otherwise designated by the COR.

K. All employees of general contractor and subcontractors shall comply with VA security management program and obtain permission of the VA police, be identified by project and employer, and restricted from unauthorized access.

L. Prior to commencing work, general contractor shall provide proof that a OSHA designated "competent person" (CP) (29 CFR 1926.20(b)(2)) will maintain a presence at the work site whenever the general or subcontractors are present.

M. Training:

1. All employees of general contractor or subcontractors shall have the 10-hour or 30-hour OSHA Construction Safety course and other relevant competency training, as determined by RE/COR acting as the Construction Safety Officer with input from the facility Construction Safety Committee.

2. Submit training records of all such employees for approval before the start of work.

N. VHA Directive 2011-36, Safety and Health during Construction, dated 9/22/2011 in its entirety is made a part of this section

## **1.2 STATEMENT OF BID ITEM(S)**

A. ITEM I, GENERAL CONSTRUCTION: Work includes general construction, alterations, mechanical and electrical work, utility systems, and necessary removal of existing structures and construction and certain other items to complete project 111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB.

Completion Time is 365 calendar days after receipt of Notice to Proceed.

B. ROUTINE INSPECTIONS AND MAINTENANCE DURING CONSTRUCTION:

a. Provide routine inspections and maintenance services as prescribed in Operations & Maintenance manuals required under this contract.

01-01-13

b. Provide services during construction and until items below are complete:

- i. VA inspection complete
- ii. Successful Commissioning
- iii. Training of VA Maintenance staff
- iv. Acceptance by VA of each system described in other specifications related to this contract.
- v. O & M manual submittals received, reviewed and approved by VA (COR)

c. Systems Included in this contract are:

- i. Elevators
- ii. HVAC
- iii. Plumbing & Utility Systems
- iv. Electrical and Data Systems
- v. Fire Protection

C. PHASING: See Architectural Drawings (A001) for phasing description.

### **1.3 SPECIFICATIONS AND DRAWINGS FOR CONTRACTOR**

- A. All drawings and specifications will be on FedBizOps and Buzzsaw for contractor use.
- B. In the case of conflicts or discrepancies within or among the Contract Drawings, the better quality, more stringent requirements or greater quantity of work, as determined by the Government, shall be provided.

### **1.4 CONSTRUCTION SECURITY REQUIREMENTS**

A. Security Plan:

- 1. The security plan defines both physical and administrative security procedures that will remain effective for the entire duration of the project.

01-01-13

2. The General Contractor is responsible for assuring that all sub-contractors working on the project and their employees also comply with these regulations.

B. Security Procedures:

1. General Contractor's employees shall not enter the project site without appropriate badge. They may also be subject to inspection of their personal effects when entering or leaving the project site.
2. For working outside the "regular hours" as defined in the contract, The General Contractor shall give 3 days notice to the Contracting Officer so that security arrangements can be provided for the employees. This notice is separate from any notices required for utility shutdown described later in this section.
3. No photography of VA premises is allowed without written permission of the Contracting Officer.
4. VA reserves the right to close down or shut down the project site and order General Contractor's employees off the premises in the event of a national emergency. The General Contractor may return to the site only with the written approval of the Contracting Officer.

C. Guards: NOT APPLICABLE

D. Key Control:

1. The General Contractor shall turn over all permanent lock cylinders to the VA locksmith for permanent installation. See Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE and coordinate.

E. Document Control:

1. Before starting any work, the General Contractor/Sub Contractors shall submit an electronic security memorandum describing the approach to following goals and maintaining confidentiality of "sensitive information".
2. The General Contractor is responsible for safekeeping of all drawings, project manual and other project information. This information shall be shared only with those with a specific need to accomplish the project.

01-01-13

4. Certain documents, sketches, videos or photographs and drawings may be marked "Law Enforcement Sensitive" or "Sensitive Unclassified". Secure such information in separate containers and limit the access to only those who will need it for the project. Return the information to the Contracting Officer upon request.
5. These security documents shall not be removed or transmitted from the project site without the written approval of Contracting Officer.
6. All paper waste or electronic media such as CD's and diskettes shall be shredded and destroyed in a manner acceptable to the VA.
7. Notify Contracting Officer and Site Security Officer immediately when there is a loss or compromise of "sensitive information".
8. All electronic information shall be stored in specified location following VA standards and procedures using an Engineering Document Management Software (EDMS).
  - a. Security, access and maintenance of all project drawings, both scanned and electronic shall be performed and tracked through the EDMS system.
  - b. "Sensitive information" including drawings and other documents may be attached to e-mail provided all VA encryption procedures are followed.

**F. Motor Vehicle Restrictions**

1. Vehicle authorization request shall be required for any vehicle entering the site and such request shall be submitted 24 hours before the date and time of access. Access shall be restricted to picking up and dropping off materials and supplies.
2. Separate permits shall be issued for General Contractor and its employees for parking in designated areas only.

**1.5 FIRE SAFETY**

- A. Applicable Publications: Publications listed below form part of this Article to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by basic designations only.

01-01-13

1. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):

E84-2009.....Surface Burning Characteristics of Building  
Materials

2. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):

10-2010.....Standard for Portable Fire Extinguishers

30-2008.....Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code

51B-2009.....Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding,  
Cutting and Other Hot Work

70-2011.....National Electrical Code

241-2009.....Standard for Safeguarding Construction,  
Alteration, and Demolition Operations

3. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA):

29 CFR 1926.....Safety and Health Regulations for Construction

B. Fire Safety Plan: Establish and maintain a fire protection program in accordance with 29 CFR 1926. Prior to start of work, prepare a plan detailing project-specific fire safety measures, including periodic status reports, and submit to COR for review for compliance with contract requirements in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES Prior to any worker for the contractor or subcontractors beginning work, they shall undergo a safety briefing provided by the general contractor's competent person per OSHA requirements. This briefing shall include information on the construction limits, VAMC safety guidelines, means of egress, break areas, work hours, locations of restrooms, use of VAMC equipment, etc. Documentation shall be provided to the COR that individuals have undergone contractor's safety briefing.

C. Site and Building Access: Maintain free and unobstructed access to facility emergency services and for fire, police and other emergency response forces in accordance with NFPA 241.

D. Separate temporary facilities, such as trailers, storage sheds, and dumpsters, from existing buildings and new construction by distances in

01-01-13

accordance with NFPA 241. For small facilities with less than 6 m (20 feet) exposing overall length, separate by 3m (10 feet).

E. Temporary Construction Partitions:

1. Reference Specification Section 01 01 10-HR for all Temporary Construction Partition Requirements.

F. Temporary Heating and Electrical: Install, use and maintain installations in accordance with 29 CFR 1926, NFPA 241 and NFPA 70.

G. Means of Egress: Do not block exiting for occupied buildings, including paths from exits to roads. Minimize disruptions and coordinate with COR.

H. Egress Routes for Construction Workers: Maintain free and unobstructed egress. Inspect daily. Report findings and corrective actions weekly to COR.

I. Fire Extinguishers: Provide and maintain extinguishers in construction areas and temporary storage areas in accordance with 29 CFR 1926, NFPA 241 and NFPA 10.

J. Flammable and Combustible Liquids: Store, dispense and use liquids in accordance with 29 CFR 1926, NFPA 241 and NFPA 30.

L. Sprinklers: Install, test and activate new automatic sprinklers prior to removing existing sprinklers.

M. Existing Fire Protection: Do not impair automatic sprinklers, smoke and heat detection, and fire alarm systems, except for portions immediately under construction, and temporarily for connections. Provide fire watch for impairments more than 4 hours in a 24-hour period. Request interruptions in accordance with Article, OPERATIONS AND STORAGE AREAS, and coordinate with COR. All existing or temporary fire protection systems (fire alarms, sprinklers) located in construction areas shall be tested as coordinated with the medical center. Parameters for the testing and results of any tests performed shall be recorded by the medical center and copies provided to the COR.

N. Smoke Detectors: Prevent accidental operation. Remove temporary covers at end of work operations each day. Coordinate with COR .

01-01-13

- O. Hot Work: Perform and safeguard hot work operations in accordance with NFPA 241 and NFPA 51B. Coordinate with CORat least 15 days in advance. Designate contractor's responsible project-site fire prevention program manager to permit hot work.
- P. Fire Hazard Prevention and Safety Inspections: Inspect entire construction areas weekly. Coordinate with, and report findings and corrective actions weekly to COR .
- Q. Smoking: Smoking is prohibited in and adjacent to construction areas inside existing buildings and additions under construction. In separate and detached buildings under construction, smoking is prohibited except in designated smoking rest areas.
- R. Dispose of waste and debris in accordance with NFPA 241. Remove from buildings daily.
- S. Perform other construction, alteration and demolition operations in accordance with 29 CFR 1926.
- T. If required, submit documentation to the COR that personnel have been trained in the fire safety aspects of working in areas with impaired structural or compartmentalization features.

#### **1.6 OPERATIONS AND STORAGE AREAS**

- A. The Contractor shall confine all operations (including storage of materials) on Government premises to areas authorized or approved by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall hold and save the Government, its officers and agents, free and harmless from liability of any nature occasioned by the Contractor's performance.
- B. Temporary buildings (e.g., storage sheds, shops, offices) and utilities may be erected by the Contractor only with the approval of the Contracting Officer and shall be built with labor and materials furnished by the Contractor without expense to the Government. The temporary buildings and utilities shall remain the property of the Contractor and shall be removed by the Contractor at its expense upon completion of the work. With the written consent of the Contracting Officer, the buildings and utilities may be abandoned and need not be removed.

01-01-13

C. The Contractor shall, under regulations prescribed by the Contracting Officer, use only established roadways, or use temporary roadways constructed by the Contractor when and as authorized by the Contracting Officer. When materials are transported in prosecuting the work, vehicles shall not be loaded beyond the loading capacity recommended by the manufacturer of the vehicle or prescribed by any Federal, State, or local law or regulation. When it is necessary to cross curbs or sidewalks, the Contractor shall protect them from damage. The Contractor shall repair or pay for the repair of any damaged curbs, sidewalks, or roads.

**(FAR 52.236-10)**

D. Working space and space available for storing materials shall be as coordinated by the COR.

E. Execute work in such a manner as to interfere as little as possible with work being done by others. Keep roads clear of construction materials, debris, standing construction equipment and vehicles at all times.

F. Utilities Services: Where necessary to cut existing pipes, electrical wires, conduits, cables, etc., of utility services, or of fire protection systems or communications systems (except telephone), they shall be cut and capped at suitable places where shown; or, in absence of such indication, where directed by COR. All such actions shall be coordinated with the Utility Company involved:

1. Whenever it is required that a connection fee be paid to a public utility provider for new permanent service to the construction project, for such items as water, sewer, electricity, gas or steam, payment of such fee shall be the responsibility of the Government and not the Contractor.

G. Phasing: To insure such executions, Contractor shall furnish the COR with a schedule of approximate dates on which the Contractor intends to accomplish work in each specific area of site, building or portion thereof. In addition, Contractor shall notify the COR two weeks in advance of the proposed date of starting work in each specific area of site, building or portion thereof. Arrange such dates to insure accomplishment of this work in successive phases mutually agreeable to COR and Contractor, as indicated on drawings.

01-01-13

H. Building(s) No.(s) 111 will be occupied during performance of work; but immediate areas of alterations will be vacated.

J. When a building is turned over to Contractor, Contractor shall accept entire responsibility therefore.

1. Contractor shall maintain a minimum temperature of 4 degrees C (40 degrees F) at all times, except as otherwise specified.
2. Contractor shall maintain in operating condition existing fire protection and alarm equipment. In connection with fire alarm equipment, Contractor shall make arrangements for pre-inspection of site with Fire Department or Company (Department of Veterans Affairs or municipal) whichever will be required to respond to an alarm from Contractor's employee or watchman.

K. Utilities Services: Maintain existing utility services for Medical Center at all times. Provide temporary facilities, labor, materials, equipment, connections, and utilities to assure uninterrupted services. Where necessary to cut existing water, steam, gases, sewer or air pipes, or conduits, wires, cables, etc. of utility services or of fire protection systems and communications systems (including telephone), they shall be cut and capped at suitable places where shown; or, in absence of such indication, where directed by COR.

1. No utility service such as water, gas, steam, sewers or electricity, or fire protection systems and communications systems may be interrupted without prior approval of COR. Electrical work shall be accomplished with all affected circuits or equipment de-energized. When an electrical outage cannot be accomplished, work on any energized circuits or equipment shall not commence without the Medical Center Director's prior knowledge and written approval. Refer to specification Sections 26 05 11, REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS, 27 05 11 REQUIREMENTS FOR COMMUNICATIONS INSTALLATIONS and 28 05 11, REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRONIC SAFETY AND SECURITY INSTALLATIONS for additional requirements.
2. Contractor shall submit a request to interrupt any such services to COR, in writing, 48 hours in advance of proposed interruption. Request shall state reason, date, exact time of, and approximate duration of such interruption.

01-01-13

3. Contractor will be advised (in writing) of approval of request, or of which other date and/or time such interruption will cause least inconvenience to operations of Medical Center. Interruption time approved by Medical Center may occur at other than Contractor's normal working hours.
  4. Major interruptions of any system must be requested, in writing, at least 15 calendar days prior to the desired time and shall be performed as directed by the COR.
  5. In case of a contract construction emergency, service will be interrupted on approval of COR. Such approval will be confirmed in writing as soon as practical.
  6. Whenever it is required that a connection fee be paid to a public utility provider for new permanent service to the construction project, for such items as water, sewer, electricity, gas or steam, payment of such fee shall be the responsibility of the Government and not the Contractor.
- L. Abandoned Lines: All service lines such as wires, cables, conduits, ducts, pipes and the like, and their hangers or supports, which are to be abandoned but are not required to be entirely removed, shall be sealed, capped or plugged. The lines shall not be capped in finished areas, but shall be removed and sealed, capped or plugged in ceilings, within furred spaces, in unfinished areas, or within walls or partitions; so that they are completely behind the finished surfaces.
- M. To minimize interference of construction activities with flow of Medical Center traffic, comply with the following:
1. Keep roads, walks and entrances to grounds, to parking and to occupied areas of buildings clear of construction materials, debris and standing construction equipment and vehicles. 2. Method and scheduling of required cutting, altering and removal of existing roads, walks and entrances must be approved by the COR.
- N. Coordinate the work for this contract with other construction operations as directed by COR. This includes the scheduling of traffic and the use of roadways, as specified in Article, USE OF ROADWAYS.

01-01-13

## 1.7 ALTERATIONS

- A. Survey: Before any work is started, the Contractor shall make a thorough survey with the COR of areas of buildings in which alterations occur and areas which are anticipated routes of access, and furnish a report, signed by both, to the Contracting Officer. This report shall list by rooms and spaces:
1. Existing condition and types of resilient flooring, doors, windows, walls and other surfaces not required to be altered throughout affected areas of building.
  2. Existence and conditions of items such as plumbing fixtures and accessories, electrical fixtures, equipment, venetian blinds, shades, etc., required by drawings to be either reused or relocated, or both.
  3. Shall note any discrepancies between drawings and existing conditions at site.
  4. Shall designate areas for working space, materials storage and routes of access to areas within buildings where alterations occur and which have been agreed upon by Contractor and COR.
- B. Any items required by drawings to be either reused or relocated or both, found during this survey to be nonexistent, or in opinion of COR, to be in such condition that their use is impossible or impractical, shall be furnished and/or replaced by Contractor with new items in accordance with specifications which will be furnished by Government. Provided the contract work is changed by reason of this subparagraph B, the contract will be modified accordingly, under provisions of clause entitled "DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS" (FAR 52.236-2) and "CHANGES" (FAR 52.243-4 and VAAR 852.236-88).
- C. Re-Survey: Thirty days before expected partial or final inspection date, the Contractor and COR together shall make a thorough re-survey of the areas of buildings involved. They shall furnish a report on conditions then existing, of resilient flooring, doors, windows, walls and other surfaces as compared with conditions of same as noted in first condition survey report:
1. Re-survey report shall also list any damage caused by Contractor to such flooring and other surfaces, despite protection measures; and, will form basis for determining extent of repair work required of

01-01-13

Contractor to restore damage caused by Contractor's workmen in  
executing work of this contract.

D. Protection: Provide the following protective measures:

1. Wherever existing roof surfaces are disturbed they shall be protected against water infiltration. In case of leaks, they shall be repaired immediately upon discovery.
2. Temporary protection against damage for portions of existing structures and grounds where work is to be done, materials handled and equipment moved and/or relocated.
3. Protection of interior of existing structures at all times, from damage, dust and weather inclemency. Wherever work is performed, floor surfaces that are to remain in place shall be adequately protected prior to starting work, and this protection shall be maintained intact until all work in the area is completed.

#### **1.8 INFECTION PREVENTION MEASURES**

- A. Implement the requirements of VAMC's Infection Control Risk Assessment (ICRA) team. ICRA Group may monitor dust in the vicinity of the construction work and require the Contractor to take corrective action immediately if the safe levels are exceeded.
- B. Establish and maintain a dust control program as part of the contractor's infection preventive measures in accordance with the guidelines provided by ICRA Group. Prior to start of work, prepare a plan detailing project-specific dust protection measures, including periodic status reports, and submit to COR and Facility ICRA team for review for compliance with contract requirements in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES.
  1. All personnel involved in the construction or renovation activity shall be educated and trained in infection prevention measures established by the medical center.
- C. Medical center Infection Control personnel shall monitor for airborne disease (e.g. aspergillosis) as appropriate during construction. A baseline of conditions may be established by the medical center prior to the start of work and periodically during the construction stage to

01-01-13

determine impact of construction activities on indoor air quality. In addition:

1. The RE and VAMC Infection Control personnel shall review pressure differential monitoring documentation to verify that pressure differentials in the construction zone and in the patient-care rooms are appropriate for their settings. The requirement for negative air pressure in the construction zone shall depend on the location and type of activity. Upon notification, the contractor shall implement corrective measures to restore proper pressure differentials as needed.
  2. In case of any problem, the medical center, along with assistance from the contractor, shall conduct an environmental assessment to find and eliminate the source.
- D. In general, following preventive measures shall be adopted during construction to keep down dust and prevent mold.
1. Dampen debris to keep down dust and provide temporary construction partitions in existing structures where directed by COR. Blank off ducts and diffusers to prevent circulation of dust into occupied areas during construction.
  2. Do not perform dust producing tasks within occupied areas without the approval of the COR. For construction in any areas that will remain jointly occupied by the medical Center and Contractor's workers, the Contractor shall:
    - a. Provide dust proof one-hour fire-rated temporary drywall construction barriers to completely separate construction from the operational areas of the hospital in order to contain dirt debris and dust. Barriers shall be sealed and made presentable on hospital occupied side. Install a self-closing rated door in a metal frame, commensurate with the partition, to allow worker access. Maintain negative air at all times. A fire retardant polystyrene, 6-mil thick or greater plastic barrier meeting local fire codes may be used where dust control is the only hazard, and an agreement is reached with the COR and Medical Center.
    - b. HEPA filtration is required where the exhaust dust may reenter the breathing zone. Contractor shall verify that construction exhaust

01-01-13

to exterior is not reintroduced to the medical center through intake vents, or building openings. Install HEPA (High Efficiency Particulate Accumulator) filter vacuum system rated at 95% capture of 0.3 microns including pollen, mold spores and dust particles. Insure continuous negative air pressures occurring within the work area. HEPA filters should have ASHRAE 85 or other prefilter to extend the useful life of the HEPA. Provide both primary and secondary filtrations units. Exhaust hoses shall be heavy duty, flexible steel reinforced and exhausted so that dust is not reintroduced to the medical center.

- c. Adhesive Walk-off/Carpet Walk-off Mats, minimum 600mm x 900mm (24" x 36"), shall be used at all interior transitions from the construction area to occupied medical center area. These mats shall be changed as often as required to maintain clean work areas directly outside construction area at all times.
- d. Vacuum and wet mop all transition areas from construction to the occupied medical center at the end of each workday. Vacuum shall utilize HEPA filtration. Maintain surrounding area frequently. Remove debris as they are created. Transport these outside the construction area in containers with tightly fitting lids.
- e. The contractor shall not haul debris through patient-care areas without prior approval of the COR and the Medical Center. When, approved, debris shall be hauled in enclosed dust proof containers or wrapped in plastic and sealed with duct tape. No sharp objects should be allowed to cut through the plastic. Wipe down the exterior of the containers with a damp rag to remove dust. All equipment, tools, material, etc. transported through occupied areas shall be made free from dust and moisture by vacuuming and wipe down.
- f. Using a HEPA vacuum, clean inside the barrier and vacuum ceiling tile prior to replacement. Any ceiling access panels opened for investigation beyond sealed areas shall be sealed immediately when unattended.
- g. There shall be no standing water during construction. This includes water in equipment drip pans and open containers within the construction areas. All accidental spills must be cleaned up

01-01-13

and dried within 12 hours. Remove and dispose of porous materials that remain damp for more than 72 hours.

- h. At completion, remove construction barriers and ceiling protection carefully, outside of normal work hours. Vacuum and clean all surfaces free of dust after the removal.

E. Final Cleanup:

1. Upon completion of project, or as work progresses, remove all construction debris from above ceiling, vertical shafts and utility chases that have been part of the construction.
2. Perform HEPA vacuum cleaning of all surfaces in the construction area. This includes walls, ceilings, cabinets, furniture (built-in or free standing), partitions, flooring, etc.
3. All new air ducts shall be cleaned prior to final inspection.

**1.9 DISPOSAL AND RETENTION**

- A. Materials and equipment accruing from work removed and from demolition of buildings or structures, or parts thereof, shall be disposed of as follows:

1. Reserved items which are to remain property of the Government are identified by attached tags or noted on drawings or in specifications as items to be stored. Items that remain property of the Government shall be removed or dislodged from present locations in such a manner as to prevent damage which would be detrimental to re-installation and reuse. Store such items where directed by COR.
2. Items not reserved shall become property of the Contractor and be removed by Contractor from Medical Center.
3. Items of portable equipment and furnishings located in rooms and spaces in which work is to be done under this contract shall remain the property of the Government. When rooms and spaces are vacated by the Department of Veterans Affairs during the alteration period, such items which are NOT required by drawings and specifications to be either relocated or reused will be removed by the Government in advance of work to avoid interfering with Contractor's operation.

01-01-13

4. PCB Transformers and Capacitors: The Contractor shall be responsible for disposal of the Polychlorinated Biphenyl (PCB) transformers and capacitors. The transformers and capacitors shall be taken out of service and handled in accordance with the procedures of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Department of Transportation (DOT) as outlined in Code of Federal Regulation (CFR), Titled 40 and 49 respectively. The EPA's Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) Compliance Program Policy Nos. 6-PCB-6 and 6-PCB-7 also apply. Upon removal of PCB transformers and capacitors for disposal, the "originator" copy of the Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest (EPA Form 8700-22), along with the Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest Continuation Sheet (EPA Form 8700-22A) shall be returned to the Contracting Officer who will annotate the contract file and transmit the Manifest to the Medical Center's Chief.

a. Copies of the following listed CFR titles may be obtained from the Government Printing Office:

40 CFR 261.....Identification and Listing of Hazardous Waste

40 CFR 262.....Standards Applicable to Generators of Hazardous Waste

40 CFR 263.....Standards Applicable to Transporters of Hazardous Waste

40 CFR 761.....PCB Manufacturing, Processing, Distribution in Commerce, and use Prohibitions

49 CFR 172.....Hazardous Material tables and Hazardous Material Communications Regulations

49 CFR 173.....Shippers - General Requirements for Shipments and Packaging

49 CFR 173.....Subpart A General

49 CFR 173.....Subpart B Preparation of Hazardous Material for Transportation

49 CFR 173.....Subpart J Other Regulated Material; Definitions and Preparation

01-01-13

TSCA.....Compliance Program Policy Nos. 6-PCB-6 and  
6-PCB-7

**1.10 PROTECTION OF EXISTING VEGETATION, STRUCTURES, EQUIPMENT, UTILITIES, AND IMPROVEMENTS**

- A. The Contractor shall preserve and protect all structures, equipment, and vegetation (such as trees, shrubs, and grass) on or adjacent to the work site, which are not to be removed and which do not unreasonably interfere with the work required under this contract. The Contractor shall only remove trees when specifically authorized to do so, and shall avoid damaging vegetation that will remain in place. If any limbs or branches of trees are broken during contract performance, or by the careless operation of equipment, or by workmen, the Contractor shall trim those limbs or branches with a clean cut and paint the cut with a tree-pruning compound as directed by the Contracting Officer.
- B. The Contractor shall protect from damage all existing improvements and utilities at or near the work site and on adjacent property of a third party, the locations of which are made known to or should be known by the Contractor. The Contractor shall repair any damage to those facilities, including those that are the property of a third party, resulting from failure to comply with the requirements of this contract or failure to exercise reasonable care in performing the work. If the Contractor fails or refuses to repair the damage promptly, the Contracting Officer may have the necessary work performed and charge the cost to the Contractor.

**(FAR 52.236-9)**

- C. Refer to Section 01 57 19, TEMPORARY ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS, for additional requirements on protecting vegetation, soils and the environment. Refer to Articles, "Alterations", "Restoration", and "Operations and Storage Areas" for additional instructions concerning repair of damage to structures and site improvements.
- D. Refer to FAR clause 52.236-7, "Permits and Responsibilities," which is included in General Conditions. A National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit is required for this project. The Contractor is considered an "operator" under the permit and has extensive responsibility for compliance with permit requirements. VA

01-01-13

will make the permit application available at the (appropriate medical center) office. The apparent low bidder, contractor and affected subcontractors shall furnish all information and certifications that are required to comply with the permit process and permit requirements. Many of the permit requirements will be satisfied by completing construction as shown and specified. Some requirements involve the Contractor's method of operations and operations planning and the Contractor is responsible for employing best management practices. The affected activities often include, but are not limited to the following:

- Designating areas for equipment maintenance and repair;
- Providing waste receptacles at convenient locations and provide regular collection of wastes;
- Locating equipment wash down areas on site, and provide appropriate control of wash-waters;
- Providing protected storage areas for chemicals, paints, solvents, fertilizers, and other potentially toxic materials; and
- Providing adequately maintained sanitary facilities.

#### **1.11 RESTORATION**

- A. Remove, cut, alter, replace, patch and repair existing work as necessary to install new work. Except as otherwise shown or specified, do not cut, alter or remove any structural work, and do not disturb any ducts, plumbing, steam, gas, or electric work without approval of the COR. Existing work to be altered or extended and that is found to be defective in any way, shall be reported to the COR before it is disturbed. Materials and workmanship used in restoring work, shall conform in type and quality to that of original existing construction, except as otherwise shown or specified.
- B. Upon completion of contract, deliver work complete and undamaged. Existing work (walls, ceilings, partitions, floors, mechanical and electrical work, lawns, paving, roads, walks, etc.) disturbed or removed as a result of performing required new work, shall be patched, repaired, reinstalled, or replaced with new work, and refinished and left in as good condition as existed before commencing work.

01-01-13

- C. At Contractor's own expense, Contractor shall immediately restore to service and repair any damage caused by Contractor's workmen to existing piping and conduits, wires, cables, etc., of utility services or of fire protection systems and communications systems (including telephone) which are indicated on drawings and which are not scheduled for discontinuance or abandonment.
- D. Expense of repairs to such utilities and systems not shown on drawings or locations of which are unknown will be covered by adjustment to contract time and price in accordance with clause entitled "CHANGES" (FAR 52.243-4 and VAAR 852.236-88) and "DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS" (FAR 52.236-2).

**1.12 PHYSICAL DATA: NOT APPLICABLE**

**1.13 PROFESSIONAL SURVEYING SERVICES: NOT APPLICABLE**

**1.15 AS-BUILT DRAWINGS**

- A. The contractor shall maintain two full size sets of as-built drawings which will be kept current during construction of the project, to include all contract changes, modifications and clarifications.
- B. All variations shall be shown in the same general detail as used in the contract drawings. To insure compliance, as-built drawings shall be made available for the COR's review, as often as requested.
- C. Contractor shall deliver two approved completed sets of as-built drawings to the COR within 15 calendar days after each completed phase and after the acceptance of the project by the COR.
- D. Contractors to update as work is completed the VA electrical, medical gas, domestic plumbing and mechanical piping master schematic books. These books are located in the FM office.
- E. Paragraphs A, B, & C shall also apply to all shop drawings.

**1.16 USE OF ROADWAYS**

- A. For hauling, use only established public roads and roads on Medical Center property and, when authorized by the COR, such temporary roads which are necessary in the performance of contract work. Temporary roads shall be constructed by the Contractor at Contractor's expense. When necessary to cross curbing, sidewalks, or similar construction, they must be protected by well-constructed bridges.

01-01-13

- B. When new permanent roads are to be a part of this contract, Contractor may construct them immediately for use to facilitate building operations. These roads may be used by all who have business thereon within zone of building operations.
- C. When certain buildings (or parts of certain buildings) are required to be completed in advance of general date of completion, all roads leading thereto must be completed and available for use at time set for completion of such buildings or parts thereof.

**1.17 COR'S FIELD OFFICE: NOT APPLICABLE**

**1.18 TEMPORARY USE OF MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT**

- A. Use of new installed mechanical and electrical equipment to provide heat, ventilation, plumbing, light and power will be permitted subject to compliance with the following provisions:
  - 1. Permission to use each unit or system must be given by COR. If the equipment is not installed and maintained in accordance with the following provisions, the COR will withdraw permission for use of the equipment.
  - 2. Electrical installations used by the equipment shall be completed in accordance with the drawings and specifications to prevent damage to the equipment and the electrical systems, i.e. transformers, relays, circuit breakers, fuses, conductors, motor controllers and their overload elements shall be properly sized, coordinated and adjusted. Voltage supplied to each item of equipment shall be verified to be correct and it shall be determined that motors are not overloaded. The electrical equipment shall be thoroughly cleaned before using it and again immediately before final inspection including vacuum cleaning and wiping clean interior and exterior surfaces.
  - 3. Units shall be properly lubricated, balanced, and aligned. Vibrations must be eliminated.
  - 4. Automatic temperature control systems for preheat coils shall function properly and all safety controls shall function to prevent coil freeze-up damage.
  - 5. The air filtering system utilized shall be that which is designed for the system when complete, and all filter elements shall be replaced

01-01-13

at completion of construction and prior to testing and balancing of system.

6. All components of heat production and distribution system, metering equipment, condensate returns, and other auxiliary facilities used in temporary service shall be cleaned prior to use; maintained to prevent corrosion internally and externally during use; and cleaned, maintained and inspected prior to acceptance by the Government. Boilers, pumps, feedwater heaters and auxiliary equipment must be operated as a complete system and be fully maintained by operating personnel. Boiler water must be given complete and continuous chemical treatment.

B. Prior to final inspection, the equipment or parts used which show wear and tear beyond normal, shall be replaced with identical replacements, at no additional cost to the Government.

C. This paragraph shall not reduce the requirements of the mechanical and electrical specifications sections.

#### **1.19 TEMPORARY USE OF EXISTING ELEVATORS**

A. Use of existing elevator for handling building materials and Contractor's personnel will be permitted subject to following provisions:

1. Contractor makes all arrangements with the COR for use of elevators. The COR will ascertain that elevators are in proper condition. Time, duration, and scheduling the use of existing elevators to be coordinated with the COR. Personnel for operating elevators will not be provided by the Department of Veterans Affairs.

2. Contractor covers and provides maximum protection of following elevator components:

a. Entrance jambs, heads soffits and threshold plates.

b. Entrance columns, canopy, return panels and inside surfaces of car enclosure walls.

c. Finish flooring.

3. Government will accept hoisting ropes of elevator and rope of each speed governor if they are worn under normal operation. However, if

01-01-13

these ropes are damaged by action of foreign matter such as sand, lime, grit, stones, etc., during temporary use, they shall be removed and replaced by new hoisting ropes.

4. If brake lining of elevators are excessively worn or damaged during temporary use, they shall be removed and replaced by new brake lining.
5. All parts of main controller, starter, relay panel, selector, etc., worn or damaged during temporary use shall be removed and replaced with new parts, if recommended by elevator inspector after elevator is released by Contractor.
6. Place elevator in condition equal, less normal wear, to that existing at time it was placed in service of Contractor as approved by Contracting Officer.
7. In Building 111, Contractor may only use 'B' Bank Elevators.

#### **1.20 TEMPORARY USE OF NEW ELEVATORS**

- A. The Contractor and his personnel shall be permitted use of new elevator(s) subject to the following provisions:
  1. Contractor shall make arrangements with the COR for use of elevator(s). Contractor may obtain elevator(s) for exclusive use.
  2. Prior to the use of elevator(s), the Contractor shall have the elevator(s) inspected and accepted by an ASME accredited, certified elevator safety inspector. The acceptance report shall be submitted to the COR.
  3. Submit to the COR the schedule and procedures for maintaining equipment. Indicate the day or days of the week and total hours required for maintenance. A report shall be submitted to the COR monthly indicating the type of maintenance conducted, hours used, and any repairs made to the elevator(s).
  4. The Contractor shall be responsible for enforcing the maintenance procedures.
  5. During temporary use of elevator(s) all repairs, equipment replacement and cost of maintenance shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

01-01-13

6. Personnel for operating elevator(s) shall not be provided by the Department of Veterans Affairs.
7. Contractor shall cover and provide maximum protection of the entire elevator(s) installation.
8. The Contractor shall arrange for the elevator company to perform operation of the elevator(s) so that an ASME accredited, certified elevator safety inspector can evaluate the equipment. The Contractor shall be responsible for any costs of the elevator company.
9. All elevator(s) parts worn or damaged during temporary use shall be removed and replaced with new parts. This shall be determined by an ASME accredited certified elevator safety inspector after temporary use and before acceptance by the Government. Submit report to the COR for approval.
10. Elevator shall be tested as required by the testing section of the elevator(s) specifications before acceptance by the Department of Veterans Affairs.

#### **1.21 TEMPORARY TOILETS**

- A. Provide where directed, (for use of all Contractor's workmen) ample temporary sanitary toilet accommodations with suitable sewer and water connections; or, when approved by COR, provide suitable dry closets where directed. Keep such places clean and free from flies, and all connections and appliances connected therewith are to be removed prior to completion of contract, and premises left perfectly clean.

#### **1.22 AVAILABILITY AND USE OF UTILITY SERVICES**

- A. The Government shall make all reasonably required amounts of utilities available to the Contractor from existing outlets and supplies, as specified in the contract. The amount to be paid by the Contractor for chargeable electrical services shall be the prevailing rates charged to the Government. The Contractor shall carefully conserve any utilities furnished without charge.
- B. The Contractor, at Contractor's expense and in a workmanlike manner satisfactory to the Contracting Officer, shall install and maintain all necessary temporary connections and distribution lines, and all meters required to measure the amount of electricity used for the purpose of determining charges. Before final acceptance of the work by the

01-01-13

Government, the Contractor shall remove all the temporary connections, distribution lines, meters, and associated paraphernalia.

- C. Contractor shall install meters at Contractor's expense and furnish the Medical Center a monthly record of the Contractor's usage of electricity as hereinafter specified.
- D. Heat: Furnish temporary heat necessary to prevent injury to work and materials through dampness and cold. Use of open salamanders or any temporary heating devices which may be fire hazards or may smoke and damage finished work, will not be permitted. Maintain minimum temperatures as specified for various materials:
  - 1. Obtain heat by connecting to Medical Center heating distribution system.
    - a. Steam is available at no cost to Contractor.
- E. Electricity (for Construction and Testing): Furnish all temporary electric services.
  - 1. Obtain electricity by connecting to the Medical Center electrical distribution system. The Contractor shall meter and pay for electricity required for electric cranes and hoisting devices, electrical welding devices and any electrical heating devices providing temporary heat. Electricity for all other uses is available at no cost to the Contractor.
- F. Water (for Construction and Testing): Furnish temporary water service.
  - 1. Obtain water by connecting to the Medical Center water distribution system. Provide reduced pressure backflow preventer at each connection. Water is available at no cost to the Contractor.
  - 2. Maintain connections, pipe, fittings and fixtures and conserve water-use so none is wasted. Failure to stop leakage or other wastes will be cause for revocation (at COR's discretion) of use of water from Medical Center's system.
- G. Steam: Furnish steam system for testing required in various sections of specifications.
  - 1. Obtain steam for testing by connecting to the Medical Center steam distribution system. Steam is available at no cost to the Contractor.

01-01-13

2. Maintain connections, pipe, fittings and fixtures and conserve steam-use so none is wasted. Failure to stop leakage or other waste will be cause for revocation (at COR's discretion), of use of steam from the Medical Center's system.

H. Fuel: Natural and LP gas and burner fuel oil required for boiler cleaning, normal initial boiler-burner setup and adjusting, and for performing the specified boiler tests will be furnished by the Government. Fuel required for prolonged boiler-burner setup, adjustments, or modifications due to improper design or operation of boiler, burner, or control devices shall be furnished by the Contractor at Contractor's expense.

#### **1.23 NEW TELEPHONE EQUIPMENT**

The contractor shall coordinate with the work of installation of telephone equipment by others. This work shall be completed before the building is turned over to VA.

#### **1.24 TESTS**

- A. Pre-test mechanical and electrical equipment and systems and make corrections required for proper operation of such systems before requesting final tests. Final test will not be conducted unless pre-tested.
- B. Conduct final tests required in various sections of specifications in presence of an authorized representative of the Contracting Officer. Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, equipment, instruments, and forms, to conduct and record such tests.
- C. Mechanical and electrical systems shall be balanced, controlled and coordinated. A system is defined as the entire complex which must be coordinated to work together during normal operation to produce results for which the system is designed. For example, air conditioning supply air is only one part of entire system which provides comfort conditions for a building. Other related components are return air, exhaust air, steam, chilled water, refrigerant, hot water, controls and electricity, etc. Another example of a complex which involves several components of different disciplines is a boiler installation. Efficient and acceptable boiler operation depends upon the coordination and proper operation of fuel, combustion air, controls, steam, feedwater, condensate and other related components.

01-01-13

- D. All related components as defined above shall be functioning when any system component is tested. Tests shall be completed within a reasonably short period of time during which operating and environmental conditions remain reasonably constant.
- E. Individual test result of any component, where required, will only be accepted when submitted with the test results of related components and of the entire system.

#### **1.25 INSTRUCTIONS**

- A. Contractor shall furnish Maintenance and Operating manuals and verbal instructions when required by the various sections of the specifications and as hereinafter specified.
- B. Manuals: Maintenance and operating manuals (four copies each) for each separate piece of equipment shall be delivered to the COR coincidental with the delivery of the equipment to the job site. Manuals shall be complete, detailed guides for the maintenance and operation of equipment. They shall include complete information necessary for starting, adjusting, maintaining in continuous operation for long periods of time and dismantling and reassembling of the complete units and sub-assembly components. Manuals shall include an index covering all component parts clearly cross-referenced to diagrams and illustrations. Illustrations shall include "exploded" views showing and identifying each separate item. Emphasis shall be placed on the use of special tools and instruments. The function of each piece of equipment, component, accessory and control shall be clearly and thoroughly explained. All necessary precautions for the operation of the equipment and the reason for each precaution shall be clearly set forth. Manuals must reference the exact model, style and size of the piece of equipment and system being furnished. Manuals referencing equipment similar to but of a different model, style, and size than that furnished will not be accepted.
- C. Instructions: Contractor shall provide qualified, factory-trained manufacturers' representatives to give detailed instructions to assigned Department of Veterans Affairs personnel in the operation and complete maintenance for each piece of equipment. All such training will be at the job site. These requirements are more specifically detailed in the various technical sections. Instructions for different items of equipment that are component parts of a complete system, shall be given

01-01-13

in an integrated, progressive manner. All instructors for every piece of component equipment in a system shall be available until instructions for all items included in the system have been completed. This is to assure proper instruction in the operation of inter-related systems. All instruction periods shall be at such times as scheduled by the COR and shall be considered concluded only when the COR is satisfied in regard to complete and thorough coverage. The Department of Veterans Affairs reserves the right to request the removal of, and substitution for, any instructor who, in the opinion of the COR, does not demonstrate sufficient qualifications in accordance with requirements for instructors above.

#### **1.26 GOVERNMENT-FURNISHED PROPERTY**

- A. The Government shall deliver to the Contractor, the Government-furnished property shown on the drawings.
- B. Equipment furnished by Government to be installed by Contractor will be furnished to Contractor at the Medical Center .
- C. Storage space for equipment will be provided by the Government and the Contractor shall be prepared to unload and store such equipment therein upon its receipt at the Medical Center .
- D. Notify Contracting Officer in writing, 60 days in advance, of date on which Contractor will be prepared to receive equipment furnished by Government. Arrangements will then be made by the Government for delivery of equipment.
  - 1. Immediately upon delivery of equipment, Contractor shall arrange for a joint inspection thereof with a representative of the Government. At such time the Contractor shall acknowledge receipt of equipment described, make notations, and immediately furnish the Government representative with a written statement as to its condition or shortages.
  - 2. Contractor thereafter is responsible for such equipment until such time as acceptance of contract work is made by the Government.
- E. Equipment furnished by the Government will be delivered in a partially assembled (knock down) condition in accordance with existing standard commercial practices, complete with all fittings, fastenings, and appliances necessary for connections to respective services installed

01-01-13

under contract. All fittings and appliances (i.e., couplings, ells, tees, nipples, piping, conduits, cables, and the like) necessary to make the connection between the Government furnished equipment item and the utility stub-up shall be furnished and installed by the contractor at no additional cost to the Government.

- F. Completely assemble and install the Government furnished equipment in place ready for proper operation in accordance with specifications and drawings.
- G. Furnish supervision of installation of equipment at construction site by qualified factory trained technicians regularly employed by the equipment manufacturer.

#### **1.27 RELOCATED ITEMS**

- A. Contractor shall disconnect, dismantle as necessary, remove and reinstall in new location, all existing items indicated on drawings to be relocated by the Contractor.
- B. Perform relocation of such equipment or items at such times and in such a manner as directed by the COR.
- C. Suitably cap existing service lines, such as steam, condensate return, water, drain, gas, air, vacuum and/or electrical, whenever such lines are disconnected from equipment to be relocated. Remove abandoned lines in finished areas and cap as specified herein before under paragraph "Abandoned Lines".
- D. Provide all mechanical and electrical service connections, fittings, fastenings and any other materials necessary for assembly and installation of relocated equipment; and leave such equipment in proper operating condition.
- E. Contractor shall employ services of an installation engineer, who is an authorized representative of the manufacturer of this equipment to supervise assembly and installation of existing items, required to be relocated.
- F. All service lines such as noted above for relocated equipment shall be in place at point of relocation ready for use before any existing equipment is disconnected. Make relocated existing equipment ready for operation or use immediately after reinstallation.

**1.28 STORAGE SPACE FOR DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS EQUIPMENT: NOT APPLICABLE**

**1.29 CONSTRUCTION SIGN**

- A. Provide a Construction Sign where directed by the COR. All wood members shall be of framing lumber. Cover sign frame with 0.7 mm (24 gage) galvanized sheet steel nailed securely around edges and on all bearings. Provide three 100 by 100 mm (4 inch by 4 inch) posts (or equivalent round posts) set 1200 mm (four feet) into ground. Set bottom of sign level at 900 mm (three feet) above ground and secure to posts with through bolts. Make posts full height of sign. Brace posts with 50 x 100 mm (two by four inch) material as directed.
- B. Paint all surfaces of sign and posts two coats of white gloss paint. Border and letters shall be of black gloss paint, except project title which shall be blue gloss paint.
- C. Maintain sign and remove it when directed by the COR.
- D. Detail Drawing of construction sign showing required legend and other characteristics of sign is shown on the drawings.

**1.30 SAFETY SIGN**

- A. Provide a Safety Sign where directed by COR. Face of sign shall be 19 mm (3/4 inch) thick exterior grade plywood. Provide two 100 mm by 100 mm (four by four inch) posts extending full height of sign and 900 mm (three feet) into ground. Set bottom of sign level at 1200 mm (four feet) above ground.
- B. Paint all surfaces of Safety Sign and posts with one prime coat and two coats of white gloss paint. Letters and design shall be painted with gloss paint of colors noted.
- C. Maintain sign and remove it when directed by COR.
- D. Standard Detail Drawing Number SD10000-02(Found on VA TIL) of safety sign showing required legend and other characteristics of sign is shown on the drawings.
- E. Post the number of accident free days on a daily basis.

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI VA MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

01-01-13

**1.32 FINAL ELEVATION DIGITAL IMAGES: NOT APPLICABLE**

**1.33 HISTORIC PRESERVATION**

Where the Contractor or any of the Contractor's employees, prior to, or during the construction work, are advised of or discover any possible archeological, historical and/or cultural resources, the Contractor shall immediately notify the COR verbally, and then with a written follow up.

**1.34 TEMPORARY INTERIOR SIGNAGE**

WHEN THE CONTRACTOR'S WORK BLOCKS DOORS AND/OR EXISTS, CHANGES PATHS, ETC., THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR IS TO PROVIDE ALL TEMPORARY SIGNAGE TO REROUTE PERSONNEL AND BLOCK THE DOORS OR EXITS. LOCATIONS TO BE DETERMINED BASED ON THE ILSM.

- - - E N D - - -

12/29/2011

**SECTION 01 01 10 - 1HR**  
**1 HOUR CONSTRUCTION SMOKE BARRIER**

**1. DESCRIPTION**

This section specifies the control of the construction barrier surrounding the construction area the Contractor must consider for construction & renovation projects in the medical facility. It includes Precautionary management of, Inspections and Non-invasive activities, small scale, short duration activities, which create minimal fire hazard risk. Major demolition and construction projects that are high risk. The Contractor is obligated to consider the specified containment measures with the costs included within the various contract items of work. A **Construction Barrier and Fire Risk Assessment Matrix of Precautions** for construction and renovation for activities follows.

<b>TYPE A</b>	<p><b>Inspection and Non-Invasive Activities.</b></p> <p>Includes, but is not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ removal of ceiling tiles for visual inspection limited to 1 tile per 50 square feet</li><li>▪ painting (but not sanding)</li><li>▪ wall covering, electrical trim work, minor plumbing, and activities which do not generate dust or require cutting of walls or access to ceilings other than for visual inspection.</li><li>▪ Removal of floor tile less than 10 square feet</li></ul>
<b>TYPE B</b>	<p><b>Small scale, short duration activities that can be completed within 3 calendar days. Work that requires a moderate level of demolition and does not pose a potential fire hazard. Cutting/burning operations that require a burn permit are prohibited. No electrical corded power tools permitted.</b></p> <p>Includes, but is not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ installation of telephone and computer cabling</li><li>▪ access to chase spaces</li><li>▪ asbestos abatement of flooring tile/mastic removal, glove bag operations, Transite panel removals</li><li>▪ duct work , electrical, plumbing, piping work above ceiling within a 50 square foot area.</li><li>▪ cutting of walls or ceiling where fire hazard is minimal.</li><li>▪ sanding of walls for painting or wall covering</li><li>▪ removal of floor coverings, ceiling tiles and casework</li><li>▪ new wall construction</li></ul>

12/29/2011

<b>TYPE C</b>	<p>Work that requires a moderate to high level of demolition, cutting/burning operations or requires demolition or removal of any fixed building components or assemblies. Power corded tools and work that provides a potential fire hazard.</p> <p>Includes, but is not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Removal of floor coverings with heat gun or open flame greater than 10 square feet.</li> <li>▪ new wall construction</li> <li>▪ major duct work, plumbing, piping, or electrical work</li> <li>▪ soldering or brazing operations</li> <li>▪ any activity that requires a burn permit.</li> </ul>
<b>TYPE D</b>	<p><b>Major demolition and construction projects</b></p> <p>Includes, but is not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ activities which require consecutive work shifts</li> <li>▪ requires heavy demolition or removal of a complete cabling system</li> <li>▪ new construction.</li> </ul>

**2. TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION PARTITIONS (NOTE: COORDINATE INFECTION CONTROL BARRIERS WITH CONSTRUCTION PARTITIONS):**

- A. Type A: Provide authority to proceed with work in area, includes a ceiling permit as required, when working above ceilings.
- B. Type B: Install and maintain Infection Control temporary separations between construction areas and adjoining areas. Coordinate with Section 01 01 10-IC. Provide plastic from floor to ceiling above and seal joints and penetrations. The All plastic will be labeled with the VA ILSM TEMPORARY BARRIER orange tag once installed indicating the start of the 3 days. At openings, install z-wall overlapping plastic flap barriers or equivalent.
- C. Type C: Install and maintain Infection Control temporary construction partitions to provide smoke-tight separations between construction areas and adjoining areas. Coordinate with Section 01 01 10-IC. Provide heat detectors, tied into the

12/29/2011

Building Siemens Pyrotronics System, in ante room and 1 per 900-1000 square foot of clear construction area. Heat detectors to be FTP-11 Addressable, Tri-Color LED, 135°F, Combination Fixed or Rate of Rise. Contractor to provide certification documentation once the heat detectors are installed and/or moved and tested prior to any construction work taking place in the space.

Outside the ante room, existing units can be used if they are moved to the floor deck above. Separate all occupied areas from demolition, renovation, or construction activities by temporary smoke-tight construction partitions of gypsum board. For partitions in duration of 3 days to 14 days, the seams of the gypsum board construction shall be taped with E-Z Fire Tape; both sides and ceilings and from walls to floor. For partitions in duration over 14 days, the seams of the gypsum board construction shall be mudded and taped with ASTM C840 approved compound or E-Z Fire Tape; both sides and ceilings and duct tape from walls to floor. Other than ante room, new partitions shall be full height, extending through suspended ceilings to the floor slab or roof deck above and shall be one-hour fire rated 5/8" type X gypsum board both sides of metal stud wall, mudded and taped in accordance with ASTM C840. If sprinklers are installed and are operational on both sides of the temporary partition, then the partition (2 layers 5/8" type X) indicated above may be permitted to terminate at the ceiling in accordance with NFPA 241. Provide plastic Z Type door at the interior construction ante room doorway. At outer ante room construction door openings, install Class C, ¾ hour fire/smoke rated doors with self-closing devices.

- D. Type D: Install one-hour fire-rated temporary construction partitions to maintain integrity of existing exit stair enclosures, exit passageways, fire-rated enclosures of hazardous areas, horizontal exits, smoke barriers, vertical shafts and openings and other enclosures as required by the current Life Safety Code NFPA 101. This may include new horizontal egress

12/29/2011

tunnels, exit stairs, etc. Provide heat detectors, tied into the Building Siemens Pyrotronics System, in ante room and 1 per 900-1000 square foot of clear construction area. Heat detectors to be FTP-11 Addressable, Tri-Color LED, 135°F, Combination Fixed or Rate of Rise. Contractor to provide certification documentation once the heat detectors are installed and/or moved and tested prior to any construction work taking place in the space. Outside the ante room, existing units can be used if they are moved to the floor deck above.

### **3. WALLS TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION PARTITION AND PHASING.**

- A. The construction site must be completely surrounded by the construction partitions described above. Infection control procedures need to be initiated prior to any other construction activities. Where construction walls are to function as infection control barriers, add infection control measures (e.g., plastic sheeting between metal studs and gypsum board).
- B. Existing walls - All existing walls surrounding the construction are to be inspected, repaired, patched, and fire stopped as required to bring them up to current smoke barrier construction requirements, as follows:
  - i. for annular space gaps, holes, and cracks less than 1/4" width: intumescent fire caulk
    - a) Number of individual conduits, pipes and cables <1" = 10
    - b) Number of individual conduits, pipes and cables  
1" to 3" dia = 4
    - c) Number of individual conduits, pipes and cables  
4" to 6" dia = 4
  - ii. for larger annular spaces and holes: pack with mineral wool and either patch with drywall and trim with fire caulk or apply a coating of 3M FireDam 200 Spray, or other approved firestopping methods based on the manufacture of the firestopping material or VA-approved equal coating.

12/29/2011

- a) Around conduits / pipes up to 2"Ø = 7
  - b) Holes, larger, total square feet, not requiring new studs, patch up to 10 s.f.
  - c) HVAC ducts - pull back insulation, trim with metal angles and fire caulk, lineal feet perimeter around ductwork = 20 l.f.
- iii. For walls where the gypsum board stops below the existing floor deck above; extend gypsum board construction to deck above to meet 1 hour requirements.
- a) Square feet of wall to extend to deck = 24 s.f.
- iv. These walls can then be used as part of the construction partition. All work associated with this construction shall be accomplished immediately after the infection control work has been provided.
- v. Construction cores made through the construction barriers and any rated assembly need to have an ILSM firestop such as mineral wool filling including a "ILSM FIRESTOP" label as indicated below, in place for all penetrations made smoke resistant at the end of the construction day and penetrations are to be fire caulked/sealed within 30 days of being made. All penetrations will be labeled with the VA orange tag once made.



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MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

12/29/2011

C. The Ante Room when required by infection control for the construction site will consist of a contractor provided yellow 90-minute self closing and latching construction door and frame. Metal studs and 5/8" drywall 1-hour fire rated wall and ceiling enclosure abutting the smoke barrier construction wall.

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MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

12/29/2011

D. VA ILSM Temporary Barrier Tag

ILSM TEMPORARY BARRIER TAG									
PROJECT:									
PRIME CONTRACTOR:									
SUB CONTRACTOR:									
EMERGENCY CONTACT NO.									
BARRIER INSTALLATION DATE:									
BARRIER EXPIRATION DATE:									
		(MAX 3 DAYS)							

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MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

12/29/2011

**SECTION 01 01 10 - FSS**  
**FIRE SAFETY SECTION**

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION: This section covers safety precautions required by all contractor personnel to safeguard patients, visitors, and Department of Veterans Affairs employees.

1.2 RELATED SECTION

A. Section 01 00 00 - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

A. NFPA standard No. 241 - Safeguarding Construction, Alteration, and Demolition Operations.

B. NFPA Standard No. 51B - Fire Protection in use of cutting and welding Processes.

C. NFPA Standard No. 101 - Life Safety Code (Current Edition)

D. OSHA Regulations 29CFR1926 - Construction Industry Standards.

1. Sub-part P- Fire Protection and Prevention

2. Sub-part J- welding and Cutting

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PRODUCTS:

12/29/2011

A. Table F-1 indicates which fire extinguishers are required for various combustibile materials.

**Table F-1 FIRE  
EXTINGUISHER  
S DATA**

TYPE OF AGENT



Multi-Purpose Dry  
Chemical  
Monoammonium  
Phosphate



Regular  
Dry Chemical Sodium  
Phosphate



Halon 1211  
Bromoclorodi-  
fluoromethane



Carbon Dioxide  
(CO<sub>2</sub>)



Water



Each class of fire calls for the right kind of extinguisher. Using the wrong extinguisher is dangerous and may do more



harm than good. For your own protection, you should know the classes of fire, the different types of extinguishers, how to use them and why.



Fires in ordinary combustibile materials - paper, wood, and many plastics. Quenching by water or insulating by Multi-Purpose (ABC), dry chemical is effective.

Fires in flammable liquids such as gasoline, oils, grease, tars, paints, lacquers and flammable gases. Multi-Purpose (ABC), Regular Dry Chemical, Halon 1211, and Carbon Dioxide agents smother these fires.

Fires in electrical equipment.. Motors, generators, switches and appliances.. where a non conducting extinguishing agent Multi-Purpose (ABC), Regular Dry Chemical, Halon 1211 or Carbon Dioxide is required.

Yes-excellent Adheres to burning materials and forms a coating which will smother the fire and minimize reflash.

No

Yes-excellent  
Halon 1211 leaves no residue. May not normally affect equipment.

No

Yes  
Water saturates materials and prevents rekindling.

Yes-excellent Dry chemical agent smothers fire. Screen of agent shields user from heat.

Yes-excellent Dry chemical agent smothers fire. Screen of agent shields user from heat.

Yes-excellent  
Halon 1211 leaves no residue. May not normally affect equipment.

Yes-excellent  
Carbon Dioxide leaves no residue, may not normally affect or damage equipment.

No  
Water will spread flammable liquids and not put it out.

Yes-excellent Dry chemical agent is non-conductive. Screen of agent shields user from heat.

Yes-excellent Dry chemical agent is non-conductive. Screen of agent shields user from heat.

Yes-excellent  
Halon 1211 is a non-conductor, leaves no residue, may not normally affect or damage electrical equipment.

Yes-excellent  
Carbon Dioxide is a non-conductor, leaves no residue, may not normally affect or damage electrical equipment.

No  
Water, a conductor, should never be used on live electrical fires.

5 to 20 feet  
10 to 25 seconds

5 to 20 feet  
10 to 25 seconds

8 to 18 feet  
8 to 18 seconds  
Depending on size

3 to 8 feet  
8 to 30 seconds

Up to 40 feet  
Up to 60 seconds

RANGE -----  
Discharge Time -----

## B. Cover Plates

1. Receptacles - Manufactured by H. B. Enterprises or equal. Catalog No. 007
2. Switches - Manufactured by N. 13. Enterprises. Catalog No. 003

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI VA MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

12/29/2011

### PART III - EXECUTION

- 3.1 Construction offices and trailers used as storage are required to a located minimum distance from permanent structures. Veterans Administration approval of location does not relieve the contractor at this ultimate responsibility of meeting OSHA and NFPA Regulation.
- 3.2 Contractor is required to obtained a permit from the office of the Chief Engineer prior to start of each welding/cutting operation. The Chief Engineer reserves the right to delegate the Project Manager as approving official. The following form is acceptable for obtaining approval and may be reproduced at contractor's expense. Other form must be submitted for approval by the Project Engineer prior to use.
- 3.3 The following checklist is provided to the contractor as a quick reference only. NFPA 513 should be consulted for official requirements for protection of the area.

12/29/2011

### REQUEST FOR SPRINKLER SYSTEM SHUTDOWN

Date Closed:	_____	Time Closed:	_____
Planned Date Restored:	_____	Time Restored:	_____
Location of System:	Bldg: _____	Floor: _____	Wing: _____
Area this will affect:	_____		
Impact on adjacencies:	_____		
Reason for shutdown:	_____		
If Construction, Give Project#:	_____	Generic Maintenance Contract	_____
Sprinkler Contractor:	_____	General Contractor:	_____
Phone:	_____	Phone:	_____
Remarks:	_____	Approval [ x ]	Disapproval [ ]
Approving Authority Comments: _____			

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature/Approval Authority

Copy one (1) VAMC, Form No 138-S1

Revised 2/05

Location of System: Building: _____	Date Valve Reopened: _____
Wing: _____	Time Valve Reopened: _____
Floor: _____	Date Closed: _____
	Time Closed: _____
Print Name _____	Signature of Requestor _____
	Signature of FM Divisional Manager _____
REQUESTOR OF SHUTDOWN ID: O-001391	Copy three (3) VAMC, Form No 138-S3
Copy two (2) VAMC, Form No 138-S2	1,421

12/29/2011

## PERMIT FOR CUTTING AND WELDING WITH PORTABLE GAS, ELECTRICAL, OR ARC EQUIPMENT

Date Disabled: \_\_\_\_\_ Time Disabled: \_\_\_\_\_  
Planned Date Restored: \_\_\_\_\_ Time Restored: \_\_\_\_\_  
Location of System: Bldg: \_\_\_\_\_ Floor: \_\_\_\_\_ Wing: \_\_\_\_\_  
Area this Will Affect: \_\_\_\_\_ Impact on Adjacencies: \_\_\_\_\_  
*The location where the work is to be done had been examined, necessary precautions taken, and permission is granted for this work.*  
Work to Be Accomplished: \_\_\_\_\_  
Construction Project#: \_\_\_\_\_ Generic Maintenance Contract \_\_\_\_\_  
Subcontractor: \_\_\_\_\_ General Contractor: \_\_\_\_\_  
Phone: \_\_\_\_\_ Phone: \_\_\_\_\_  
Approval [ ] Disapproval [ ]  
Signature/Approval Authority \_\_\_\_\_ Approving Authority Comments: \_\_\_\_\_

### ATTENTION

Before approving any cutting and welding permit, the Contractor's fire safety supervisor or his appointee and/or the PAI or his designee shall inspect the work area and confirm that precautions have been taken to prevent fire in accordance with NFPA 51B. Contractor is responsible to check off each item below that applies or indicate N/A.

### PRECAUTIONS

- \_\_\_\_\_ Sprinklers in service. Fully charged and operable fire extinguishers that are appropriate for the type of possible fire shall be available immediately at the work area.  
\_\_\_\_\_ The hot work equipment to be used shall be in satisfactory operating condition and in good repair.  
\_\_\_\_\_ The following shall apply to hot work done in close proximity to a sprinkler head:  
(a) A wet rag shall be laid over the sprinkler head and then removed at the conclusion of the welding or cutting operation.  
(b) During hot work, special precautions shall be taken to avoid accidental operation of automatic fire detection or suppression systems (e.g., special extinguishing systems or sprinklers).  
\_\_\_\_\_ Nearby personnel shall be suitably protected against dangers such as heat, sparks, and slag.

### WITHIN 35 FT. OF WORK

- \_\_\_\_\_ Floors swept clean of combustibles  
\_\_\_\_\_ If relocation is impractical, combustibles shall be protected with fire-retardant covers or otherwise shielded with metal or fire-retardant guards or curtains.  
\_\_\_\_\_ Combustible floors (except wood on concrete) shall be kept wet, covered with damp sand, or protected by noncombustible or fire-retardant shields.  
\_\_\_\_\_ Where floors have been wet down, personnel operating arc welding equipment or cutting equipment shall be protected from possible shock.  
\_\_\_\_\_ Openings or cracks in walls, floors, or ducts within 11 m (35 ft) of the site shall be tightly covered with fire-retardant or noncombustible material to prevent the passage of sparks to adjacent areas.  
\_\_\_\_\_ Covers suspended beneath work to collect sparks

### WORK ON WALLS OR CEILINGS

- \_\_\_\_\_ Construction noncombustible and without combustible covering  
\_\_\_\_\_ Combustibles moved away from opposite side of wall  
\_\_\_\_\_ If hot work is done near walls, partitions, ceilings, or roofs of combustible construction, fire-retardant shields or guards shall be provided to prevent ignition.  
\_\_\_\_\_ If hot work is done on one side of a wall, partition, ceiling, or roof, one of the following criteria shall be met:  
(a) Precautions shall be taken to prevent ignition of combustibles on the other side by relocating the combustibles.  
(b) If it is impractical to relocate combustibles, a fire watch shall be provided on the side opposite from where the work is being performed.

### WORK ON ENCLOSED EQUIPMENT

(Tanks, containers, ducts, dust collectors, etc.)

- \_\_\_\_\_ Containers purged of flammable vapors  
\_\_\_\_\_ Ducts and conveyor systems that might carry sparks to distant combustibles shall be shielded, or shut down, or both.

### FIRE WATCH

- \_\_\_\_\_ To be provided during and 30 minutes after operation  
\_\_\_\_\_ Supplied with extinguisher  
\_\_\_\_\_ Trained in use of equipment and in sounding fire alarm

### FINAL CHECK-UP

- \_\_\_\_\_ Work area and all adjacent areas to which sparks and heat might have spread (including floors above and below and on opposite sides of walls) were inspected 30 minutes after the work was completed and were found fire safe.

Signed: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Supervisor of Fire Watcher)

12/29/2011

**SECTION 01 01 10 - IC**  
**INFECTION CONTROL**

**DESCRIPTION**

- A. This section specifies the control of environmental infection control and risk assessment that the Contractor must consider for construction & renovation projects in the medical facility. It includes Precautionary management of, Inspections and Non invasive activities, small scale, short duration activities, that create minimal dust. Major demolition and construction projects that generate a moderate to high levels of dust. Movement of materials and equipment, and resources that are encountered or generated by the Contractor. The Contractor is obligated to consider the specified control measures with the costs included within the various contract items of work. An ***Infection Control Risk Assessment Matrix of Precautions*** for construction and renovation for activities follows.

**Step 1. Identify Construction Activity**

<b>TYPE A</b>	<b>Inspection and Non-Invasive Activities.</b> Includes, but is not limited to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ removal of ceiling tiles for visual inspection limited to 1 tile per 50 square feet</li><li>▪ painting (but not sanding)</li><li>▪ wall covering, electrical trim work, minor plumbing, and activities which do not generate dust or require cutting of walls or access to ceilings other than for visual inspection.</li></ul>
<b>TYPE B</b>	<b>Small scale, short duration activities which create minimal dust</b> Includes, but is not limited to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ installation of telephone and computer cabling</li><li>▪ access to chase spaces</li><li>▪ cutting of walls or ceiling where dust migration can be controlled.</li></ul>
<b>TYPE C</b>	<b>Work that generates a moderate to high level of dust or requires demolition or removal of any fixed building components or assemblies</b> Includes, but is not limited to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ sanding of walls for painting or wall covering</li><li>▪ removal of floor coverings, ceiling tiles and casework</li><li>▪ new wall construction</li><li>▪ minor duct work or electrical work above ceilings</li><li>▪ major cabling activities</li><li>▪ any activity that cannot be completed within a single work shift.</li></ul>
<b>TYPE D</b>	<b>Major demolition and construction projects</b> Includes, but is not limited to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ activities which require consecutive work shifts</li><li>▪ requires heavy demolition or removal of a complete cabling system</li><li>▪ new construction.</li></ul>

12/29/2011

## Step 2. Identify Patient Risk Group

- B. Infection Control Risk and damage is defined as the presence of chemical, physical, or biological elements or agents which:
1. Adversely effect human health or welfare,
  2. Unfavorably alter ecological balances of importance to human life.

Using the following table, *identify the Patient Risk Groups* that will be affected.  
If more than one risk group will be affected, select the higher risk group:

Low Risk	Medium Risk	High Risk	Highest Risk
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Office areas</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Cardiology</li><li>Echocardiography</li><li>Endoscopy</li><li>Nuclear Medicine</li><li>Physical Therapy</li><li>Radiology/MRI</li><li>Respiratory Therapy</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>CCU</li><li>Emergency Room</li><li>Labor &amp; Delivery</li><li>Laboratories (specimen)</li><li>Newborn Nursery</li><li>Outpatient Surgery</li><li>Pediatrics</li><li>Pharmacy</li><li>Post Anesthesia Care Unit</li><li>Surgical Units</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Any area caring for immunocompromised patients</li><li>Burn Unit</li><li>Cardiac Cath Lab</li><li>Central Sterile Supply</li><li>Intensive Care Units</li><li>Medical Unit</li><li>Negative pressure isolation rooms</li><li>Oncology</li><li>Operating rooms including C-section rooms</li></ul>

12/29/2011

- C. Match the ***Patient Risk Group with Construction Project Type*** on the following matrix to find the level of **infection control activities required**.

**Patient Risk Group** (*Low, Medium, High, Highest*) with the planned ...  
**Construction Project Type** (*A, B, C, D*) on the following matrix, to find the ...  
**Class of Precautions** (*I, II, III or IV*) or level of infection control activities required.

- 1) Infection Control approval will be required when the Construction Activity and Risk Level indicate that **Class III** or **Class IV** control procedures are necessary. Contact the VA Project engineer and the infection control officer before proceeding.

### Step 3. Identify Level of Infection Control Activities Required

12/29/2011

## IC Matrix - Class of Precautions: Construction Project by Patient Risk

Patient Risk Group	Construction Project Type			
	TYPE A	TYPE B	TYPE C	TYPE D
<b>LOW Risk Group</b>	<b>I</b>	<b>II</b>	<b>II</b>	<b>III/IV</b>
<b>MEDIUM Risk Group</b>	<b>I</b>	<b>II</b>	<b>III</b>	<b>IV</b>
<b>HIGH Risk Group</b>	<b>I</b>	<b>II</b>	<b>III/IV</b>	<b>IV</b>
<b>HIGHEST Risk Group</b>	<b>II</b>	<b>III/IV</b>	<b>III/IV</b>	<b>IV</b>

### D. Description of Required Infection Control Precautions by Class

During Construction Project		Upon Completion of Project
<b>CLASS I</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Execute work by methods to minimize raising dust from construction operations.</li> <li>2. Immediately replace a ceiling tile displaced for visual inspection</li> </ol>	
<b>CLASS II</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Provide active means to prevent airborne dust from dispersing into atmosphere.</li> <li>2. Water mist work surfaces to control dust while cutting.</li> <li>3. Seal unused doors with duct tape.</li> <li>4. Block off and seal air vents.</li> <li>5. Place dust mat at entrance and exit of work area</li> <li>6. *Remove or isolate HVAC system in areas where work is being performed.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Wipe work surfaces with disinfectant.</li> <li>2. Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers.</li> <li>3. Wet mop and/or vacuum with HEPA filtered vacuum before leaving work area.</li> <li>4. Remove isolation of HVAC system in areas where work is being performed.</li> </ol>
<b>CLASS III</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. *Remove or Isolate HVAC system in area where work is being done to prevent contamination of duct system.</li> <li>2. Complete all critical barriers i.e. sheetrock, plywood, plastic, to seal area from non-work area or implement control cube method (cart with plastic covering and sealed connection to work site with HEPA vacuum for vacuuming prior to exit) before construction begins.</li> <li>3. Maintain negative air pressure within work site utilizing HEPA equipped air filtration units.</li> <li>4. Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers.</li> <li>5. Cover transport receptacles or carts. Tape covering unless solid lid.</li> </ol> <p>* Use window for negative HEPA air exhaust when accessible. Obtain V.A. resident engineer approval for exhausting in existing exhaust ductwork.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Do not remove barriers from work area until completed project is inspected by the owner's Safety Department and Infection Control Department and thoroughly cleaned by the owner's Environmental Services Department.</li> <li>2. Remove barrier materials carefully to minimize spreading of dirt and debris associated with construction.</li> <li>3. Vacuum work area with HEPA filtered vacuums.</li> <li>4. Wet mop area with disinfectant.</li> <li>5. Remove isolation of HVAC system in areas where work is being performed.</li> </ol>

12/29/2011

CLASS IV	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Isolate HVAC system in area where work is being done to prevent contamination of duct system.</li> <li>2. Complete all critical barriers i.e. sheetrock, plywood, plastic, to seal area from non-work area or implement control cube method (cart with plastic covering and sealed connection to work site with HEPA vacuum for vacuuming prior to exit) before construction begins.</li> <li>3. Maintain negative air pressure within work site utilizing HEPA equipped air filtration units.</li> <li>4. Seal holes, pipes, conduits, and punctures appropriately.</li> <li>5. Construct anteroom and require all personnel to pass through this room so they can be vacuumed using a HEPA vacuum cleaner before leaving work site or they can wear cloth or paper coveralls that are removed each time they leave the work site.</li> <li>6. All personnel entering work site are required to wear shoe covers. Shoe covers must be changed each time the worker exits the work area.</li> <li>7. Do not remove barriers from work area until completed project is inspected by the owner's Safety Department and Infection Control Department and thoroughly cleaned by the owner's Environmental Services Department.</li> </ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Remove barrier material carefully to minimize spreading of dirt and debris associated with construction.</li> <li>2. Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers.</li> <li>3. Cover transport receptacles or carts. Tape covering unless solid lid</li> <li>4. Vacuum work area with HEPA filtered vacuums.</li> <li>5. Wet mop area with disinfectant.</li> <li>6. Remove isolation of HVAC system in areas where work is being performed.</li> </ol>
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E. Identify the area surrounding the project area, assessing potential impact.

12/29/2011

**Step 4. Identify the areas surrounding the project area, assessing potential impact**

Unit Below	Unit Above	Lateral	Lateral	Behind	Front
Risk Group	Risk Group	Risk Group	Risk Group	Risk Group	Risk Group

**Step 5. Identify specific site of activity eg, patient rooms, medication room, etc.**

**Step 6. Identify issues related to: ventilation, plumbing, electrical in terms of the occurrence of probable outages.**

**Step 7. Identify containment measures, using prior assessment. What types of barriers? (Eg, solids wall barriers); Will HEPA filtration be required?**

(Note: Renovation/construction area shall be isolated from the occupied areas during construction and shall be negative with respect to surrounding areas)

**Step 8. Consider potential risk of water damage. Is there a risk due to compromising structural integrity? (eg, wall, ceiling, roof)**

**Step 9. Work hours: Can or will the work be done during non-patient care hours?**

**Step 10. Do plans allow for adequate number of isolation/negative airflow rooms?**

**Step 11. Do the plans allow for the required number & type of handwashing sinks?**

**Step 12. Does the infection control staff agree with the minimum number of sinks for this project? (Verify against AIA Guidelines for types and area)**

**Step 13. Does the infection control staff agree with the plans relative to clean and soiled utility rooms?**

**Step 14. Plan to discuss the following containment issues with the project team. Eg, traffic flow, housekeeping, debris removal (how and when)**

*Appendix: Identify and communicate the responsibility for project monitoring that includes infection control concerns and risks. The ICRA may be modified throughout the project Revisions must be communicated to the Project Manager.*

Steps 1-3 Adapted with permission V Kennedy, B Barnard, St Luke Episcopal Hospital, Houston TX ; C Fine, CA

Steps 4-14 Adapted with permission Fairview University Medical Center, Minneapolis MN by ECSI Inc 2001  
Forms modified and provided courtesy of 3 Bartley, ECSI Inc 2002

111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB VA PROJECT: 695-13-112					<b>Infection Control Construction Permit</b>				
12/29/2011					Permit No:				
Location of Construction:					Project Start Date:				
Project Coordinator:					Estimated Duration:				
Contractor Performing Work					Permit Expiration Date:				
Supervisor:					Telephone:				
YES	NO	CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY			YES	NO	INFECTION CONTROL, RISK GROUP		
		TYPE A: <u>Inspection</u> , non-invasive activity					GROUP 1: Low Risk		
		TYPE B: Small scale, short duration, moderate to <u>high</u> levels					GROUP 2: Medium Risk		
		TYPE C: Activity generates moderate to high levels of dust, re Lures cater 1 work shift for <u>completion</u>					GROUP 3: Medium/high Risk		
		TYPE D: Major duration and construction activities <u>Requiring consecutive work shifts</u>					GROUP 4: Highest Risk		
CLASS I		1. Execute work by methods to minimize raising dust from construction operations. 2. Immediately replace any ceiling tile displaced for visual <u>inspection</u> .				3. Minor Demolition for Remodeling			
CLASS 11		1. Provides active means to prevent air-borne dust from dispersing into atmosphere 2. Water mist work surfaces to control dust while cutting. 3. Seal unused doors with duct tape. 4. Block off and seal air vents. 5. Wipe surfaces with disinfectant.				6. Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers. 7. Wet mop and/or vacuum with HEPA filtered vacuum before leaving work area. 8. Place dust mat at entrance and exit of work area. 9. Remove or isolate HVAC system in areas where work is being <u>performed</u> .			
CLASS 111		1. Obtain infection control pennit before construction begins. 2. Isolate HVAC system in area where work is being done to prevent contamination of the duct system. 3. Complete all critical barriers or implement control cube method before construction begins.				6. Vacuum work with HEPA filtered vacuums. 7. Wet mop with disinfectant 8. Remove barrier materials carefully to minimize spreading of dirt and debris associated with construction. 9. Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers.			
Date Initial		4. Maintain negative air pressure within work site utilizing HEPA equipped air filtration units. 5 Do not remove barriers from work area until complete <u>project</u> is thoroughly cleaned by Env. Services <u>Dept.</u>				10. Cover transport receptacles or carts. Tape covering. 11. Remove or isolate HVAC svstem in areas where work is being performed/			
Class IV		1. Obtain infection control permit before construction begins. 2. Isolate HVAC= system in area where work is being done to prevent contamination of duct system. 3. Complete all critical barriers or implement control cube method before construction begins.				7. All personnel entering work site are required to wear shoe covers 8. Do not remove barriers from work area until completed project is thoroughly cleaned by the Environmental Service Dept.			
Date Initial		4. Maintain negative air pressure within work site utilizing HEPA equipped air filtration units. 5. Seal holes, pipes, conduits, and punctures appropriately. 6. Construct anteroom and require all personnel to pass through this room so they can be vacuumed using a HEPA vacuum cleaner before leaving work site or they can wear cloth or paper coveralls that are removed each time they leave the work site.				9. Vacuum work area with HEPA filtered vacuums. 10. Wet mop with disinfectant. 11. Remove barrier materials carefully to minimize spreading of dirt and debris associated with construction. 12. Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers. 13. Cover transport receptacles or carts. Tape covering. 14. Remove or isolate HVAC system in areas where is bein done.			
Additional Requirements:									
Date Initials					Exceptions/Additions to this permit Date Initials are noted b attached memoranda				
Permit Request By:					Permit Authorized By:				
Date:					Date:				

Steps 1-3 Adapted with permission V Kennedy, B Barnard, St Luke Episcopal Hospital, Houston TX; C Fine, CA Steps 4-14 Adapted with permission Fairview University Medical Center, Minneapolis MN, Forms modified and provided courtesy of I Bartley, ECSI Inc 2002

F. Apply Life Safety and standards (APIC) and the following criteria would need to be assured in order to maintain the supply air side open during Class 4 construction activity:

- The air supply is 100% fresh air and the site and adjacent areas can be kept under negative pressure at all times.
- There is no re circulated air in this section
- There is no duct work involved in this section of the demolition
- The site can never be positive to the adjacent areas (i.e. keep the negative air machines on at all times or for 1-2 hours post site work until the negative action can be maintained.
- A log is maintained to document that the negative pressure is checked and has been maintained during those hours when the negative air machines are turned off. (An alarmed device is recommended for this purpose and should be maintained and monitored by the construction personnel).

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT**

### **2.1 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT**

#### GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. All materials shall be delivered in their original package, container or bundle bearing the name of the manufacturer and the brand name (where applicable). When transporting new materials & equipment through the hospital use 4 mil Poly sheeting encasing materials, tools and equipment or use a totally enclosed cart.
- B. Store all materials subject to damage off the ground, away from wet or damp surfaces and under cover sufficient enough to prevent damage or contamination. Flammable materials cannot be stored inside buildings. Replacement materials shall be stored outside of the regulated/work area until construction is completed.
- C. The Contractor shall not block or hinder use of buildings by patients, staff, and visitors to the VA in partially occupied buildings by placing materials/equipment in any unauthorized place.

- D. The Competent Person shall inspect for damaged, deteriorating or previously used materials. Such materials shall not be used and shall be removed from the worksite and disposed of properly.
- E. Demolition materials must be transported in totally enclosed containers.
  - 1) Demolition on above ground floors may use a window debris chute to convey materials to an enclosed dumpster that provides dust and noise control. The contractor is responsible to maintain the original appearance of the building fascia.

#### **2.1.2 NEGATIVE PRESSURE FILTRATION SYSTEM**

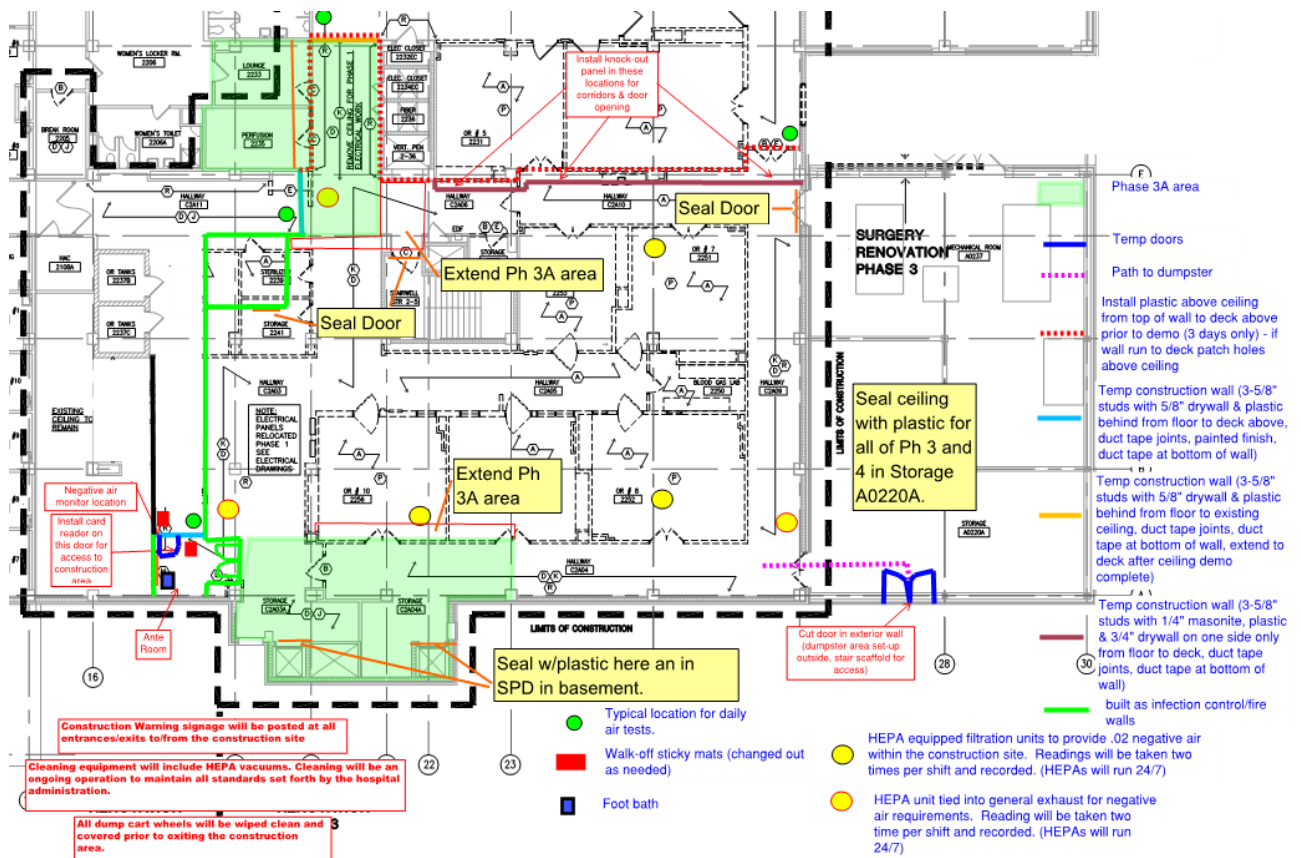
The Contractor shall provide enough negative air machines to completely exchange the regulated area air volume 4 actual times per hour. The Competent Person shall determine the number of units needed for each regulated area by dividing the cubic feet in the regulated area by 15 and then dividing that result by the actual cubic feet per minute (cfm) for each unit to determine the number of units needed to effect 4 air changes per hour. Provide a standby unit in the event of machine failure and/or emergency in an adjacent area.

#### **2.1.3 DESIGN AND LAYOUT**

Before start of work for each phase of the project, the contractor is to submit for approval, an infection control plan which will include the design and layout of the regulated area to include the type and location of infection control construction barriers to be used, access points, ante room location, etc. The submittal shall indicate the number of, location of and size of negative air machines and exhaust route & location of the windows to be used. The point(s) of exhaust, air flow within the regulated area, anticipated negative pressure differential, and supporting calculations for sizing shall be provided. In addition, submit the following:

1. Manufacturer's information on the negative air machine(s).
2. Method of supplying power to the units and designation/location of the panels.

3. Description of testing method(s) for correct air volume and pressure differential. Provide manufacturer's product data on the pressure differential measuring device used.
4. If auxiliary power supply is to be provided for the negative air machines, provide a schematic diagram of the power supply and manufacturer's data on the generator and switch.
5. Location of isolation negative air pressure monitor.
6. The following is a SAMPLE plan:



SAMPLE INFECTION CONTROL PLAN

#### 2.1.4 NEGATIVE AIR MACHINES

A. Negative Air Machine Cabinet: The cabinet shall be constructed of steel or other durable material capable of withstanding potential damage from rough handling and transportation. The width of the cabinet shall be less than 30" in order to fit in standard

doorways. The cabinet must be factory sealed to prevent dust from being released during use, transport, or maintenance. Any access to and replacement of filters shall be from the inlet end. The unit must be on casters or wheels.

- B. Negative Air Machine Fan: The rating capacity of the fan must be the air moving capacity under actual operating conditions. Manufacturers typically use "free-air" (no resistance) conditions when rating fans. The fan must be a centrifugal type fan.

A. Negative Air Machine Final Filter:

- 1) When exhausting directly to the outside from a window or penetration the filter shall be a minimum **MERV 8** pleated filter media completely sealed on all edges within a structurally rigid frame.
- 2) When exhausting to an exhaust duct: the final filter shall be a **HEPA** filter. The filter media must be completely sealed on all edges within a structurally rigid frame. The filter shall align with a continuous flexible gasket material in the negative air machine housing to form an air tight seal. Each **HEPA** filter shall be individually tested and certified by the manufacturer to have an efficiency of not less than 99.97% when challenged with 0.3  $\mu\text{m}$  dioctylphthalate (DOP) particles. Testing shall have been done in accordance with Military Standard MIL-STD-282 and Army Instruction Manual 136-300-175A. Each filter must bear a UL586 label to indicate ability to perform under specified conditions. Each filter shall be marked with the name of the manufacturer, serial number, air flow rating, efficiency and resistance, and the direction of test air flow.

- D. Negative Air Machine Pre-filters: The pre-filters, which protect the final **HEPA** filter by removing larger particles, are required to prolong the operating life of the **HEPA** filter. Two stages of pre-filtration are required. A first stage pre-filter shall be a low efficiency type for particles 10  $\mu\text{m}$  or larger. A second stage pre-filter shall have a medium efficiency effective for particles down to 5  $\mu\text{m}$  or larger. Pre-filters shall be installed either on

or in the intake grid of the unit and held in place with a special housing or clamps.

- F. Negative Air Machine Safety and Warning Devices: An electrical/mechanical lockout must be provide to prevent the fan from being operated without a HEPA filter. Units must be equipped with an automatic shutdown device to stop the fan in the event of a rupture in the HEPA filter or blockage in the discharge of the fan. Warning lights are required to indicate normal operation; too high a pressure drop across filters; or too low of a pressure drop across filters.
- G. Negative Air Machine Electrical: All electrical components shall be approved by the National Electrical Manufacturer's Association (NEMA) and Underwriter's Laboratories (UL). Each unit must be provided with overload protection and the motor, fan, fan housing, and cabinet must be grounded.

#### **2.1.5 PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL**

The fully operational negative air system within the regulated area shall continuously maintain a pressure differential of - 0.02" water column. Before any disturbance of any material or building system, this shall be demonstrated to the VA by use of a pressure differential meter/manometer as required by OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101(e)(5)(i). The Competent Person shall be responsible for providing and maintaining the negative pressure and air changes as required by OSHA and this specification.

#### **2.1.9 TESTING THE SYSTEM**

The negative pressure system must be tested before any disturbedance. After the regulated area has been completely prepared, the decontamination units set up, and the negative air machines installed, start the units up one at a time. Demonstrate and document the operation and testing of the negative pressure system to the VA using smoke tubes and a negative pressure gauge. Testing must also be done at the start of each work shift.

#### **2.1.10 DEMONSTRATION OF THE NEGATIVE AIR PRESSURE SYSTEM**

The demonstration of the operation of the negative pressure system to the VA shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- A. Contractor to install **Triatek** (Web site [www.Ttk.com](http://www.Ttk.com)) negative air isolation monitoring stations at the sites access doors or at opposite sides of the construction area check with COTR for number of units and location.
- B. Curtains of the decontamination units move in toward regulated area.
- D. Use smoke tubes to demonstrate air is moving air across all areas in which work is to be done.
- E. Plastic barriers and sheeting move lightly in toward the regulated area.

#### **2.1.11 USE OF SYSTEM DURING CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS**

- A. Start units before beginning any disturbance occurs. After work begins, the units shall run continuously, maintaining 4 actual air changes per hour at a negative pressure differential of 5.0 Pa (-0.02") water column, for the duration of the work until a final visual clearance and final air clearance has been completed.
- B. The negative air machines shall not be shut down for the duration of the project unless authorized by the VA, in writing.
- C. Construction work shall begin at a location closest from the units and proceed away from them. If an electric failure occurs, the Competent Person shall stop all work and not resume until power is restored and all units necessary are operating properly again.
- D. The negative air machines shall continue to run after all work is completed and until a final visual clearance and a final air, clearance has been completed for that regulated area.

#### **2.2 CONTAINMENT BARRIERS AND COVERINGS IN THE REGULATED AREA**

##### **2.2.1 GENERAL**

- A. Seal off the perimeter to the regulated area to completely isolate the regulated area from adjacent spaces. All surfaces in the regulated area must be covered to prevent contamination and to facilitate clean-up. Should adjacent areas become contaminated, immediately stop work and clean up the contamination at no additional cost to the Government.

### **2.2.3 CONTROLLING ACCESS TO THE REGULATED AREA**

- A. Access to the regulated area is allowed only through the personnel decontamination facility (PDF). All other means of access shall be eliminated and OSHA warning signs posted as required by OSHA. If the regulated area is adjacent to or within view of an occupied area, provide a visual barrier of opaque fire retardant poly sheeting at least 4 mils thick to prevent building occupant observation. If the adjacent area is accessible to the public, the barrier must be solid and capable of withstanding the negative pressure.

### **2.2.4 CRITICAL BARRIERS**

- A. Completely separate the regulated area from adjacent areas using fire retardant poly at least 6 mils thick and duct tape. Individually seal with two layers of 6 mil poly and duct tape all HVAC openings, cap off exhaust into the regulated area. Individually seal all lighting fixtures, clocks, doors, windows, convectors, speakers, or any other objects in the regulated area. Use care with hot/warm surfaces see fig 1.

### **2.2.5 PRIMARY BARRIERS**

- A. Temporary Construction Partitions:
  - 1. Install and maintain temporary construction partitions to provide separations between construction areas and adjoining areas. Construct partitions of gypsum board or treated plywood (flame spread rating of 25 or less in accordance with ASTM E84) on one side of wood or metal steel studs. Seal with one layers of 6 mil poly for a vapor barrier under gypsum or plywood. Extend the Poly through suspended ceilings to floor slab or roof. Seal penetrations at door openings, install tight-fitting yellow construction doors with self-closing devices see fig. 2 for barrier construction. Contractor to provide the construction(s) door for the project.

### **2.2.6 CONTRACTOR SPILL RESPONSE KIT**

- A. The kit should include the following:
  - 1. Shop Vacuum.
  - 2. Multi-Purpose Spill Control Sorbents to absorb nonaggressive liquids up to 30 gallons.

3. Sorbents pillows.
4. Pipe leak clamps for copper & steel pipe in sufficient size range and quantity base on project piping scope.
5. Bucket & mop and water resistant duct tape.

FIG. 1

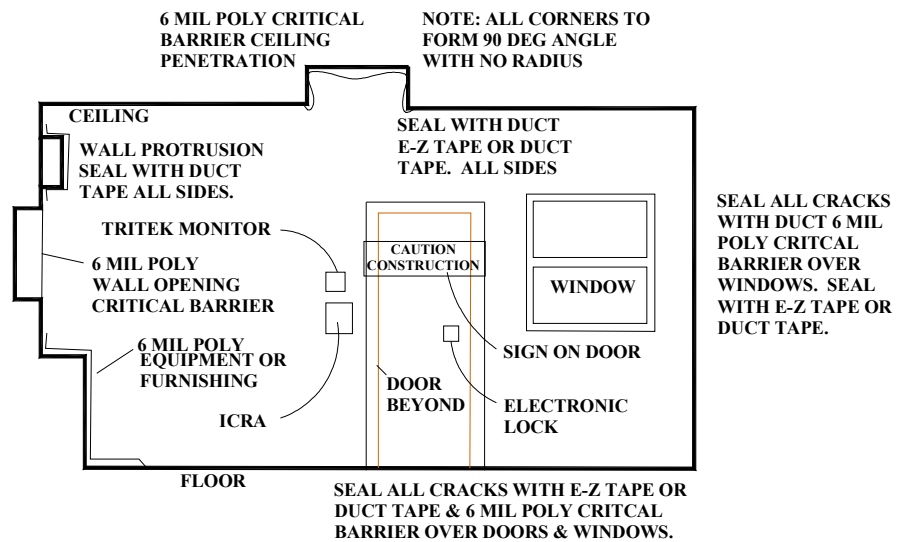


Figure 1

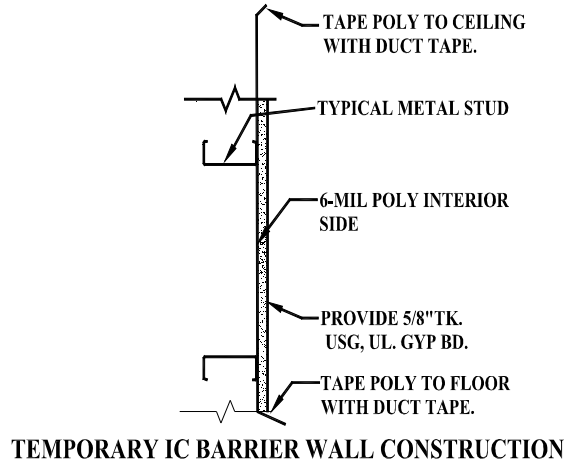
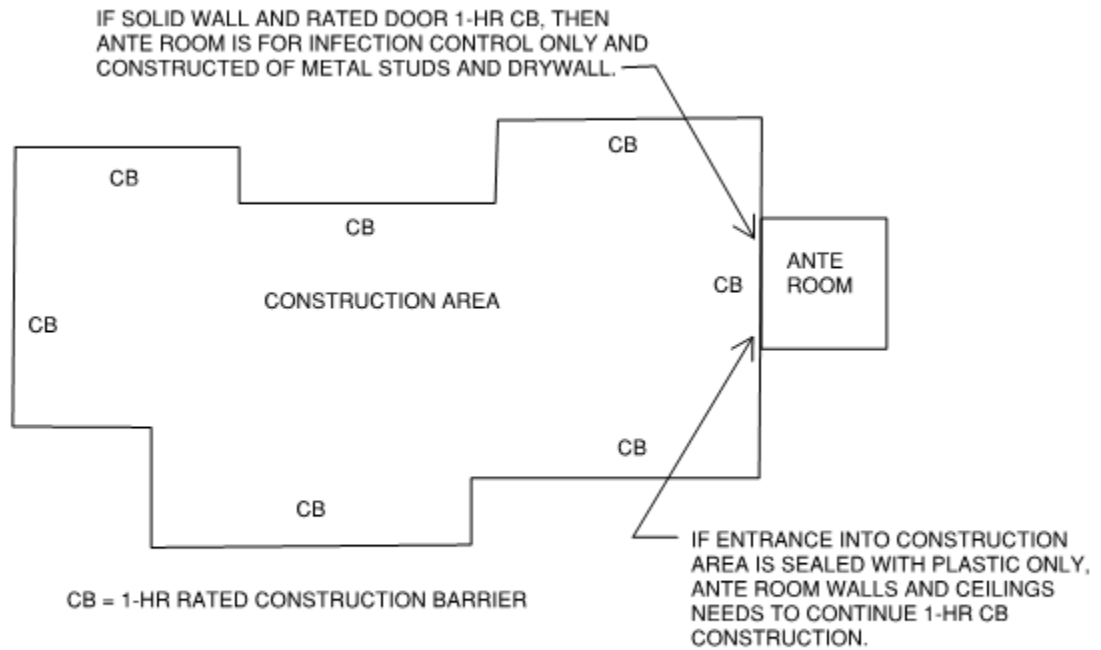


Figure 2



## CONSTRUCTION AREA TYPICAL PLAN

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI VA MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112  
12/29/2011

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

Figure 3

**SECTION 01 01 10 - SN****SPECIAL NOTES****PART 1: GENERAL****1.1 Not Used.****1.2 FIRE ALARM SYSTEM:**

**FIRE/SECURITY ALARM SYSTEMS:** Contractor shall advise the Graphic Control Center and/or the Police Desk at extension 41010/42222 respectively, prior to any work which might result in the Fire Alarm System or Security System (this includes but is not limited to: Smoke Detectors, Water Flow Switches, Pull Stations, Sprinkler Heads, Motion Detectors, Door Contacts, Security Door Controls, etc.) being activated, in addition to having an approved outage form from the Facility Management Department. Notification to Graphics and/or the Police Desk and having an outage form, does not absolve the contractor from following the proper procedures to prevent the system from activating, i.e. covering the smoke heads with paper bags, closing valves, containing dust, monitoring and controlling security devices, etc.). If any system activates due to the contractor's failure to notify the Graphic Control Center, the Contractor's failure to follow proper procedures, or the Contractor's failure to obtain an outage form, a Modification/Settlement by Determination deduction of \$2500.00 per alarm/event or notice from the Police that a construction area was left unsecured will be issued to the contractor.

**1.3 SCHEDULING OF WORK:**

- A. Contractor shall verbally schedule work areas with Resident Engineer not less than fifteen (15) calendar days in advance of commencement of work. Verbal notification shall be backed up and verified in writing.
- B. Contractor shall verbally schedule outages or service interruptions with Resident Engineer not less than fifteen (15) calendar days in advance of intended commencement of work. Notification does not guarantee the date of scheduled outage or service interruption however Resident Engineer will schedule such dates and inform the contractor. Date will be scheduled with medical center personnel when service interruption will minimize affect to hospital patients and operations. Contractor to submit VA System Outage Request form to Resident Engineer not less than fifteen (15) calendar days in advance of intended commencement of outage work. Contractor to attend (2) weekly pre-outage meetings with Engineering and staff to coordinate actual date of outage, duration, time of outage, phasing, and affected services. In addition, contractor to attend the pre-outage meeting one hour prior to outage to coordinate communications, readiness, pre-outage checklist, document requirements, temporary measures, lock out tag out and other outage requirements and procedures.
- C. Contractor to attend weekly construction meetings.

**1.4 PROTECTION OF WORK AREAS:**

Contractor to provide drop cloths when working in occupied areas to avoid staining or damaging existing carpets or vinyl tile floors.

**1.5 HOURS OF WORK:**

- A. The hours of contract work shall be from 7:00 a.m. until 4:30 p.m. the normal work shift for hospital employees, the contractor shall verify shift or shifts required for construction areas. Other than normal, after (off) hours, including federal holidays shall be scheduled two days prior to starting with the Project Manager. These off hours will be required to complete the project in the time allotted for the contract at no additional cost to the Department of Veterans Affairs. Upon approval of the Department of Veterans Affairs, the contractor will propose the scope or extent of off hour work due to individual contractor resources available to accomplish this project in the time allotted. In addition, these off hours will be required for utility/service interruptions, and any/other work that may interrupt the operation of the occupied space, i.e., some road construction, demolition, work in occupied areas, work affecting occupied areas, etc. Some noise producing demolition operations will be required to be scheduled for off work hours as directed by Resident Engineer and described on drawings.

- B. Certain work items, which require off-hour work, have been identified. These items are indicated on the drawings. Refer, in particular, to Phasing Notes on Drawings. All drawings shall be reviewed for off-hour work requirements and items creating disturbance to the hospital staff or patient care must be performed during off-hour working periods as established and approved by the VA Engineer.
- C. Building will be occupied during performance of work, but areas of alterations will be vacated. Contractor shall take all measures and provide all material necessary for protecting existing equipment and property in affected areas of construction against dust and debris, so that equipment and affected areas to be used in the Medical Centers operations will not be hindered. Contractor shall permit access to Department of Veterans Affairs personnel and patients through other construction areas, which serve as routes of access to such affected areas and equipment. Coordinate alteration work in areas occupied by the VA so that Medical Center operations will continue during the construction period. Contractor to construct 7 feet tall by 5 feet wide metal stud and drywall tunnels through occupied space as deemed necessary by the VA for access by Medical Center personnel and maintaining construction operations.

#### 1.6 SUBMITTALS:

A. Start of Construction: No work may commence prior to the contractor receiving written approval of all submittals related to work on this contract. Delivery of submittals to the COTR or verbal acknowledgement of receipt by the Project Manager **does not** constitute approval.

B. Sole Source Items: There will be no substitutions for the products and services listed below.

Sole source items to be in accordance with VAAR 852.236-90 Restriction on submission and use of equal products

This clause applies to the following items:

<u>System / Equipment</u>	<u>Manufacturer and Model</u>	<u>GSA No.</u>
Fire Alarm System	Siemens Cerberus Pyrotronics System	GS-06F-0033P
Security System and Code Blue	Johnson Controls Pegasys System	GS-07F-7823C
Medical Gas Alarms	Puritan Bennett	
Isolation Room Controls	Employ Critical Room Control	Not on GSA
Doors, Hardware, Locks and Keying	Employ Best Patented cylindrical and mortise sets with Medeco 7-pin interchangeable cylindrical cores, LCN Closures (Mechanical, Low Energy, High Energy, Electronic Hold-Open, Electromagnetic), Von Duprin Exit Devices, Hager Hinges.	GS-07F-5835R
Building Automation and HVAC Controls	Johnson Controls Metasys control system	GS-07F-7823C
Refrigerator Temperature Controls	Johnson Controls Temp Trak System	GS-07F-7823C
Modular Furniture	Herman Miller Products	GS-28F-8049H
Interiors	Reference Interior Schedule	
Tile Grout Sealant	Permatect Microguard Inorganic Protective Barrier	
Prefabricated Modular Wall/Partition Systems and Enclosures	DIRTT Environmental Solutions	GS-07F-0005T

## Firestop Systems

## HILTI Firestop Systems

## 1.7 EMERGENCY SERVICE:

All offerors, if successful, must be able to respond to all contract and contractor created emergency services resulting from contractor actions and installations, as determined by the Department of Veterans Affairs Resident Engineer, with qualified staff personnel within one (1) hour of verbal notification during construction stages and warranty period. Bidders must be prepared to show proof, in writing, that they can satisfy this requirement prior to award.

## 1.8 KEYS:

Keys for access to construction/work areas may be issued to the contractor at the discretion of the Project Manager. Up to three sets of keys will be provided at no cost. Additional keys will be provided for a charge of \$5.00 per key, payable by check to the Department of Veterans Affairs. All keys issued will be signed for and issued to the General Contractor. Upon completion of the work, failure to return all issued keys to the Project Manager will result in the issuance of a Settlement by Determination in the amount of \$100.00 for each outstanding key. In addition, a \$5.00 fee will be paid to VA for each outstanding key. Keys will be provided through the FM SAM Box. Keys are to be picked up and returned daily. If keys are not returned by the end of the day, a modification of \$5.00/key per day will be assessed against the contractor.

## 1.9 SAFETY ITEMS:

- A. Training: All employees of contractor and subcontractor shall be aware of the egress routes from the construction areas. It is the contractor's responsibility to ensure all employees are aware of the fire alarm codes for the building they are working in and participate in fire alarm drills and actual fire alarms.
- B. Barricades: The contractor is responsible to erect barricades, construction and safety signs, and new egress routes. The barricades will be erected to restrict areas where hazardous operations are performed. The construction and safety signs shall consist of caution signs as determined and approved by VA; egress signs, where egress has been altered for construction; and any applicable hazardous warning signs. If the egress is changed due to construction, the contractor shall provide temporary directional signs for changes as determined by VA and for construction of any walkways, steps, or overhead protection scaffolding or the like as required providing a new means of egress.  
**Emergency egress plan shall be developed by the contractor and submitted for approval by the designated VA safety manager before egress routes are altered.**
- C. Fire Extinguisher: The contractor and subcontractor's shall provide fully charged and fully operational fire extinguishers as required and in accordance with section FSS on the job site(s) at all times. Reference section 01 01 10 FSS.
- D. Debris: Combustible storage and debris shall be kept to the lowest level necessary for required daily operations. The construction area shall be kept clean as indicated in general requirements and conditions
- E. Gasoline Powered Equipment: Gasoline powered equipment shall not be used within the confines of any building on the Medical Center without specific written permission from the Chief, Engineering Service.
- F. Fire/Smoke Doors: Fire and/or smoke doors shall not be propped open or prevented from closing and latching. This includes mechanical equipment rooms and utility closet doors.
- G. Construction Site Phone: Contractor to run wiring from telephone closet to the construction space for the installation of a VA phone in the constitution space. Installation of the phone is required prior to construction can begin. The VA will provide the phone.
- H. Construction Hard Hats: General Contractor to provide (4) sets of hard hats and safety glasses for each worksite for VA staff use.
- I. Exit Signs:

- a. Inside Construction Space: Contractor to provide luminescent Exit Signs throughout the construction space such that while standing in any place within the construction space, an Exit sign is visible and the path of egress can be followed.
- b. Outside Construction Space: Contractor will cover, relocate, etc. Exit signs impacted due to their construction operations as directed by the ILSM and the VA Safety Officer.

#### 1.10 **SECURITY OF CONSTRUCTION SITES** – Contractor Regulations

- A. All construction sites must be secured to prevent inappropriate access by patients, visitors, and employees. While such security fences, doors, and barricades are temporary, they must be substantially installed to control access to the site. The existing security (Pegasys by Johnson Controls and Ingersoll Rand) system must be extended to each construction access door. Each construction door must be provided with an Ingersoll Rand Integrated Reader Lock programmed to the existing VA security system. Construction sites and all security measures must be monitored daily to ensure that security is maintained. Local VA Police must be alerted about the construction project. At the close of activity daily, before securing the site or portions of the site, the contractor must ensure that there are no patients, visitors, or staff in the area. If construction site problems arise, the Contracting Officer and COTR will take appropriate action to correct any and all safety and security conditions.
- B. VA engineering, safety/fire department, and police staff must have the right to access the construction site as needed to perform their assigned responsibilities.
- C. Lock up the worksite at all times to prevent patients and other unauthorized people from entering the site.
- D. The need for job site security is much greater when work is being conducted in psychiatric areas to protect the safety of the patients. All job boxes, tools, etc., must be locked up even when workers are on site unless there's enough activity to assure that patients cannot access tools or site. Verify that no one is in the construction area upon locking up the site for the evening.
- E. Two evacuation routes from the worksite must be maintained at all times.
- F. Contractors may lock up their tools etc., with personal locks.

## 1.11 PENETRATIONS:

## A. WALL:

- a. All wall and/or floor penetrations created by work on this contract, whether by demolition or new construction, shall be patched by the general contractor or as assigned by the general contractor. All patching materials shall be of like kind or a suitable substitute approved by NFPA or UL.
- b. If the permit is for other than inspection, a Follow-Up Inspection page will need to be filled out by the person performing the installation/removal work, which then needs to be signed and returned to whoever originally issued the permit. The permit initiator is then responsible for checking the areas listed on the permit to ensure firestopping was completed according to Facility standards and penetrations sealed with an approved fire/smoke sealant compound so as to maintain fire and smoke separation integrity. Documentation of the sealant or system used in the penetration must be made available at the affected penetration by the permit requestor at the time of permit completion inspection. The program or person completing the follow up inspection must validate that the sealant compound or system is properly rated and installed for maintaining the rating of the affected smoke or firewall. Photo-documentation in lieu of interim inspections can be performed to validate work.
- c. ONLY (1) one type of fire sealant is permissible per hole.
- d. The permit will be in this person's possession while all inspections and/or work are being performed.

## B. CEILINGS:

- a. To ensure that proper ceiling penetrations are sealed, all internal departments and contractors doing any cabling, wiring, plumbing, etc., must obtain a ceiling access permit from Facilities Services prior to installation.
- b. All wall penetrations must be located, marked, and sealed by contractor responsible for penetration. As penetrations are sealed, Facilities Service must be contacted to inspect penetrations for proper sealing.
- c. If the permit is for other than inspection, a Follow-Up Inspection page will need to be filled out by the person performing the installation/removal work, which then needs to be signed and returned to whoever originally issued the permit. The permit initiator is then responsible for checking the areas listed on the permit to ensure firestopping was completed according to Facility standards and penetrations sealed with an approved fire/smoke sealant compound so as to maintain fire and smoke separation integrity. Documentation of the sealant or system used in the penetration must be made available at the affected penetration by the permit requestor at the time of permit completion inspection. The program or person completing the follow up inspection must validate that the sealant compound or system is properly rated and installed for maintaining the rating of the affected smoke or firewall. Photo-documentation in lieu of interim inspections can be performed to validate work.
- d. The permit will be in this person's possession while all inspections and/or work are being performed.
- e. At the end of each work day and prior to leaving work site, the contractor shall replace all ceiling tiles temporarily removed to do work above finished ceilings in corridors.
- f. If it is not practical to replace all ceiling tiles on a daily basis the contractor is to construct 7 feet tall by 5 feet wide metal stud and drywall tunnels through occupied spaces as deemed necessary by the VA for access by Medical Center personnel and maintaining construction operations. Upon the first incident of the contractor not replacing the ceiling tiles, this tunnel construction will have to commence immediately prior to any further construction on the project.

## C. Reference section 01 01 10 – 1HR for additional information.

**1.12 PHASING:**

Phasing on this contract is critical as portions of the area to be remodeled shall remain occupied throughout the construction work. Contractor will be working in an operational hospital and not be provided designated elevators or entrances. The contractor will share the corridors, the B-Bank elevators, loading dock, etc. with staff, patients and other contractors. Each phase shall be as described on the drawings and/or specifications shall be completed in the sequence described. Also refer to Section 01 00 00, Article 1.6.G. Phasing.

**1.13 SCAFFOLDING:**

Prior to setup of all scaffolding, the contractor is to provide a submittal of the scaffolding design through the submittal review process. The scaffolding design is to be stamped by a professional engineer. Contractor is to provide copies of daily scaffolding inspections with daily logs.

**1.14 ENERGY EFFICIENCY REQUIREMENTS:**

- A. Federal Executive Order #13423/#13514 requires all energy efficiency materials, equipment, and systems to be evaluated and if feasible incorporated into VA Projects. The A/E, prime contractor, and all subcontractors shall cooperate with the Federal Government in specifying, evaluating, documenting, purchasing, and installing energy efficient equipment that meet basic energy efficiency criteria established by the VA. The criteria can be defined as comparing total energy savings to life cycle cost of the equipment. To accomplish this objective, the A/E shall produce an Energy Equipment Schedule comparing a description of each standard piece of equipment (system) versus a description of recommended efficient equipment (or system); including the estimated purchase price, estimated cost to install, maintain, and operate the equipment as well as the estimated annual energy usage and estimated useful life for each piece of equipment (or system).
- B. All design and installation will be in accordance with current VAMC, HVAC design guides, NEC, NFPA, ASHRAE 90.1, state, local and all VA and federal codes.
- C. The VA intends to provide energy savings equipment and design modifications for current energy usage to the most efficient and economical level possible.

**1.15 INSPECTIONS:**

All mechanical and electrical work shall be inspected by Engineering Service (Shop & Resident Engineer) personnel prior to being put into operation or closing up if work will be hidden by walls, ceilings, drop ceilings, cover plates, access panels, etc. Contractor shall notify the VA RE a minimum of two days prior to the inspection date, times and dates shall be scheduled and agreed upon by VA. Installations will be inspected by these VA personnel for work in compliance with State, Federal, Local, Dept. of Veterans Affairs Codes, regulations and contract specifications. If corrections, alterations, adjustments, new construction etc. is required, the VA will be notified within 48 hours of completion of such items. These inspections and corrections, alterations, etc. will be made at no additional time or cost to VA.

**1.16 CONTRACTOR'S AGREEMENT - RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR ALL CONTRACTORS**

The following is the contractor's agreement required to be signed at the pre-construction meeting and updated monthly when new subcontractors start working on the job site. The agreement will be preceded by a training video provided by the VA. The agreement is the general contractor's responsibility to ensure all subcontractor personnel are trained and acknowledge (sign) the agreement.

**A. STANDARD POLICY**

All outside General contractors and Sub-contractors will coordinate all work within the hospital with Facilities Management before beginning work.

**B. PURPOSE**

General Contractor will ensure that each individual General Contractor and Sub-Contractor employee is responsible for complying with established hospital standards, applicable OSHA Safety Requirements, federal, state and local environmental regulations, wearing prescribed safety equipment, and preventing avoidable accidents.

**C. PROCEDURE**

**General Contractor will ensure that each individual general contractor and sub-contractor employee review, understand and acknowledge (sign) the following information prior to the commencement of work scheduled at this facility. General Contractor will forward copies of signed acknowledgements to Project Engineer of all new employees on a monthly basis.**

**The following building rules and regulations affect all contractor personnel, suppliers, and vendors:**

**D. Access to Construction Areas**

- Access is limited to areas such as critical care and surgical units, as well as mechanical/electrical rooms, etc. Access can be obtained through Facilities Service.
- Access to any floors of the facility after normally scheduled work hours (Monday-Friday, 7:00 a.m.-5:00 p.m.) must be scheduled in advance with the Project section of Facilities Service. Police and Security reserves the right to refuse access to anyone without prior authorization and identification.
- Ready access for the Engineering, Safety, Police and (the Fire Department) shall be maintained to all areas under construction at all times.
- Areas under construction shall be locked during off-hours. Keys and cylinders for this purpose are obtained through Facilities Service. Contractors will not put their locks on any doors without VA approval.

**E. Accidents and Injuries**

- First Aid/Medical Aid/Emergency Treatment for workers: The contractor must post emergency phone numbers and treatment facilities if any contractor employees are injured on the job, or need medical treatment
- Work site injuries must be reported to the VA. The VA has an accident reporting form (form number 2162). The COTS/ Safety/ or Security and Police Service will initiate the 2 162. Once the VA has completed the supervisor's portion the injured individual will be required to complete the narrative portion of the report. The service chief responsible for the contract is also required to sign the report and forward the original report to the Safety Section.

**F. Asbestos**

- There are both friable and non-friable asbestos-containing materials located within the hospital complex. Inspection reports are located in the Facilities Service Department. Contractors are required to be aware of the asbestos materials located in the vicinity of their work. Further, all contractors are expressly forbidden to disturb any asbestos-containing materials unless specifically authorized in writing by VA. Under no circumstances are any materials supplied or installed by the contractor to contain asbestos in any form or quantity.
- Asbestos removal contractors will be trained and licensed, and will follow all OSHA rules, VA specifications, state and local regulations from notification to disposal.
- A VA representative will verify the adequacy of the barriers and ventilation before any asbestos removal work is conducted.
- The contractor is responsible for monitoring his own employees' exposure to asbestos.
- Additional specific asbestos removal specifications will apply.
- Contractor to provide a Fiscal Year breakdown of Asbestos Costs on the project.

## G. ACM TRACE WORK OPERATIONS

- **ACM TRACE RESULTS** - Should renovation activities deem the material friable due to cutting, grinding or other mechanical means of removal, an employer is bound by OSHA 29 CFR regulations 1926.1200 (d) (5) (iv) to protect their employees. This may determine that removal of the materials be performed by asbestos abatement workers trained in 29 CFR 1926.1101.

*\*OSHA regulation 1910.1200 HAZARDOUS COMMUNICATION Section (d)(5) Hazard determination "...employer shall determine the hazards of mixture of chemicals as follows: (iv) "If the...employer has evidence to indicate that a component present in the mixture in concentrations of less than one percent...could be released in concentrations which would exceed an established OSHA permissible exposure limit...or could present a health risk to employees in those concentrations, the mixture shall be assumed to present the same hazard."*

- **General Summary:**
  1. Employees, contractors, etc. must be warned about the presence of asbestos.
  2. The contractor must have a competent person on site during work. (At a minimum, it should be a trained, certified asbestos supervisor).
  3. Personal exposure assessments (negative exposure assessment) are required (PCM analysis) and workers should begin work with PPE.
  4. Wet methods and daily clean up and sealing waste in leak tight containers are required. The following is a list of references from OSHA guides. Note: The reference to the word "sheet rock" is based on trace (<1%) of asbestos being present in the "sheet rock."
- The contractor will be responsible for proper work practices and prohibitions for all construction activities involving material that contains any amount of asbestos regardless of the exposure levels. And the standard has exposure-based requirements, consisting of a 0.1 fiber/cc 8-hour TWA PEL and a 1 fiber/cc 30-minute excursion limit, and other requirements that apply whenever worker exposures exceed either or both of the limits, regardless of the amount of asbestos contained in the materials involved.
- If some of the items associated with the installed sheetrock contain some asbestos but none of them contain >1% asbestos, then removal of the sheetrock is considered unclassified asbestos work. This means that only certain ones of the standard's work practice and engineering control obligations, and prohibitions pertain. Some of the general ones do not pertain because they apply to installed building materials containing >1% asbestos (ACM). How many of the eligible general work practice and engineering control obligations, and prohibitions are applicable depends on whether the employee levels of exposure to airborne asbestos exceed either of the asbestos PELs. In further explanation: These OSHA references are specific to this issue.
- If the employees' asbestos exposures exceed neither asbestos PEL, then only two of standard's general work practice control procedures and three of the standard's general prohibitions pertain to the sheetrock removal operation; none of the standard's engineering control methods pertain to the sheetrock removal operation. Those general work practice procedures and general prohibitions the employer must observe under such a condition are those presented at:
- 29 CFR 1926.1101(g)(1)(ii), which requires: **wet methods, or wetting agents, to control employee exposures during asbestos handling, ... removal, cutting, ... and cleanup, except where employers demonstrate that the use of wet methods is infeasible due to for example, the creation of electrical hazards ... [and] equipment malfunction...;** 29 CFR 1926.1101(g)(1)(iii), which requires: **prompt clean-up and disposal of wastes and debris contaminated with asbestos in leak-tight containers...;** 29 CFR 1926.1101(g)(3)(i), which prohibits: **high-speed abrasive disc saws that are not equipped with point of cut ventilator or enclosures with HEPA filtered exhaust air;** 29 CFR 1926.1101(g)(3)(ii), which prohibits: **compressed air used to remove asbestos, or materials containing asbestos, unless the compressed air is used in conjunction with an enclosed ventilation system designed to capture the dust cloud created by the compressed air;** and 29 CFR 1926.1101(g)(3)(iv), which prohibits: **employee rotation as a means of reducing employee exposure to asbestos.**

**H. Clean-Up**

- All work activity within occupied portions of the facility shall be immediately cleaned and restored to its original finished condition upon completion of the activity. If the activity continues into the next workday, the area shall be left safe, clean, and presentable.
- Public restrooms are not to be used for the cleaning of tools or equipment, i.e., paintbrushes, rollers, finishing tools, etc. Janitor's slop sinks are available for this purpose. If janitor's closets are used, they must be cleaned.
- Trash, combustible waste, and excess construction materials must be removed daily to prevent accumulation. Contractors must arrange for the removal of their debris and waste.
- All work for an area must be confined within that space. Public corridors, stairwells, equipment rooms, and vacant floors are not to be used for the storage of materials or as a workshop. Tracking of construction dirt into the public corridors or stairwells must be prevented. The contractor will provide dampened walk-off mats at all entrances and exits from the construction area.
- If smoke detectors are covered during dust-producing activities, they must be uncovered daily.

**I. Compressed Gas Cylinders**

- Compressed gas cylinders are very dangerous if not treated properly.
- Employees who work with compressed gas cylinders must have specific training.
- Make sure that they are secured properly when in use or in storage.
- Always keep the caps on the cylinders when they are not in use.
- See also Hot Work section.

**J. Confined Space**

- Confined Space Entries. All Confined Spaces are clearly marked on campus. NO ENTRY is allowed in the areas without prior approval by the Project Engineer. NO ONE will be allowed to enter these areas without the proper qualifications, equipment and training as required by the OSHA Standards (29 CFR 1910.147)
- Identify storm sewers, underground electrical vaults, and all other areas that require confined space permits. (e.g., a map showing the locations of all the confined spaces located in the Facilities Service Department).
- All hospital personnel that would require entry into these spaces must abide by the Confined Space Program Procedure.
- It is the sole responsibility of any outside contractor doing work on a VA Medical Center campus to coordinate entry into any of these spaces or any other marked permit required confined spaces with the medical center.
- Anyone entering a permit-required confined space must follow Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Regulations, 29 CFR 1910.120.
- **Contractor to submit as a formal submittal the Confined Space Entry program (and CSE Permit if needed).**

**K. Contractor Room/Space Guidelines:**

- Materials will be kept on the job site, in the contractor's room or in storage space provided by the Contractor via trailer located in the VA corporation yard on the North East section of the VA grounds.
- Any shared space within storage room(s) must be accessible to Facilities Service. Do not block access to electric panels or fire protection equipment.
- Hallways are not to be used for storage.
- Contractors will manage the area and assure the site is kept clean and safe. (OSHA standards apply.)
- Any disputes or concerns will be directed to the Facilities Service Manager.

**L. Damage by Contractors**

- Any damage caused by the contractor's employees is to be reported to the COTR or Facilities Service Project Section immediately.

**M. Deliveries**

- All material deliveries at the loading dock must be coordinated with the Receiving Department in advance.

**N. Dress Code**

- All personnel must be appropriately dressed for their work. T-shirts or garments with obscene or suggestive messages are not permitted. Personnel found improperly dressed will be asked to leave the facility. No construction staff is allowed to remove shirts or other clothing. No articles may include offensive statements/graphics.

**O. Dust Barriers and Ventilation Requirements**

- Reference section 01 01 10 IC.
- Dust barriers are needed to protect occupied areas on any portion of the job that has potential to create dust.

**P. Elevator Usage**

- Contractors shall not hold or block from use any public elevators in any building unless authorized by the COTR.
- Contractors shall use "B" bank freight elevators only for the delivery and transportation of materials and demolition materials. Contractors shall not hold or block public elevators from use in any building. .

**Q. EMERGENCIES**

**Fire Plan - There is no difference between a fire drill and an actual fire.**

**General Contractor will ensure that each employee on the worksite knows where the pull stations are in the areas you are working.**

**If you are in the area of the fire:**

- R     Rescue anyone from the area if necessary**
- A     Pull the nearest Pull Station**
- C.     Contain the fire by closing all doors in the area**
- E     Extinguish if possible or Evacuate the area immediately**

**If you are NOT in the area of the fire:**

***Construction Workers* are to cease activities, stay in place, and wait for further instructions or cancellation of the fire drill.**

**DO NOT move through the hospital. DO NOT use the elevators or stairwells.**

- Medical Emergencies - Any contractor who witnesses a medical emergency is to pick up a nearest phone and dial "911" or the operator and describe the condition of the emergency.
- Accidents/Injuries - The contractor must post emergency phone numbers and treatment facilities for any injured employee.
- Worksite injuries must be reported to the VA immediately using the VA accident reporting form (Number 2162). The COTR/Safety/or Security and Police Service will initiate the 2162.
- Patients and visitors may be anxious or irritated because of their situation. If you are faced with any patient or visitor that gets aggressive with you, simply call Ext. 42222 and say "Code Green" and describe the situation. Security will respond immediately.

**R. Equipment Safety**

- Ladders are not to be left unattended in public areas during breaks and lunch hours. Ladders shall be laid down and placed out of traffic areas during these periods.
- No tools, carts, ladders or other equipment are to be left unattended outside a secure area.
- Yellow safety barricades must be used when working in public areas.
- Use of hospital equipment is permitted only if the contractor receives permission from Facilities Service and is properly trained on the USC of the equipment.

**S. Equipment and Supplies**

- Caution must be used with all flammable materials, i.e., adhesives, thinners, varnishes, etc.
- All paints shall be low odor latex paint. The contractor will use odor reducing agents in all paints and solvents. Ventilation will be required if toxic or foul-smelling materials have to be applied.
- Only a one-day supply of paints, oils, and gas cylinders is permitted within the facility, unless it's properly stored in a flammable liquid storage cabinet.

**T. Fire Alarm System**

- Care must be exercised to prevent the accidental tripping of smoke detectors or fire alarms.
- Notify Facilities Service of your activities and location.
- Cover and protect the smoke alarms with paper bags when raising dust or creating smoke in short duration (less than 3 days) ancillary work areas. All other construction areas to follow section 01 01 10 – 1HR. (You must inform Facilities Service Fire Department when bagging smoke alarms.)
- Remove the paper bag upon completion of your work and at the end of each workday.
- If you accidentally trip an alarm, notify Facilities Service (Fire Department) immediately.

**U. Hazardous Materials and Waste**

- A listing of all hazardous materials that will be used on the job and their material safety data sheets (MSDS) will be provided to the VA before the chemicals are used.
- Any excess or used chemicals will be removed from the hospital promptly and properly disposed of by the contractor in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.
- Any hazardous waste generated at the facility must be properly contained and labeled and stored in accordance with local, state, federal and hospital regulations.
- Do not store flammable materials in the facility unless stored in an approved non-combustible storage cabinet or prior approval by the Project Engineer and Safety Office.

**V. Heavy Lifting**

- Hoisting heavy materials/items require prior review by the Project Engineer.

**W. Housekeeping**

- Housekeeping in public areas of the hospital will be maintained at the highest level, even while work is on going.
- In secured areas, housekeeping will be performed as needed, but at a minimum at the end of each job task, and at the end of the workday.
- Debris and waste will not be allowed to accumulate on the work site and disposal must be arranged to keep the amounts low.

**X. Hot Work Permits**

- Hot work permits are required before cutting, soldering, welding operations begin. Before any cutting, soldering or welding is conducted, the contractor or sub-contractor shall obtain permission through a hot work permit. The contractor shall be responsible for obtaining the hot work permits from the Project Engineer.
- Gas and oxygen canisters shall be properly chained and protected and two 10-pound fire extinguishers shall be present.
- A fire watch shall be maintained on the worksite during the hot work operations, and for 30 minutes after the hot work is completed.
- **All burn permits will be completed, signed and scanned within 48 hrs and posted to Buzzsaw.**

**Y. Identification Badges**

- ID Badges are required for all contractor employees working at the V.A.
- Before beginning work on any project, all outside contractors shall check obtain a VA contractor badge from the Police / Security Desk and obtain a contractors I.D. badge. The Contractor will complete the badge application and email it to the COTR, who will forward to the Police. The contractor will stop at the Police Desk 1-2 days later to complete the badge process. VA contractor badges are required for all contractors and consultants who will be onsite for more than (3) total days of the project. Temporary badges will be provided to the GC for contractors onsite for less than (3) days. The outside contractor will supply the following information: location of work site, authorization, duration, and any pertinent information that is required.

**Z. Infection Control**

- Reference section 01 01 10 IC.
- Sensitive/High Risk areas of the hospital require extra precautions to assure patient safety. These areas include but are not limited to the operating rooms, intensive care units, chemotherapy and transplant units. Contact infection control for other areas that may require special precautions.
- When working in patient care areas, please be sure to read and follow the directions listed on any Infection Control Precaution sheets posted outside of a patient's room. Generally this means permission must be obtained from Nursing staff before entry.
- Temporary walls or dust barriers are required to enclose areas under construction.
- Under some circumstances it may be necessary to block return and supply ducts, and install special HEPA exhaust ventilation from the worksite. There should be no re-circulation of air from construction area to rest of hospital.
- Dampened walk-off mats must be located outside of construction area.
- Dust mops/wet mops must be available to remove any dust tracked outside barriers.
- *Standard Precautions* assumes that any person may carry a contagious disease. In order to protect you from these diseases always assume blood, non-intact skin, mucous membranes and all other body fluids and excretions are infectious. Do not touch any such materials but contact a VA employee immediately. Needle container boxes are provided for the disposal of syringes and other sharps used in the medical center. These must be properly disposed of and should be moved only by VA personnel. The VA Medical Center provides written guidelines, education, and personal protective equipment (PPE) for anyone working at VA Medical Center campus to prevent their exposure to bloodborne pathogens.

**AA. Interim Life Safety**

- The hospital will document whether and to what extent Interim Life Safety Measures will be implemented for each project.
- VA Safety will ensure what interim life safety measures (ILSM) are required by the General Contractor to temporarily compensate for the hazards posted by existing Life Safety Code (LSC) deficiencies or construction activities in areas of the Medical Center.
- Implementation of ILSM will be required in or adjacent to all construction areas and throughout buildings with existing LSC deficiencies, ILSM applies to both construction workers and affected hospital employees, and will be implemented upon construction development and continuously enforced through construction completion.
- Almost always, Interim Life Safety Measures will require walkthrough inspections by the job foreman, the project manager, and safety staff at varying intervals.
- Training of workers and any affected staff will always be a significant part of the
- Interim Life Safety Measures procedures.

**BB. Life Safety**

- Any life safety code violations incurred during construction or renovation must be resolved and will result in close coordination with Project Engineer and Safety Section to implement the hospital's Interim Life Safety Measures. These measures are required by JCAHO and NFPA.

**CC. Lock Out/Tag Out**

- Lock Out/Tag Out - No contract worker is allowed to change the status/position of ANY switch, valve or any other energy source without prior approval from the Project Engineer. All Lock out/Tag Out activities need approval prior to being implemented. Any activity requiring a Lockout/Tagout process must comply with the hospital policy.
- Per OSHA Regulation 29 CFR 1910.147, all contractors must comply with OSHA's Safety Lockout/Tagout procedures.
- Coordinate all shut downs with Hospital Personnel.
- Only VA staff is authorized to shut down utilities unless permission is specifically granted.
- **Contractor to submit as a formal submittal the Lock Out / Tag Out Program policies and procedures.**

**DD. Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)**

- MSDS must be provided for any hazardous materials that you will be shipping or delivering to the VA Medical Center.
- MSDS are available for all materials used in the medical center. Contact the COTR if you need an MSDS for a VA owned material.
- See also Hazardous Materials and Wastes.

**EE. Noise**

- All core drilling, chipping, and hole drilling shall be done at a time and day determined by occupants on that floor and the floors above and below. The COTR shall coordinate and approve it.
- The patients, visitors, and staff deserve consideration and the quiet enjoyment of their premises. Anyone found being loud, rude, or otherwise annoying to the patients, their guests, or staff will be asked to leave the facility. Use of vulgar language will not be tolerated.
- All work activity within occupied portions of the facility shall be accomplished with minimal disruption to the patients, physicians, visitors, and staff.
- The playing of radios, tapes, and CD players is not permitted in any occupied area. "Walk-man" radios/tapes/CD players are not permitted anywhere.
- The playing of radios, tapes, and CD players is permitted in vacant areas but shall not be heard outside the vacant area.
- In inpatient areas, coordinate construction activities and debris removal with the Nurse Manager or Charge Nurse to minimize disruption.

**FF. OSHA Compliance**

- All contractors are subject to Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations, these standards and are expected to enforce these standards in the performance of their work, OSHA regulations can be found in chapter 29 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). Failure on the part of any contractor employee to comply with these standards and/or conduct their work in a safe fashion will result in an interruption in the work schedule for which the contractor will be solely responsible, Any contractor found deviating from regulatory standards and/or policy and SOPS will immediately be issued a stop work order and will be responsible for contractual conflicts related to the work stoppage.

**GG. Parking**

- Facilities Service Project Section will designate parking. Contractors may not block fire lanes or other roadways. Violators will be ticketed. During large construction projects, a staging site may be available for parking to contractors.
- All Contractors who need parking must contact Facilities Service for a parking permit.
- If special parking is required, permission shall be granted and coordinated through Facilities Management. Contractors should park in the designated Visitor parking areas. Limited loading and unloading will be permitted at the loading dock area, afterwards contractor employees will be required to park in designated areas.

**II. Patient/Visitor Privacy**

- Patient/Visitor Privacy. No construction staff is allowed to review, acknowledge or move any patient information or records.
- No construction staff may acknowledge any patient or visitor unless spoken to - even if the individual is known on a personal basis.

- Radios are NOT allowed on campus.
- Cell phones are to be used only in designated areas.

**JJ. Personal Protective Equipment**

- There are many situations that require specific personal protective equipment for worker safety according to OSHA. It is the responsibility of the individual contractor to know when it is to be used and is responsible to wear them.

**KK. Restroom Usage**

- Contractors are to use public restroom unless otherwise instructed to specific restrooms or portable facilities.

**LL. Requests for Information**

- All contractor requests for assistance and information shall be addressed to the Facilities Service Project Section or Facilities Service Department.

**MM. Safety Regulations**

- Contractors are expected to comply with all Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations, 29 CFR 1926 and 1910.
- Work that is performed within a corridor or occupied space must be confined by dust barriers or non-combustible partitions.
- Appropriate job signs and barricades are to be placed in the area of construction to prevent occupants from straying into the job site.
- Stairwell doors shall not be propped open or blocked at any time. Equipment cannot be stored in the stairwells.
- All contractors are encouraged to frequently review these guidelines with their employees and/or subcontractors on site (e.g., during weekly Tool Box Safety Meetings).
- All contractors and their subcontractors are responsible for complying with these guidelines and all other conditions, OSHA requirements, and safety regulations.

**NN. Scaffolding**

- Prior to setup of all scaffolding, the contractor is to provide a submittal of the scaffolding design through the submittal review process. The scaffolding design is to be stamped by a professional engineer.
- Contractor to provide copies of daily scaffolding inspections with daily logs.

**OO. Smoking**

- The Smoking policy of the hospital is no smoking in any building nor within 50 feet of any the building entrance and only in areas designated for smoking. All construction employees must comply with this policy. A copy of the hospital smoking policy will be supplied at the pre-construction conference.
- Violation of the smoking policy will result in the worker being removed from the worksite for the duration of the project.
- The designated smoking areas are: Smoking Shelter located outside the East entrance
- Job site supervisors will enforce this smoking policy.

**PP. Stop Work**

- The hospital safety officer and COTR have the Director's permission and authority to stop work whenever conditions pose an imminent threat to life and health or threaten damage to equipment or buildings.

**QQ. Subcontractors**

- The general contractor has the responsibility to assure that all the subcontractors and their workers are properly trained and follow these safety guidelines. Assistance from VA staff will be providing on a case by case basis on technical issues.
- The VA reserves the right to approve of any subcontractor being used to complete a project.
- A worker on-site must be designated "in charge" at all times during the project.

**RR. Traffic Control**

- Contractors shall provide trained personnel and/or equipment, signage, barricades etc., to regulate traffic whenever construction operations affect traffic patterns.

**SS. Trenching**

- OSHA regulations must be followed during trenching operations.

**TT. Waste Management**

- Reference section 01 74 19.
- Trash, combustible waste, and excess construction materials must be removed daily to prevent accumulation. Contractors must arrange for the removal of their debris and waste. The building's dumpster shall not be used unless appropriate arrangements are made with Facilities Service.
- The contractor is encouraged to contact utilize our recycling program for the disposal of recyclables.
- The contractor is expected to comply with all environmental regulations.
- Contractor to provide a Fiscal Year breakdown of Waste Management/Recycling Costs on the project.

**UU. Work Site Requirements**

- Contractor to provide a list of emergency contacts at the entrance to construction site.
- All contractors are to maintain their work area as clean as possible while working and cleanup thoroughly every day.
- Prior to any utilities or critical systems being interrupted, a two weeks written notification to Facilities Management Project Engineer is mandatory. Only Facilities Management personnel will shut off a utility.
- All contractors are expected to use courtesy. Loud, vulgar, abusive language, sexual harrassment and aggressive behavior will not be tolerated.
- All contractors working above the ceiling are required to replace all disturbed ceiling tile by the end of each day.
- Prior to making any penetrations in walls, floors or ceilings, it is the contractor's responsibility to identify rated systems and be verified through review of as builts, line diagrams, etc.
- All repaired penetrations on rated systems must be completed using a fire rated material matching the rating of the system and must inspected by the Project Engineer before ceiling tiles are replaced or area is concealed.
- Temporary construction partitions of non-combustible materials shall be installed as required to provide a smoke tight separation between the areas undergoing renovation and/or construction and adjoining areas that are occupied by the facility.
- Exits for occupied areas of the building including rooms, suites, corridors and floors shall not be blocked by the construction or by construction materials. Exit may be blocked temporarily if it is unavoidable and adequate alternative measures are provided, such as signage, instructions to occupants and approved in advance by the Project Engineer.
- Existing fire protection systems including fire alarm systems, smoke detection systems, and sprinkler systems shall not be altered except as required for the alteration and/or renovation project. Any alteration to the system shall be coordinated with Project Engineer. When sprinkler or fire and smoke detector systems are out of service for more than eight hours general contractor shall be responsible to institute a Fire Watch till systems are operational.
- At the end of each workday, combustible packaging and crating materials for building products and equipment to be installed shall be removed from the occupied building.
- It is the responsibility of each contractor to know exactly where the fire extinguishers and pull stations are in the areas they are working.
- Fire hazard inspections shall be conducted daily by the contractor once construction starts and until the work is turned back over to the facility.
- All temporary electrical wiring and equipment used for construction shall be installed and used in accordance with pertinent provisions of NFPA 70 and National Electrical Code.
- Contractor shall maintain construction site to permit access by the fire department as necessary. Clear building construction areas of obstructions so that all portions are accessible for fire department apparatus and permit emergency egress of patients and other personnel.
- All necessary precautions shall be taken by the contractor to prevent accidental operation of any existing smoke detectors by minimizing the amount of dust generated in the vicinity of any smoke detectors. Any activity that may generate dust or smoke shall be reviewed with the Project Engineer and the infectious control nurse.

#### 1.17 STANDARD REQUIRED FORMS

A. The following forms are required as noted below:

- a. Contractor's Checklist – Completed and signed by General Contractor
- b. Contractor's Impact Statement – Completed and signed by every contractor / subcontractor working on the project.
- c. Daily Log of Construction – Completed daily by General Contractor.
- d. Daily Intermediate Life Safety Measures (ILSM) Inspection Form – Completed daily by General Contractor.

**CONTRACTOR CHECKLIST**

This agreement is between \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_  
 Project Name (ref. #) \_\_\_\_\_  
 Project Start Date \_\_\_\_\_ Ending Date \_\_\_\_\_  
 Work Allowed Between Hours \_\_\_\_\_ AM/PM and \_\_\_\_\_ AM/PM

**Before performing any work on facility premises, outside contractors must read this checklist and comply with all local, state, federal and facility safety policies.**

**1.0 Life Safety** Will the contractor compromise any part during the Life Safety System of this facility (ceiling tiles, penetrations in smoke or fire walls, blocking exits, shutting down fire/smoke detection or fire suppression, etc.) **Y N**  
 Describe. \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

**1.1** Is Interim Life Safe necessary? **Y N**, if yes, attach and follow interim plan.

**2.0 Services** Will there be any compromises to patient services during the work performed? **Y N**

**2.1** What adjustments need to be implemented to minimize impact to residents, visitors and staff? **Y N** \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

**3.0 Chemical** Will hazardous chemicals (liquids or gases) be used on-site? **Y N**  
 If yes, what risks do they create for facility staff? Is there any chance of exposure? \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

**3.1** Are there any facility chemicals being used, stored or handled where the contractor will be working? **Y N**

If yes, has the contractor been informed by issuing MSDS's? **Y N**

**4.0 "Hot Work":** Will the contractor use equipment which will generate open flames, sparks or other ignition sources **Y N**

**4.1** Will flammable chemicals be in the area? **Y N**

**4.2** Will a **Fire Watch** be necessary to be posted during all Hot Work activities? **Y N**

**5.0 Confined Spaces:** Does the work involve entry into a confined space? **Y N**  
 If yes, retain a copy of contractor's **Confined Space Entry program (and CSE Permit if needed).**

**6.0 Lockout/Tagout :** Does the work involve maintenance on energized equipment or systems? **Y N (If yes, retain a copy of the contractor's LOCKOUT/TAGOUT program)**

**6.1** Is there any impact to residents, visitors, or staff during this procedure? **Y N**  
 If so, describe the impact, ways to minimize the impact and who has been notified. \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_  
 \_\_\_\_\_

**7.0 Unsafe Conditions/ Impact to Residents, Visitors and Staff** Are there any unusual or unsafe conditions which need to be addressed and/or communicated to facility staff, visitors or residents? ? **Y N**  
Describe. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**8.0 Description of Work Area** The departments/areas you will be working are

List: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**8.1 The potential hazards** to you/your workers in the areas you are working in

List \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**8.2 The specific problems that can be caused** by the wrong actions in the areas you are working

List \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

#### **9.0 Contractor's Employees**

**Safety Officer Contact** \_\_\_\_\_

**Facility Project Manager** \_\_\_\_\_

**First Aid Plan** \_\_\_\_\_

**Fire Plan** \_\_\_\_\_

**Disaster Plan** \_\_\_\_\_

**Restricted Areas** \_\_\_\_\_

#### **10.0 Restricted Areas**

The following are the areas of the hospital where construction workers are allowed to go in the hospital.

List \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Contractor Representative)

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Facility Project Manager)

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## Contractor's Impact

System	Possible Interruption	Possible Effect to Patients
Electrical	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Changing position of switches and breakers</li> <li>- Cutting or splicing into wires</li> <li>- Disconnecting wires or terminals</li> <li>- Disturbing Junction Boxes/Electrical Panels</li> <li>- Core Drilling</li> <li>- Demolition of walls</li> <li>- Excavation</li> </ul>	Electrical Systems provides LIFE SUPPORT (Directly and Indirectly) - Can cause DEATH to critical patients
Water Lines	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Turning valves</li> <li>- Cutting into lines</li> <li>- Demolition &amp; Excavation</li> </ul>	Dialysis, OR, HVAC, ICU, X Ray, etc Can cause DEATH to critical patients Infection Control issues Major Cleanup issues
Medical Gases: Oxygen Air Vacuum Nitrous Oxide Nitrogen	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Cutting or disturbing into lines (labeled, unlabeled)</li> <li>- Changing valve positions</li> <li>- Deactivating alarms</li> <li>- Demolition &amp; Excavation</li> </ul>	Oxygen, vacuum, air, etc. ICU, OR, Med/Surg. Can cause DEATH to critical patients
HVAC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Shutting down</li> <li>- Modifying</li> <li>- Changing controls</li> <li>- Cutting into the roof</li> <li>- Producing foul odors near intakes</li> <li>- Cutting into chilled water lines</li> <li>- Obstruct fresh air intake</li> </ul>	Temperature is critical in OR, ICU, etc. Infection Control issues Major Air Quality Issues
Fire Alarm and Sprinklers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- ANY modifications</li> <li>- covering or removing smoke heads</li> <li>- Demolition &amp; Excavation</li> <li>- Damage or set off sprinkler heads</li> <li>- Duct work modifications</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Compromising Fire Safety</li> <li>- False Alarms</li> <li>- Floods</li> <li>- Major disruptions and distractions</li> </ul> ALL THE ABOVE CAN RESULT IN DEATH
Code Alarms Nurse Call Wander Guards	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Demolition &amp; Excavation</li> <li>- Unplugging</li> <li>- Changing position of switches/breakers</li> </ul>	Lack of communicating system can result in patient death or injury

IF THERE IS ANY QUESTION REGARDING ANY OF THE INFORMATION ON THIS DOCUMENT, IMMEDIATELY CONTACT FACILITY MANAGEMENT OR SAFETY OFFICE TO RESOLVE ISSUES PRIOR TO WORK COMMENCEMENT.

Contract Company: \_\_\_\_\_

Receipt Acknowledged: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**DAILY LOG OF CONSTRUCTION**

M T W Th F Pkg. No.:

PROJECT:

BUILDING

CONTRACT NO.  
V69DC-

DATE

CONTRACTOR

CONTRACTOR REPRESENTATIVE ON JOB

WEATHER (*Rain, Snow, Cloudy, Windy, etc., OR NA if all indoors*)TEMP.  
High LowSITE CONDITIONS (*CLEAN, DEBRIS, DUST, ETC.*)

NO. CONTRACTOR'S MEN BY JOB CATEGORIES

NO. SUBCONTRACTOR'S MEN BY JOB CATEGORIES

**EQUIPMENT ON JOB**

Brief description of size

No.  
UnitsWorking  
Yes No**MATERIALS DELIVERED****OFFICIAL VISITORS TO JOB SITE****STATUS OF WORK**

ITEM NO. Brief description of work in progress, questionable performance, unforeseen developments on job etc. Include tests made and samples taken.

STATUS OF INFECTIOUS CONTROL MEASURES (NEGATIVE AIR FLOW, CLEAN WALK OFF MAT, ANTE-ROOM SECURE,...)

NEGATIVE AIR FLOW PRESSURE READING: \_\_\_\_\_

SAFETY COMMENTS

DIFFICULTIES WITH CONTRACTOR OR REPRESENTATIVE

UNFORESEEN DEVELOPMENTS ON JOB CONTINUED (*Describe conditions, action taken; person contacted, recommended actions*)

SIGNATURE

TITLE

PROJECT SUPERINTENDENT

FORM QCA-01A

### Daily Intermediate Life Safety Measures (ILSM) Inspection Form

**INSTRUCTIONS:** This form is to be utilized when significant hazards posed by existing NFPA 101 deficiencies or construction activities are in progress. ILSM must be implemented upon project start and continuously enforced through project completion to provide a level of life safety comparable to that described in Chapter 1-7, 31 and applicable occupancy chapters of the Life Safety Code. WHERE APPLICABLE NOTE EXCEPTIONS ONLY OF AREA IDENTIFIED AS BEING DEFICIENT DURING INSPECTION AND EXPLAIN IN SUFFICIENT DETAIL IN THE COMMENTS SECTION OF THIS FORM. TURN COMPLETED FORMS INTO THE LHS SAFETY OFFICER.

PROJECT:	DATE	MON	TUE	WED	THR	FRI	SAT	SUN
1. Are exits readily accessible and provide unobstructed egress?								
2. If required, due to inaccessibility of existing, have alternate exits been established?								
3. If alternate exits have been established, are personnel in the area informed and aware of their relocation and existence?								
4. Are the existing and relocation exits clearly identified and able to be seen in the event of an emergency or fire?								
5. Are fire evacuation routes posted and do they reflect up-to-date changes and alternate escape routes due to construction deficiencies?								
6. Are written procedures and guidelines posted in the immediate and adjacent areas for what to do and who to call in the event of fire or emergency?								
7. Are personnel in the immediate and adjacent areas aware and informed as to the procedures and guidelines to follow in the event of fire or emergency?								
8. Do fire alarms, detection, and suppression equipment and systems appear to be operational?								
9. If the fire alarm or suppression systems are impaired or temporarily made nonfunctional has a fire watch, as required or necessary, of the area been established?								
10. If the existing fire alarm or suppression systems/equipment are impaired, have measures been taken to provide equivalent equipment/systems for adequate protection? Note date of installation for equivalent measures to the right.								
11. If the fire alarm or suppression systems are impaired, are the temporary equipment/systems being inspected and tested at least monthly?								
12. If temporary fire alarm or suppression systems are installed, are personnel in the area aware and informed on how to operate or utilize in the event of fire or emergency?								
13. Has the LHS "No Smoking" policy been posted, implemented and enforced in the construction area?								
14. Are construction/remodel area storage, waste and debris being maintained to minimize potential for fire or safety hazards during daily operations?								

## Daily Intermediate Life Safety Measures (ILSM) Inspection Form (Continued)

PROJECT:	DATE	MON	TUE	WED	THR	FRI	SAT	SUN
15. Are temporary partitions built to be smoke tight and of noncombustible/fire retardant materials to minimize spread of smoke or fire within the building?								
16. Do electrical panels, temporary wiring, extension cords, tools and equipment appear to be installed, utilized, and functioning in a safe manner?								
17. In general, are the exterior construction site, buildings, and ground free of hazard and potential safety violations?								
18. If there is any gas/arc welding or cutting being performed within the building or on site, have additional fire safety precautions been taken and the necessary equipment provided and utilized?								
19. If there is any gas/arc welding or cutting being performed within the building or on site, has the Plant Operations department been notified?								
20. If there are hand and safety rails required, are they in place and maintained in good condition?								
21. Are extension cords that are being used a 3 wire grounded type?								
22. If there are temporary electrical outlets provided, do they have ground fault protection at the receptacle or at the panel?								
23. If hazardous chemicals are present and/or being used, are they being limited to the amount needed and used daily?								
24. Are MSDS sheets readily available for any hazardous chemicals that are present or being used?								
25. Do ladders and scaffolds appear to be in satisfactory condition and being utilized in a safe manner?								
26. Is personnel protective equipment, such as safety glasses, hard hats and etc. needed or required and being used?								
27. If infection control is required, are the appropriate policies and procedures known and being followed?								
28. If electrical equipment needs to be de-energized, are applicable "Lockout/Tagout" procedures being followed?								
PLACE INITIALS OF PERSON PERFORMING DAILY INSPECTION TO THE RIGHT.								

INSPECTION COMMENTS/FINDINGS: \_\_\_\_\_

DATE PROJECT STARTED \_\_\_\_\_ DATE PROJECT COMPLETED \_\_\_\_\_

PROJECT CE #: \_\_\_\_\_ GENERAL CONTRACTOR \_\_\_\_\_

AREAS(S) OF PROJECT/JOB INSPECTED \_\_\_\_\_

**SECTION 01 32 16.13**  
**NETWORK ANALYSIS SCHEDULES**

**PART 1- GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION:**

- A. The Contractor shall develop a Network Analysis System (NAS) plan and schedule demonstrating fulfillment of the contract requirements, shall keep the network up-to-date in accordance with the requirements of this section and shall utilize the plan for scheduling, coordinating and monitoring work under this contract (including all activities of subcontractors, equipment vendors and suppliers). Conventional Critical Path Method (CPM) Precedence Diagramming Method (PDM) technique will be utilized to satisfy both time and cost applications. All schedule data and reports required under this specification section shall be based upon regular total float, not relative total float schedules. CPM to be submitted within 45 days of notice to proceed. Contractor can mobilize, however physical work on contract cannot start until network analysis schedule is approved by the VA.
- B. The contractor can start the work of submittals and CPM upon receipt of the Notice to Proceed. However, physical work onsite and mobilization shall not commence until all required submittals for work to commence in the following six months and all long lead time equipment/materials are approved by the Contracting Officer or the Contracting Officer's Representative (COR). An approved cost-loaded, Critical Path Method (CPM) construction schedule is required prior to commencement of construction. CPM schedule shall be approved by the Contracting Officer, or the Contracting Officer's Representative.

**1.2 CONTRACTOR'S REPRESENTATIVE:**

- A. The Contractor shall designate an authorized representative in the firm who will be responsible for the preparation of the network diagram, review and report progress of the project with and to the Contracting Officer's representative.
- B. The Contractor's representative shall have direct project control and complete authority to act on behalf of the Contractor in fulfilling the requirements of this specification section and such authority shall not be interrupted throughout the duration of the project.

- C. The Contractor's representative shall engage the services of an outside consultant to complete the CPM. Consultants deemed pre-approved by VA: CCS/OS, Chicago, IL; Spire Consulting Group, Austin, TX.

**1.3 CONTRACTOR'S CONSULTANT:**

- A. To prepare the network diagram, and compact disk(s), which reflects the Contractor's project plan, the Contractor shall engage an independent CPM consultant who is skilled in the time and cost application of scheduling using (PDM) network techniques for construction projects, the cost of which is included in the Contractor's bid. This consultant shall not have any financial or business ties to the Contractor, and shall not be an affiliate or subsidiary company of the Contractor, and shall not be employed by an affiliate or subsidiary company of the Contractor.
- B. Prior to engaging a consultant, and within 10 calendar days after award of the contract, Contractor shall submit to the Contracting Officer:
1. The name and address of the proposed consultant.
  2. Sufficient information to show that the proposed consultant has the qualifications to meet the requirements specified in the preceding paragraph.
  3. A list of prior construction projects, along with selected PDM network diagram samples on current projects which the proposed consultant has performed complete project scheduling services. These network diagram samples must show complete project planning for a project of similar size and scope as covered under this contract.
- C. The Contracting Officer has the right to approve or disapprove employment of the proposed consultant, and will notify the Contractor of the VA decision within seven calendar days from receipt of information. In case of disapproval, the Contractor shall resubmit another consultant within 10 calendar days for renewed consideration. The Contractor must have their CPM Consultant approved prior to submission of their best and final offer.

**1.4 COMPUTER PRODUCED SCHEDULES**

- A. The contractor shall provide to the VA, Senior Resident Engineer and CPM Schedule Analyst, monthly computer processing of all computer-produced time/cost schedules and reports generated from monthly project

updates. This monthly computer service will include: three copies of up to five different reports (inclusive of all pages) available within the user defined reports of Primavera (P3 or P6) to the contracting officer's representative; a hard copy listing of all project schedule changes, and associated data, made at the update and an electronic file of this data in Primavera (P3 or P6) batch format; and the resulting monthly updated schedule in a compressed electronic file in Primavera (P3 or P6), (PDM) format. These must be submitted with and substantively support the contractor's monthly payment request and the signed lookahead report. The resident engineer shall identify the five different report formats that the contractor shall provide based upon the monthly schedule updates.

- B. The contractor is responsible for the correctness and timeliness of the computer-produced reports. The Contractor is also responsible for the accurate and timely submittal of the updated project schedule and all CPM data necessary to produce the computer reports and payment request that is specified.
- C. The VA shall report errors in computer-produced reports to the Contractor's representative within ten calendar days from receipt of reports. The Contractor will reprocess the computer-produced reports and associated compact disk(s), when requested by the Contracting Officer's representative, to correct errors which affect the payment and schedule for the project.

#### **1.5 THE COMPLETE PROJECT NETWORK DIAGRAM SUBMITTAL**

- A. Within 45 calendar days (60 calendar days on projects over \$50,000,000) after receipt of Notice to Proceed, the Contractor shall submit for the Contracting Officer's review; three blue line copies of the complete network diagram on sheets of paper 765 x 1070 mm (30 x 42 inches) and an electronic file in a compressed Primavera (P3 or P6), (PDM) format. The submittal shall also include three copies of a computer-produced activity/event ID schedule showing project duration; phase completion dates; and other data, including event cost. Each activity/event on the computer-produced schedule shall contain as a minimum, but not limited to, activity/event ID, duration, predecessor and successor relationships, trade code, area code, description, budget amount, early start date, early finish date, late start date, late finish date and

total float. Work activity/event relationships shall be restricted to finish-to-start and start-to-start without lead or lag constraints. The lead or lag for the SS relationships may only be allowed in limited basis if justified in writing and must be approved by the Contracting Officer. Activity/event date constraints, not required by the contract, will not be accepted unless submitted to and approved by the Contracting Officer. The contractor shall make a separate written detailed request to the Contracting Officer identifying these date constraints and secure the Contracting Officer's written approval before incorporating them into the network diagram. The Contracting Officer's separate approval of the network diagram shall not excuse the contractor of this requirement. Logic events (non-work) will be permitted where necessary to reflect proper logic among work events, but must have a zero duration. The complete working network diagram shall reflect the Contractor's approach to scheduling the complete project. The final network diagram in its original form shall contain no contract changes or delays which may have been incurred during the final network diagram development period and shall reflect the entire contract duration as defined in the bid documents. These changes/delays shall be entered at the first update after the final network diagram has been approved. The Contractor should provide their requests for time and supporting time extension analysis for contract time as a result of contract changes/delays, after this update, and in accordance with Article, ADJUSTMENT OF CONTRACT COMPLETION.

- B. Within 30 calendar days after receipt of the complete project network diagram, the Contracting Officer or his representative, will do one or both of the following:
1. Notify the Contractor concerning his actions, opinions, and objections.
  2. A meeting with the Contractor at or near the job site for joint review, correction or adjustment of the proposed plan will be scheduled if required. Within 14 calendar days after the joint review, the Contractor shall revise and shall submit three blue line copies of the revised network diagram, three copies of the revised computer-produced activity/event ID schedule and a revised electronic file as specified by the Contracting Officer. The revised

submission will be reviewed by the Contracting Officer and, if found to be as previously agreed upon, will be approved.

- C. The approved baseline network diagram schedule and the corresponding computer-produced schedule(s) shall constitute the approved baseline schedule until subsequently revised in accordance with the requirements of this section.
- D. The Complete Project Network Diagram will contain approximately (60) work activities/events.

#### **1.6 WORK ACTIVITY/EVENT COST DATA**

- A. The Contractor shall cost load all work activities/events except procurement activities. The cost loading shall reflect the appropriate level of effort of the work activities/events. The cumulative amount of all cost loaded work activities/events (including alternates) shall equal the total contract price. Prorate overhead, profit and general conditions on all work activities/events for the entire project length. The contractor shall generate from this information cash flow curves indicating graphically the total percentage of work activity/event dollar value scheduled to be in place on early finish, late finish. These cash flow curves will be used by the Contracting Officer to assist him in determining approval or disapproval of the cost loading. In the event of disapproval, the Contractor shall revise and resubmit in accordance with Article, THE COMPLETE PROJECT NETWORK DIAGRAM SUBMITTAL. Negative work activity/event cost data will not be acceptable, except on VA issued contract changes.
- B. The Contractor shall cost load work activities/events for guarantee period services, test, balance and adjust various systems in accordance with the provisions in the FAR 52.232 - 5 (PAYMENTS UNDER FIXED-PRICE CONSTRUCTION), Article, and VAAR 852.236 - 83(PAYMENTS UNDER FIXED-PRICE CONSTRUCTION).
- C. In accordance with Article PERFORMANCE OF WORK BY THE CONTRACTOR in FAR 52.236 - 1 and VAAR 852.236 - 72, the Contractor shall submit, simultaneously with the cost per work activity/event of the construction schedule required by this Section, a responsibility code for all activities/events of the project for which the Contractor's forces will perform the work.

- D. The Contractor shall cost load work activities/events for ASBESTOS ABATEMENT. The sum of asbestos abatement work activity/event costs shall equal the value of the asbestos bid item in the Contractors' bid.
- E. The Contractor shall cost load work activities/events for all BID ITEMS. The sum of the cost loading for each bid item work activities/events shall equal the value of the item in the Contractors' bid.
- F. Work activities/events for Contractor bond shall have a trade code and area code of BOND.

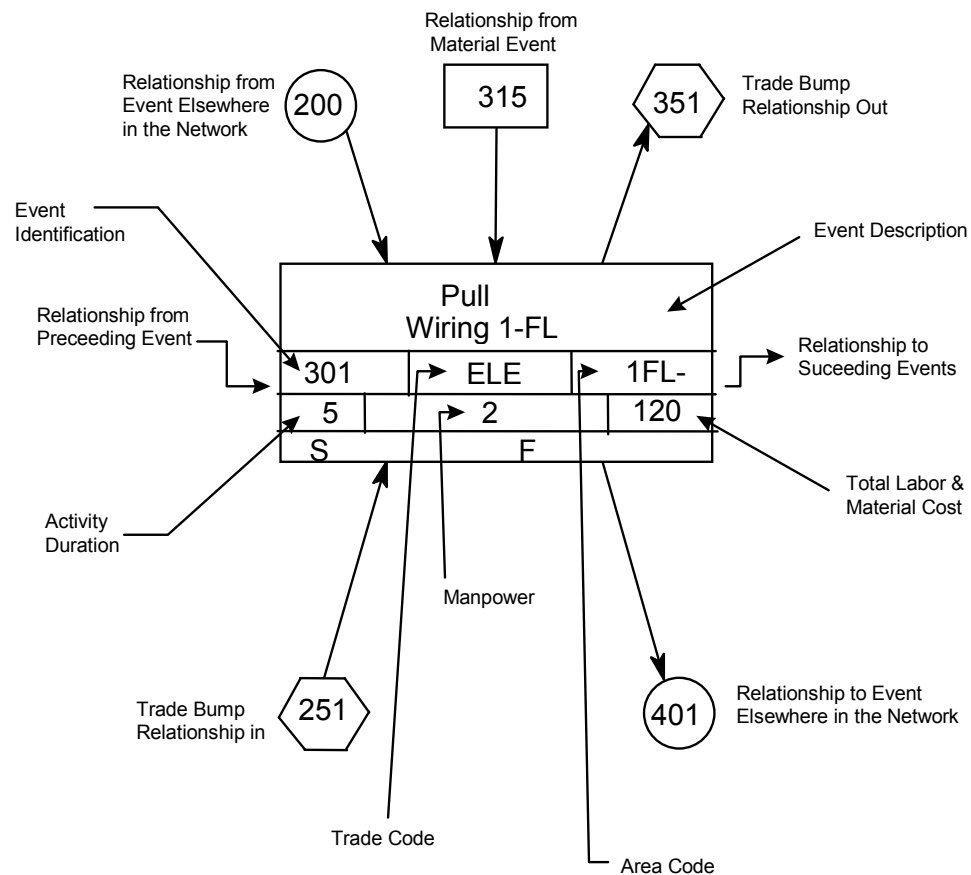
#### **1.7 NETWORK DIAGRAM REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Show on the network diagram the sequence and interdependence of work activities/events required for complete performance of all items of work. In preparing the network diagram, the Contractor shall:
  - 1. Exercise sufficient care to produce a clear, legible and accurate network diagram, refer to the drawing, CPM-1 (Sample CPM Network). Computer plotted network diagrams shall legibly display and plot all information required by the VA CPM activity/event legend or the computer plotted network diagram will not be acceptable. If the computer plotted network diagram is not found acceptable by the contracting officer's representative, then the network diagram will need to be hand drafted and meet legibility requirements. Group activities related to specific physical areas of the project, on the network diagram for ease of understanding and simplification. Provide a key plan on each network diagram sheet showing the project area associated with the work activities/events shown on that sheet.
  - 2. Show the following on each work activity/event:
    - a. Activity/Event ID number.
    - b. Concise description of the work represented by the activity/event. (35 characters or less including spaces preferred).
    - c. Performance responsibility or trade code (five alpha characters or less): GEN, MECH, ELEC, CARP, PLAST, or other acceptable abbreviations.
    - d. Duration (in work days.)
    - e. Cost (in accordance with Article, ACTIVITY/EVENT COST DATA of this section and less than \$9,999,999 per activity).

- f. Work location or area code (five characters or less), descriptive of the area involved.
- g. Manpower required (average number of men per day).
- h. The SYMBOL LEGEND format shown below and on the drawing, CPM-1 (Sample CPM Network) is mandatory and shall be followed in preparing final network diagrams.

## SYMBOL LEGEND

Show Network Diagram page number location(s) for all incoming/outgoing node connector(s).



- 3. Show activities/events as:
  - a. Contractor's time required for submittal of shop drawings, templates, fabrication, delivery and similar pre-construction work.

- b. Contracting Officer's and Architect-Engineer's review and approval of shop drawings, equipment schedules, samples, template, or similar items.
- c. Interruption of VA Medical Center utilities, delivery of Government furnished equipment, and rough-in drawings, project phasing and any other specification requirements.
- d. Test, balance and adjust various systems and pieces of equipment, maintenance and operation manuals, instructions and preventive maintenance tasks.
- e. **Commissioning Activities** - Based upon the project specific Commissioning plan and the specification section 01 91 00, the contractor shall include in the **Day 1 CPM Diagram all the systems commissioning activities (see systems covered in Division 7, 8, 21, 22, 23, 26, 28, 31 and others as specified)** such as start up, Pre-functional check list, Pre -test, individual component and system level Functional test, Operator's training, O.& M. Manuals etc.(including any deficiency correction and re-testing). **The majority of commissioning activities should be completed as part of the normal construction schedule and finalized prior to the construction contract completion date.** To this end, it is imperative that the Commissioning Agent and the Contractor collaborate to integrate commissioning activities into the Contractor's overall construction schedule. All commissioning activities shall be cost loaded as required in the earlier paragraphs.
- f. The Commissioning Plan will identify critical commissioning activities and associated construction/start up tasks that must precede these activities to allow for successful execution of the commissioning activities. In order to coordinate these activities with the construction schedule, a **Commissioning Duration Schedule** should be provided by the Commissioning Agent to the VA RE and the Contractor to provide a rational basis for integration of commissioning into the Day 1 diagram and the construction schedule. The Commissioning Duration Schedule should include the following information:

- 1) Description of Commissioning Activity

NETWORK ANALYSIS SCHEDULES

01 32 16.01 -8

- 2) Prerequisite Construction Tasks Required to Execute the Cx Activity
  - 3) Elapsed Time Duration of Each Activity
  - 4) Documentation Associated with Each Task/Document Responsibility
- g. Once the duration schedule is delivered to the Contractor, the Commissioning Agent will collaborate with the Contractor to integrate all commissioning activities into the fixed duration construction schedule in accordance with VA NAS requirements for scheduling the project.
- h. VA inspection and acceptance activity/event with a minimum duration of five work days at the end of each phase and immediately preceding any VA move activity/event required by the contract phasing for that phase. Schedule these activities/events so that only one phase is scheduled for completion within the same 30 consecutive calendar day period (except for those phases immediately preceding the final acceptance). Maintain this scheduling condition throughout the length of the contract unless waived by the Contracting Officer's representative in writing.
- i. Work activities/events for the asbestos abatement bid item shall have a trade code of ASB.
- j. Bid items other than the Base Bid (ITEM 1) and Asbestos Abatement item shall have trade codes corresponding to the appropriate bid item number (e.g., ITM 3, ITM 4 and other items).
4. Show not only the activities/events for actual construction work for each trade category of the project, but also trade relationships to indicate the movement of trades from one area, floor, or building, to another area, floor, or building, for at least five trades who are performing major work under this contract.
5. Break up the work into activities/events of a duration no longer than 20 work days each, except as to non-construction activities/events (i.e., procurement of materials, delivery of equipment, concrete and asphalt curing) and any other activities/events for which the Contracting Officer may approve the showing of a longer duration. The duration for VA approval of any required submittal, shop drawing, or other submittals shall not be

- less than 20 work days. Refer to drawing CPM-1 for VA approval activities/events which will require minimum duration longer than 20 workdays. The construction time as determined by the CPM schedule from early start to late finish for any sub-phase, phase or the entire project shall not exceed the contract time(s) specified or shown.
6. Describe work activities/events clearly, so the work is readily identifiable for assessment of completion. Activities/events labeled "start," "continue," or "completion," are not specific and will not be allowed. Lead and lag time activities will not be acceptable.
  7. Uniquely number each activity/event with numbers ranging from 1 to 99998 only. The network diagram should be generally numbered in such a way to reflect either discipline, phase or location of the work.
- B. Submit the following supporting data in addition to the network diagram, activity/event ID schedule and electronic file (s). Failure of the Contractor to include this data will delay the review of the submittal until the Contracting Officer is in receipt of the missing data:
1. The proposed number of working days per week.
  2. The holidays to be observed during the life of the contract (by day, month, and year).
  3. The planned number of shifts per day.
  4. The number of hours per shift.
  5. List the major construction equipment to be used on the site, describing how each piece relates to and will be used in support of the submitted network diagram work activities/events.
  6. Provide a typed, doubled spaced, description, at least one page in length, of the plan and your approach to constructing the project.
- C. To the extent that the network diagram or any revised network diagram shows anything not jointly agreed upon, it shall not be deemed to have been approved by the Contracting Officer. Failure to include any element of work required for the performance of this contract shall not excuse the Contractor from completing all work required within any applicable completion date of each phase regardless of the Contracting Officer's approval of the network diagram.

- D. Compact Disk Requirements and CPM Activity/Event Record Specifications:  
Submit to the VA (Senior resident Engineer and CPM Schedule Analyst) an electronic file(s) containing one file of the data required to produce a Primavera (P3 or P6), (PDM) produced schedule, reflecting all the activities/events of the complete project network diagram being submitted.

**1.8 PAYMENT TO THE CONTRACTOR:**

- A. Monthly, the contractor shall submit the AIA application and certificate for payment documents G702 & G703 reflecting updated schedule activities and cost data in accordance with the provisions of the following Article, PAYMENT AND PROGRESS REPORTING, as the basis upon which progress payments will be made pursuant to Article FAR 52.232 - 5 (PAYMENTS UNDER FIXED-PRICE CONSTRUCTION), and VAAR 852.236 - 83(PAYMENTS UNDER FIXED-PRICE CONSTRUCTION). The Contractor is entitled to a monthly progress payment upon approval of estimates as determined from the currently approved updated computer-produced calendar-dated schedule unless, in special situations, the Contracting Officer permits an exception to this requirement. Monthly payment requests shall include: three copies of up to five different reports (inclusive of all pages) available within the user defined reports of Primavera (P3 or P6), (PDM) to the contracting officer's representative; a listing of all project schedule changes, and associated data, made at the update; and an electronic file (s) of the resulting monthly updated schedule in a compressed Primavera (P3 or P6), (PDM) format. These must be submitted with and substantively support the contractor's monthly application and certificate for payment request documents.
- B. When the Contractor fails or refuses to furnish to the Contracting Officer the information and the associated updated Primavera (P3 or P6), (PDM) schedule in electronic format, which, in the sole judgment of the Contracting Officer, is necessary for processing the monthly progress payment, the Contractor shall not be deemed to have provided an estimate and supporting schedule data upon which progress payment may be made.

### 1.9 PAYMENT AND PROGRESS REPORTING

- A. Monthly job site progress meetings shall be held on dates mutually agreed to by the Contracting Officer (or Contracting Officer's representative) and the Contractor. Contractor and the CPM consultant will be required to attend all monthly progress meetings. Presence of Subcontractors during progress meeting is optional unless required by the Contracting Officer (or Contracting Officer's representative). The Contractor shall update the project schedule and all other data required by this section shall be accurately filled in and completed prior to the monthly progress meeting. The Contractor shall provide this information to the Contracting Officer or the VA representative in completed form three work days in advance of the progress meeting. Job progress will be reviewed to verify:
1. Actual start and/or finish dates for updated/completed activities/events.
  2. Remaining duration, required to complete each activity/event started, or scheduled to start, but not completed.
  3. Logic, time and cost data for change orders, and supplemental agreements that are to be incorporated into the network diagram and computer-produced schedules. Changes in activity/event sequence and duration which have been made pursuant to the provisions of following Article, ADJUSTMENT OF CONTRACT COMPLETION.
  4. Percentage for completed and partially completed activities/events.
  5. Logic and duration revisions required by this section of the specifications.
  6. Activity/event duration and percent complete shall be updated independently.
- B. The Contractor shall submit a narrative report as a part of his monthly review and update, in a form agreed upon by the Contractor and the Contracting Officer. The narrative report shall include a description of problem areas; current and anticipated delaying factors and their estimated impact on performance of other activities/events and completion dates; and an explanation of corrective action taken or proposed. This report is in addition to the daily reports pursuant to the provisions of Article, DAILY REPORT OF WORKERS AND MATERIALS in the GENERAL CONDITIONS.

- C. After completion of the joint review and the Contracting Officer's approval of all entries, the contractor will generate an updated computer-produced calendar-dated schedule and supply the Contracting Officer's representative with reports in accordance with the Article, COMPUTER PRODUCED SCHEDULES, specified.
- D. After completing the monthly schedule update, the contractor's scheduling consultant shall rerun all current period contract change(s) against the prior approved monthly project schedule. The analysis shall only include original workday durations and schedule logic agreed upon by the contractor and resident engineer for the contract change(s). When there is a disagreement on logic and/or durations, the consultant shall use the schedule logic and/or durations provided and approved by the resident engineer. After each rerun update, the resulting electronic project schedule data file shall be appropriately identified and submitted to the VA in accordance to the requirements listed in articles 1.4 and 1.7. This electronic submission is separate from the regular monthly project schedule update requirements and shall be submitted to the resident engineer within fourteen (14) calendar days of completing the regular schedule update. Before inserting the contract changes durations, care must be taken to ensure that only the original durations will be used for the analysis, not the reported durations after progress. In addition, once the final network diagram is approved, the contractor must recreate all manual progress payment updates on this approved network diagram and associated reruns for contract changes in each of these update periods as outlined above for regular update periods. This will require detailed record keeping for each of the manual progress payment updates.
- E. After VA acceptance and approval of the final network diagram, and after each monthly update, the contractor shall submit to the Contracting Officer three blue line copies of a revised complete network diagram showing all completed and partially completed activities/events, contract changes and logic changes made on the intervening updates or at the first update on the final diagram. The Contracting Officer may elect to have the contractor do this on a less frequent basis, but it shall be done on a quarterly basis as a minimum.

F. Following approval of the CPM schedule, the VA, the General Contractor, its approved CPM Consultant, RE office representatives, and all subcontractors needed, as determined by the SRE, shall meet to discuss the monthly updated schedule. The main emphasis shall be to address work activities to avoid slippage of project schedule and to identify any necessary actions required to maintain project schedule during the reporting period. The Government representatives and the Contractor should conclude the meeting with a clear understanding of those work and administrative actions necessary to maintain project schedule status during the reporting period. This schedule coordination meeting will occur after each monthly project schedule update meeting utilizing the resulting schedule reports from that schedule update. If the project is behind schedule, discussions should include ways to prevent further slippage as well as ways to improve the project schedule status, when appropriate.

#### **1.10 RESPONSIBILITY FOR COMPLETION**

- A. Whenever it becomes apparent from the current monthly progress review meeting or the monthly computer-produced calendar-dated schedule that phasing or contract completion dates will not be met, the Contractor shall execute some or all of the following remedial actions:
1. Increase construction manpower in such quantities and crafts as necessary to eliminate the backlog of work.
  2. Increase the number of working hours per shift, shifts per working day, working days per week, the amount of construction equipment, or any combination of the foregoing to eliminate the backlog of work.
  3. Reschedule the work in conformance with the specification requirements.
- B. Prior to proceeding with any of the above actions, the Contractor shall notify and obtain approval from the Contracting Officer for the proposed schedule changes. If such actions are approved, the CPM revisions shall be incorporated by the Contractor into the network diagram before the next update, at no additional cost to the Government.

#### **1.11 CHANGES TO NETWORK DIAGRAM AND SCHEDULE**

- A. Within 30 calendar days after VA acceptance and approval of any updated computer-produced schedule, the Contractor will submit a revised

network diagram, the associated compact disk(s), and a list of any activity/event changes including predecessors and successors for any of the following reasons:

1. Delay in completion of any activity/event or group of activities/events, indicate an extension of the project completion by 20 working days or 10 percent of the remaining project duration, whichever is less. Such delays which may be involved with contract changes, strikes, unusual weather, and other delays will not relieve the Contractor from the requirements specified unless the conditions are shown on the CPM as the direct cause for delaying the project beyond the acceptable limits.
  2. Delays in submittals, or deliveries, or work stoppage are encountered which make rescheduling of the work necessary.
  3. The schedule does not represent the actual prosecution and progress of the project.
  4. When there is, or has been, a substantial revision to the activity/event costs of the network diagram regardless of the cause for these revisions.
- B. CPM revisions made under this paragraph which affect the previously approved computer-produced schedules for Government furnished equipment, vacating of areas by the VA Medical Center, contract phase(s) and sub phase(s), utilities furnished by the Government to the Contractor, or any other previously contracted item, must be furnished in writing to the Contracting Officer for approval.
- C. Contracting Officer's approval for the revised network diagram and all relevant data is contingent upon compliance with all other paragraphs of this section and any other previous agreements by the Contracting Officer or the VA representative.
- D. The cost of revisions to the network diagram resulting from contract changes will be included in the proposal for changes in work as specified in Article, FAR 52.243 -4 (CHANGES), VAAR 852.236 - 88 (CHANGES - SUPPLEMENTS), and will be based on the complexity of the revision or contract change, man hours expended in analyzing the change, and the total cost of the change.
- E. The cost of revisions to the network diagram not resulting from contract changes is the responsibility of the Contractor.

#### **1.12 ADJUSTMENT OF CONTRACT COMPLETION**

- A. The contract completion time will be adjusted only for causes specified in this contract. Request for an extension of the contract completion date by the Contractor shall be supported with a justification, CPM data and supporting evidence as the Contracting Officer may deem necessary for determination as to whether or not the Contractor is entitled to an extension of time under the provisions of the contract. Submission of proof based on revised activity/event logic, durations (in work days) and costs is obligatory to any approvals. The schedule must clearly display that the Contractor has used, in full, all the float time available for the work involved in this request. The Contracting Officer's determination as to the total number of days of contract extension will be based upon the current computer-produced calendar-dated schedule for the time period in question and all other relevant information.
- B. Actual delays in activities/events which, according to the computer-produced calendar-dated schedule, do not affect the extended and predicted contract completion dates shown by the critical path in the network, will not be the basis for a change to the contract completion date. The Contracting Officer will within a reasonable time after receipt of such justification and supporting evidence, review the facts and advise the Contractor in writing of the Contracting Officer's decision.
- C. The Contractor shall submit each request for a change in the contract completion date to the Contracting Officer in accordance with the provisions specified under Article, FAR 52.243 -4 (CHANGES), VAAR 852.236 - 88 (CHANGES - SUPPLEMENTS). The Contractor shall include, as a part of each change order proposal, a sketch showing all CPM logic revisions, duration (in work days) changes, and cost changes, for work in question and its relationship to other activities on the approved network diagram.
- D. All delays due to non-work activities/events such as RFI's, WEATHER, STRIKES, and similar non-work activities/events shall be analyzed on a month by month basis.

#### **1.13 CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE RISK ANALYSIS / MITIGATION PLAN**

- A. Schedule Risk Analysis - The contractor shall conduct the statistical schedule risk analysis based on the above detailed construction activities in the Day 1 approved diagram, identifying major schedule risk areas and recommended risk mitigation plans as outlined below.
- B. The risk analysis shall be conducted by a person or firm skilled in the statistical method of schedule risk analysis based on the (PDM) network techniques for major construction projects, preferably in the major health care related projects. The cost of this service shall be included in the Contractor's proposal.
- C. The Contracting Officer has the right to approve or disapprove the Person or firm designated to perform the risk analysis.

#### **1.14 RISK ANALYSIS FORMAT / REQUIREMENTS / SUBMITTALS**

- A. Risk Analysis Software / Format - Within 45 calendar days (60 calendar days on projects over \$50,000,000) after receipt of Notice to Proceed, the Contractor shall submit for the Contracting Officer's review; a Risk Analysis software to be utilized, the method of performing the analysis, the format of presenting the data and the reports for VA approval.
- B. Conduct Risk Analysis / Submittals - Based on the approved software / format, the consultant shall perform statistical risk analysis on the detailed approved Day 1 diagram. The contractor shall review and utilize any previous Risk analysis performed by the A/E of record based on the "semi-detailed" (yet at an overall level) construction logic and schedule to ensure the continuity of previous schedule risk analysis. The contractor's project manager and Superintendent shall identify the major schedule risk areas and possible risk mitigation strategy/plan and record it in a narrative format, with electronic file submission to the VA. The risk analysis exercise shall be performed or updated at least on a quarterly basis or as directed by the VA Contracting officer.
- C. The submittal shall include three copies of a computer-produced risk analysis results, predicting the various meaningful probability curves of achieving the contract schedules. It shall also include a detailed narrative list of all major and minor potential and specific schedule and cost risk areas, and a contractor's recommendations of mitigating

the identified risks which must be addressed by the VA Project and Resident engineer teams to maintain the contract schedule.

D. Additional Inspections To Be Completed

**Project  
Name  
Project  
No.**

**COTR**

#	Inspections	Date	Comments
1	Pre-site inspection of existing conditions		
2	ACM containment		
3	Demo completion		
4	After ACM clearance (prior to tear down)		
5	Chaulk line		
6	Stud wall		
7	MEP outlet box		
8	MEP & Backing in-wall		
9	MEP insulation		
10	Completion of Drywall		
11	Above Ceiling		
12	Penetration inspection before ceiling grid		
13	Wall Hung Items; cabinets, mirrors, handrails,		
14	Finishes and Trim		
15	Flooring Seam Layout		
16	Hardware		
17	Final finishes and flooring		
18	Commissioning		
19	After punch list completion		

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**SECTION 01 32 16.15**  
**PROJECT SCHEDULES**  
**(SMALL PROJECTS - DESIGN/BID/BUILD)**

**PART 1- GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION:**

- A. The Contractor shall develop a Critical Path Method (CPM) plan and schedule demonstrating fulfillment of the contract requirements (Project Schedule), and shall keep the Project Schedule up-to-date in accordance with the requirements of this section and shall utilize the plan for scheduling, coordinating and monitoring work under this contract (including all activities of subcontractors, equipment vendors and suppliers). Conventional Critical Path Method (CPM) technique shall be utilized to satisfy both time and cost applications.

**1.2 CONTRACTOR'S REPRESENTATIVE:**

- A. The Contractor shall designate an authorized representative responsible for the Project Schedule including preparation, review and progress reporting with and to the Contracting Officer's Representative (COTR).
- B. The Contractor's representative shall have direct project control and complete authority to act on behalf of the Contractor in fulfilling the requirements of this specification section.
- C. The Contractor's representative shall have the option of developing the project schedule within their organization or to engage the services of an outside consultant. If an outside scheduling consultant is utilized, Section 1.3 of this specification will apply.

**1.3 CONTRACTOR'S CONSULTANT:**

- A. The Contractor shall submit a qualification proposal to the COTR, within 10 days of bid acceptance. The qualification proposal shall include:
1. The name and address of the proposed consultant.
  2. Information to show that the proposed consultant has the qualifications to meet the requirements specified in the preceding paragraph.
  3. A representative sample of prior construction projects, which the proposed consultant has performed complete project scheduling services. These representative samples shall be of similar size and scope.
- B. The Contracting Officer has the right to approve or disapprove the proposed consultant, and will notify the Contractor of the VA decision within seven calendar days from receipt of the qualification proposal.

In case of disapproval, the Contractor shall resubmit another consultant within 10 calendar days for renewed consideration. The Contractor shall have their scheduling consultant approved prior to submitting any schedule for approval.

#### **1.4 COMPUTER PRODUCED SCHEDULES**

- A. The contractor shall provide monthly, to the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA), all computer-produced time/cost schedules and reports generated from monthly project updates. This monthly computer service will include: three copies of up to five different reports (inclusive of all pages) available within the user defined reports of the scheduling software approved by the Contracting Officer; a hard copy listing of all project schedule changes, and associated data, made at the update and an electronic file of this data; and the resulting monthly updated schedule in PDM format. These must be submitted with and substantively support the contractor's monthly payment request and the signed look ahead report. The COTR shall identify the five different report formats that the contractor shall provide.
- B. The contractor shall be responsible for the correctness and timeliness of the computer-produced reports. The Contractor shall also responsible for the accurate and timely submittal of the updated project schedule and all CPM data necessary to produce the computer reports and payment request that is specified.
- C. The VA will report errors in computer-produced reports to the Contractor's representative within ten calendar days from receipt of reports. The Contractor shall reprocess the computer-produced reports and associated diskette(s), when requested by the Contracting Officer's representative, to correct errors which affect the payment and schedule for the project.

#### **1.5 THE COMPLETE PROJECT SCHEDULE SUBMITTAL**

- A. Within 45 calendar days after receipt of Notice to Proceed, the Contractor shall submit for the Contracting Officer's review; three blue line copies of the interim schedule on sheets of paper 765 x 1070 mm (30 x 42 inches) and an electronic file in the previously approved CPM schedule program. The submittal shall also include three copies of a computer-produced activity/event ID schedule showing project duration; phase completion dates; and other data, including event cost. Each activity/event on the computer-produced schedule shall contain as a minimum, but not limited to, activity/event ID, activity/event description, duration, budget amount, early start date, early finish date, late start date, late finish date and total float. Work

activity/event relationships shall be restricted to finish-to-start or start-to-start without lead or lag constraints. Activity/event date constraints, not required by the contract, will not be accepted unless submitted to and approved by the Contracting Officer. The contractor shall make a separate written detailed request to the Contracting Officer identifying these date constraints and secure the Contracting Officer's written approval before incorporating them into the network diagram. The Contracting Officer's separate approval of the Project Schedule shall not excuse the contractor of this requirement. Logic events (non-work) will be permitted where necessary to reflect proper logic among work events, but must have zero duration. The complete working schedule shall reflect the Contractor's approach to scheduling the complete project. **The final Project Schedule in its original form shall contain no contract changes or delays which may have been incurred during the final network diagram development period and shall reflect the entire contract duration as defined in the bid documents.** These changes/delays shall be entered at the first update after the final Project Schedule has been approved. The Contractor should provide their requests for time and supporting time extension analysis for contract time as a result of contract changes/delays, after this update, and in accordance with Article, ADJUSTMENT OF CONTRACT COMPLETION.

- D. Within 30 calendar days after receipt of the complete project interim Project Schedule and the complete final Project Schedule, the Contracting Officer or his representative, will do one or both of the following:
1. Notify the Contractor concerning his actions, opinions, and objections.
  2. A meeting with the Contractor at or near the job site for joint review, correction or adjustment of the proposed plan will be scheduled if required. Within 14 calendar days after the joint review, the Contractor shall revise and shall submit three blue line copies of the revised Project Schedule, three copies of the revised computer-produced activity/event ID schedule and a revised electronic file as specified by the Contracting Officer. The revised submission will be reviewed by the Contracting Officer and, if found to be as previously agreed upon, will be approved.
- E. The approved baseline schedule and the computer-produced schedule(s) generated there from shall constitute the approved baseline schedule until subsequently revised in accordance with the requirements of this section.

F. The Complete Project Schedule shall contain approximately \_\_\_\_\_work activities/events.

#### **1.6 WORK ACTIVITY/EVENT COST DATA**

- A. The Contractor shall cost load all work activities/events except procurement activities. The cumulative amount of all cost loaded work activities/events (including alternates) shall equal the total contract price. Prorate overhead, profit and general conditions on all work activities/events for the entire project length. The contractor shall generate from this information cash flow curves indicating graphically the total percentage of work activity/event dollar value scheduled to be in place on early finish, late finish. These cash flow curves will be used by the Contracting Officer to assist him in determining approval or disapproval of the cost loading. Negative work activity/event cost data will not be acceptable, except on VA issued contract changes.
- B. The Contractor shall cost load work activities/events for guarantee period services, test, balance and adjust various systems in accordance with the provisions in Article, FAR 52.232 - 5 (PAYMENT UNDER FIXED-PRICE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS) and VAAR 852.236 - 83 (PAYMENT UNDER FIXED-PRICE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS).
- C. In accordance with FAR 52.236 - 1 (PERFORMANCE OF WORK BY THE CONTRACTOR) and VAAR 852.236 - 72 (PERFORMANCE OF WORK BY THE CONTRACTOR), the Contractor shall submit, simultaneously with the cost per work activity/event of the construction schedule required by this Section, a responsibility code for all activities/events of the project for which the Contractor's forces will perform the work.
- D. The Contractor shall cost load work activities/events for all BID ITEMS including ASBESTOS ABATEMENT. The sum of each BID ITEM work shall equal the value of the bid item in the Contractors' bid.

#### **1.7 PROJECT SCHEDULE REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Show on the project schedule the sequence of work activities/events required for complete performance of all items of work. The Contractor Shall:
  - 1. Show activities/events as:
    - a. Contractor's time required for submittal of shop drawings, templates, fabrication, delivery and similar pre-construction work.
    - b. Contracting Officer's and Architect-Engineer's review and approval of shop drawings, equipment schedules, samples, template, or similar items.

- c. Interruption of VA Facilities utilities, delivery of Government furnished equipment, and rough-in drawings, project phasing and any other specification requirements.
  - d. Test, balance and adjust various systems and pieces of equipment, maintenance and operation manuals, instructions and preventive maintenance tasks.
  - e. VA inspection and acceptance activity/event with a minimum duration of five work days at the end of each phase and immediately preceding any VA move activity/event required by the contract phasing for that phase.
2. Show not only the activities/events for actual construction work for each trade category of the project, but also trade relationships to indicate the movement of trades from one area, floor, or building, to another area, floor, or building, for at least five trades who are performing major work under this contract.
3. Break up the work into activities/events of a duration no longer than 20 work days each or one reporting period, except as to non-construction activities/events (i.e., procurement of materials, delivery of equipment, concrete and asphalt curing) and any other activities/events for which the COTR may approve the showing of a longer duration. The duration for VA approval of any required submittal, shop drawing, or other submittals will not be less than 20 work days.
4. Describe work activities/events clearly, so the work is readily identifiable for assessment of completion. Activities/events labeled "start," "continue," or "completion," are not specific and will not be allowed. Lead and lag time activities will not be acceptable.
5. The schedule shall be generally numbered in such a way to reflect either discipline, phase or location of the work.
- B. The Contractor shall submit the following supporting data in addition to the project schedule:
  1. The appropriate project calendar including working days and holidays.
  2. The planned number of shifts per day.
  3. The number of hours per shift.Failure of the Contractor to include this data shall delay the review of the submittal until the Contracting Officer is in receipt of the missing data.
- C. To the extent that the Project Schedule or any revised Project Schedule shows anything not jointly agreed upon, it shall not be deemed to have been approved by the COTR. Failure to include any element of work

required for the performance of this contract shall not excuse the Contractor from completing all work required within any applicable completion date of each phase regardless of the COTR's approval of the Project Schedule.

- D. Compact Disk Requirements and CPM Activity/Event Record Specifications: Submit to the VA an electronic file(s) containing one file of the data required to produce a schedule, reflecting all the activities/events of the complete project schedule being submitted.

#### **1.8 PAYMENT TO THE CONTRACTOR:**

- A. Monthly, the contractor shall submit the AIA application and certificate for payment documents G702 & G703 reflecting updated schedule activities and cost data in accordance with the provisions of the following Article, PAYMENT AND PROGRESS REPORTING, as the basis upon which progress payments will be made pursuant to Article, FAR 52.232 - 5 (PAYMENT UNDER FIXED-PRICE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS) and VAAR 852.236 - 83 (PAYMENT UNDER FIXED-PRICE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS). The Contractor shall be entitled to a monthly progress payment upon approval of estimates as determined from the currently approved updated project schedule. Monthly payment requests shall include: a listing of all agreed upon project schedule changes and associated data; and an electronic file (s) of the resulting monthly updated schedule.
- B. Approval of the Contractor's monthly Application for Payment shall be contingent, among other factors, on the submittal of a satisfactory monthly update of the project schedule.

#### **1.9 PAYMENT AND PROGRESS REPORTING**

- A. Monthly schedule update meetings will be held on dates mutually agreed to by the COTR and the Contractor. Contractor and their CPM consultant (if applicable) shall attend all monthly schedule update meetings. The Contractor shall accurately update the Project Schedule and all other data required and provide this information to the COTR three work days in advance of the schedule update meeting. Job progress will be reviewed to verify:
1. Actual start and/or finish dates for updated/completed activities/events.
  2. Remaining duration for each activity/event started, or scheduled to start, but not completed.
  3. Logic, time and cost data for change orders, and supplemental agreements that are to be incorporated into the Project Schedule.

4. Changes in activity/event sequence and/or duration which have been made, pursuant to the provisions of following Article, ADJUSTMENT OF CONTRACT COMPLETION.
  5. Completion percentage for all completed and partially completed activities/events.
  6. Logic and duration revisions required by this section of the specifications.
  7. Activity/event duration and percent complete shall be updated independently.
- B. After completion of the joint review, the contractor shall generate an updated computer-produced calendar-dated schedule and supply the Contracting Officer's representative with reports in accordance with the Article, COMPUTER PRODUCED SCHEDULES, specified.
- C. After completing the monthly schedule update, the contractor's representative or scheduling consultant shall rerun all current period contract change(s) against the prior approved monthly project schedule. The analysis shall only include original workday durations and schedule logic agreed upon by the contractor and resident engineer for the contract change(s). When there is a disagreement on logic and/or durations, the Contractor shall use the schedule logic and/or durations provided and approved by the resident engineer. After each rerun update, the resulting electronic project schedule data file shall be appropriately identified and submitted to the VA in accordance to the requirements listed in articles 1.4 and 1.7. This electronic submission is separate from the regular monthly project schedule update requirements and shall be submitted to the resident engineer within fourteen (14) calendar days of completing the regular schedule update. **Before inserting the contract changes durations, care must be taken to ensure that only the original durations will be used for the analysis, not the reported durations after progress. In addition, once the final network diagram is approved, the contractor must recreate all manual progress payment updates on this approved network diagram and associated reruns for contract changes in each of these update periods as outlined above for regular update periods. This will require detailed record keeping for each of the manual progress payment updates.**
- D. Following approval of the CPM schedule, the VA, the General Contractor, its approved CPM Consultant, RE office representatives, and all subcontractors needed, as determined by the SRE, shall meet to discuss the monthly updated schedule. The main emphasis shall be to address work

activities to avoid slippage of project schedule and to identify any necessary actions required to maintain project schedule during the reporting period. The Government representatives and the Contractor should conclude the meeting with a clear understanding of those work and administrative actions necessary to maintain project schedule status during the reporting period. This schedule coordination meeting will occur after each monthly project schedule update meeting utilizing the resulting schedule reports from that schedule update. If the project is behind schedule, discussions should include ways to prevent further slippage as well as ways to improve the project schedule status, when appropriate.

#### **1.10 RESPONSIBILITY FOR COMPLETION**

- A. If it becomes apparent from the current revised monthly progress schedule that phasing or contract completion dates will not be met, the Contractor shall execute some or all of the following remedial actions:
  - 1. Increase construction manpower in such quantities and crafts as necessary to eliminate the backlog of work.
  - 2. Increase the number of working hours per shift, shifts per working day, working days per week, the amount of construction equipment, or any combination of the foregoing to eliminate the backlog of work.
  - 3. Reschedule the work in conformance with the specification requirements.
- B. Prior to proceeding with any of the above actions, the Contractor shall notify and obtain approval from the COTR for the proposed schedule changes. If such actions are approved, the representative schedule revisions shall be incorporated by the Contractor into the Project Schedule before the next update, at no additional cost to the Government.

#### **1.11 CHANGES TO THE SCHEDULE**

- A. Within 30 calendar days after VA acceptance and approval of any updated project schedule, the Contractor shall submit a revised electronic file (s) and a list of any activity/event changes including predecessors and successors for any of the following reasons:
  - 1. Delay in completion of any activity/event or group of activities/events, which may be involved with contract changes, strikes, unusual weather, and other delays will not relieve the Contractor from the requirements specified unless the conditions are shown on the CPM as the direct cause for delaying the project beyond the acceptable limits.

2. Delays in submittals, or deliveries, or work stoppage are encountered which make rescheduling of the work necessary.
  3. The schedule does not represent the actual prosecution and progress of the project.
  4. When there is, or has been, a substantial revision to the activity/event costs regardless of the cause for these revisions.
- B. CPM revisions made under this paragraph which affect the previously approved computer-produced schedules for Government furnished equipment, vacating of areas by the VA Facility, contract phase(s) and sub phase(s), utilities furnished by the Government to the Contractor, or any other previously contracted item, shall be furnished in writing to the Contracting Officer for approval.
- C. Contracting Officer's approval for the revised project schedule and all relevant data is contingent upon compliance with all other paragraphs of this section and any other previous agreements by the Contracting Officer or the VA representative.
- D. The cost of revisions to the project schedule resulting from contract changes will be included in the proposal for changes in work as specified in FAR 52.243 - 4 (Changes) and VAAR 852.236 - 88 (Changes - Supplemental), and will be based on the complexity of the revision or contract change, man hours expended in analyzing the change, and the total cost of the change.
- E. The cost of revisions to the Project Schedule not resulting from contract changes is the responsibility of the Contractor.

#### **1.12 ADJUSTMENT OF CONTRACT COMPLETION**

- A. The contract completion time will be adjusted only for causes specified in this contract. Request for an extension of the contract completion date by the Contractor shall be supported with a justification, CPM data and supporting evidence as the COTR may deem necessary for determination as to whether or not the Contractor is entitled to an extension of time under the provisions of the contract. Submission of proof based on revised activity/event logic, durations (in work days) and costs is obligatory to any approvals. The schedule must clearly display that the Contractor has used, in full, all the float time available for the work involved in this request. The Contracting Officer's determination as to the total number of days of contract extension will be based upon the current computer-produced calendar-dated schedule for the time period in question and all other relevant information.
- B. Actual delays in activities/events which, according to the computer-produced calendar-dated schedule, do not affect the extended and

predicted contract completion dates shown by the critical path in the network, will not be the basis for a change to the contract completion date. The Contracting Officer will within a reasonable time after receipt of such justification and supporting evidence, review the facts and advise the Contractor in writing of the Contracting Officer's decision.

- C. The Contractor shall submit each request for a change in the contract completion date to the Contracting Officer in accordance with the provisions specified under FAR 52.243 - 4 (Changes) and VAAR 852.236 - 88 (Changes - Supplemental). The Contractor shall include, as a part of each change order proposal, a sketch showing all CPM logic revisions, duration (in work days) changes, and cost changes, for work in question and its relationship to other activities on the approved network diagram.
- D. All delays due to non-work activities/events such as RFI's, WEATHER, STRIKES, and similar non-work activities/events shall be analyzed on a month by month basis.

**1.13 ADDITIONAL INSPECTIONS TO BE COMPLETED & ADDED TO CPM, BEYOND WHAT IS REQUIRED IN SPECIFIC SPECIFICATION SECTIONS.**

**Project  
Name  
Project No.  
COTR**

#	Inspections	Date	Comments
1	Pre-site inspection of existing conditions		
2	ACM containment		
3	Demo completion		
4	After ACM clearance (prior to tear down)		
5	Chaulk line		
6	Stud wall		
7	MEP outlet box		
8	MEP & Backing in-wall		
9	MEP insulation		
10	Completion of Drywall		
11	Above Ceiling		
12	Penetration inspection before ceiling grid		
13	Wall Hung Items; cabinets, mirrors, handrails,		
14	Finishes and Trim		
15	Flooring Seam Layout		
16	Hardware		

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI VA MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

04-10M

- 17 Final finishes and flooring
- 18 Commissioning
- 19 After punch list completion

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03-01-12

**SECTION 01 33 23**  
**SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES**

- 1-1. Refer to Articles titled SPECIFICATIONS AND DRAWINGS FOR CONSTRUCTION (FAR 52.236-21) and, SPECIAL NOTES (VAAR 852.236-91), in GENERAL CONDITIONS.
- 1-2. For the purposes of this contract, samples , test reports, certificates, and manufacturers' literature and data shall also be subject to the previously referenced requirements. The following text refers to all items collectively as SUBMITTALS.
- 1-3. Submit for approval, all of the items specifically mentioned under the separate sections of the specification, with information sufficient to evidence full compliance with contract requirements. Materials, fabricated articles and the like to be installed in permanent work shall equal those of approved submittals. After an item has been approved, no change in brand or make will be permitted unless:
  - A. Satisfactory written evidence is presented to, and approved by Contracting Officer, that manufacturer cannot make scheduled delivery of approved item or;
  - B. Item delivered has been rejected and substitution of a suitable item is an urgent necessity or;
  - C. Other conditions become apparent which indicates approval of such substitute item to be in best interest of the Government.
- 1-4. Forward submittals in sufficient time to permit proper consideration and approval action by Government. Time submission to assure adequate lead time for procurement of contract - required items. Delays attributable to untimely and rejected submittals will not serve as a basis for extending contract time for completion. Submittal Review time is (30) full working days by the Design Team and Government. All Shop drawing submittals are process thru Project Buzzsaw electronically.
- 1-5. Submittals will be reviewed for compliance with contract requirements by Architect-Engineer, and action thereon will be taken by Resident Engineer on behalf of the Contracting Officer.
- 1-6. Upon receipt of submittals, Architect-Engineer will assign a file number thereto. Contractor, in any subsequent correspondence, shall refer to this file and identification number to expedite replies relative to previously approved or disapproved submittals.

03-01-12

- 1-7. The Government reserves the right to require additional submittals, whether or not particularly mentioned in this contract. If additional submittals beyond those required by the contract are furnished pursuant to request therefor by Contracting Officer, adjustment in contract price and time will be made in accordance with Articles titled CHANGES (FAR 52.243-4) and CHANGES - SUPPLEMENT (VAAR 852.236-88) of the GENERAL CONDITIONS.
- 1-8. Schedules called for in specifications and shown on shop drawings shall be submitted for use and information of Department of Veterans Affairs and Architect-Engineer. However, the Contractor shall assume responsibility for coordinating and verifying schedules. The Contracting Officer and Architect-Engineer assumes no responsibility for checking schedules or layout drawings for exact sizes, exact numbers and detailed positioning of items.
- 1-9. Submittals must be submitted by Contractor only and shipped prepaid. Contracting Officer assumes no responsibility for checking quantities or exact numbers included in such submittals.
  - A. Submit samples in single units unless otherwise specified. Submit shop drawings, schedules, manufacturers' literature and data, and certificates in quadruplicate, except where a greater number is specified.
  - B. Submittals will receive consideration only when covered by a transmittal letter signed by Contractor. Letter shall be sent via first class mail and shall contain the list of items, name of Medical Center, name of Contractor, contract number, applicable specification paragraph numbers, applicable drawing numbers (and other information required for exact identification of location for each item), manufacturer and brand, ASTM or Federal Specification Number (if any) and such additional information as may be required by specifications for particular item being furnished. In addition, catalogs shall be marked to indicate specific items submitted for approval.
    1. A copy of letter must be enclosed with items, and any items received without identification letter will be considered "unclaimed goods" and held for a limited time only.
    2. Each sample, certificate, manufacturers' literature and data shall be labeled to indicate the name and location of the Medical Center, name of Contractor, manufacturer, brand, contract number and ASTM or Federal Specification Number as applicable and location(s) on project.

03-01-12

3. Required certificates shall be signed by an authorized representative of manufacturer or supplier of material, and by Contractor.
- D. If submittal samples have been disapproved, resubmit new samples as soon as possible after notification of disapproval. Such new samples shall be marked "Resubmitted Sample" in addition to containing other previously specified information required on label and in transmittal letter.
- E. Approved samples will be kept on file by the Resident Engineer at the site until completion of contract, at which time such samples will be delivered to Contractor as Contractor's property. Where noted in technical sections of specifications, approved samples in good condition may be used in their proper locations in contract work. At completion of contract, samples that are not approved will be returned to Contractor only upon request and at Contractor's expense. Such request should be made prior to completion of the contract. Disapproved samples that are not requested for return by Contractor will be discarded after completion of contract.
- F. Submittal drawings (shop, erection or setting drawings) and schedules, required for work of various trades, shall be checked before submission by technically qualified employees of Contractor for accuracy, completeness and compliance with contract requirements. These drawings and schedules shall be stamped and signed by Contractor certifying to such check.
  1. For each drawing required, submit one legible photographic paper or vellum reproducible.
  2. Reproducible shall be full size.
  3. Each drawing shall have marked thereon, proper descriptive title, including Medical Center location, project number, manufacturer's number, reference to contract drawing number, detail Section Number, and Specification Section Number.
  4. A space 120 mm by 125 mm (4-3/4 by 5 inches) shall be reserved on each drawing to accommodate approval or disapproval stamp.
  5. Submit drawings, ROLLED WITHIN A MAILING TUBE, fully protected for shipment.
  6. One reproducible print of approved or disapproved shop drawings will be forwarded to Contractor.
  7. When work is directly related and involves more than one trade, shop drawings shall be submitted to Architect-Engineer under one cover.
- 1-10. Samples, shop drawings, test reports, certificates and manufacturers' literature and data, shall be submitted for approval to

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MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

03-01-12

**Chequamegon Bay Engineering**

933 N. Mayfair Road, Suite 109  
Milwaukee, WI, 53226

- 1-11. At the time of transmittal to the Architect-Engineer, the Contractor shall also send a copy of the complete submittal directly to the Resident Engineer.

**Clement J. Zablocki VA Medical Center**

**Attn:** Andrew Jacobs  
5000 W. National Avenue  
Milwaukee, WI, 53295

- 1-12. Samples for approval shall be sent to Architect-Engineer, in care of Resident Engineer, VA Medical Center,

**Chequamegon Bay Engineering**

933 N. Mayfair Road, Suite 109  
Milwaukee, WI, 53226

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**SECTION 01 42 19**  
**REFERENCE STANDARDS**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

This section specifies the availability and source of references and standards specified in the project manual under paragraphs APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS and/or shown on the drawings.

**1.2 AVAILABILITY OF SPECIFICATIONS LISTED IN THE GSA INDEX OF FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS, STANDARDS AND COMMERCIAL ITEM DESCRIPTIONS FPMR PART 101-29 (FAR 52.211-1) (AUG 1998)**

- A. The GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions, FPMR Part 101-29 and copies of specifications, standards, and commercial item descriptions cited in the solicitation may be obtained for a fee by submitting a request to - GSA Federal Supply Service, Specifications Section, Suite 8100, 470 East L'Enfant Plaza, SW, Washington, DC 20407, Telephone (202) 619-8925, Facsimile (202) 619-8978.
- B. If the General Services Administration, Department of Agriculture, or Department of Veterans Affairs issued this solicitation, a single copy of specifications, standards, and commercial item descriptions cited in this solicitation may be obtained free of charge by submitting a request to the addressee in paragraph (a) of this provision. Additional copies will be issued for a fee.

**1.3 AVAILABILITY FOR EXAMINATION OF SPECIFICATIONS NOT LISTED IN THE GSA INDEX OF FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS, STANDARDS AND COMMERCIAL ITEM DESCRIPTIONS (FAR 52.211-4) (JUN 1988)**

The specifications and standards cited in this solicitation can be examined at the following location:

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS  
Office of Construction & Facilities Management  
Facilities Quality Service (00CFM1A)  
425 Eye Street N.W, (sixth floor)  
Washington, DC 20001  
Telephone Numbers: (202) 632-5249 or (202) 632-5178  
Between 9:00 AM - 3:00 PM

**1.4 AVAILABILITY OF SPECIFICATIONS NOT LISTED IN THE GSA INDEX OF FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS, STANDARDS AND COMMERCIAL ITEM DESCRIPTIONS (FAR 52.211-3) (JUN 1988)**

The specifications cited in this solicitation may be obtained from the associations or organizations listed below.

AA	Aluminum Association Inc. <a href="http://www.aluminum.org">http://www.aluminum.org</a>
AABC	Associated Air Balance Council <a href="http://www.aabchq.com">http://www.aabchq.com</a>
AAMA	American Architectural Manufacturer's Association <a href="http://www.aamanet.org">http://www.aamanet.org</a>
AAN	American Nursery and Landscape Association <a href="http://www.anla.org">http://www.anla.org</a>
AASHTO	American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials <a href="http://www.aashto.org">http://www.aashto.org</a>
AATCC	American Association of Textile Chemists and Colorists <a href="http://www.aatcc.org">http://www.aatcc.org</a>
ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists <a href="http://www.acgih.org">http://www.acgih.org</a>
ACI	American Concrete Institute <a href="http://www.aci-int.net">http://www.aci-int.net</a>
ACPA	American Concrete Pipe Association <a href="http://www.concrete-pipe.org">http://www.concrete-pipe.org</a>
ACPPA	American Concrete Pressure Pipe Association <a href="http://www.acppa.org">http://www.acppa.org</a>
ADC	Air Diffusion Council <a href="http://flexibleduct.org">http://flexibleduct.org</a>
AGA	American Gas Association <a href="http://www.aga.org">http://www.aga.org</a>
AGC	Associated General Contractors of America <a href="http://www.agc.org">http://www.agc.org</a>

AGMA	American Gear Manufacturers Association, Inc. <a href="http://www.agma.org">http://www.agma.org</a>
AHAM	Association of Home Appliance Manufacturers <a href="http://www.aham.org">http://www.aham.org</a>
AISC	American Institute of Steel Construction <a href="http://www.aisc.org">http://www.aisc.org</a>
AISI	American Iron and Steel Institute <a href="http://www.steel.org">http://www.steel.org</a>
AITC	American Institute of Timber Construction <a href="http://www.aitc-glulam.org">http://www.aitc-glulam.org</a>
AMCA	Air Movement and Control Association, Inc. <a href="http://www.amca.org">http://www.amca.org</a>
ANLA	American Nursery & Landscape Association <a href="http://www.anla.org">http://www.anla.org</a>
ANSI	American National Standards Institute, Inc. <a href="http://www.ansi.org">http://www.ansi.org</a>
APA	The Engineered Wood Association <a href="http://www.apawood.org">http://www.apawood.org</a>
ARI	Air-Conditioning and Refrigeration Institute <a href="http://www.ari.org">http://www.ari.org</a>
ASAE	American Society of Agricultural Engineers <a href="http://www.asae.org">http://www.asae.org</a>
ASCE	American Society of Civil Engineers <a href="http://www.asce.org">http://www.asce.org</a>
ASHRAE	American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air-Conditioning Engineers <a href="http://www.ashrae.org">http://www.ashrae.org</a>
ASME	American Society of Mechanical Engineers <a href="http://www.asme.org">http://www.asme.org</a>
ASSE	American Society of Sanitary Engineering <a href="http://www.asse-plumbing.org">http://www.asse-plumbing.org</a>

ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials <a href="http://www.astm.org">http://www.astm.org</a>
AWI	Architectural Woodwork Institute <a href="http://www.awinet.org">http://www.awinet.org</a>
AWS	American Welding Society <a href="http://www.aws.org">http://www.aws.org</a>
AWWA	American Water Works Association <a href="http://www.awwa.org">http://www.awwa.org</a>
BHMA	Builders Hardware Manufacturers Association <a href="http://www.buildershardware.com">http://www.buildershardware.com</a>
BIA	Brick Institute of America <a href="http://www.bia.org">http://www.bia.org</a>
CAGI	Compressed Air and Gas Institute <a href="http://www.cagi.org">http://www.cagi.org</a>
CGA	Compressed Gas Association, Inc. <a href="http://www.cganet.com">http://www.cganet.com</a>
CI	The Chlorine Institute, Inc. <a href="http://www.chlorineinstitute.org">http://www.chlorineinstitute.org</a>
CISCA	Ceilings and Interior Systems Construction Association <a href="http://www.cisca.org">http://www.cisca.org</a>
CISPI	Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute <a href="http://www.cispi.org">http://www.cispi.org</a>
CLFMI	Chain Link Fence Manufacturers Institute <a href="http://www.chainlinkinfo.org">http://www.chainlinkinfo.org</a>
CPMB	Concrete Plant Manufacturers Bureau <a href="http://www.cpmb.org">http://www.cpmb.org</a>
CRA	California Redwood Association <a href="http://www.calredwood.org">http://www.calredwood.org</a>
CRSI	Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute <a href="http://www.crsi.org">http://www.crsi.org</a>

CTI	Cooling Technology Institute <a href="http://www.cti.org">http://www.cti.org</a>
DHI	Door and Hardware Institute <a href="http://www.dhi.org">http://www.dhi.org</a>
EGSA	Electrical Generating Systems Association <a href="http://www.egsa.org">http://www.egsa.org</a>
EEI	Edison Electric Institute <a href="http://www.eei.org">http://www.eei.org</a>
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency <a href="http://www.epa.gov">http://www.epa.gov</a>
ETL	ETL Testing Laboratories, Inc. <a href="http://www.etl.com">http://www.etl.com</a>
FAA	Federal Aviation Administration <a href="http://www.faa.gov">http://www.faa.gov</a>
FCC	Federal Communications Commission <a href="http://www.fcc.gov">http://www.fcc.gov</a>
FPS	The Forest Products Society <a href="http://www.forestprod.org">http://www.forestprod.org</a>
GANA	Glass Association of North America <a href="http://www.cssinfo.com/info/gana.html/">http://www.cssinfo.com/info/gana.html/</a>
FM	Factory Mutual Insurance <a href="http://www.fmglobal.com">http://www.fmglobal.com</a>
GA	Gypsum Association <a href="http://www.gypsum.org">http://www.gypsum.org</a>
GSA	General Services Administration <a href="http://www.gsa.gov">http://www.gsa.gov</a>
HI	Hydraulic Institute <a href="http://www.pumps.org">http://www.pumps.org</a>
HPVA	Hardwood Plywood & Veneer Association <a href="http://www.hpva.org">http://www.hpva.org</a>

ICBO	International Conference of Building Officials <a href="http://www.icbo.org">http://www.icbo.org</a>
ICEA	Insulated Cable Engineers Association Inc. <a href="http://www.icea.net">http://www.icea.net</a>
\ICAC	Institute of Clean Air Companies <a href="http://www.icac.com">http://www.icac.com</a>
IEEE	Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers <a href="http://www.ieee.org/">http://www.ieee.org/</a>
IMSA	International Municipal Signal Association <a href="http://www.imsasafety.org">http://www.imsasafety.org</a>
IPCEA	Insulated Power Cable Engineers Association
NBMA	Metal Buildings Manufacturers Association <a href="http://www.mbma.com">http://www.mbma.com</a>
MSS	Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry Inc. <a href="http://www.mss-hq.com">http://www.mss-hq.com</a>
NAAMM	National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers <a href="http://www.naamm.org">http://www.naamm.org</a>
NAPHCC	Plumbing-Heating-Cooling Contractors Association <a href="http://www.phccweb.org.org">http://www.phccweb.org.org</a>
NBS	National Bureau of Standards See - NIST
NBBPVI	National Board of Boiler and Pressure Vessel Inspectors <a href="http://www.nationboard.org">http://www.nationboard.org</a>
NEC	National Electric Code See - NFPA National Fire Protection Association
NEMA	National Electrical Manufacturers Association <a href="http://www.nema.org">http://www.nema.org</a>
NFPA	National Fire Protection Association <a href="http://www.nfpa.org">http://www.nfpa.org</a>

NHLA      National Hardwood Lumber Association  
<http://www.natlhardwood.org>

NIH        National Institute of Health  
<http://www.nih.gov>

NIST      National Institute of Standards and Technology  
<http://www.nist.gov>

NLMA      Northeastern Lumber Manufacturers Association, Inc.  
<http://www.nelma.org>

NPA        National Particleboard Association  
18928 Premiere Court  
Gaithersburg, MD 20879  
(301) 670-0604

NSF        National Sanitation Foundation  
<http://www.nsf.org>

NWDA      Window and Door Manufacturers Association  
<http://www.nwwda.org>

OSHA      Occupational Safety and Health Administration  
Department of Labor  
<http://www.osha.gov>

PCA        Portland Cement Association  
<http://www.portcement.org>

PCI        Precast Prestressed Concrete Institute  
<http://www.pci.org>

PPI        The Plastic Pipe Institute  
<http://www.plasticpipe.org>

PEI        Porcelain Enamel Institute, Inc.  
<http://www.porcelainenamel.com>

PTI        Post-Tensioning Institute  
<http://www.post-tensioning.org>

RFCI      The Resilient Floor Covering Institute  
<http://www.rfci.com>

RIS	Redwood Inspection Service See - CRA
RMA	Rubber Manufacturers Association, Inc. <a href="http://www.rma.org">http://www.rma.org</a>
SCMA	Southern Cypress Manufacturers Association <a href="http://www.cypressinfo.org">http://www.cypressinfo.org</a>
SDI	Steel Door Institute <a href="http://www.steeldoor.org">http://www.steeldoor.org</a>
IGMA	Insulating Glass Manufacturers Alliance <a href="http://www.igmaonline.org">http://www.igmaonline.org</a>
SJI	Steel Joist Institute <a href="http://www.steeljoist.org">http://www.steeljoist.org</a>
SMACNA	Sheet Metal and Air-Conditioning Contractors National Association, Inc. <a href="http://www.smacna.org">http://www.smacna.org</a>
SSPC	The Society for Protective Coatings <a href="http://www.sspc.org">http://www.sspc.org</a>
STI	Steel Tank Institute <a href="http://www.steeltank.com">http://www.steeltank.com</a>
SWI	Steel Window Institute <a href="http://www.steelwindows.com">http://www.steelwindows.com</a>
TCA	Tile Council of America, Inc. <a href="http://www.tileusa.com">http://www.tileusa.com</a>
TEMA	Tubular Exchange Manufacturers Association <a href="http://www.tema.org">http://www.tema.org</a>
TPI	Truss Plate Institute, Inc. 583 D'Onofrio Drive; Suite 200 Madison, WI 53719 (608) 833-5900
UBC	The Uniform Building Code See ICBO

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VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

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09-11

UL Underwriters' Laboratories Incorporated  
<http://www.ul.com>

ULC Underwriters' Laboratories of Canada  
<http://www.ulc.ca>

WCLIB West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau  
6980 SW Varns Road, P.O. Box 23145  
Portland, OR 97223  
(503) 639-0651

WRCLA Western Red Cedar Lumber Association  
P.O. Box 120786  
New Brighton, MN 55112  
(612) 633-4334

WWPA Western Wood Products Association  
<http://www.wwpa.org>

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**SECTION 01 57 19**  
**TEMPORARY ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

- A. This section specifies the control of environmental pollution and damage that the Contractor must consider for air, water, and land resources. It includes management of visual aesthetics, noise, solid waste, radiant energy, and radioactive materials, as well as other pollutants and resources encountered or generated by the Contractor. The Contractor is obligated to consider specified control measures with the costs included within the various contract items of work.
- B. Environmental pollution and damage is defined as the presence of chemical, physical, or biological elements or agents which:
  - 1. Adversely effect human health or welfare,
  - 2. Unfavorably alter ecological balances of importance to human life,
  - 3. Effect other species of importance to humankind, or;
  - 4. Degrade the utility of the environment for aesthetic, cultural, and historical purposes.
- C. Definitions of Pollutants:
  - 1. Chemical Waste: Petroleum products, bituminous materials, salts, acids, alkalis, herbicides, pesticides, organic chemicals, and inorganic wastes.
  - 2. Debris: Combustible and noncombustible wastes, such as leaves, tree trimmings, ashes, and waste materials resulting from construction or maintenance and repair work.
  - 3. Sediment: Soil and other debris that has been eroded and transported by runoff water.
  - 4. Solid Waste: Rubbish, debris, garbage, and other discarded solid materials resulting from industrial, commercial, and agricultural operations and from community activities.
  - 5. Surface Discharge: The term "Surface Discharge" implies that the water is discharged with possible sheeting action and subsequent soil erosion may occur. Waters that are surface discharged may terminate in drainage ditches, storm sewers, creeks, and/or "water of the United States" and would require a permit to discharge water from the governing agency.
  - 6. Rubbish: Combustible and noncombustible wastes such as paper, boxes, glass and crockery, metal and lumber scrap, tin cans, and bones.

7. Sanitary Wastes:

- a. Sewage: Domestic sanitary sewage and human and animal waste.
- b. Garbage: Refuse and scraps resulting from preparation, cooking, dispensing, and consumption of food.

**1.2 QUALITY CONTROL**

- A. Establish and maintain quality control for the environmental protection of all items set forth herein.
- B. Record on daily reports any problems in complying with laws, regulations, and ordinances. Note any corrective action taken.

**1.3 REFERENCES**

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to in the text by basic designation only.
- B. U.S. National Archives and Records Administration (NARA):  
33 CFR 328.....Definitions

**1.4 SUBMITTALS**

- A. In accordance with Section, 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES, furnish the following:
  - 1. Environmental Protection Plan: After the contract is awarded and prior to the commencement of the work, the Contractor shall meet with the Resident Engineer to discuss the proposed Environmental Protection Plan and to develop mutual understanding relative to details of environmental protection. Not more than 20 days after the meeting, the Contractor shall prepare and submit to the COR for approval, a written and/or graphic Environmental Protection Plan including, but not limited to, the following:
    - a. Name(s) of person(s) within the Contractor's organization who is (are) responsible for ensuring adherence to the Environmental Protection Plan.
    - b. Name(s) and qualifications of person(s) responsible for manifesting hazardous waste to be removed from the site.
    - c. Name(s) and qualifications of person(s) responsible for training the Contractor's environmental protection personnel.
    - d. Description of the Contractor's environmental protection personnel training program.
    - e. A list of Federal, State, and local laws, regulations, and permits concerning environmental protection, pollution control, noise control and abatement that are applicable to the Contractor's

proposed operations and the requirements imposed by those laws, regulations, and permits.

- f. Methods for protection of features to be preserved within authorized work areas including trees, shrubs, vines, grasses, ground cover, landscape features, air and water quality, fish and wildlife, soil, historical, and archeological and cultural resources.
  - g. Procedures to provide the environmental protection that comply with the applicable laws and regulations. Describe the procedures to correct pollution of the environment due to accident, natural causes, or failure to follow the procedures as described in the Environmental Protection Plan.
  - h. Permits, licenses, and the location of the solid waste disposal area.
  - i. Drawings showing locations of any proposed temporary excavations or embankments for haul roads, material storage areas, structures, sanitary facilities, and stockpiles of excess or spoil materials. Include as part of an Erosion Control Plan approved by the District Office of the U.S. Soil Conservation Service and the Department of Veterans Affairs.
  - j. Environmental Monitoring Plans for the job site including land, water, air, and noise.
  - k. Work Area Plan showing the proposed activity in each portion of the area and identifying the areas of limited use or nonuse. Plan should include measures for marking the limits of use areas. This plan may be incorporated within the Erosion Control Plan.
- B. Approval of the Contractor's Environmental Protection Plan will not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for adequate and continued control of pollutants and other environmental protection measures.

#### **1.5 PROTECTION OF ENVIRONMENTAL RESOURCES**

- A. Protect environmental resources within the project boundaries and those affected outside the limits of permanent work during the entire period of this contract. Confine activities to areas defined by the specifications and drawings.
- B. Protection of Land Resources: Prior to construction, identify all land resources to be preserved within the work area. Do not remove, cut, deface, injure, or destroy land resources including trees, shrubs, vines, grasses, top soil, and land forms without permission from the Resident Engineer. Do not fasten or attach ropes, cables, or guys to

trees for anchorage unless specifically authorized, or where special emergency use is permitted.

1. Work Area Limits: Prior to any construction, mark the areas that require work to be performed under this contract. Mark or fence isolated areas within the general work area that are to be saved and protected. Protect monuments, works of art, and markers before construction operations begin. Convey to all personnel the purpose of marking and protecting all necessary objects.
  2. Protection of Landscape: Protect trees, shrubs, vines, grasses, land forms, and other landscape features shown on the drawings to be preserved by marking, fencing, or using any other approved techniques.
    - a. Box and protect from damage existing trees and shrubs to remain on the construction site.
    - b. Immediately repair all damage to existing trees and shrubs by trimming, cleaning, and painting with antiseptic tree paint.
    - c. Do not store building materials or perform construction activities closer to existing trees or shrubs than the farthest extension of their limbs.
  3. Handle and dispose of solid wastes in such a manner that will prevent contamination of the environment. Place solid wastes (excluding clearing debris) in containers that are emptied on a regular schedule. Transport all solid waste off Government property and dispose of waste in compliance with Federal, State, and local requirements.
  4. Store chemical waste away from the work areas in corrosion resistant containers and dispose of waste in accordance with Federal, State, and local regulations.
  11. Handle discarded materials other than those included in the solid waste category as directed by the Resident Engineer.
- C. Protection of Water Resources: Keep construction activities under surveillance, management, and control to avoid pollution of surface and ground waters and sewer systems. Implement management techniques to control water pollution by the listed construction activities that are included in this contract.
1. Washing and Curing Water: Do not allow wastewater directly derived from construction activities to enter water areas. Collect and place wastewater in retention ponds allowing the suspended material to settle, the pollutants to separate, or the water to evaporate.

2. Control movement of materials and equipment at stream crossings during construction to prevent violation of water pollution control standards of the Federal, State, or local government.

SPEC WRITER NOTE: Specify additional operations unique to this contract.

3. Monitor water areas affected by construction.

E. Protection of Air Resources: Keep construction activities under surveillance, management, and control to minimize pollution of air resources. Burning is not permitted on the job site. Keep activities, equipment, processes, and work operated or performed, in strict accordance with the State of Wisconsin and Federal emission and performance laws and standards. Maintain ambient air quality standards set by the Environmental Protection Agency, for those construction operations and activities specified.

1. Particulates: Control dust particles, aerosols, and gaseous by-products from all construction activities, processing, and preparation of materials (such as from asphaltic batch plants) at all times, including weekends, holidays, and hours when work is not in progress.
2. Particulates Control: Maintain all excavations, stockpiles, haul roads, permanent and temporary access roads, plant sites, spoil areas, borrow areas, and all other work areas within or outside the project boundaries free from particulates which would cause a hazard or a nuisance. Sprinklering, chemical treatment of an approved type, light bituminous treatment, baghouse, scrubbers, electrostatic precipitators, or other methods are permitted to control particulates in the work area.
3. Hydrocarbons and Carbon Monoxide: Control monoxide emissions from equipment to Federal and State allowable limits.
4. Odors: Control odors of construction activities and prevent obnoxious odors from occurring.

F. Reduction of Noise: Minimize noise using every action possible. Perform noise-producing work in less sensitive hours of the day or week as directed by the Resident Engineer. Maintain noise-produced work at or below the decibel levels and within the time periods specified.

1. Perform construction activities involving repetitive, high-level impact noise only between 8:00 a.m. and 6:00p.m unless otherwise permitted by local ordinance or the Resident Engineer. Repetitive impact noise on the property shall not exceed the following dB limitations:

Time Duration of Impact Noise	Sound Level in dB
More than 12 minutes in any hour	70
Less than 30 seconds of any hour	85
Less than three minutes of any hour	80
Less than 12 minutes of any hour	75

2. Provide sound-deadening devices on equipment and take noise abatement measures that are necessary to comply with the requirements of this contract, consisting of, but not limited to, the following:

- a. Maintain maximum permissible construction equipment noise levels at 15 m (50 feet) (dBA):

EARTHMOVING		MATERIALS HANDLING	
FRONT LOADERS	75	CONCRETE MIXERS	75
BACKHOES	75	CONCRETE PUMPS	75
DOZERS	75	CRANES	75
TRACTORS	75	DERRICKS IMPACT	75
SCAPERS	80	PILE DRIVERS	95
GRADERS	75	JACK HAMMERS	75
TRUCKS	75	ROCK DRILLS	80
PAVERS, STATIONARY	80	PNEUMATIC TOOLS	80
PUMPS	75	BLASTING	//--//
GENERATORS	75	SAWS	75
COMPRESSORS	75	VIBRATORS	75

- b. Use shields or other physical barriers to restrict noise transmission.
- c. Provide soundproof housings or enclosures for noise-producing machinery.
- d. Use efficient silencers on equipment air intakes.
- e. Use efficient intake and exhaust mufflers on internal combustion engines that are maintained so equipment performs below noise levels specified.
- f. Line hoppers and storage bins with sound deadening material.
- g. Conduct truck loading, unloading, and hauling operations so that noise is kept to a minimum.
3. Measure sound level for noise exposure due to the construction at least once every five successive working days while work is being performed above 55 dB(A) noise level. Measure noise exposure at the

- property line or 15 m (50 feet) from the noise source, whichever is greater. Measure the sound levels on the A weighing network of a General Purpose sound level meter at slow response. To minimize the effect of reflective sound waves at buildings, take measurements at 900 to 1800 mm (three to six feet) in front of any building face. Submit the recorded information to the Resident Engineer noting any problems and the alternatives for mitigating actions.
- G. Restoration of Damaged Property: If any direct or indirect damage is done to public or private property resulting from any act, omission, neglect, or misconduct, the Contractor shall restore the damaged property to a condition equal to that existing before the damage at no additional cost to the Government. Repair, rebuild, or restore property as directed or make good such damage in an acceptable manner.
- H. Final Clean-up: On completion of project and after removal of all debris, rubbish, and temporary construction, Contractor shall leave the construction area in a clean condition satisfactory to the Resident Engineer. Cleaning shall include off the station disposal of all items and materials not required to be salvaged, as well as all debris and rubbish resulting from demolition and new work operations.

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**SECTION 01 58 16**  
**TEMPORARY INTERIOR SIGNAGE**

**PART 1 GENERAL**

**DESCRIPTION**

This section specifies temporary interior signs.

**PART 2 PRODUCTS**

**2.1 TEMPORARY SIGNS**

- A. Fabricate from 50 Kg (110 pound) mat finish white paper.
- B. Cut to 100 mm (4-inch) wide by 300 mm (12 inch) long size tag.
- C. Punch 3 mm (1/8-inch) diameter hole centered on 100 mm (4-inch) dimension of tag. Edge of Hole spaced approximately 13 mm (1/2-inch) from one end on tag.
- D. Reinforce hole on both sides with gummed cloth washer or other suitable material capable of preventing tie pulling through paper edge.
- E. Ties: Steel wire 0.3 mm (0.0120-inch) thick, attach to tag with twist tie, leaving 150 mm (6-inch) long free ends.

**PART 3 EXECUTION**

**3.1 INSTALLATION**

- A. Install temporary signs attached to room door frame or room door knob, lever, or pull for doors on corridor openings.
- B. Mark on signs with felt tip marker having approximately 3 mm (1/8-inch) wide stroke for clearly legible numbers or letters.
- C. Identify room with numbers as designated on floor plans.

**3.2 LOCATION**

- A. Install on doors that have room, corridor, and space numbers shown.
- B. Doors that do not require signs are as follows:
  - 1. Corridor barrier doors (cross-corridor) in corridor with same number.
  - 2. Folding doors or partitions.
  - 3. Toilet or bathroom doors within and between rooms.
  - 4. Communicating doors in partitions between rooms with corridor entrance doors.
  - 5. Closet doors within rooms.
- C. Replace missing, damaged, or illegible signs.

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**SECTION 01 74 19**  
**CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

- A. This section specifies the requirements for the management of non-hazardous building construction and demolition waste.
- B. Waste disposal in landfills shall be minimized to the greatest extent possible. Of the inevitable waste that is generated, as much of the waste material as economically feasible shall be salvaged, recycled or reused. Contractor is required to restore all finishes, surfaces, items, & materials as required accommodating new finishes. For example, if wall paper, vinyl wall covering, ceramic wall tile, etc. is existing on wall, and new wall finish calls for wall to be painted, contractor is required to remove existing wall paper, vinyl wall covering, ceramic wall tile, etc. to accommodate new painted finish. These surfaces are required to be verified prior to bid, as no change to contract will be provided after award if existing finishes are clearly present.
- C. Contractor shall use all reasonable means to divert construction and demolition waste from landfills and incinerators, and facilitate their salvage and recycle not limited to the following:
  - 1. Waste Management Plan development and implementation.
  - 2. Techniques to minimize waste generation.
  - 3. Sorting and separating of waste materials.
  - 4. Salvage of existing materials and items for reuse or resale.
  - 5. Recycling of materials that cannot be reused or sold.
- D. At a minimum the following waste categories shall be diverted from landfills:
  - 1. Soil.
  - 2. Inerts (eg, concrete, masonry and asphalt).
  - 3. Clean dimensional wood and palette wood.
  - 4. Green waste (biodegradable landscaping materials).
  - 5. Engineered wood products (plywood, particle board and I-joists, etc).
  - 6. Metal products (eg, steel, wire, beverage containers, copper, etc).
  - 7. Cardboard, paper and packaging.
  - 8. Bitumen roofing materials.

06-01-12

9. Plastics (eg, ABS, PVC).
10. Carpet and/or pad.
11. Gypsum board.
12. Insulation.
13. Paint.
14. Fluorescent lamps.

E. Contractor is required to provide their own dumpster(s) for the project.

#### **1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Section 02 41 00, DEMOLITION.
- B. Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.
- C. Lead Paint: Section 02 83 33.13, LEAD BASED PAINT REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL.

#### **1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Contractor shall practice efficient waste management when sizing, cutting and installing building products. Processes shall be employed to ensure the generation of as little waste as possible. Construction /Demolition waste includes products of the following:
  1. Excess or unusable construction materials.
  2. Packaging used for construction products.
  3. Poor planning and/or layout.
  4. Construction error.
  5. Over ordering.
  6. Weather damage.
  7. Contamination.
  8. Mishandling.
  9. Breakage.
- B. Establish and maintain the management of non-hazardous building construction and demolition waste set forth herein. Conduct a site assessment to estimate the types of materials that will be generated by demolition and construction.
- C. Contractor shall develop and implement procedures to recycle construction and demolition waste to a minimum of 50 percent.
- D. Contractor shall be responsible for implementation of any special programs involving rebates or similar incentives related to recycling. Any revenues or savings obtained from salvage or recycling shall accrue to the contractor.
- E. Contractor shall provide all demolition, removal and legal disposal of materials. Contractor shall ensure that facilities used for recycling,

06-01-12

reuse and disposal shall be permitted for the intended use to the extent required by local, state, federal regulations. The Whole Building Design Guide website <http://www.cwm.wbdg.org> provides a Construction Waste Management Database that contains information on companies that haul, collect, and process recyclable debris from construction projects.

- F. Contractor shall assign a specific area to facilitate separation of materials for reuse, salvage, recycling, and return. Such areas are to be kept neat and clean and clearly marked in order to avoid contamination or mixing of materials.
- G. Contractor shall provide on-site instructions and supervision of separation, handling, salvaging, recycling, reuse and return methods to be used by all parties during waste generating stages.
- H. Record on daily reports any problems in complying with laws, regulations and ordinances with corrective action taken.

#### **1.4 TERMINOLOGY**

- A. Class III Landfill: A landfill that accepts non-hazardous resources such as household, commercial and industrial waste resulting from construction, remodeling, repair and demolition operations.
- B. Clean: Untreated and unpainted; uncontaminated with adhesives, oils, solvents, mastics and like products.
- C. Construction and Demolition Waste: Includes all non-hazardous resources resulting from construction, remodeling, alterations, repair and demolition operations.
- D. Dismantle: The process of parting out a building in such a way as to preserve the usefulness of its materials and components.
- E. Disposal: Acceptance of solid wastes at a legally operating facility for the purpose of land filling (includes Class III landfills and inert fills).
- F. Inert Backfill Site: A location, other than inert fill or other disposal facility, to which inert materials are taken for the purpose of filling an excavation, shoring or other soil engineering operation.
- G. Inert Fill: A facility that can legally accept inert waste, such as asphalt and concrete exclusively for the purpose of disposal.
- H. Inert Solids/Inert Waste: Non-liquid solid resources including, but not limited to, soil and concrete that does not contain hazardous waste or soluble pollutants at concentrations in excess of water-quality

06-01-12

objectives established by a regional water board, and does not contain significant quantities of decomposable solid resources.

- I. Mixed Debris: Loads that include commingled recyclable and non-recyclable materials generated at the construction site.
- J. Mixed Debris Recycling Facility: A solid resource processing facility that accepts loads of mixed construction and demolition debris for the purpose of recovering re-usable and recyclable materials and disposing non-recyclable materials.
- K. Permitted Waste Hauler: A company that holds a valid permit to collect and transport solid wastes from individuals or businesses for the purpose of recycling or disposal.
- L. Recycling: The process of sorting, cleansing, treating, and reconstituting materials for the purpose of using the altered form in the manufacture of a new product. Recycling does not include burning, incinerating or thermally destroying solid waste.
  - 1. On-site Recycling - Materials that are sorted and processed on site for use in an altered state in the work, i.e. concrete crushed for use as a sub-base in paving.
  - 2. Off-site Recycling - Materials hauled to a location and used in an altered form in the manufacture of new products.
- M. Recycling Facility: An operation that can legally accept materials for the purpose of processing the materials into an altered form for the manufacture of new products. Depending on the types of materials accepted and operating procedures, a recycling facility may or may not be required to have a solid waste facilities permit or be regulated by the local enforcement agency.
- N. Reuse: Materials that are recovered for use in the same form, on-site or off-site.
- O. Return: To give back reusable items or unused products to vendors for credit.
- P. Salvage: To remove waste materials from the site for resale or re-use by a third party.
- Q. Source-Separated Materials: Materials that are sorted by type at the site for the purpose of reuse and recycling.
- R. Solid Waste: Materials that have been designated as non-recyclable and are discarded for the purposes of disposal.

06-01-12

S. Transfer Station: A facility that can legally accept solid waste for the purpose of temporarily storing the materials for re-loading onto other trucks and transporting them to a landfill for disposal, or recovering some materials for re-use or recycling.

#### **1.5 SUBMITTALS**

- A. In accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, and SAMPLES, furnish the following:
- B. Prepare and submit to the Resident Engineer a written demolition debris management plan. The plan shall include, but not be limited to, the following information:
  - 1. Procedures to be used for debris management.
  - 2. Techniques to be used to minimize waste generation.
  - 3. Analysis of the estimated job site waste to be generated:
    - a. List of each material and quantity to be salvaged, reused, recycled.
    - b. List of each material and quantity proposed to be taken to a landfill.
  - 4. Detailed description of the Means/Methods to be used for material handling.
    - a. On site: Material separation, storage, protection where applicable.
    - b. Off site: Transportation means and destination. Include list of materials.
      - 1) Description of materials to be site-separated and self-hauled to designated facilities.
      - 2) Description of mixed materials to be collected by designated waste haulers and removed from the site.
    - c. The names and locations of mixed debris reuse and recycling facilities or sites.
    - d. The names and locations of trash disposal landfill facilities or sites.
    - e. Documentation that the facilities or sites are approved to receive the materials.
- C. Designated Manager responsible for instructing personnel, supervising, documenting and administer over meetings relevant to the Waste Management Plan.

06-01-12

- D. Monthly summary of construction and demolition debris diversion and disposal, quantifying all materials generated at the work site and disposed of or diverted from disposal through recycling.

#### **1.6 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Publications are referenced by the basic designation only. In the event that criteria requirements conflict, the most stringent requirements shall be met.
- B. U.S. Green Building Council (USGBC):  
LEED Green Building Rating System for New Construction

#### **1.7 RECORDS**

- A. Maintain records to document the quantity of waste generated; the quantity of waste diverted through sale, reuse, or recycling; and the quantity of waste disposed by landfill or incineration. Records shall be kept in accordance with the LEED Reference Guide and LEED Template.
- B. Separate out materials and recycle them. Submit report from construction and demolition "recycle" facility. One such facility that can/has been used is the Waste Management C&D Recycling facility (formerly City Wide Recycling), 10700 West Brown Deer Road, Milwaukee, WI, 53224. Phone number is (414) 355 - 6500. Plant manager is Mike Miller. This Waste Management facility will give contractor estimated weight of recycled materials including LEED report identifying drywall, inert materials (bricks, concrete, etc.), metals, old cardboard, wood recycled and the approximate amount of materials that cannot be recycled --- which is then landfilled. Other facilities offering similar reporting and methods can be proposed by Contractor.

### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

#### **2.1 MATERIALS**

- A. List of each material and quantity to be salvaged, recycled, reused.
- B. List of each material and quantity proposed to be taken to a landfill.
- C. Material tracking data: Receiving parties, dates removed, transportation costs, weight tickets, tipping fees, manifests, invoices, net total costs or savings.

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### **3.1 COLLECTION**

- A. Provide all necessary containers, bins and storage areas to facilitate effective waste management.

06-01-12

- B. Clearly identify containers, bins and storage areas so that recyclable materials are separated from trash and can be transported to respective recycling facility for processing.
- C. Hazardous wastes shall be separated, stored, disposed of according to local, state, federal regulations.

### **3.2 DISPOSAL**

- A. Contractor shall be responsible for transporting and disposing of materials that cannot be delivered to a source-separated or mixed materials recycling facility to a transfer station or disposal facility that can accept the materials in accordance with state and federal regulations.
- B. Construction or demolition materials with no practical reuse or that cannot be salvaged or recycled shall be disposed of at a landfill or incinerator.

### **3.3 REPORT**

- A. With each application for progress payment, submit a summary of construction and demolition debris diversion and disposal including beginning and ending dates of period covered.
- B. Quantify all materials diverted from landfill disposal through salvage or recycling during the period with the receiving parties, dates removed, transportation costs, weight tickets, manifests, invoices. Include the net total costs or savings for each salvaged or recycled material.
- C. Quantify all materials disposed of during the period with the receiving parties, dates removed, transportation costs, weight tickets, tipping fees, manifests, invoices. Include the net total costs for each disposal.

### **3.4 REQUIRED TABLES : To be completed by Contractor and Supplied to VA.**

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MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

06-01-12

Project Name: _____		Location: _____		Project Contractor: _____	
COTR: _____					
Date: _____					
<b>Material Being Reused/Recycled</b>	<b>Reused/Recycled</b>	<b>Quantity (lbs or cubic yards)</b>	<b>Recycler/Location</b>	<b>Comments</b>	
Masonry					
Concrete					
Scrap Metals					
Packaging					
Drywall					
Wood					
Plumbing Fixtures					
Glass					
Plastics (noncontaminated)					
Acoustical Ceiling Tile					
Wire					
Light Fixtures					
Lamps					
Ballasts					
Carpeting					

06-01-12

Project Name: _____		Location: _____		Project Contractor: _____	
COTR: _____					
Date: _____					
<b>KEY:</b>					
<b>( R ) = Recycled Content</b>					
<b>(ES) = Energy Star</b>					
<b>(BP) = Biobased Product</b>					
<b>(FEMP) = FEMP-Designated Product</b>					
Product: What specific product was purchased?					
"Green" Content: What makes it green? % recycled, biobased, energy star, etc.					
Material	Product	"Green" Content	Manufacturer	Comments	
Appliances ( R )					
Bathroom Fixtures ( R )					
Building Insulation (R,ES)					
Cement and Concrete ( R )					
Composite panels (BP)					
Doors and skylights (ES)					
Floor tiles (R)					
Laminated paperboard (R)					
Structural fiberboard					
Roofing materials (R, BP, ES)					
Windows (ES)					
Office furniture					
Carpet (R)					
Carpet cushion (R)					
Compact fluorescent lamps (CFLs) (ES)					
Decorative light strings (ES)					
Downlight luminaires (FEMP)					
Fluorescent ballasts (FEMP)					
Fluorescent luminaires (FEMP)					
Fluorescent tube lamps (FEMP)					
LED lighting					
Light fixtures (ES)					
Lighting controls (FEMP)					
Mats (R)					
Paint -- consolidated latex paint (R)					
Paint -- reprocessed latex paint (R)					
Bike racks (R)					
Plastic fencing (R)					
Signage (R)					
Adhesive and Mastic Removers (BP)					
Carpet and Upholstery Cleaners - General Purpose (BP)					
Carpet and Upholstery Cleaners - Spot Removers (BP)					
Dust Suppressants (BP)					
Floor Strippers (BP)					
Graffiti and Grease Removers (BP)					
Sorbents (BP)					
Mats (R)					
Wood and concrete sealers (BP)					

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MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

06-01-12

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## **Introduction.**

This site based **Construction Waste Management Plan** has been developed to manage the non-hazardous building construction and demolition waste by diverting waste from the landfills through salvaging, recycling, or reusing building materials for the Department of Veterans Affairs during construction activities. The Construction Waste Management Plan has been designed to establish records to quantify construction and demolition debris diversion and disposal. Based on the work that is scheduled to be part of the contract and the engineering practices to be implemented in conjunction with the work, every effort is being made to protect the people, assets, and the environment of the Department of Veterans Affairs.

## **Contents.**

### ORGANIZATION AND RESPONSIBILITIES

- Job Site Superintendent
- General Contractor
- All Other On-site Personnel
- Construction/Renovation Area

### SITE DESCRIPTION

### PERSONNEL

### WASTE MANAGEMENT GOALS

### PLAN IMPLEMENTATION, OVERSIGHT & ENFORCEMENT

### MEETINGS & COMMUNICATION

### SITE ASSESSMENT DISPOSAL AND HANDLING

### WASTE AUDITING PROCEDURES

### WASTE MANAGEMENT DOCUMENTATION

## **Personnel Organization and Responsibilities.**

This construction project has been authorized by and is under the supervision of the Department of Veterans Affairs, Milwaukee, WI.

**Job Site Superintendent:** [Superintendent Name] will be the on-site employee responsible for the implementation and enforcement of the Construction Waste Management Plan and is so delegated by [Prime Contractor Name].

**Prime Contractor:** [Prime Contractor Name] will oversee the work of all construction staff and subcontractors. The Contractor will be responsible for instituting the measures as outlined in this Construction Waste Management Plan and ensuring their effectiveness.

**All Other On-site Personnel:** All other on-site construction personnel, including all subcontractors, will be responsible for adhering to the Construction Waste Management Plan as established by [Prime Contractor Name] as well as any additional practices, laws, and regulations for ensuring a safe work environment.

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MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

**Construction/Renovation Area:** The work will take place at the Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Center, Milwaukee Wisconsin. The main construction area is contained at the [Contract Location] as shown on the drawings.

**Site Description.**

The worksite is an enclosed steel, concrete and masonry building structure.

**Personnel.**

As required in Specification Section 01 74 19 Construction Waste Management: All construction workers will be aware of the Construction Waste Management Plan through the project's Pre-Construction Meeting as well as the Project Kick-Off Meeting conducted by [Prime Contractor Name]. The meetings will consist of the information contained in this Construction Waste Management Plan, including, but not limited to; the construction limits, waste management goals, plan implementation, oversight and enforcement, meetings and communication, documentation, site assessment-expected wastes, disposal and handling, trade contractor waste management plan, waste management progress report, and work area limits, as well as the safety guidelines of the VA. Upon completing this briefing [Superintendent Name] will enforce the Construction Waste Management Plan throughout the life of the project. Weekly contractor meetings will include the Construction Waste Management Plan as well as the Environmental Protection Plan in section 01 57 19 to ensure new and all workers onsite are aware of the requirements and procedures.

**Waste Management Goals.**

This Construction Waste Management Plan is the responsibility of the Prime Contractor and to be enforced for all subcontractors by the Prime Contractor. By effectively managing this Construction Waste Management Plan, [Prime Contractor Name] will recycle or salvage (for reuse) all feasible materials to a minimum of **50 percent by weight.**

The Waste Management Plan outlines the expected wastes to be confronted on site, means of disposal and handling methods, and required documentation. The [Prime Contractor Name] will provide non hazardous waste manifest identifying weight of all waste generated per delivery (dumpster)

This Construction Waste Management Plan is in conjunction with specification section 01 74  
19 Construction Waste Management.

[Prime Contractor Name] will monitor, implement, and document this plan throughout the construction of this project. Monitoring of on-site compliance with this plan will be performed by the [Prime Contractor Name] Superintendents on a daily basis. During demolition, the demolition contractor will provide one metal scrap dumpster and one mixed waste dumpster that will be used for all materials. The metal dumpster will be taken by [Demolition Subcontractor Name, Address] for recycling. The mixed waste dumpster will be taken to [Company 1 Name, address], where it will be sorted and separated for recycling. Any non-recyclable material will be sent to landfill. Recyclable material will be weighed and recorded by [Company 1 Name, address]. During reconstruction there will be one dumpster provided for mixed waste. The mixed waste dumpster will be taken to [Company 2 Name], where it will be sorted and separated for recycling. Records will be provided

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI VA MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

in accordance with LEED Reference Guide and LEED Template. The reports will be submitted monthly.

### **Meetings and Communication.**

Each and every trade contractor and subcontractor will be required to attend a Pre-Construction Meeting and Project Kick-Off Meeting. New construction personnel that are unable to attend are required to attend a brief safety meeting that will include a construction waste training session before being allowed to work on the site. Further, the Demolition Debris Management Plan will be on the agenda at regular construction meetings to update the project team on the status of [Prime Contractor Name] goals for diverted waste and what measures may need to be implemented if these goals are not being met.

### **SITE ASSESSMENT- DISPOSAL & HANDLING**

Contractor to provide dumpsters for processing recyclables and waste;  
Examples are: 1) Concrete materials; 2) Metal; 3) mixed waste All of these to be sorted at landfill site or recycling facility.

Upon approval, [Prime Contractor Name] will use the VA-provided cardboard dumpster for all cardboard materials.

The following table lists expected wastes on this project, their disposal method, and handling procedures:

#### **Hauler:**

[Company Name, Contact, Address]

#### **Recycling:**

[Company Name, Contact, Address]

Item	Disposal method	Handling Procedure	Destination/Recipient
Masonry	Recycle	Place in concrete dumpster	ACME WASTE, INC.
Concrete	Recycle	Place in concrete dumpster	ACME WASTE, INC.
Scrap Metals	Recycle	Place in Metal dumpster	ACME WASTE, INC.
Cardboard	Recycle or reuse	Minimal packaging where possible, or place in cardboard dumpster	VA-provided cardboard dumpster (permission required)
Drywall	Recycle	Place in mixed dumpster	ACME WASTE, INC.
Wood (clean)	Recycle	Place in mixed dumpster	ACME WASTE, INC.
Plumbing Fixtures	Recycle	Place in mixed dumpster	ACME WASTE, INC.
Glass	Recycle	Place in mixed	ACME WASTE, INC.

		dumpster	
Plastics (noncontaminated)	Recycle	Place in mixed dumpster	ACME WASTE, INC.
Plastics (contaminated)	Landfill	Place in mixed dumpster	ACME WASTE, INC.
Ceiling Tile	Recycle	Place in mixed dumpster	ACME WASTE, INC.
Wiring	Recycle/Salvage	Electrician will reuse or recycle	[Trade Subcontractor Name]
Light Fixtures	Recycle/Salvage	Electrician will reuse, salvage, or recycle	[Trade Subcontractor Name]
Lamps (Universal Waste)	Recycle/Salvage	Electrician will reuse, salvage, or recycle	[Trade Subcontractor Name]
Ballasts	Recycle/Salvage	Electrician will reuse, salvage, or recycle	[Trade Subcontractor Name]
Carpet	Recycle	Carpet Subcontractor place in mixed dumpster or recycle	[Company Name]
Inerts	Recycle	Place in Concrete Dumpster	[Company Name]
Soil	Reuse	Reuse throughout project	[Contractor Name]
All Other Wastes	Landfill	Reduce waste where possible, research recycling or reuse opportunities	[Company Name]

#### **Waste Auditing.**

All subcontractors are responsible for daily site cleanup and ensuring that all recycling containers are kept free of contamination. **[Prime Contractor Name]** representatives shall be responsible for daily checks of trash and recycling containers to check for and ensure the removal of contamination. Violators will be required to re-sort any misplaced waste and, if the problem continues, pay the cost of **[Prime Contractor Name]** time to sort recyclables from the trash. **[Prime Contractor Name]** representatives shall be responsible for contacting haulers for collection service.

#### **Documentation.**

Documentation of the waste management plan will consist of the following:

1. Records will be provided in accordance with LEED Reference Guide and LEED Template.
2. Records will include the amount of material salvaged, recycled and re-used.
3. Records will include a list of materials taken to the landfill.

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI VA MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

4. Material tracking data shall be provided indicating receiving parties, dates, weight tickets, tipping fees, manifests and the total resulting cost or savings.

The quantities in the report will be updated by **[Prime Contractor Name]** based on information provided by each Trade Contractor and the independent hauler under contract to provide the metal dumpsters. Each Trade Contractor shall be responsible for providing the following documentation for any waste generated on site that is not deposited in the dumpsters provided by **[Prime Contractor Name]**.

1. A record of the type and quantity (by weight) of each material salvaged, reused, recycled, or disposed in a manner other than that provided by **[Prime Contractor Name]** through their independent hauler.
2. Disposal receipts: Provide copies of all receipts issued by a disposal facility for CDL waste that is disposed in a landfill.
3. Recycling Receipts: Provide copies of all receipts issued by an approved recycling facility.
4. Salvaged materials document: types and quantities (by weight) for materials salvaged for reuse on site, sold, or donated to a third party.

This documentation will then be compiled by **[Prime Contractor Name]** in monthly waste tracking reports.

**SECTION 01 81 11**

**SUSTAINABLE DESIGN REQUIREMENTS**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 SUMMARY**

This Section describes general requirements and procedures to comply with the Guiding Principles for Leadership in High Performance and Sustainable Buildings Memorandum of Understanding incorporated in the Executive Orders 13423 and 13514; Energy Policy Act of 2005 (EPA 2005) and the Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 (EISA 2007).

**1.2 OBJECTIVES**

- A. To maximize resource efficiency and reduce the environmental impacts of construction and operation, the Contractor during the construction phase of this project shall implement the following procedures:
1. Select products that minimize consumption of energy, water and non-renewable resources, while minimizing the amounts of pollution resulting from the production and employment of building technologies. It is the intent of this project to conform with EPA's Five Guiding Principles on environmentally preferable purchasing. The five principles are:
    - a. Include environmental considerations as part of the normal purchasing process.
    - b. Emphasize pollution prevention early in the purchasing process.
    - c. Examine multiple environmental attributes throughout a product's or service's life cycle.
    - d. Compare relevant environmental impacts when selecting products and services.
    - e. Collect and base purchasing decisions on accurate and meaningful information about environmental performance.
  2. Control sources for potential Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) pollutants by controlled selection of materials and processes used in project construction in order to attain superior IAQ.
  3. Products and processes that achieve the above objectives to the extent currently possible and practical have been selected and included in these Construction Documents. The Contractor is responsible to maintain and support these objectives in developing means and methods for performing the work of this Contract and in

proposing product substitutions and/or changes to specified processes.

4. Use building practices that insure construction debris and particulates do not contaminate or enter duct work prior to system startup and turn over.

### **1.3 RELATED DOCUMENTS**

- A. Section 01 74 19 CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT
- B. Section 01 81 09 TESTING FOR INDOOR AIR QUALITY (not written yet)
- C. Section 01 91 00 GENERAL COMMISSIONING REQUIREMENTS

### **1.4 DEFINITIONS**

- A. Agrifiber Products: Composite panel products derived from agricultural fiber
- B. Biobased Product: As defined in the 2002 Farm Bill, a product determined by the Secretary to be a commercial or industrial product (other than food or feed) that is composed, in whole or in significant part, of biological products or renewable domestic agricultural materials (including plant, animal, and marine materials) or forestry materials
- C. Biobased Content: The weight of the biobased material divided by the total weight of the product and expressed as a percentage by weight
- D. Certificates of Chain-of-Custody: Certificates signed by manufacturers certifying that wood used to make products has been tracked through its extraction and fabrication to ensure that it was obtained from forests certified by a specified certification program
- E. Composite Wood: A product consisting of wood fiber or other plant particles bonded together by a resin or binder
- F. Construction and Demolition Waste: Includes solid wastes, such as building materials, packaging, rubbish, debris, and rubble resulting from construction, remodeling, repair and demolition operations. A construction waste management plan is to be provided by the Contractor as defined in Section 01 74 19.
- G. Third Party Certification: Certification of levels of environmental achievement by nationally recognized sustainability rating system.
- H. Light Pollution: Light that extends beyond its source such that the additional light is wasted in an unwanted area or in an area where it inhibits view of the night sky

02-01-13

- I. Recycled Content Materials: Products that contain pre-consumer or post-consumer materials as all or part of their feedstock
- J. Post-Consumer Recycled Content: The percentage by weight of constituent materials that have been recovered or otherwise diverted from the solid-waste stream after consumer use
- K. Pre-Consumer Recycled Content: Materials that have been recovered or otherwise diverted from the solid-waste stream during the manufacturing process. Pre-consumer content must be material that would not have otherwise entered the waste stream as per Section 5 of the FTC Act, Part 260 "Guidelines for the Use of Environmental Marketing Claims": [www.ftc.gov/bcp/grnrule/guides980427](http://www.ftc.gov/bcp/grnrule/guides980427)
- L. Regional Materials: Materials that are extracted, harvested, recovered, and manufactured within a radius of 250 miles (400 km) from the Project site
- M. Salvaged or Reused Materials: Materials extracted from existing buildings in order to be reused in other buildings without being manufactured
- N. Sealant: Any material that fills and seals gaps between other materials
- O. Type 1 Finishes: Materials and finishes which have a potential for short-term levels of off gassing from chemicals inherent in their manufacturing process, or which are applied in a form requiring vehicles or carriers for spreading which release a high level of particulate matter in the process of installation and/or curing.
- P. Type 2 Finishes: "Fuzzy" materials and finishes which are woven, fibrous, or porous in nature and tend to adsorb chemicals offgas
- Q. Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs): Any compound of carbon, excluding carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, carbonic acid, metallic carbides or carbonates, and ammonium carbonate, which participates in atmospheric photochemical reactions. Compounds that have negligible photochemical reactivity, listed in EPA 40 CFR 51.100(s), are also excluded from this regulatory definition.

#### **1.5 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Sustainable Design Submittals:
  - 1. Alternative Transportation: Provide manufacturer's cut sheets for all bike racks installed on site, including the total number of bicycle storage slots provided. Also, provide manufacturer's cut

02-01-13

sheets for any alternative-fuel refueling stations installed on site, including fueling capacity information for an 8-hour period.

2. Heat Island Effect:

a. Site Paving: Provide manufacturer's cut sheets for all impervious paving materials, highlighting the Solar Reflectance Index (SRI) of the material. Also, provide cut sheets for all pervious paving materials.

b. Roofing Materials: Submittals for roofing materials must include manufacturer's cut sheets or product data highlighting the Solar Reflectance Index (SRI) of the material.

3. Exterior Lighting Fixtures: Submittals must include cut sheets with manufacturer's data on initial fixture lumens above 90° from nadir for all exterior lighting fixtures, and, for parking lot lighting, verification that the fixtures are classified by the IESNA as "full cutoff" (FCO); OR provide documentation that exterior luminaires are IDA-Approved as Dark-Sky Friendly by the International Dark Sky Association (IDA) Fixture Seal of Approval Program.

4. Irrigation Systems: Provide manufacturer's cut sheets for all permanent landscape irrigation system components and for any rainwater harvesting system components, such as cisterns.

5. Water Conserving Fixtures: Submittals must include manufacturer's cut sheets for all water-consuming plumbing fixtures and fittings (toilets, urinals, faucets, showerheads, etc.) highlighting maximum flow rates and/or flush rates. Include cut sheets for any automatic faucet-control devices.

6. Process Water Use: Provide manufacturer's cut sheets for all water-consuming commercial equipment (clothes washers, dishwashers, ice machines, etc.), highlighting water consumption performance. Include manufacturer's cut sheets or product data for any cooling towers, highlighting water consumption estimates, water use reduction measures, and corrosion inhibitors.

7. Elimination of CFCs AND HCFCs: Provide manufacturer's cut sheets for all cooling equipment with manufacturer's product data, highlighting refrigerants; provide manufacturer's cut sheets for all fire-suppression equipment, highlighting fire-suppression agents; provide manufacturer's cut-sheets for all polystyrene insulation (XPS) and

02-01-13

- closed-cell spray foam polyurethane insulation, highlighting the blowing agent(s).
8. Appliances and Equipment: Provide copies of manufacturer's product data for all Energy Star eligible equipment and appliances, including office equipment, computers and printers, electronics, and commercial food service equipment (excluding HVAC and lighting components), verifying compliance with EPA's Energy Star program.
  9. On-Site Renewable Energy Systems: Provide cut sheets and manufacturer's product data for all on-site renewable energy generating components and equipment, including documentation of output capacity.
  10. Measurement and Verification Systems: Provide cut sheets and manufacturer's product data for all controls systems, highlighting electrical metering and trending capability components.
  11. Salvaged or Reused Materials: Provide documentation that lists each salvaged or reused material, the source or vendor of the material, the purchase price, and the replacement cost if greater than the purchase price.
  12. Recycled Content: Submittals for all materials with recycled content (excluding MEP systems equipment and components) must include the following documentation: Manufacturer's product data, product literature, or a letter from the manufacturer verifying the percentage of post-consumer and pre-consumer recycled content (by weight) of each material or product
    - a. An electronic spreadsheet that tabulates the Project's total materials cost and combined recycled content value (defined as the sum of the post-consumer recycled content value plus one-half of the pre-consumer recycled content value) expressed as a percentage of total materials cost. This spreadsheet shall be submitted every third month with the Contractor's Certificate and Application for Payment. It should indicate, on an ongoing basis, line items for each material, including cost, pre-consumer recycled content, post-consumer recycled content, and combined recycled content value.
  13. Regional Materials: Submittals for all products or materials expected to contribute to the regional calculation (excluding MEP

systems equipment and components) must include the following documentation:

- a. Cost of each material or product, excluding cost of labor and equipment for installation
  - b. Location of product manufacture and distance from point of manufacture to the Project Site
  - c. Location of point of extraction, harvest, or recovery for each raw material in each product and distance from the point of extraction, harvest, or recovery to the Project Site
  - d. Manufacturer's product data, product literature, or a letter from the manufacturer verifying the location and distance from the Project Site to the point of manufacture for each regional material
  - e. Manufacturer's product data, product literature, or a letter from the manufacturer verifying the location and distance from the Project Site to the point of extraction, harvest, or recovery for each regional material or product, including, at a minimum, gravel and fill, planting materials, concrete, masonry, and GWB
  - f. An electronic spreadsheet that tabulates the Project's total materials cost and regional materials value, expressed as a percentage of total materials cost. This spreadsheet shall be submitted every third month with the Contractor's Certificate and Application for Payment. It should indicate on an ongoing basis, line items for each material, including cost, location of manufacture, distance from manufacturing plant to the Project Site, location of raw material extraction, and distance from extraction point to the Project Site.
14. Outdoor Air Delivery Monitoring: Provide manufacturer's cut sheets highlighting the installed carbon dioxide monitoring system components and sequence of controls shop drawing documentation, including CO2 differential set-points and alarm capabilities.
  15. Interior Adhesives and Sealants: Submittals for all field-applied adhesives and sealants, which have a potential impact on indoor air, must include manufacturer's MSDSs or other Product Data highlighting VOC content.

02-01-13

- a. Provide manufacturers' documentation verifying all adhesives used to apply laminates, whether shop-applied or field-applied, contain no urea-formaldehyde.
- 16. Interior Paints and Coatings: Submittals for all field-applied paints and coatings, which have a potential impact on indoor air, must include manufacturer's MSDSs or other Product Data highlighting VOC content
- 17. Exterior Paints and Coatings: Submittals for all field-applied paints and coatings, which have a potential impact on ambient air quality, must include manufacturer's MSDSs or other manufacturer's Product Data highlighting VOC content.
- 18. Floorcoverings:
  - a. Carpet Systems: Submittals for all carpet must include the following:
    - 1) A copy of an assessment from the Building for Environmental and Economic Sustainability (BEES) software model, either Version 3.0 or 4.0, with parameters of the model set as described by this specification section.
    - 2) Manufacturer's product data verifying that all carpet systems meet or exceed the testing and product requirements of the Carpet and Rug Institute Green Label Plus program.
  - b. Engineered Wood Flooring: Submittals for all engineered wood flooring must include manufacturer's product data verifying certification under either the Greenguard or FloorScore indoor emissions testing program.
- 19. Composite Wood and Agrifiber Binders: Submittals for all composite wood and agrifiber products (including but not limited to particleboard, wheatboard, strawboard, agriboard products, engineered wood components, solid-core wood doors, OSB, MDF, and plywood products) must include manufacturer's product data verifying that these products contain no urea-formaldehyde resins.
- 20. Systems Furniture and Seating: Provide manufacturer's product data verifying that all systems furniture and seating products meet the requirements of one of the following:
  - a. Greenguard certification
  - b. SCS Indoor Advantage certification

02-01-13

- c. SCS Indoor Advantage Gold certification
  - d. BIFMA Standard X7.1-2005, as tested to BIFMA method M7.1-2005 and as verified by an independent laboratory
  - d. Calculated indoor air concentration limits for furniture systems and seating determined by the U.S. EPA's Environmental Technology Verification Large Chamber Test Protocol for Measuring Emissions of VOCs and Aldehydes (September 1999) testing protocol as conducted in an independent air quality testing laboratory
21. Entryway Systems: Provide manufacturer's cut sheets for all walk-off systems installed to capture particulates, including permanently installed grates, grilles, slotted systems, direct glue-down walk-off mats, and non-permanent roll-out mats.
22. Air Filtration: Provide manufacturer's cut sheets and product data highlighting the following:
- a. Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) for filtration media in all air handling units (AHUs) per ASHRAE HVAC Design Manual for Hospitals and Clinics.
  - b. Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) for filtration media installed at return air grilles during construction if permanently installed AHUs are used during construction. See above for requirements
23. Mercury in Lighting: Provide manufacturer's cut sheets or product data for all fluorescent or HID lamps highlighting mercury content.
24. Lighting Controls: Provide manufacturer's cut sheets and shop drawing documentation highlighting all lighting controls systems components.
25. Thermal Comfort Controls: Provide manufacturer's cut sheets and shop drawing documentation highlighting all thermal comfort-control systems components.
26. Blended Cement: It is the intent of this specification to reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions and other environmentally detrimental effects resulting from the production of portland cement by requiring that all concrete mixes, in aggregate, utilize blended cement mixes to displace portland cement as specified in Section 03 30 00, CONCRETE typically included in conventional construction. Provide the following submittals:
- a. Copies of concrete design mixes for all installed concrete

02-01-13

- b. Copies of typical regional baseline concrete design mixes for all compressive strengths used on the Project
- c. Quantities in cubic yards of each installed concrete mix
- 27. Gypsum Wall Board: Provide manufacturer's cut sheets or product data verifying that all gypsum wallboard products are moisture and mold-resistant.
- 28. Fiberglass Insulation: Provide manufacturer's cut sheets or product data verifying that fiberglass batt insulation contains no urea-formaldehyde.
- 29. Duct Acoustical Insulation: Provide manufacturer's cut sheets or product data verifying that mechanical sound insulation materials in air distribution ducts consists of an impervious, non-porous coatings that prevent dust from accumulating in the insulating materials.
- 30. Green Housekeeping: Provide documentation that all cleaning products and janitorial paper products meet the VOC limits and content requirements of this specification section.
- B. Project Materials Cost Data: Provide a spreadsheet in an electronic file indicating the total cost for the Project and the total cost of building materials used for the Project, as follows:
  - 1. Not more than 60 days after the Preconstruction Meeting, the General Contractor shall provide to the Owner and Architect a preliminary schedule of materials costs for all materials used for the Project organized by specification section. Exclude labor costs and all mechanical, electrical, and plumbing (MEP) systems materials and labor costs. Include the following:
    - a. Identify each reused or salvaged material, its cost, and its replacement value.
    - b. Identify each recycled-content material, its post-consumer and pre-consumer recycled content as a percentage the product's weight, its cost, its combined recycled content value (defined as the sum of the post-consumer recycled content value plus one-half of the pre-consumer recycled content value), and the total combined recycled content value for all materials as a percentage of total materials costs.
    - c. Identify each regional material, its cost, its manufacturing location, the distance of this location from the Project site,

02-01-13

the source location for each raw material component of the material, the distance of these extraction locations from the Project site, and the total value of regional materials as a percentage of total materials costs.

- d. Identify each biobased material, its source, its cost, and the total value of biobased materials as a percentage of total materials costs. Also provide the total value of rapidly renewable materials (materials made from plants that are harvested in less than a 10-year cycle) as a percentage of total materials costs.
  - e. Identify each wood-based material, its cost, the total wood-based materials cost, each FSC Certified wood material, its cost, and the total value of Certified wood as a percentage of total wood-based materials costs.
2. Provide final versions of the above spreadsheets to the Owner and Architect not more than 14 days after Substantial Completion.
- C. Construction Waste Management: See Section 01 74 19 "Construction Waste Management" for submittal requirements.
- D. Construction Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) Management: Submittals must include the following:
1. Not more than 30 days after the Preconstruction Meeting, prepare and submit for the Architect and Owner's approval, an electronic copy of the draft Construction IAQ Management Plan in an electronic file including, but not limited to, descriptions of the following:
  2. Instruction procedures for meeting or exceeding the minimum requirements of the Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning National Contractors Association (SMACNA) IAQ Guidelines for Occupied Buildings Under Construction, 1995, Chapter 3, including procedures for HVAC Protection, Source Control, Pathway Interruption, Housekeeping, and Scheduling
    - a. Instruction procedures for protecting absorptive materials stored on-site or installed from moisture damage
    - b. Schedule of submission to Architect of photographs of on-site construction IAQ management measures such as protection of ducts and on-site stored oil installed absorptive materials

02-01-13

- c. Instruction procedures if air handlers must be used during construction, including a description of filtration media to be used at each return air grille
  - d. Instruction procedure for replacing all air-filtration media immediately prior to occupancy after completion of construction, including a description of filtration media to be used at each air handling or air supply unit
- 3. Not more than 30 days following receipt of the approved draft CIAQMP, submit an electronic copy of the approved CIAQMP in an electronic file, along with the following:
  - a. Manufacturer's cut sheets and product data highlighting the Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) for all filtration media to be installed at return air grilles during construction if permanently installed AHUs are used during construction.
  - b. Manufacturer's cut sheets and product data highlighting the Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) for filtration media in all air handling units (AHUs).
- 4. Not more than 14 days after Substantial Completion provide the following:
  - a. Documentation verifying required replacement of air filtration media in all air handling units (AHUs) after the completion of construction and prior to occupancy and, if applicable, required installation of filtration during construction.
  - b. Minimum of 18 Construction photographs: Six photographs taken on three different occasions during construction of the SMACNA approaches employed, along with a brief description of each approach, documenting implementation of the IAQ management measures, such as protection of ducts and on-site stored or installed absorptive materials.
  - c. A copy of the report from testing and inspecting agency documenting the results of IAQ testing, demonstrating conformance with IAQ testing procedures and requirements defined in Section 01 81 09 "Testing for Indoor Air Quality."
- E. Commissioning: See Section 01 91 00 "General Commissioning Requirements" for submittal requirements.
- F. Sustainable Design Progress Reports: Concurrent with each Application for Payment, submit reports for the following:

1. Construction Waste Management: Waste reduction progress reports and logs complying with the requirements of Section 01 74 19 "Construction Waste Management."
2. Construction IAQ Management: See details below under Section 3.2 Construction Indoor Air Quality Management for Construction IAQ management progress report requirements.

#### **1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Preconstruction Meeting: After award of Contract and prior to the commencement of the Work, schedule and conduct meeting with Owner, Architect, and all Subcontractors to discuss the Construction Waste Management Plan, the required Construction Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) Management Plan, and all other Sustainable Design Requirements. The purpose of this meeting is to develop a mutual understanding of the Project's Sustainable Design Requirements and coordination of the Contractor's management of these requirements with the Contracting Officer and the Construction Quality Manager.
- B. Construction Job Conferences: The status of compliance with the Sustainable Design Requirements of these specifications will be an agenda item at all regular job meetings conducted during the course of work at the site.

### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

#### **2.1 PRODUCT ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS: NOT APPLICABLE**

- G. Water-Conserving Fixtures: Plumbing fixtures and fittings shall use in aggregate at least 20% less water than the water use baseline calculated for the building after meeting the Energy Policy Act of 1992 fixture performance requirements. Flow and flush rates shall not exceed the following:
  1. Toilets: no more than 1.3 gallons per flush, otherwise be dual flush 1.6/0.8 gallons per flush, and have documented bowl evacuation capability per MaP testing of at least 400 grams
  2. Urinals: Waterless or Water sense rated with no more than 0.5 gallons per flush.
  3. Lavatory Faucets: 0.5 gpm with automatic faucet controls
  4. Kitchen Sink Lavatories: 2.2 gpm
  5. Showerheads: no more than 1.5gpm
- H. Process Water Use: Employ strategies that in aggregate result in 20% less water use than the process water use baseline for the building

02-01-13

after meeting the commercial equipment and HVAC performance requirements as listed in the Table below. For equipment not addressed by EPACT 2005 or the list below, additional equipment performance requirements may be proposed provided documentation supporting the proposed benchmark or industry standard is submitted.

1. Clothes Washer: 7.5 gallons/cubic foot/cycle
2. Dishwasher with Racks: 1.0 gallons/rack
3. Ice Machine: 20 gallons/100 pounds ice for machines making over 175 pounds of ice per day; 30 gallons/100 pounds ice for machines making less than 175 ice per day. Avoid water-cooled machines.
4. Food Steamer: 2 gallons/hour. Use only boilerless steamers.
5. Pre-Rinse Spray Valves: 1.4 gallons/minute
6. Kitchen Pot-Washing Sinks: 2.2 gallons/minute
7. Cooling Towers: 2.3 gallons/ton-hr. water loss

I. Elimination of CFCs AND HCFCs:

1. Ozone Protection and Greenhouse Gas Reduction: Base building cooling equipment shall contain no refrigerants other than the following: HCFC-123, HFC-134a, HFC-245fa, HFC-407c, or HFC 410a.
2. Fire suppression systems may not contain ozone-depleting substances such as halon 1301 and 1211.
3. Extruded polystyrene insulation (XPS) and closed-cell spray foam polyurethane insulation shall not be manufactured with hydrochlorofluorocarbon (HCFC) blowing agents.

J. Appliances and Equipment: All materials and equipment being installed that falls under the Energy Star or FEMP programs must be Energy Star or FEMP-rated. Eligible equipment includes refrigerators, motors, laundry equipment, office equipment and more. Refer to each program's website for a complete list.

K. HVAC Distribution Efficiency:

1. All duct systems shall be constructed of aluminum, stainless steel or galvanized sheet metal, as deemed appropriate based on the application requirements. No fiberglass duct board shall be permitted.
2. All medium- and high-pressure ductwork systems shall be pressure-tested in accordance with the current SMACNA standards.
3. All ductwork shall be externally insulated. No interior duct liner shall be permitted.

4. Where possible, all air terminal connections shall be hard-connected with sheet metal ductwork. If flexible ductwork is used, no flexible duct extension shall be more than six feet in length.
  5. All HVAC equipment shall be isolated from the ductwork system with flexible duct connectors to minimize the transmittance of vibration.
  6. All supply and return air branch ducts shall include the appropriate style of volume damper. Air terminal devices such as grilles, registers, and diffusers shall be balanced at duct branch dampers, not at terminal face.
- L. Measurement and Verification: Install controls and monitoring devices as required by MEP divisions order to comply with International Performance Measurement & Verification Protocol (IPMVP), Volume III: Concepts and Options for Determining Energy Savings in New Construction, April 2003, Option D.
1. The IPMVP provides guidance on situation-appropriate application of measurement and verification strategies.
- M. Salvaged or Reused materials: There shall be no substitutions for specified salvaged and reused materials and products.
1. Salvaged materials: Use of salvaged materials reduces impacts of disposal and manufacturing of replacements.
- N. Recycled Content of Materials:
1. Provide building materials with recycled content such that post-consumer recycled content value plus half the pre-consumer recycled content value constitutes a minimum of 30% of the cost of materials used for the Project, exclusive of all MEP equipment, labor, and delivery costs. The Contractor shall make all attempts to maximize the procurement of materials with recycled content.
    - a. e post-consumer recycled content value of a material shall be determined by dividing the weight of post-consumer recycled content by the total weight of the material and multiplying by the cost of the material.
    - b. Do not include mechanical and electrical components in the calculations.
    - c. Do not include labor and delivery costs in the calculations.
    - d. Recycled content of materials shall be defined according to the Federal Trade Commission's "Guide for the Use of Environmental Marketing Claims," 16 CFR 260.7 (e).

- e. Utilize all on-site existing paving materials that are scheduled for demolition as granulated fill, and include the cost of this material had it been purchased in the calculations for recycled content value.
- f. The materials in the following list must contain the minimum recycled content indicated:

Category	Minimum Recycled Content
Compost/mulch	100% post-consumer
Asphaltic Concrete Paving	25% post-consumer
Cast-in-Place Concrete	6% pre-consumer
CMU: Gray Block	20% pre-consumer
Steel Reinforcing Bars	90% combined
Structural Steel Shapes	90% combined
Steel Joists	75% combined
Steel Deck	75% combined
Steel Fabrications	60% combined
Steel Studs	30% combined
Steel Roofing	30% post-consumer
Aluminum Fabrications	35% combined
Rigid Insulation	20% pre-consumer
Batt insulation	30% combined

0. Biobased Content:

1. For products designated by the USDA's BioPreferred program, provide products that meet or exceed USDA recommendations for biobased content, so long as products meet all other performance requirements in VA master specifications. For more information regarding the product categories covered by the BioPreferred program, visit <http://www.biopreferred.gov>

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI VA MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

02-01-13

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**SECTION 01 91 00**

**GENERAL COMMISSIONING REQUIREMENTS**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

- A. This Section 01 91 00 GENERAL COMMISSIONING REQUIREMENTS shall form the basis of the construction phase commissioning process and procedures. The Commissioning Agent shall add, modify, and refine the commissioning procedures, as approved by the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA), to suit field conditions and actual manufacturer's equipment, incorporate test data and procedure results, and provide detailed scheduling for all commissioning tasks.
- B. Various sections of the project specifications require equipment startup, testing, and adjusting services. Requirements for startup, testing, and adjusting services specified in the Division 7, Division 21, Division 22, Division 23, Division 26, Division 27, Division 28, and Division 31 series sections of these specifications are intended to be provided in coordination with the commissioning services and are not intended to duplicate services. The Contractor shall coordinate the work required by individual specification sections with the commissioning services requirements specified herein.
- C. Where individual testing, adjusting, or related services are required in the project specifications and not specifically required by this commissioning requirements specification, the specified services shall be provided and copies of documentation, as required by those specifications shall be submitted to the VA and the Commissioning Agent to be indexed for future reference.
- D. Where training or educational services for VA are required and specified in other sections of the specifications, including but not limited to Division 7, Division 8, Division 21, Division 22, Division 23, Division 26, Division 27, Division 28, and Division 31 series sections of the specification, these services are intended to be provided in addition to the training and educational services specified herein.
- E. Commissioning is a systematic process of verifying that the building systems perform interactively according to the construction documents and the VA's operational needs. The commissioning process shall

encompass and coordinate the system documentation, equipment startup, control system calibration, testing and balancing, performance testing and training. Commissioning during the construction, and post-occupancy phases is intended to achieve the following specific objectives according to the contract documents:

1. Verify that the applicable equipment and systems are installed in accordance with the contract documents and according to the manufacturer's recommendations.
  2. Verify and document proper integrated performance of equipment and systems.
  3. Verify that Operations & Maintenance documentation is complete.
  4. Verify that all components requiring servicing can be accessed, serviced and removed without disturbing nearby components including ducts, piping, cabling or wiring.
  5. Verify that the VA's operating personnel are adequately trained to enable them to operate, monitor, adjust, maintain, and repair building systems in an effective and energy-efficient manner.
  6. Document the successful achievement of the commissioning objectives listed above.
- F. The commissioning process does not take away from or reduce the responsibility of the Contractor to provide a finished and fully functioning product.
- G. The Commissioning Agent, both the firm and individual designated as the Commissioning Agent, shall be certified by at least one of the following entities: the National Environmental Balancing Bureau (NEBB), the Associated Air Balance Council Commissioning Group (AABC), and the Building Commissioning Association (BCA). Certification(s) shall be valid and active. Proof of certification(s) shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer and the Resident Engineer three (3) calendar days after the Notice to Proceed.

## **1.2 CONTRACTUAL RELATIONSHIPS**

- A. For this construction project, the Department of Veterans Affairs contracts with a Contractor to provide construction services. The contracts are administered by the VA Contracting Officer and the Resident Engineer as the designated representative of the Contracting Officer. On this project, the authority to modify the contract in any

way is strictly limited to the authority of the Contracting Officer and the Resident Engineer.

- B. In this structure, only two contract parties are recognized and communications on contractual issues are strictly limited to VA Resident Engineer and the Contractor. It is the practice of the VA to require that communications between other parties to the contracts (Subcontractors and Vendors) be conducted through the Resident Engineer and Contractor. It is also the practice of the VA that communications between other parties of the project (Commissioning Agent and Architect/Engineer) be conducted through the Resident Engineer.
- C. Whole Building Commissioning is a process that relies upon frequent and direct communications, as well as collaboration between all parties to the construction process. By its nature, a high level of communication and cooperation between the Commissioning Agent and all other parties (Architects, Engineers, Subcontractors, Vendors, third party testing agencies, etc) is essential to the success of the Commissioning effort.
- D. With these fundamental practices in mind, the commissioning process described herein has been developed to recognize that, in the execution of the Commissioning Process, the Commissioning Agent must develop effective methods to communicate with every member of the construction team involved in delivering commissioned systems while simultaneously respecting the exclusive contract authority of the Contracting Officer and Resident Engineer. Thus, the procedures outlined in this specification must be executed within the following limitations:
  - 1. No communications (verbal or written) from the Commissioning Agent shall be deemed to constitute direction that modifies the terms of any contract between the Department of Veterans Affairs and the Contractor.
  - 2. Commissioning Issues identified by the Commissioning Agent will be delivered to the Resident Engineer and copied to the designated Commissioning Representatives for the Contractor and subcontractors on the Commissioning Team for information only in order to expedite the communication process. These issues must be understood as the professional opinion of the Commissioning Agent and as suggestions for resolution.

3. In the event that any Commissioning Issues and suggested resolutions are deemed by the Resident Engineer to require either an official interpretation of the construction documents or require a modification of the contract documents, the Contracting Officer or Resident Engineer will issue an official directive to this effect.
4. All parties to the Commissioning Process shall be individually responsible for alerting the Resident Engineer of any issues that they deem to constitute a potential contract change prior to acting on these issues.
5. Authority for resolution or modification of design and construction issues rests solely with the Contracting Officer or Resident Engineer, with appropriate technical guidance from the Architect/Engineer and/or Commissioning Agent.

### **1.3 RELATED WORK**

- A. Section 01 00 00 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.
- C. Section 21 08 00 COMMISSIONING OF FIRE PROTECTION SYSTEMS.
- D. Section 22 08 00 COMMISSIONING OF PLUMBING SYSTEMS.
- E. Section 23 08 00 COMMISSIONING OF HVAC SYSTEMS.
- F. Section 26 08 00 COMMISSIONING OF ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS.
- G. Section 27 08 00 COMMISSIONING OF COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS.
- H. Section 28 08 00 COMMISSIONING OF ELECTRONIC SAFETY AND SECURITY SYSTEMS.
- I. Section 31 08 00 COMMISSIONING OF UTILITIES.

### **1.4 SUMMARY**

- A. This Section includes general requirements that apply to implementation of commissioning without regard to systems, subsystems, and equipment being commissioned.
- B. The commissioning activities have been developed to support the VA requirements to meet guidelines for Federal Leadership in Environmental, Energy, and Economic Performance.
- D. The commissioning activities have been developed to support the Green Buildings Initiative Green Globes rating program and to support delivery of project performance in accordance with the VA requirements developed for the project.

### **1.5 DEFINITIONS**

- A. Architect: Includes Architect identified in the Contract for Construction between the Department of Veterans Affairs and Contractor,

plus consultant/design professionals responsible for design of fire suppression, plumbing, HVAC, controls for HVAC systems, electrical, communications, electronic safety and security, as well as other related systems.

- B. CxA: Commissioning Agent.
- C. Commissioning Plan: a document that is an overall plan that outlines the commissioning process, commissioning team responsibilities, schedule for commissioning activities, and commissioning documents.
- D. Commissioning Issue: a condition in the installation or function of a component, piece of equipment or system that affects the system operations, maintenance, and/or repair.
- E. Commissioning Observation: a condition in the installation or function of a component, piece of equipment or system that may not be in compliance with the Contract Documents, or may not be in compliance with the manufacturer's installation instruction, or may not be in compliance with generally accepted industry standards.
- F. Systems Functional Performance Test: a test, or tests, of the dynamic function and operation of equipment and systems using manual (direct observation) or monitoring methods. Systems Functional Performance Testing is the dynamic testing of systems (rather than just components) under full operation (e.g., the chiller pump is tested interactively with the chiller functions to see if the pump ramps up and down to maintain the differential pressure setpoint). Systems are tested under various modes, such as during low cooling or heating loads, high loads, component failures, unoccupied, varying outside air temperatures, fire alarm, power failure, etc. The systems are run through all the control system's sequences of operation and components are verified to be responding as the sequences state. Traditional air or water test and balancing (TAB) is not Systems Functional Performance Testing, in the commissioning sense of the word. TAB's primary work is setting up the system flows and pressures as specified, while System Functional Performance Testing is verifying that the system has already been set up properly and is functioning in accordance with the Construction Documents. The Commissioning Agent develops the Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures in a sequential written form, coordinates, witnesses, and documents the actual testing. Systems Functional Performance Testing is performed by the Contractor. Systems Functional

Performance Tests are performed after startups, control systems are complete and operational, TAB functions and Pre-Functional Checklists are complete.

- G. System: A system is defined as the entire set of components, equipment, and subsystems which must be coordinated to work together during normal operation to produce results for which the system is designed. For example, air conditioning supply air is only one component of an entire system which provides comfort conditions for a building. Other related components are return air, exhaust air, steam supply, chilled water supply, refrigerant supply, hot water supply, controls and electrical service, etc. Another example of a system which involves several components of different disciplines is a boiler installation. Efficient and acceptable boiler operation depends upon the coordination and proper operation of the fuel supply, combustion air, controls, steam, feedwater supply, condensate return and other related components.
- H. Pre-Functional Checklist: a list of items provided by the Commissioning Agent to the Contractor that require inspection and elementary component tests conducted to verify proper installation of equipment. Pre-Functional Checklists are primarily static inspections and procedures to prepare the equipment or system for initial operation (e.g., belt tension, oil levels OK, labels affixed, gages in place, sensors calibrated, etc.). However, some Pre-Functional Checklist items entail simple testing of the function of a component, a piece of equipment or system (such as measuring the voltage imbalance on a three-phase pump motor of a chiller system). The term "Pre-Functional" refers to before Systems Functional Performance Testing. Pre-Functional Checklists augment and are combined with the manufacturer's startup checklist and the Contractor's Quality Control checklists.
- I. Seasonal Functional Performance Testing: a test or tests that are deferred until the system will experience conditions closer to their design conditions.
- J. VA: Includes the Contracting Officer, Resident Engineer, or other authorized representative of the Department of Veterans Affairs.
- K. TAB: Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing.

#### **1.6 SYSTEMS TO BE COMMISSIONED**

- A. Commissioning of a system or systems specified for this project is part of the construction process. Documentation and testing of these systems, as well as training of the VA's Operation and Maintenance personnel, is required in cooperation with the VA and the Commissioning Agent.
- B. The following systems will be commissioned as part of this project:

- 1. HVAC (Division 23)

- a. Direct Digital Control System (BACnet or similar Local Area Network (LAN), Operator Work Station hardware and software, building controller hardware and software, terminal unit controller hardware and software, all sequences of operation, system accuracy and response time).

- 2. Electrical (Division 26)

- 1. Lighting Controls Occupancy Sensors (verify all proper adjustments, including sensitivity and time delay setting) .

- 3. Communications (Division 27)

- a. Facility Telecommunications and Data Distribution Systems.
  - b. Nurse Call / Code Blue Systems (Local stations, system hardware and software, reset functions, response time per activation, and notification signals).
  - c. Public Address and Mass Notification Systems (Amplifiers and head-end hardware, speaker volume, and background noise - i.e. hiss or similar interference).

- 4. Electronic Safety and Security (Division 28)

- a. Fire Detection and Alarm (Master panel and software, addressable units - i.e. pull stations, flow detectors, heat detectors, etc., controls and alarm functions, horns/bells/door releases and other output devices, ).

#### **1.7 COMMISSIONING TEAM**

- A. Members Appointed by Contractor:
  - 1. Contractor: The designated person, company, or entity that plans, schedules and coordinates the commissioning activities for the construction team.

2. Contractor's Commissioning Representative(s): Individual(s), each having authority to act on behalf of the entity he or she represents, explicitly organized to implement the commissioning process through coordinated actions. The commissioning team shall consist of, but not be limited to, representatives of Contractor, including Project Superintendent and subcontractors, installers, suppliers, and specialists deemed appropriate by the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) and Commissioning Agent.

B. Members Appointed by VA:

1. Commissioning Agent: The designated person, company, or entity that plans, schedules, and coordinates the commissioning team to implement the commissioning process. The VA will engage the CxA under a separate contract.
2. Representatives of the facility user and operation and maintenance personnel.
3. Architect and engineering design professionals.

**1.8 VA'S COMMISSIONING RESPONSIBILITIES**

- A. Appoint an individual, company or firm to act as the Commissioning Agent.
- B. Assign operation and maintenance personnel and schedule them to participate in commissioning team activities including, but not limited to, the following:
  1. Coordination meetings.
  2. Training in operation and maintenance of systems, subsystems, and equipment.
  3. Testing meetings.
  4. Witness and assist in Systems Functional Performance Testing.
  5. Demonstration of operation of systems, subsystems, and equipment.
- C. Provide the Construction Documents, prepared by Architect and approved by VA, to the Commissioning Agent and for use in managing the commissioning process, developing the commissioning plan, systems manuals, and reviewing the operation and maintenance training plan.

**1.9 CONTRACTOR'S COMMISSIONING RESPONSIBILITIES**

- A. The Contractor shall assign a Commissioning Manager to manage commissioning activities of the Contractor, and subcontractors.
- B. The Contractor shall ensure that the commissioning responsibilities outlined in these specifications are included in all subcontracts and

that subcontractors comply with the requirements of these specifications.

C. The Contractor shall ensure that each installing subcontractor shall assign representatives with expertise and authority to act on behalf of the subcontractor and schedule them to participate in and perform commissioning team activities including, but not limited to, the following:

1. Participate in commissioning coordination meetings.
2. Conduct operation and maintenance training sessions in accordance with approved training plans.
3. Verify that Work is complete and systems are operational according to the Contract Documents, including calibration of instrumentation and controls.
4. Evaluate commissioning issues and commissioning observations identified in the Commissioning Issues Log, field reports, test reports or other commissioning documents. In collaboration with entity responsible for system and equipment installation, recommend corrective action.
5. Review and comment on commissioning documentation.
6. Participate in meetings to coordinate Systems Functional Performance Testing.
7. Provide schedule for operation and maintenance data submittals, equipment startup, and testing to Commissioning Agent for incorporation into the commissioning plan.
8. Provide information to the Commissioning Agent for developing commissioning plan.
9. Participate in training sessions for VA's operation and maintenance personnel.
10. Provide technicians who are familiar with the construction and operation of installed systems and who shall develop specific test procedures to conduct Systems Functional Performance Testing of installed systems.

#### **1.10 COMMISSIONING AGENT'S RESPONSIBILITIES**

- A. Organize and lead the commissioning team.
- B. Prepare the commissioning plan. See Paragraph 1.11-A of this specification Section for further information.

- C. Review and comment on selected submittals from the Contractor for general conformance with the Construction Documents. Review and comment on the ability to test and operate the system and/or equipment, including providing gages, controls and other components required to operate, maintain, and test the system. Review and comment on performance expectations of systems and equipment and interfaces between systems relating to the Construction Documents.
- D. At the beginning of the construction phase, conduct an initial construction phase coordination meeting for the purpose of reviewing the commissioning activities and establishing tentative schedules for operation and maintenance submittals; operation and maintenance training sessions; TAB Work; Pre-Functional Checklists, Systems Functional Performance Testing; and project completion.
- E. Convene commissioning team meetings for the purpose of coordination, communication, and conflict resolution; discuss status of the commissioning processes. Responsibilities include arranging for facilities, preparing agenda and attendance lists, and notifying participants. The Commissioning Agent shall prepare and distribute minutes to commissioning team members and attendees within five workdays of the commissioning meeting.
- F. Observe construction and report progress, observations and issues. Observe systems and equipment installation for adequate accessibility for maintenance and component replacement or repair, and for general conformance with the Construction Documents.
- G. Prepare Project specific Pre-Functional Checklists and Systems Functional Performance Test procedures.
- H. Coordinate Systems Functional Performance Testing schedule with the Contractor.
- I. Witness selected systems startups.
- J. Verify selected Pre-Functional Checklists completed and submitted by the Contractor.
- K. Witness and document Systems Functional Performance Testing.
- L. Compile test data, inspection reports, and certificates and include them in the systems manual and commissioning report.
- M. Review and comment on operation and maintenance (O&M) documentation and systems manual outline for compliance with the Contract Documents.

Operation and maintenance documentation requirements are specified in Paragraph 1.25, Section 01 00 00 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.

- N. Review operation and maintenance training program developed by the Contractor. Verify training plans provide qualified instructors to conduct operation and maintenance training.
- O. Prepare commissioning Field Observation Reports.
- P. Prepare the Final Commissioning Report.
- Q. Return to the site at 10 months into the 12 month warranty period and review with facility staff the current building operation and the condition of outstanding issues related to the original and seasonal Systems Functional Performance Testing. Also interview facility staff and identify problems or concerns they have operating the building as originally intended. Make suggestions for improvements and for recording these changes in the O&M manuals. Identify areas that may come under warranty or under the original construction contract. Assist facility staff in developing reports, documents and requests for services to remedy outstanding problems.
- R. Assemble the final commissioning documentation, including the Final Commissioning Report and Addendum to the Final Commissioning Report.

#### **1.11 COMMISSIONING DOCUMENTATION**

- A. Commissioning Agent's Certification(s): Commissioning Agent shall submit evidence of valid and current certification(s), as required in Section 1.1(G), to the Contracting Officer.
- B. Commissioning Plan: A document, prepared by Commissioning Agent, that outlines the schedule, allocation of resources, and documentation requirements of the commissioning process, and shall include, but is not limited, to the following:
  - 1. Plan for delivery and review of submittals, systems manuals, and other documents and reports. Identification of the relationship of these documents to other functions and a detailed description of submittals that are required to support the commissioning processes. Submittal dates shall include the latest date approved submittals must be received without adversely affecting commissioning plan.
  - 2. Description of the organization, layout, and content of commissioning documentation (including systems manual) and a detailed description of documents to be provided along with identification of responsible parties.

3. Identification of systems and equipment to be commissioned.
  4. Schedule of Commissioning Coordination meetings.
  5. Identification of items that must be completed before the next operation can proceed.
  6. Description of responsibilities of commissioning team members.
  7. Description of observations to be made.
  8. Description of requirements for operation and maintenance training.
  9. Schedule for commissioning activities with dates coordinated with overall construction schedule.
  10. Process and schedule for documenting changes on a continuous basis to appear in Project Record Documents.
  11. Process and schedule for completing prestart and startup checklists for systems, subsystems, and equipment to be verified and tested.
  12. Preliminary Systems Functional Performance Test procedures.
- C. Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures: The Commissioning Agent will develop Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures for each system to be commissioned, including subsystems, or equipment and interfaces or interlocks with other systems. Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures will include a separate entry, with space for comments, for each item to be tested. Preliminary Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures will be provided to the VA, Architect/Engineer, and Contractor for review and comment. The Systems Performance Test Procedure will include test procedures for each mode of operation and provide space to indicate whether the mode under test responded as required. Each System Functional Performance Test procedure, regardless of system, subsystem, or equipment being tested, shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
1. Name and identification code of tested system.
  2. Test number.
  3. Time and date of test.
  4. Indication of whether the record is for a first test or retest following correction of a problem or issue.
  5. Dated signatures of the person performing test and of the witness, if applicable.
  6. Individuals present for test.
  7. Observations and Issues.
  8. Issue number, if any, generated as the result of test.

- D. Pre-Functional Checklists: The Commissioning Agent will prepare *Pre-Functional Checklists*. *Pre-Functional Checklists shall be completed* and signed by the Contractor, verifying that systems, subsystems, equipment, and associated controls are ready for testing. The Commissioning Agent will spot check *Pre-Functional Checklists* to verify accuracy and readiness for testing. Inaccurate or incomplete *Pre-Functional Checklists* shall be returned to the Contractor for correction and resubmission.
- E. Test and Inspection Reports: The Commissioning Agent will record test data, observations, and measurements on Systems Functional Performance Test Procedure. The report will also include recommendation for system acceptance or non-acceptance. Photographs, forms, and other means appropriate for the application shall be included with data. Commissioning Agent Will compile test and inspection reports and test and inspection certificates and include them in systems manual and commissioning report.
- F. Corrective Action Documents: The Commissioning Agent will document corrective action taken for systems and equipment that fail tests. The documentation will include any required modifications to systems and equipment and/or revisions to test procedures, if any. The Commissioning Agent will witness and document any retesting of systems and/or equipment requiring corrective action and document retest results.
- G. Commissioning Issues Log: The Commissioning Agent will prepare and maintain Commissioning Issues Log that describes Commissioning Issues and Commissioning Observations that are identified during the Commissioning process. These observations and issues include, but are not limited to, those that are at variance with the Contract Documents. The Commissioning Issues Log will identify and track issues as they are encountered, the party responsible for resolution, progress toward resolution, and document how the issue was resolved. The Master Commissioning Issues Log will also track the status of unresolved issues.
1. Creating an Commissioning Issues Log Entry:
    - a. Identify the issue with unique numeric or alphanumeric identifier by which the issue may be tracked.
    - b. Assign a descriptive title for the issue.

- c. Identify date and time of the issue.
  - d. Identify test number of test being performed at the time of the observation, if applicable, for cross reference.
  - e. Identify system, subsystem, and equipment to which the issue applies.
  - f. Identify location of system, subsystem, and equipment.
  - g. Include information that may be helpful in diagnosing or evaluating the issue.
  - h. Note recommended corrective action.
  - i. Identify commissioning team member responsible for corrective action.
  - j. Identify expected date of correction.
  - k. Identify person that identified the issue.
2. Documenting Issue Resolution:
- a. Log date correction is completed or the issue is resolved.
  - b. Describe corrective action or resolution taken. Include description of diagnostic steps taken to determine root cause of the issue, if any.
  - c. Identify changes to the Contract Documents that may require action.
  - d. State that correction was completed and system, subsystem, and equipment are ready for retest, if applicable.
  - e. Identify person(s) who corrected or resolved the issue.
  - f. Identify person(s) verifying the issue resolution.
- H. Final Commissioning Report: The Commissioning Agent will document results of the commissioning process, including unresolved issues, and performance of systems, subsystems, and equipment. The Commissioning Report will indicate whether systems, subsystems, and equipment have been properly installed and are performing according to the Contract Documents. This report will be used by the Department of Veterans Affairs when determining that systems will be accepted. This report will be used to evaluate systems, subsystems, and equipment and will serve as a future reference document during VA occupancy and operation. It shall describe components and performance that exceed requirements of the Contract Documents and those that do not meet requirements of the Contract Documents. The commissioning report will include, but is not limited to, the following:

1. Lists and explanations of substitutions; compromises; variances with the Contract Documents; record of conditions; and, if appropriate, recommendations for resolution. Design Narrative documentation maintained by the Commissioning Agent.
  2. Commissioning plan.
  3. Pre-Functional Checklists completed by the Contractor, with annotation of the Commissioning Agent review and spot check.
  4. Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures, with annotation of test results and test completion.
  5. Commissioning Issues Log.
  6. Listing of deferred and off season test(s) not performed, including the schedule for their completion.
- I. Addendum to Final Commissioning Report: The Commissioning Agent will prepare an Addendum to the Final Commissioning Report near the end of the Warranty Period. The Addendum will indicate whether systems, subsystems, and equipment are complete and continue to perform according to the Contract Documents. The Addendum to the Final Commissioning Report shall include, but is not limited to, the following:
1. Documentation of deferred and off season test(s) results.
  2. Completed Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures for off season test(s).
  3. Documentation that unresolved system performance issues have been resolved.
  4. Updated Commissioning Issues Log, including status of unresolved issues.
  5. Identification of potential Warranty Claims to be corrected by the Contractor.
- J. Systems Manual: The Commissioning Agent will gather required information and compile the Systems Manual. The Systems Manual will include, but is not limited to, the following:
1. Design Narrative, including system narratives, schematics, single-line diagrams, flow diagrams, equipment schedules, and changes made throughout the Project.
  2. Reference to Final Commissioning Plan.
  3. Reference to Final Commissioning Report.

4. Approved Operation and Maintenance Data as submitted by the Contractor.

#### **1.12 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Preliminary Commissioning Plan Submittal: The Commissioning Agent has prepared a Preliminary Commissioning Plan based on the final Construction Documents. The Preliminary Commissioning Plan is included as an Appendix to this specification section. The Preliminary Commissioning Plan is provided for information only. It contains preliminary information about the following commissioning activities:
  1. The Commissioning Team: A list of commissioning team members by organization.
  2. Systems to be commissioned. A detailed list of systems to be commissioned for the project. This list also provides preliminary information on systems/equipment submittals to be reviewed by the Commissioning Agent; preliminary information on Pre-Functional Checklists that are to be completed; preliminary information on Systems Performance Testing, including information on testing sample size (where authorized by the VA).
  3. Commissioning Team Roles and Responsibilities: Preliminary roles and responsibilities for each Commissioning Team member.
  4. Commissioning Documents: A preliminary list of commissioning-related documents, include identification of the parties responsible for preparation, review, approval, and action on each document.
  5. Commissioning Activities Schedule: Identification of Commissioning Activities, including Systems Functional Testing, the expected duration and predecessors for the activity.
  6. Pre-Functional Checklists: Preliminary Pre-Functional Checklists for equipment, components, subsystems, and systems to be commissioned. These Preliminary Pre-Functional Checklists provide guidance on the level of detailed information the Contractor shall include on the final submission.
  7. Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures: Preliminary step-by-step System Functional Performance Test Procedures to be used during Systems Functional Performance Testing. These Preliminary Systems Functional Performance procedures provide information on the level of testing rigor, and the level of Contractor support required during performance of system's testing.

- B. Final Commissioning Plan Submittal: Based on the Final Construction Documents and the Contractor's project team, the Commissioning Agent will prepare the Final Commissioning Plan as described in this section. The Commissioning Agent will submit three hard copies and three sets of electronic files of Final Commissioning Plan. The Contractor shall review the Commissioning Plan and provide any comments to the VA. The Commissioning Agent will incorporate review comments into the Final Commissioning Plan as directed by the VA.
- C. Systems Functional Performance Test Procedure: The Commissioning Agent will submit preliminary Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures to the Contractor, and the VA for review and comment. The Contractor shall return review comments to the VA and the Commissioning Agent. The VA will also return review comments to the Commissioning Agent. The Commissioning Agent will incorporate review comments into the Final Systems Functional Test Procedures to be used in Systems Functional Performance Testing.
- D. Pre-Functional Checklists: The Commissioning Agent will submit Pre-Functional Checklists to be completed by the Contractor.
- E. Test and Inspection Reports: The Commissioning Agent will submit test and inspection reports to the VA with copies to the Contractor and the Architect/Engineer.
- F. Corrective Action Documents: The Commissioning Agent will submit corrective action documents to the VA Resident Engineer with copies to the Contractor and Architect.
- G. Preliminary Commissioning Report Submittal: The Commissioning Agent will submit three electronic copies of the preliminary commissioning report. One electronic copy, with review comments, will be returned to the Commissioning Agent for preparation of the final submittal.
- H. Final Commissioning Report Submittal: The Commissioning Agent will submit four sets of electronically formatted information of the final commissioning report to the VA. The final submittal will incorporate comments as directed by the VA.
- I. Data for Commissioning:
1. The Commissioning Agent will request in writing from the Contractor specific information needed about each piece of commissioned equipment or system to fulfill requirements of the Commissioning Plan.

2. The Commissioning Agent may request further documentation as is necessary for the commissioning process or to support other VA data collection requirements, including Construction Operations Building Information Exchange (COBIE), Building Information Modeling (BIM), etc.

#### **1.13 COMMISSIONING PROCESS**

- A. The Commissioning Agent will be responsible for the overall management of the commissioning process as well as coordinating scheduling of commissioning tasks with the VA and the Contractor. As directed by the VA, the Contractor shall incorporate Commissioning tasks, including, but not limited to, Systems Functional Performance Testing (including predecessors) with the Master Construction Schedule.
- B. Within 15 days of contract award, the Contractor shall designate a specific individual as the Commissioning Manager (CM) to manage and lead the commissioning effort on behalf of the Contractor. The Commissioning Manager shall be the single point of contact and communications for all commissioning related services by the Contractor.
- C. Within 15 days of contract award, the Contractor shall ensure that each subcontractor designates specific individuals as Commissioning Representatives (CR) to be responsible for commissioning related tasks. The Contractor shall ensure the designated Commissioning Representatives participate in the commissioning process as team members providing commissioning testing services, equipment operation, adjustments, and corrections if necessary. The Contractor shall ensure that all Commissioning Representatives shall have sufficient authority to direct their respective staff to provide the services required, and to speak on behalf of their organizations in all commissioning related contractual matters.

#### **1.14 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Instructor Qualifications: Factory authorized service representatives shall be experienced in training, operation, and maintenance procedures for installed systems, subsystems, and equipment.
- B. Test Equipment Calibration: The Contractor shall comply with test equipment manufacturer's calibration procedures and intervals. Recalibrate test instruments immediately whenever instruments have been repaired following damage or dropping. Affix calibration tags to test

instruments. Instruments shall have been calibrated within six months prior to use.

#### **1.15 COORDINATION**

- A. Management: The Commissioning Agent will coordinate the commissioning activities with the VA and Contractor. The Commissioning Agent will submit commissioning documents and information to the VA. All commissioning team members shall work together to fulfill their contracted responsibilities and meet the objectives of the contract documents.
- B. Scheduling: The Contractor will work with the Commissioning Agent and the VA to incorporate the commissioning activities into the construction schedule. The Commissioning Agent will provide sufficient information on commissioning activities to allow the Contractor and the VA to schedule commissioning activities. All parties shall address scheduling issues and make necessary notifications in a timely manner in order to expedite the project and the commissioning process. The Contractor shall update the Master Construction as directed by the VA.
- C. Initial Schedule of Commissioning Events: The Commissioning Agent will provide the initial schedule of primary commissioning events in the Commissioning Plan and at the commissioning coordination meetings. The Commissioning Plan will provide a format for this schedule. As construction progresses, more detailed schedules will be developed by the Contractor with information from the Commissioning Agent.
- D. Commissioning Coordinating Meetings: The Commissioning Agent will conduct periodic Commissioning Coordination Meetings of the commissioning team to review status of commissioning activities, to discuss scheduling conflicts, and to discuss upcoming commissioning process activities.
- E. Pretesting Meetings: The Commissioning Agent will conduct pretest meetings of the commissioning team to review startup reports, Pre-Functional Checklist results, Systems Functional Performance Testing procedures, testing personnel and instrumentation requirements.
- F. Systems Functional Performance Testing Coordination: The Contractor shall coordinate testing activities to accommodate required quality assurance and control services with a minimum of delay and to avoid necessity of removing and replacing construction to accommodate testing

and inspecting. The Contractor shall coordinate the schedule times for tests, inspections, obtaining samples, and similar activities.

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### **2.1 TEST EQUIPMENT**

- A. The Contractor shall provide all standard and specialized testing equipment required to perform Systems Functional Performance Testing. Test equipment required for Systems Functional Performance Testing will be identified in the detailed System Functional Performance Test Procedure prepared by the Commissioning Agent.
- B. Data logging equipment and software required to test equipment shall be provided by the Contractor.
- C. All testing equipment shall be of sufficient quality and accuracy to test and/or measure system performance with the tolerances specified in the Specifications. If not otherwise noted, the following minimum requirements apply: Temperature sensors and digital thermometers shall have a certified calibration within the past year to an accuracy of 0.5 °C (1.0 °F) and a resolution of + or - 0.1 °C (0.2 °F). Pressure sensors shall have an accuracy of + or - 2.0% of the value range being measured (not full range of meter) and have been calibrated within the last year. All equipment shall be calibrated according to the manufacturer's recommended intervals and when dropped or damaged. Calibration tags shall be affixed or certificates readily available.

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### **3.1 STARTUP, INITIAL CHECKOUT, AND PRE-FUNCTIONAL CHECKLISTS**

- A. The following procedures shall apply to all equipment and systems to be commissioned, according to Part 1, Systems to Be Commissioned.
  - 1. Pre-Functional Checklists are important to ensure that the equipment and systems are hooked up and operational. These ensure that Systems Functional Performance Testing may proceed without unnecessary delays. Each system to be commissioned shall have a full Pre-Functional Checklist completed by the Contractor prior to Systems Functional Performance Testing. No sampling strategies are used.
    - a. The Pre-Functional Checklist will identify the trades responsible for completing the checklist. The Contractor shall ensure the appropriate trades complete the checklists.

- b. The Commissioning Agent will review completed Pre-Functional Checklists and field-verify the accuracy of the completed checklist using sampling techniques.
- 2. Startup and Initial Checkout Plan: The Contractor shall develop detailed startup plans for all equipment. The primary role of the Contractor in this process is to ensure that there is written documentation that each of the manufacturer recommended procedures have been completed. Parties responsible for startup shall be identified in the Startup Plan and in the checklist forms.
  - a. The Contractor shall develop the full startup plan by combining (or adding to) the checklists with the manufacturer's detailed startup and checkout procedures from the O&M manual data and the field checkout sheets normally used by the Contractor. The plan shall include checklists and procedures with specific boxes or lines for recording and documenting the checking and inspections of each procedure and a summary statement with a signature block at the end of the plan.
  - b. The full startup plan shall at a minimum consist of the following items:
    - 1) The Pre-Functional Checklists.
    - 2) The manufacturer's standard written startup procedures copied from the installation manuals with check boxes by each procedure and a signature block added by hand at the end.
    - 3) The manufacturer's normally used field checkout sheets.
      - a) The Commissioning Agent will submit the full startup plan to the VA and Contractor for review. Final approval will be by the VA.
      - b) The Contractor shall review and evaluate the procedures and the format for documenting them, noting any procedures that need to be revised or added.
- 3. Sensor and Actuator Calibration
  - a. All field installed temperature, relative humidity, CO<sub>2</sub> and pressure sensors and gages, and all actuators (dampers and valves) on all equipment shall be calibrated using the methods described in Division 21, Division 22, Division 23, Division 26, Division 27, and Division 28 specifications.

- b. All procedures used shall be fully documented on the Pre-Functional Checklists or other suitable forms, clearly referencing the procedures followed and written documentation of initial, intermediate and final results.
4. Execution of Equipment Startup
- a. Four weeks prior to equipment startup, the Contractor shall schedule startup and checkout with the VA and Commissioning Agent. The performance of the startup and checkout shall be directed and executed by the Contractor.
  - b. The Commissioning Agent will observe the startup procedures for selected pieces of primary equipment.
  - c. The Contractor shall execute startup and provide the VA and Commissioning Agent with a signed and dated copy of the completed startup checklists, and contractor tests.
  - d. Only individuals that have direct knowledge and witnessed that a line item task on the Startup Checklist was actually performed shall initial or check that item off. It is not acceptable for witnessing supervisors to fill out these forms.

**3.2 DEFICIENCIES, NONCONFORMANCE, AND APPROVAL IN CHECKLISTS AND STARTUP**

- A. The Contractor shall clearly list any outstanding items of the initial startup and Pre-Functional Checklist procedures that were not completed successfully, at the bottom of the procedures form or on an attached sheet. The procedures form and any outstanding deficiencies shall be provided to the VA and the Commissioning Agent within two days of completion.
- B. The Commissioning Agent will review the report and submit comments to the VA. The Commissioning Agent will work with the Contractor to correct and verify deficiencies or uncompleted items. The Commissioning Agent will involve the VA and others as necessary. The Contractor shall correct all areas that are noncompliant or incomplete in the checklists in a timely manner, and shall notify the VA and Commissioning Agent as soon as outstanding items have been corrected. The Contractor shall submit an updated startup report and a Statement of Correction on the original noncompliance report. When satisfactorily completed, the Commissioning Agent will recommend approval of the checklists and startup of each system to the VA.

- C. The Contractor shall be responsible for resolution of deficiencies as directed the VA.

### **3.3 PHASED COMMISSIONING**

- A. The project may require startup and initial checkout to be executed in phases. This phasing shall be planned and scheduled in a coordination meeting of the VA, Commissioning Agent, and the Contractor. Results will be added to the master construction schedule and the commissioning schedule.

### **3.4 TRENDING AND ALARMS**

- A. Trending is a method of testing as a standalone method or to augment manual testing. The Contractor shall trend any and all points of the system or systems at intervals specified below.
- B. Alarms are a means to notify the system operator that abnormal conditions are present in the system. Alarms shall be structured into three tiers - Critical, Priority, and Maintenance.
  - 1. Critical alarms are intended to be alarms that require the immediate attention of and action by the Operator. These alarms shall be displayed on the Operator Workstation in a popup style window that is graphically linked to the associated unit's graphical display. The popup style window shall be displayed on top of any active window within the screen, including non DDC system software.
  - 2. Priority level alarms are to be printed to a printer which is connected to the Operator's Work Station located within the engineer's office. Additionally Priority level alarms shall be able to be monitored and viewed through an active alarm application. Priority level alarms are alarms which shall require reaction from the operator or maintenance personnel within a normal work shift, and not immediate action.
  - 3. Maintenance alarms are intended to be minor issues which would require examination by maintenance personnel within the following shift. These alarms shall be generated in a scheduled report automatically by the DDC system at the start of each shift. The generated maintenance report will be printed to a printer located within the engineer's office.
- C. The Contractor shall provide a wireless internet network in the building for use during controls programming, checkout, and commissioning. This network will allow project team members to more

effectively program, view, manipulate and test control devices while being in the same room as the controlled device.

- D. The Contractor shall provide graphical trending through the DDC control system of systems being commissioned. Trending requirements are indicated below and included with the Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures. Trending shall occur before, during and after Systems Functional Performance Testing. The Contractor shall be responsible for producing graphical representations of the trended DDC points that show each system operating properly during steady state conditions as well as during the System Functional Testing. These graphical reports shall be submitted to the Resident Engineer and Commissioning Agent for review and analysis before, during dynamic operation, and after Systems Functional Performance Testing. The Contractor shall provide, but not limited to, the following trend requirements and trend submissions:

1. Pre-testing, Testing, and Post-testing - Trend reports of trend logs and graphical trend plots are required as defined by the Commissioning Agent. The trend log points, sampling rate, graphical plot configuration, and duration will be dictated by the Commissioning Agent. At any time during the Commissioning Process the Commissioning Agent may recommend changes to aspects of trending as deemed necessary for proper system analysis. The Contractor shall implement any changes as directed by the Resident Engineer. Any pre-test trend analysis comments generated by the Commissioning Team should be addressed and resolved by the Contractor, as directed by the Resident Engineer, prior to the execution of Systems Functional Performance Testing.
2. Dynamic plotting - The Contractor shall also provide dynamic plotting during Systems Functional Performance testing at frequent intervals for points determined by the Systems Functional Performance Test Procedure. The graphical plots will be formatted and plotted at durations listed in the Systems Functional Performance Test Procedure.
3. Graphical plotting - The graphical plots shall be provided with a dual y-axis allowing 15 or more trend points (series) plotted simultaneously on the graph with each series in distinct color. The plots will further require title, axis naming, legend etc. all described by the Systems Functional Performance Test Procedure. If

- this cannot be sufficiently accomplished directly in the Direct Digital Control System then it is the responsibility of the Contractor to plot these trend logs in Microsoft Excel.
4. The following tables indicate the points to be trended and alarmed by system. The Operational Trend Duration column indicates the trend duration for normal operations. The Testing Trend Duration column indicates the trend duration prior to Systems Functional Performance Testing and again after Systems Functional Performance Testing. The Type column indicates point type: AI = Analog Input, AO = Analog Output, DI = Digital Input, DO = Digital Output, Calc = Calculated Point. In the Trend Interval Column, COV = Change of Value. The Alarm Type indicates the alarm priority; C = Critical, P = Priority, and M = Maintenance. The Alarm Range column indicates when the point is considered in the alarm state. The Alarm Delay column indicates the length of time the point must remain in an alarm state before the alarm is recorded in the DDC. The intent is to allow minor, short-duration events to be corrected by the DDC system prior to recording an alarm.

Terminal Unit (VAV, CAV, etc.) Trending and Alarms							
Point	Type	Trend Interval	Operational Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay
Space Temperature	AI	15 Min	12 hours	3 days	P	±5°F from SP	10 min
Air Flow	AI	15 Min	12 hours	3 days	P	±5°F from SP	10 min
SA Temperature	AI	15 Min	12 hours	3 days	P	±5°F from SP	10 min
Local Set-point	AI	15 Min	12 hours	3 days	M	±10°F from SP	60 min

Terminal Unit (VAV, CAV, etc.) Trending and Alarms							
Point	Type	Trend Interval	Operational Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay
Unoccupied Override	DI	COV	12 hours	3 days	M	N/A	12 Hours
Damper Position	AO	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	N/A		
Heating coil Valve Position	AO	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	N/A		

4-Pipe Fan Coil Trending and Alarms							
Point	Type	Trend Interval	Operational Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay
Space Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	P	±5°F from SP	10 min
SA Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	P	±5°F from SP	10 min
Pre-Filter Status	AI	None	None	None	M	> SP	1 hour
Water Sensor	DI	COV	12 hours	3 days	M	N/A	30 Min
Cooling Coil Valve Position	AO	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	N/A		
Heating coil Valve Position	AO	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	N/A		
Fan Coil ON/OFF	DO	COV	12 hours	3 days	M	Status <> Command	30 min

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VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

05-11

Convector Heater Trending and Alarms							
Point	Type	Trend Interval	Operational Trend Duration	Testing Trend Duration	Alarm Type	Alarm Range	Alarm Delay
Space Temperature	AI	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	P	±5°F from SP	10 min
Heating Valve Position	AO	15 Minutes	12 hours	3 days	N/A		

E. The Contractor shall provide the following information prior to Systems Functional Performance Testing. Any documentation that is modified after submission shall be recorded and resubmitted to the Resident Engineer and Commissioning Agent.

1. Point-to-Point checkout documentation;
2. Sensor field calibration documentation including system name, sensor/point name, measured value, DDC value, and Correction Factor.
3. A sensor calibration table listing the referencing the location of procedures to following in the O&M manuals, and the frequency at which calibration should be performed for all sensors, separated by system, subsystem, and type. The calibration requirements shall be submitted both in the O&M manuals and separately in a standalone document containing all sensors for inclusion in the commissioning documentation. The following table is a sample that can be used as a template for submission.

SYSTEM		
Sensor	Calibration Frequency	O&M Calibration Procedure Reference
Discharge air temperature	Once a year	Volume I Section D.3.aa
Discharge static pressure	Every 6 months	Volume II Section A.1.c

4. Loop tuning documentation and constants for each loop of the building systems. The documentation shall be submitted in outline or table separated by system, control type (e.g. heating valve temperature control); proportional, integral and derivative constants, interval (and bias if used) for each loop. The following table is a sample that can be used as a template for submission.

AIR HANDLING UNIT AHU-1				
Control Reference	Proportional Constant	Integral Constant	Derivative Constant	Interval

Heating Valve Output	1000	20	10	2 sec.
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### 3.5 SYSTEMS FUNCTIONAL PERFORMANCE TESTING

- A. This paragraph applies to Systems Functional Performance Testing of systems for all referenced specification Divisions.
- B. Objectives and Scope: The objective of Systems Functional Performance Testing is to demonstrate that each system is operating according to the Contract Documents. Systems Functional Performance Testing facilitates bringing the systems from a state of substantial completion to full dynamic operation. Additionally, during the testing process, areas of noncompliant performance are identified and corrected, thereby improving the operation and functioning of the systems. In general, each system shall be operated through all modes of operation (seasonal, occupied, unoccupied, warm-up, cool-down, part- and full-load, fire alarm and emergency power) where there is a specified system response. The Contractor shall verify each sequence in the sequences of operation. Proper responses to such modes and conditions as power failure, freeze condition, low oil pressure, no flow, equipment failure, etc. shall also be tested.
- C. Development of Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures: Before Systems Functional Performance Test procedures are written, the Contractor shall submit all requested documentation and a current list of change orders affecting equipment or systems, including an updated points list, program code, control sequences and parameters. Using the testing parameters and requirements found in the Contract Documents and approved submittals and shop drawings, the Commissioning Agent will develop specific Systems Functional Test Procedures to verify and document proper operation of each piece of equipment and system to be commissioned. The Contractor shall assist the Commissioning Agent in developing the Systems Functional Performance Test procedures as requested by the Commissioning Agent i.e. by answering questions about equipment, operation, sequences, etc. Prior to execution, the Commissioning Agent will provide a copy of the Systems Functional Performance Test procedures to the VA, the Architect/Engineer, and the Contractor, who shall review the tests for feasibility, safety, equipment and warranty protection.

D. Purpose of Test Procedures: The purpose of each specific Systems Functional Performance Test is to verify and document compliance with the stated criteria of acceptance given on the test form. Representative test formats and examples are found in the Commissioning Plan for this project. (The Commissioning Plan is issued as a separate document and is available for review.) The test procedure forms developed by the Commissioning Agent will include, but not be limited to, the following information:

1. System and equipment or component name(s)
2. Equipment location and ID number
3. Unique test ID number, and reference to unique Pre-Functional Checklists and startup documentation, and ID numbers for the piece of equipment.
4. Date
5. Project name
6. Participating parties
7. A copy of the specification section describing the test requirements
8. A copy of the specific sequence of operations or other specified parameters being verified
9. Formulas used in any calculations
10. Required pretest field measurements
11. Instructions for setting up the test.
12. Special cautions, alarm limits, etc.
13. Specific step-by-step procedures to execute the test, in a clear, sequential and repeatable format
14. Acceptance criteria of proper performance with a Yes / No check box to allow for clearly marking whether or not proper performance of each part of the test was achieved.
15. A section for comments.
16. Signatures and date block for the Commissioning Agent. A place for the Contractor to initial to signify attendance at the test.

E. Test Methods: Systems Functional Performance Testing shall be achieved by manual testing (i.e. persons manipulate the equipment and observe performance) and/or by monitoring the performance and analyzing the results using the control system's trend log capabilities or by standalone data loggers. The Contractor and Commissioning Agent shall

determine which method is most appropriate for tests that do not have a method specified.

1. Simulated Conditions: Simulating conditions (not by an overwritten value) shall be allowed, although timing the testing to experience actual conditions is encouraged wherever practical.
2. Overwritten Values: Overwriting sensor values to simulate a condition, such as overwriting the outside air temperature reading in a control system to be something other than it really is, shall be allowed, but shall be used with caution and avoided when possible. Such testing methods often can only test a part of a system, as the interactions and responses of other systems will be erroneous or not applicable. Simulating a condition is preferable. e.g., for the above case, by heating the outside air sensor with a hair blower rather than overwriting the value or by altering the appropriate setpoint to see the desired response. Before simulating conditions or overwriting values, sensors, transducers and devices shall have been calibrated.
3. Simulated Signals: Using a signal generator which creates a simulated signal to test and calibrate transducers and DDC constants is generally recommended over using the sensor to act as the signal generator via simulated conditions or overwritten values.
4. Altering Setpoints: Rather than overwriting sensor values, and when simulating conditions is difficult, altering setpoints to test a sequence is acceptable. For example, to see the Air Conditioning compressor lockout initiate at an outside air temperature below 12 C (54 F), when the outside air temperature is above 12 C (54 F), temporarily change the lockout setpoint to be 2 C (4 F) above the current outside air temperature.
5. Indirect Indicators: Relying on indirect indicators for responses or performance shall be allowed only after visually and directly verifying and documenting, over the range of the tested parameters, that the indirect readings through the control system represent actual conditions and responses. Much of this verification shall be completed during systems startup and initial checkout.

F. Setup: Each function and test shall be performed under conditions that simulate actual conditions as closely as is practically possible. The Contractor shall provide all necessary materials, system modifications,

etc. to produce the necessary flows, pressures, temperatures, etc. necessary to execute the test according to the specified conditions. At completion of the test, the Contractor shall return all affected building equipment and systems, due to these temporary modifications, to their pretest condition.

- G. Sampling: No sampling is allowed in completing Pre-Functional Checklists. Sampling is allowed for Systems Functional Performance Test Procedures execution. The Commissioning Agent will determine the sampling rate. If at any point, frequent failures are occurring and testing is becoming more troubleshooting than verification, the Commissioning Agent may stop the testing and require the Contractor to perform and document a checkout of the remaining units, prior to continuing with Systems Functional Performance Testing of the remaining units.
- H. Cost of Retesting: The cost associated with expanded sample System Functional Performance Tests shall be solely the responsibility of the Contractor. Any required retesting by the Contractor shall not be considered a justified reason for a claim of delay or for a time extension by the Contractor.
- I. Coordination and Scheduling: The Contractor shall provide a minimum of 7 days notice to the Commissioning Agent and the VA regarding the completion schedule for the Pre-Functional Checklists and startup of all equipment and systems. The Commissioning Agent will schedule Systems Functional Performance Tests with the Contractor and VA. The Commissioning Agent will witness and document the Systems Functional Performance Testing of systems. The Contractor shall execute the tests in accordance with the Systems Functional Performance Test Procedure.
- J. Testing Prerequisites: In general, Systems Functional Performance Testing will be conducted only after Pre-Functional Checklists have been satisfactorily completed. The control system shall be sufficiently tested and approved by the Commissioning Agent and the VA before it is used to verify performance of other components or systems. The air balancing and water balancing shall be completed before Systems Functional Performance Testing of air-related or water-related equipment or systems are scheduled. Systems Functional Performance Testing will proceed from components to subsystems to systems. When the proper performance of all interacting individual systems has been

achieved, the interface or coordinated responses between systems will be checked.

- K. Problem Solving: The Commissioning Agent will recommend solutions to problems found, however the burden of responsibility to solve, correct and retest problems is with the Contractor.

### **3.6 DOCUMENTATION, NONCONFORMANCE AND APPROVAL OF TESTS**

- A. Documentation: The Commissioning Agent will witness, and document the results of all Systems Functional Performance Tests using the specific procedural forms developed by the Commissioning Agent for that purpose. Prior to testing, the Commissioning Agent will provide these forms to the VA and the Contractor for review and approval. The Contractor shall include the filled out forms with the O&M manual data.
- B. Nonconformance: The Commissioning Agent will record the results of the Systems Functional Performance Tests on the procedure or test form. All items of nonconformance issues will be noted and reported to the VA on Commissioning Field Reports and/or the Commissioning Master Issues Log.
1. Corrections of minor items of noncompliance identified may be made during the tests. In such cases, the item of noncompliance and resolution shall be documented on the Systems Functional Test Procedure.
  2. Every effort shall be made to expedite the systems functional Performance Testing process and minimize unnecessary delays, while not compromising the integrity of the procedures. However, the Commissioning Agent shall not be pressured into overlooking noncompliant work or loosening acceptance criteria to satisfy scheduling or cost issues, unless there is an overriding reason to do so by direction from the VA.
  3. As the Systems Functional Performance Tests progresses and an item of noncompliance is identified, the Commissioning Agent shall discuss the issue with the Contractor and the VA.
  4. When there is no dispute on an item of noncompliance, and the Contractor accepts responsibility to correct it:
    - a. The Commissioning Agent will document the item of noncompliance and the Contractor's response and/or intentions. The Systems Functional Performance Test then continues or proceeds to another test or sequence. After the day's work is complete, the Commissioning Agent will submit a Commissioning Field Report to

the VA. The Commissioning Agent will also note items of noncompliance and the Contractor's response in the Master Commissioning Issues Log. The Contractor shall correct the item of noncompliance and report completion to the VA and the Commissioning Agent.

- b. The need for retesting will be determined by the Commissioning Agent. If retesting is required, the Commissioning Agent and the Contractor shall reschedule the test and the test shall be repeated.
5. If there is a dispute about item of noncompliance, regarding whether it is an item of noncompliance, or who is responsible:
  - a. The item of noncompliance shall be documented on the test form with the Contractor's response. The item of noncompliance with the Contractor's response shall also be reported on a Commissioning Field Report and on the Master Commissioning Issues Log.
  - b. Resolutions shall be made at the lowest management level possible. Other parties are brought into the discussions as needed. Final interpretive and acceptance authority is with the Department of Veterans Affairs.
  - c. The Commissioning Agent will document the resolution process.
  - d. Once the interpretation and resolution have been decided, the Contractor shall correct the item of noncompliance, report it to the Commissioning Agent. The requirement for retesting will be determined by the Commissioning Agent. If retesting is required, the Commissioning Agent and the Contractor shall reschedule the test. Retesting shall be repeated until satisfactory performance is achieved.
- C. Cost of Retesting: The cost to retest a System Functional Performance Test shall be solely the responsibility of the Contractor. Any required retesting by the Contractor shall not be considered a justified reason for a claim of delay or for a time extension by the Contractor.
- D. Failure Due to Manufacturer Defect: If 10%, or three, whichever is greater, of identical pieces (size alone does not constitute a difference) of equipment fail to perform in compliance with the Contract Documents (mechanically or substantively) due to manufacturing

defect, not allowing it to meet its submitted performance specifications, all identical units may be considered unacceptable by the VA. In such case, the Contractor shall provide the VA with the following:

1. Within one week of notification from the VA, the Contractor shall examine all other identical units making a record of the findings. The findings shall be provided to the VA within two weeks of the original notice.
2. Within two weeks of the original notification, the Contractor shall provide a signed and dated, written explanation of the problem, cause of failures, etc. and all proposed solutions which shall include full equipment submittals. The proposed solutions shall not significantly exceed the specification requirements of the original installation.
3. The VA shall determine whether a replacement of all identical units or a repair is acceptable.
4. Two examples of the proposed solution shall be installed by the Contractor and the VA shall be allowed to test the installations for up to one week, upon which the VA will decide whether to accept the solution.
5. Upon acceptance, the Contractor shall replace or repair all identical items, at their expense and extend the warranty accordingly, if the original equipment warranty had begun. The replacement/repair work shall proceed with reasonable speed beginning within one week from when parts can be obtained.

E. Approval: The Commissioning Agent will note each satisfactorily demonstrated function on the test form. Formal approval of the Systems Functional Performance Test shall be made later after review by the Commissioning Agent and by the VA. The Commissioning Agent will evaluate each test and report to the VA using a standard form. The VA will give final approval on each test using the same form, and provide signed copies to the Commissioning Agent and the Contractor.

### **3.7 DEFERRED TESTING**

A. Unforeseen Deferred Systems Functional Performance Tests: If any Systems Functional Performance Test cannot be completed due to the building structure, required occupancy condition or other conditions, execution of the Systems Functional Performance Testing may be delayed

upon approval of the VA. These Systems Functional Performance Tests shall be conducted in the same manner as the seasonal tests as soon as possible. Services of the Contractor to conduct these unforeseen Deferred Systems Functional Performance Tests shall be negotiated between the VA and the Contractor.

- B. Deferred Seasonal Testing: Deferred Seasonal Systems Functional Performance Tests are those that must be deferred until weather conditions are closer to the systems design parameters. The Commissioning Agent will review systems parameters and recommend which Systems Functional Performance Tests should be deferred until weather conditions more closely match systems parameters. The Contractor shall review and comment on the proposed schedule for Deferred Seasonal Testing. The VA will review and approve the schedule for Deferred Seasonal Testing. Deferred Seasonal Systems Functional Performances Tests shall be witnessed and documented by the Commissioning Agent. Deferred Seasonal Systems Functional Performance Tests shall be executed by the Contractor in accordance with these specifications.

### **3.8 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE TRAINING REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Training Preparation Conference: Before operation and maintenance training, the Commissioning Agent will convene a training preparation conference to include VA's Resident Engineer, VA's Operations and Maintenance personnel, and the Contractor. The purpose of this conference will be to discuss and plan for Training and Demonstration of VA Operations and Maintenance personnel.
- B. The Contractor shall provide training and demonstration as required by other Division 21, Division 22, Division 23, Division 26, Division 27, Division 28, and Division 31 sections. The Training and Demonstration shall include, but is not limited to, the following:
1. Review the Contract Documents.
  2. Review installed systems, subsystems, and equipment.
  3. Review instructor qualifications.
  4. Review instructional methods and procedures.
  5. Review training module outlines and contents.
  6. Review course materials (including operation and maintenance manuals).
  7. Review and discuss locations and other facilities required for instruction.

8. Review and finalize training schedule and verify availability of educational materials, instructors, audiovisual equipment, and facilities needed to avoid delays.
9. For instruction that must occur outside, review weather and forecasted weather conditions and procedures to follow if conditions are unfavorable.

C. Training Module Submittals: The Contractor shall submit the following information to the VA and the Commissioning Agent:

1. Instruction Program: Submit two copies of outline of instructional program for demonstration and training, including a schedule of proposed dates, times, length of instruction time, and instructors' names for each training module. Include learning objective and outline for each training module. At completion of training, submit two complete training manuals for VA's use.
2. Qualification Data: Submit qualifications for facilitator and/or instructor.
3. Attendance Record: For each training module, submit list of participants and length of instruction time.
4. Evaluations: For each participant and for each training module, submit results and documentation of performance-based test.
5. Demonstration and Training Videotapes: Submit two copies within seven days of end of each training module.
  - a. Identification: On each copy, provide an applied label with the following information:
    - 1) Name of Project.
    - 2) Name and address of photographer
    - 3) Name of Contractor.
    - 4) Date videotape was recorded.
    - 5) Description of vantage point, indicating location, direction (by compass point), and elevation or story of construction.
6. Transcript: Prepared on 8-1/2-by-11-inch paper, punched and bound in heavy-duty, 3-ring, vinyl-covered binders. Mark appropriate identification on front and spine of each binder. Include a cover sheet with same label information as the corresponding videotape. Include name of Project and date of videotape on each page.

D. QUALITY ASSURANCE

1. Facilitator Qualifications: A firm or individual experienced in training or educating maintenance personnel in a training program similar in content and extent to that indicated for this Project, and whose work has resulted in training or education with a record of successful learning performance.
2. Instructor Qualifications: A factory authorized service representative, complying with requirements in Division 01 Section "Quality Requirements," experienced in operation and maintenance procedures and training.
3. Photographer Qualifications: A professional photographer who is experienced photographing construction projects.

E. COORDINATION

1. Coordinate instruction schedule with VA's operations. Adjust schedule as required to minimize disrupting VA's operations.
2. Coordinate instructors, including providing notification of dates, times, length of instruction time, and course content.
3. Coordinate content of training modules with content of approved emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals. Do not submit instruction program until operation and maintenance data has been reviewed and approved by the VA.

F. INSTRUCTION PROGRAM

1. Program Structure: Develop an instruction program that includes individual training modules for each system and equipment not part of a system, as required by individual Specification Sections, and as follows:
  - a. Fire protection systems, including fire alarm, fire pumps, and fire suppression systems.
  - b. Intrusion detection systems.
  - c. Conveying systems, including elevators, wheelchair lifts, escalators, and automated materials handling systems.
  - d. Medical equipment, including medical gas equipment and piping.
  - e. Laboratory equipment, including laboratory air and vacuum equipment and piping.
  - h. HVAC systems, including air handling equipment, air distribution systems, and terminal equipment and devices.
  - i. panelboards, , and motor controls.
  - j. k. Lighting equipment and controls.

1. Communication systems, including intercommunication, surveillance, nurse call systems, public address, mass evacuation, and voice and data.
- G. Training Modules: Develop a learning objective and teaching outline for each module. Include a description of specific skills and knowledge that participants are expected to master. For each module, include instruction for the following:
  1. Basis of System Design, Operational Requirements, and Criteria:  
Include the following:
    - a. System, subsystem, and equipment descriptions.
    - b. Performance and design criteria if Contractor is delegated design responsibility.
    - c. Operating standards.
    - d. Regulatory requirements.
    - e. Equipment function.
    - f. Operating characteristics.
    - g. Limiting conditions.
    - h. Performance curves.
  2. Documentation: Review the following items in detail:
    - a. Emergency manuals.
    - b. Operations manuals.
    - c. Maintenance manuals.
    - d. Project Record Documents.
    - e. Identification systems.
    - f. Warranties and bonds.
    - g. Maintenance service agreements and similar continuing commitments.
  3. Emergencies: Include the following, as applicable:
    - a. Instructions on meaning of warnings, trouble indications, and error messages.
    - b. Instructions on stopping.
    - c. Shutdown instructions for each type of emergency.
    - d. Operating instructions for conditions outside of normal operating limits.
    - e. Sequences for electric or electronic systems.
    - f. Special operating instructions and procedures.
  4. Operations: Include the following, as applicable:

- a. Startup procedures.
  - b. Equipment or system break-in procedures.
  - c. Routine and normal operating instructions.
  - d. Regulation and control procedures.
  - e. Control sequences.
  - f. Safety procedures.
  - g. Instructions on stopping.
  - h. Normal shutdown instructions.
  - i. Operating procedures for emergencies.
  - j. Operating procedures for system, subsystem, or equipment failure.
  - k. Seasonal and weekend operating instructions.
  - l. Required sequences for electric or electronic systems.
  - m. Special operating instructions and procedures.
5. Adjustments: Include the following:
- a. Alignments.
  - b. Checking adjustments.
  - c. Noise and vibration adjustments.
  - d. Economy and efficiency adjustments.
6. Troubleshooting: Include the following:
- a. Diagnostic instructions.
  - b. Test and inspection procedures.
7. Maintenance: Include the following:
- a. Inspection procedures.
  - b. Types of cleaning agents to be used and methods of cleaning.
  - c. List of cleaning agents and methods of cleaning detrimental to product.
  - d. Procedures for routine cleaning
  - e. Procedures for preventive maintenance.
  - f. Procedures for routine maintenance.
  - g. Instruction on use of special tools.
8. Repairs: Include the following:
- a. Diagnosis instructions.
  - b. Repair instructions.
  - c. Disassembly; component removal, repair, and replacement; and reassembly instructions.
  - d. Instructions for identifying parts and components.
  - e. Review of spare parts needed for operation and maintenance.

H. Training Execution:

1. Preparation: Assemble educational materials necessary for instruction, including documentation and training module. Assemble training modules into a combined training manual. Set up instructional equipment at instruction location.
2. Instruction:
  - a. Facilitator: Engage a qualified facilitator to prepare instruction program and training modules, to coordinate instructors, and to coordinate between Contractor and Department of Veterans Affairs for number of participants, instruction times, and location.
  - b. Instructor: Engage qualified instructors to instruct VA's personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain systems, subsystems, and equipment not part of a system.
    - 1) The Commissioning Agent will furnish an instructor to describe basis of system design, operational requirements, criteria, and regulatory requirements.
    - 2) The VA will furnish an instructor to describe VA's operational philosophy.
    - 3) The VA will furnish the Contractor with names and positions of participants.
3. Scheduling: Provide instruction at mutually agreed times. For equipment that requires seasonal operation, provide similar instruction at start of each season. Schedule training with the VA and the Commissioning Agent with at least seven days' advance notice.
4. Evaluation: At conclusion of each training module, assess and document each participant's mastery of module by use of **an oral, or a written**, performance-based test.
5. Cleanup: Collect used and leftover educational materials and remove from Project site. Remove instructional equipment. Restore systems and equipment to condition existing before initial training use.

I. Demonstration and Training Recording:

1. General: Engage a qualified commercial photographer to record demonstration and training. Record each training module separately. Include classroom instructions and demonstrations, board diagrams, and other visual aids, but not student practice. At beginning of

- each training module, record each chart containing learning objective and lesson outline.
2. Video Format: Provide high quality color DVD color on standard size DVD disks.
  3. Recording: Mount camera on tripod before starting recording, unless otherwise necessary to show area of demonstration and training. Display continuous running time.
  4. Narration: Describe scenes on videotape by audio narration by microphone while demonstration and training is recorded. Include description of items being viewed. Describe vantage point, indicating location, direction (by compass point), and elevation or story of construction.

----- END -----

**SECTION 02 41 00**  
**DEMOLITION**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION:**

This section specifies demolition and removal of buildings, portions of buildings, utilities, other structures and debris from trash dumps shown.

**1.2 RELATED WORK:**

- B. Safety Requirements: GENERAL CONDITIONS Article, ACCIDENT PREVENTION.
- C. Disconnecting utility services prior to demolition: Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.
- D. Reserved items that are to remain the property of the Government: Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.
- E. Asbestos Removal: Section 02 82 11, TRADITIONAL ASBESTOS ABATEMENT.
- F. Lead Paint: Section 02 83 33.13, LEAD-BASED PAINT REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL.
- G. Environmental Protection: Section 01 57 19, TEMPORARY ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS.
- H. Construction Waste Management: Section 017419 CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT.
- I. Infectious Control: Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS, Article 1.7, INFECTION PREVENTION MEASURES.

**1.3 PROTECTION:**

- A. Perform demolition in such manner as to eliminate hazards to persons and property; to minimize interference with use of adjacent areas, utilities and structures or interruption of use of such utilities; and to provide free passage to and from such adjacent areas of structures. Comply with requirements of GENERAL CONDITIONS Article, ACCIDENT PREVENTION.
- B. Provide safeguards, including warning signs, barricades, temporary fences, warning lights, and other similar items that are required for protection of all personnel during demolition and removal operations. Comply with requirements of Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS, Article PROTECTION OF EXISTING VEGETATION, STRUCTURES, EQUIPMENT, UTILITIES AND IMPROVEMENTS.
- C. Maintain fences, barricades, lights, and other similar items around exposed excavations until such excavations have been completely filled.
- D. Provide enclosed dust chutes with control gates from each floor to carry debris to truck beds and govern flow of material into truck. Provide overhead bridges of tight board or prefabricated metal construction at dust chutes to protect persons and property from falling debris.

- E. Prevent spread of flying particles and dust. Sprinkle rubbish and debris with water to keep dust to a minimum. Do not use water if it results in hazardous or objectionable condition such as, but not limited to; ice, flooding, or pollution. Vacuum and dust the work area daily.
- F. In addition to previously listed fire and safety rules to be observed in performance of work, include following:
  - 1. No wall or part of wall shall be permitted to fall outwardly from structures.
  - 2. Maintain at least one stairway in each structure in usable condition to highest remaining floor. Keep stairway free of obstructions and debris until that level of structure has been removed.
  - 3. Wherever a cutting torch or other equipment that might cause a fire is used, provide and maintain fire extinguishers nearby ready for immediate use. Instruct all possible users in use of fire extinguishers.
  - 4. Keep hydrants clear and accessible at all times. Prohibit debris from accumulating within a radius of 4500 mm (15 feet) of fire hydrants.
- G. Before beginning any demolition work, the Contractor shall survey the site and examine the drawings and specifications to determine the extent of the work. The contractor shall take necessary precautions to avoid damages to existing items to remain in place, to be reused, or to remain the property of the Medical Center; any damaged items shall be repaired or replaced as approved by the COR. The Contractor shall coordinate the work of this section with all other work and shall construct and maintain shoring, bracing, and supports as required. The Contractor shall ensure that structural elements are not overloaded and shall be responsible for increasing structural supports or adding new supports as may be required as a result of any cutting, removal, or demolition work performed under this contract. Do not overload structural elements. Provide new supports and reinforcement for existing construction weakened by demolition or removal works. Repairs, reinforcement, or structural replacement must have COR's approval.
- H. The work shall comply with the requirements of Section 01 57 19, TEMPORARY ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS.
- I. The work shall comply with the requirements of Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS, Article 1.7 INFECTION PREVENTION MEASURES.

#### **1.4 UTILITY SERVICES:**

- A. Demolish and remove outside utility service lines shown to be removed.

- B. Remove abandoned outside utility lines that would interfere with installation of new utility lines and new construction.

**PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)**

**PART 3 - EXECUTION**

**3.1 DEMOLITION:**

- A. Completely demolish and remove buildings and structures, including all appurtenances related or connected thereto, as noted below:
  - 1. As required for installation of new utility service lines.
  - 2. To full depth within an area defined by hypothetical lines located 1500 mm (5 feet) outside building lines of new structures.
- B. Debris, including brick, concrete, stone, metals and similar materials shall become property of Contractor and shall be disposed of by him daily, off the Medical Center to avoid accumulation at the demolition site. Materials that cannot be removed daily shall be stored in areas specified by the COR. Break up concrete slabs below grade that do not require removal from present location into pieces not exceeding 600 mm (24 inches) square to permit drainage. Contractor shall dispose debris in compliance with applicable federal, state or local permits, rules and/or regulations.
- C. In removing buildings and structures of more than two stories, demolish work story by story starting at highest level and progressing down to third floor level. Demolition of first and second stories may proceed simultaneously.
- D. Remove and legally dispose of all materials, other than earth to remain as part of project work, from any trash dumps shown. Materials removed shall become property of contractor and shall be disposed of in compliance with applicable federal, state or local permits, rules and/or regulations. All materials in the indicated trash dump areas, including above surrounding grade and extending to a depth of 1500mm (5feet) below surrounding grade, shall be included as part of the lump sum compensation for the work of this section. Materials that are located beneath the surface of the surrounding ground more than 1500 mm (5 feet), or materials that are discovered to be hazardous, shall be handled as unforeseen. The removal of hazardous material shall be referred to Hazardous Materials specifications.
- E. Remove existing utilities as indicated or uncovered by work and terminate in a manner conforming to the nationally recognized code covering the specific utility and approved by the COR. When Utility

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06-10

lines are encountered that are not indicated on the drawings, the COR shall be notified prior to further work in that area.

**3.2 CLEAN-UP:**

On completion of work of this section and after removal of all debris, leave site in clean condition satisfactory to COR. Clean-up shall include off the Medical Center disposal of all items and materials not required to remain property of the Government as well as all debris and rubbish resulting from demolition operations.

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**SECTION 02 42 00**  
**CUTTING, REMOVAL, DEMOLITION, RESTORATION AND PATCHING**

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE:

- A. Refer to SECTION 01 00 00 for special requirements, protection, constraints, timing of work, scheduling of work, enclosures and similar requirements relating to this section.
- B. This section covers cutting, demolition, removal work, patching, leveling and restoration work as necessary to accomplish and complete all work under this contract, including any relocation or reuse of existing materials, equipment, systems, or other work, as well as the disposition of salvaged materials or debris. This Section applies to all work under this contract, including general construction, mechanical and electrical work.
- C. Contractor and his subcontractors shall examine the spaces/work site themselves to determine the actual conditions and requirements. All removals, demolition, cutting, restoration, new installations and other work shall be accomplished to transform the existing spaces and conditions to the new conditions required under the Contract, as well as to accomplish all tie-in work of new to existing.
- D. It is the intent that, unless specifically shown on the schedules, or is inherent in the work to be accomplished under the general construction work of the area, that each contractor shall perform the demolition, cutting, removals, relocations, patching and leveling, and restoration as will be required to accomplish the work under their contracts. All work indicated on the schedules shall be accomplished by the General Contractor.
- E. Except for general demolition of entire areas, it is the intent that at each area or space the contractor and each subcontractor shall make removals, perform cutting or demolition and accomplish relocations of work normal to his trade (i.e., Mechanical Contractor removes or relocates piping, ductwork and similar. At areas of general demolition of entire area spaces, the Mechanical Contractor shall make removals normal to their trade or may be called for, for reuse or relocation,

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make any relocations and cutoffs, terminate, or otherwise discontinue services that will be abandoned, shall be removed to the nearest active main. The general contractor shall then demolish or remove all unwanted electrical or mechanical materials, items or elements in the area.

- F. Contractor is required to restore all finishes, surfaces, items, & materials as required to accommodate new finishes. For example, if wall paper, vinyl wall covering, ceramic wall tile, etc. is existing on wall, and new wall finish calls for wall to be painted, contractor is required to remove existing wall paper, vinyl wall covering, ceramic wall tile, etc. to accommodate new painted finish. These surfaces are required to be verified prior to bid, as no change to contract will be provided after award if existing finishes are clearly present.

## PART 2: MATERIALS

### 2.1 SALVAGEABLE MATERIALS TO BE STORED BY OWNER (VA):

- A. The owner shall mark or tag existing materials, equipment or other items that are to be retained during a pre-demolition walk through. Salvageable materials and items designated or marked to remain the property of the government shall be carefully removed by applicable trades, protected from damage and stored adjacent to the removal area as directed.
- B. Consult the Project Manager concerning any possible salvageable items prior to demolition thereof. Carefully remove and salvage any materials designated to be retained.
- C. Any materials not wanted by the government shall be removed from the site by the contractor, without additional cost to the government.
- D. Removal from the area and the site to the government's storage area shall be by the contractor.

## PART 3 EXECUTION:

### 3.1 TEMPORARY PROTECTION:

- A. Provide temporary bracing, shoring, needling and support during demolition, cutting, remodeling and related new construction necessary for the execution of the work and the protection of persons and property. Perform all work with appropriate supports, protection and

methods to prevent collapse, settling or damage to property or persons.

Provide adequate supports for the loads to be carried, with loads properly distributed, and including to lower levels and sound bearing, if necessary.

- B. Provide protective covering and enclosures necessary to prevent damage to existing spaces and materials to remain.
- C. Provide dust proof temporary enclosures (including above ceilings) separating areas under demolition and remodeling from the remainder of the buildings as well as temporary filters at ductwork. If work produces fumes or odors that impact patient care or staff operations, granulated active carbon filters shall be provided for all HVAC intake units where operations provide these odors or fumes. Provide temporary hinged doors in temporary enclosures where necessary. Temporary and permanent doors shall be completely sealed with tape or other suitable material during demolition work and shall remain sealed until dust has settled.

### 3.2 MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL WORK EXPOSED

- A. Where unknown mechanical piping, ductwork or electrical conduit is exposed during removal of partitions, walls, floors and ceilings, the removal or re-routing shall be by the Mechanical or Electrical Contractor as applicable. The contractor is to provide at minimum labor and materials required for one journeyman electrician or plumber 40-manhours to relocate these utilities. Re-routed piping shall be located where directed and shall be re-connected to maintain all functions in proper operation. Abandoned piping may be left in place where it is disconnected from its source and capped or as directed by Project Manager. There shall be no "dead end" water, sewer, medical gas, or vent piping existing in the completed work.
- B. Removals, capping or otherwise terminating services which are abandoned or need to be abandoned, shall be accomplished without additional cost to the government, whether shown or noted on drawings or otherwise encountered.
- C. Contractor is to remove all old abandoned oval pneumatic tube lines, transfer boxes, and related equipment and components exposed within the

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construction area. The contractor is to provide at minimum labor and materials required for one electrician or laborer 40-manhours for removal.

### 3.3 WORK OF EACH CONTRACT

- A. The contractor and each subcontractor shall carefully review the contract documents, including those primarily for other trades, with respect to the coordination of demolition, removal and remodeling work and perform such removals normal to their respective trade as may be shown, noted, or otherwise required. Cutting and patching incidental to demolition, removal and/or remodeling of general construction work shall be construed as the work of the general contractor when shown or indicated on the general construction drawings or schedules or specifically noted or called for on documents primarily for other trades as being accomplished by the general contractor. Other contractors shall perform such other cutting, demolition, patching, replacement and restoration as may be required to accomplish their part of the work.

### 3.4 PAINTING

- A. Any painting to match adjacent or surrounding areas.

### 3.5 LEVELING OF FLOORS

- A. Contractor shall submit for approval - brand of latex, floor leveler to be used. Leveler shall include additive for waterproofing.

### 3.6 PATCHING

- A. Contractor shall be responsible for all patching required as a result of installation of new work.
- B. Contractor shall furnish all related components, trims, etc. required to complete the work.

- - -END- - -

**SECTION 02 82 11**  
**TRADITIONAL ASBESTOS ABATEMENT**

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

PART 1 - GENERAL.....	1
1.1 SUMMARY OF THE WORK.....	1
1.1.1 CONTRACT DOCUMENTS AND RELATED REQUIREMENTS.....	1
1.1.2 EXTENT OF WORK.....	1
1.1.3 RELATED WORK.....	2
1.1.4 TASKS.....	2
1.1.5 CONTRACTORS USE OF PREMISES.....	2
1.2 VARIATIONS IN QUANTITY.....	3
1.3 STOP ASBESTOS REMOVAL.....	3
1.4 DEFINITIONS.....	4
1.4.1 GENERAL.....	4
1.4.2 GLOSSARY.....	4
1.4.3 REFERENCED STANDARDS ORGANIZATIONS.....	12
1.5 APPLICABLE CODES AND REGULATIONS.....	14
1.5.1 GENERAL APPLICABILITY OF CODES, REGULATIONS, AND STANDARDS.....	14
1.5.2 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITY.....	14
1.5.3 FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS.....	15
1.5.4 STATE REQUIREMENTS.....	15
1.5.5 STANDARDS.....	15
1.5.6 EPA GUIDANCE DOCUMENTS.....	16
1.5.7 NOTICES.....	16
1.5.8 PERMITS/LICENSES.....	16
1.5.9 POSTING AND FILING OF REGULATIONS.....	16
1.5.10 VA RESPONSIBILITIES.....	16
1.5.11 SITE SECURITY.....	17
1.5.12 EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN AND ARRANGEMENTS.....	18
1.5.13 PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING.....	19
1.6 PROJECT COORDINATION.....	20
1.6.1 PERSONNEL.....	20
1.7 RESPIRATORY PROTECTION.....	21
1.7.1 GENERAL - RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAM.....	21
1.7.2 RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAM COORDINATOR.....	21
1.7.3 SELECTION AND USE OF RESPIRATORS.....	21
1.7.4 MINIMUM RESPIRATORY PROTECTION.....	22

04-30-13

1.7.5 MEDICAL WRITTEN OPINION.....	22
1.7.6 RESPIRATOR FIT TEST.....	22
1.7.7 RESPIRATOR FIT CHECK.....	22
1.7.8 MAINTENANCE AND CARE OF RESPIRATORS.....	22
1.7.9 SUPPLIED AIR SYSTEMS.....	22
1.8 WORKER PROTECTION.....	23
1.8.1 TRAINING OF ABATEMENT PERSONNEL.....	23
1.8.2 MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS.....	23
1.8.3 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT.....	23
1.8.4 REGULATED AREA ENTRY PROCEDURE.....	23
1.8.5 DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURE - PAPR.....	23
1.8.6 REGULATED AREA REQUIREMENTS.....	24
1.9 DECONTAMINATION FACILITIES.....	24
1.9.1 DESCRIPTION.....	24
1.9.2 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.....	25
1.9.3 TEMPORARY FACILITIES TO THE PDF and W/EDF.....	25
1.9.4 PERSONNEL DECONTAMINATION FACILITY (PDF).....	25
1.9.5 WASTE/EQUIPMENT DECONTAMINATION FACILITY (W/EDF).....	27
1.9.6 WASTE/EQUIPMENT DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES.....	29
PART 2 - PRODUCTS, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT.....	29
2.1 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT.....	29
2.1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.....	29
2.1.2 NEGATIVE PRESSURE FILTRATION SYSTEM.....	31
2.1.3 DESIGN AND LAYOUT.....	31
2.1.4 NEGATIVE AIR MACHINES (HEPA UNITS).....	32
2.1.5 PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL.....	33
2.1.6 MONITORING.....	33
2.1.7 AUXILIARY GENERATOR.....	33
2.1.8 SUPPLEMENTAL MAKE-UP AIR INLETS.....	34
2.1.9 TESTING THE SYSTEM.....	34
2.1.10 DEMONSTRATION OF THE NEGATIVE AIR PRESSURE SYSTEM.....	34
2.1.11 USE OF SYSTEM DURING ABATEMENT OPERATIONS.....	34
2.1.12 DISMANTLING THE SYSTEM.....	35
2.1.13 AREAS OUTSIDE CONTAINMENT AREA.....	35
2.2 CONTAINMENT BARRIERS AND COVERINGS IN THE REGULATED AREA.....	35
2.2.1 GENERAL.....	35
2.2.2 PREPARATION PRIOR TO SEALING THE REGULATED AREA.....	35

04-30-13

2.2.3 CONTROLLING ACCESS TO THE REGULATED AREA.....	36
2.2.4 CRITICAL BARRIERS.....	36
2.2.5 PRIMARY BARRIERS.....	36
2.2.6 SECONDARY BARRIERS.....	37
2.2.7 EXTENSION OF THE REGULATED AREA.....	37
2.2.8 FIRESTOPPING.....	37
2.3 MONITORING, INSPECTION AND TESTING.....	37
2.3.1 GENERAL.....	37
2.3.2 SCOPE OF SERVICES OF THE VPIH/CIH CONSULTANT.....	38
2.3.3 MONITORING, INSPECTION AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR CPIH.....	39
2.4 STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES.....	40
2.5 SUBMITTALS.....	41
2.5.1 PRE-START MEETING SUBMITTALS.....	41
2.5.2 SUBMITTALS DURING ABATEMENT.....	43
2.5.3 SUBMITTALS AT COMPLETION OF ABATEMENT.....	44
2.6 ENCAPSULANTS.....	44
2.6.1 TYPES OF ENCAPSULANTS.....	44
2.6.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS.....	44
2.6.3 CERTIFICATES OF COMPLIANCE.....	45
PART 3 - EXECUTION.....	45
3.1 PRE-ABATEMENT ACTIVITIES.....	45
3.1.1 PRE-ABATEMENT MEETING.....	45
3.1.2 PRE-ABATEMENT INSPECTIONS AND PREPARATIONS.....	46
3.1.3 PRE-ABATEMENT CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATIONS.....	46
3.2 REGULATED AREA PREPARATIONS.....	47
3.3 CONTAINMENT BARRIERS AND COVERINGS FOR THE REGULATED AREA GENERAL.....	48
3.4 REMOVAL OF ACM.....	48
3.4.1 WETTING ACM.....	48
3.4.2 SECONDARY BARRIER AND WALKWAYS.....	49
3.4.3 WET REMOVAL OF ACM.....	49
3.4.4 WET REMOVAL OF AMOSITE.....	51
3.4.5 DISCOVERED MATERIALS.....	51
3.5 LOCKDOWN ENCAPSULATION.....	52
3.5.1 GENERAL.....	52
3.5.2 DELIVERY AND STORAGE.....	52
3.5.3 WORKER PROTECTION.....	52
3.5.4 ENCAPSULATION OF SCRATCH COAT PLASTER OR PIPING.....	52

04-30-13

3.5.5 SEALING EXPOSED EDGES.....	53
3.6 DISPOSAL OF ACM WASTE MATERIALS.....	53
3.6.1 GENERAL.....	53
3.6.2 PROCEDURES.....	53
3.7 PROJECT DECONTAMINATION.....	54
3.7.1 GENERAL.....	54
3.7.2 REGULATED AREA CLEARANCE.....	54
3.7.3 WORK DESCRIPTION.....	54
3.7.4 PRE-DECONTAMINATION CONDITIONS.....	54
3.7.5 FIRST CLEANING.....	54
3.7.6 PRE-CLEARANCE INSPECTION AND TESTING.....	55
3.7.7 LOCKDOWN ENCAPSULATION OF ABATED SURFACES.....	55
3.8 FINAL VISUAL INSPECTION AND AIR CLEARANCE TESTING.....	55
3.8.1 GENERAL.....	55
3.8.2 FINAL VISUAL INSPECTION.....	55
3.8.3 FINAL AIR CLEARANCE TESTING.....	56
3.8.4 FINAL AIR CLEARANCE PROCEDURES.....	56
3.8.5 CLEARANCE SAMPLING USING PCM - LESS THAN 260LF/160SF.....	57
3.8.6 CLEARANCE SAMPLING USING TEM - EQUAL TO OR MORE THAN 260LF/160SF.....	57
3.8.7 LABORATORY TESTING OF PCM CLEARANCE SAMPLES.....	57
3.8.8 LABORATORY TESTING OF TEM SAMPLES.....	57
3.8.9 AUTHORIZATION TO REMOVE ABATEMENT CONTAINMENT.....	57
3.9 ABATEMENT CLOSEOUT AND CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE.....	57
3.9.1 COMPLETION OF ABATEMENT WORK.....	57
3.9.2 CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION BY CONTRACTOR.....	58
3.9.3 WORK SHIFTS.....	58
3.9.4 RE-INSULATION.....	58
3.9.5 REPLACEMENT OF DIELECTRIC UNIONS.....	58
ATTACHMENT #1.....	59
ATTACHMENT #2.....	60
ATTACHMENT #3.....	62
ATTACHMENT #4.....	63

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 SUMMARY OF THE WORK**

**1.1.1 CONTRACT DOCUMENTS AND RELATED REQUIREMENTS**

Drawings, general provisions of the contract, including general and supplementary conditions and other Division 01 specifications, shall apply to the work of this section. The contract documents show the work to be done under the contract and related requirements and conditions impacting the project. Related requirements and conditions include applicable codes and regulations, notices and permits, existing site conditions and restrictions on use of the site, requirements for partial owner occupancy during the work, coordination with other work and the phasing of the work. In the event the Asbestos Abatement Contractor discovers a conflict in the contract documents and/or requirements or codes, the conflict must be brought to the immediate attention of the Contracting Officer for resolution. Whenever there is a conflict or overlap in the requirements, the most stringent shall apply. Any actions taken by the Contractor without obtaining guidance from the Contracting Officer shall become the sole risk and responsibility of the Asbestos Abatement Contractor. All costs incurred due to such action are also the responsibility of the Asbestos Abatement Contractor.

**1.1.2 EXTENT OF WORK**

- A. Below is a brief description of the estimated quantities of asbestos containing materials to be abated. These quantities are for informational purposes only and are based on the best information available at the time of the specification preparation. The Contractor shall satisfy himself as the actual quantities to be abated. Nothing in this section may be interpreted as limiting the extent of work otherwise required by this contract and related documents.
- B. Removal, clean-up and disposal of asbestos containing materials (ACM) and asbestos/waste contaminated elements in an appropriate regulated area for the following approximate quantities;
  - ( 150 ) fittings > 150 mm (>6") in diameter
  - ( 7,200 ) square feet of floor tile and mastic (VCT)
  - ( 700 ) square feet of mastic underneath ceramic tile (MCTM-1 & MCTM-3)
  - ( 4 ) electrical panels - MEP
  - ( 4 ) fire doors - MFD
  - ( 14 ) toilet gaskets - MTG

### **1.1.3 RELATED WORK**

- A. Section 07 84 00, FIRESTOPPING.
- B. Section 02 41 00, DEMOLITION.
- C. Division 09, FINISHES
- D. Division 22, PLUMBING.
- E. Section 21 05 11, COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR FIRE SUPPRESSION / Section 22 05 11, COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR PLUMBING / Section 23 05 11, COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR HVAC AND STEAM GENERATION.
- F. Section 23 07 11, HVAC, PLUMBING, AND BOILER PLANT INSULATION.
- G. Section 22 05 23, GENERAL-DUTY VALVES FOR PLUMBING PIPING / Section 22 11 00, FACILITY WATER DISTRIBUTION / Section 22 13 00, FACILITY SANITARY SEWERAGE / .
- H. Section 23 21 13, HYDRONIC PIPING / Section 23 22 13, STEAM AND CONDENSATE HEATING PIPING.
- I. Section 23 31 00, HVAC DUCTS AND CASINGS / Section 23 37 00, AIR OUTLETS AND INLETS.

### **1.1.4 TASKS**

The work tasks are summarized briefly as follows:

- A. Pre-abatement activities including pre-abatement meeting(s), inspection(s), notifications, permits, submittal approvals, regulated area preparations, emergency procedures arrangements, and standard operating procedures for asbestos abatement work.
- B. Abatement activities including removal, clean-up and disposal of ACM waste, recordkeeping, security, monitoring, and inspections.
- C. Cleaning and decontamination activities including final visual inspection, air monitoring and certification of decontamination.

### **1.1.5 CONTRACTORS USE OF PREMISES**

- A. The Contractor and Contractor's personnel shall cooperate fully with the VA representative/consultant to facilitate efficient use of buildings and areas within buildings. The Contractor shall perform the work in accordance with the VA specifications, drawings, phasing plan and in compliance with any/all applicable Federal, State and Local regulations and requirements.
- B. The Contractor shall use the existing facilities in the building strictly within the limits indicated in contract documents as well as the approved pre-abatement work plan. Asbestos abatement drawings of partially occupied buildings will show the limits of regulated areas; the placement of decontamination facilities; the temporary location of bagged waste ACM; the path of transport to outside the building; and the

04-30-13

temporary waste storage area for each building/regulated area. Any variation from the arrangements shown on drawings shall be secured in writing from the VA representative through the pre-abatement plan of action. The following limitations of use shall apply to existing facilities shown on drawings:

Reference Section 028211-A, the asbestos inspection report, "Supplemental Asbestos Inspection Report: Building 111 Administration Consolidation for 10AS Sim Lab, VA Project #695-13-112, VA Medical Center, Buildings 111, 5000 W. National Avenue, Milwaukee, Wisconsin", prepared by The Sigma Group, Inc.

## 1.2 VARIATIONS IN QUANTITY

The quantities and locations of ACM as indicated on the drawings and the extent of work included in this section are estimated which are limited by the physical constraints imposed by occupancy of the buildings. Accordingly, minor variations (+/- 5%) in quantities of ACM within the regulated area are considered as having no impact on contract price and time requirements of this contract. Where additional work is required beyond the above variation, the contractor shall provide unit prices for newly discovered materials and those prices shall be used for additional work required under the contractor.

Additionally, it may be later determined that materials designated as Assumed to Contain (ATC) do not contain greater than one percent asbestos. As such, the contractor shall provide unit pricing for all materials designated as POS and ATC. Materials designated as ATC which are later determined to contain less than one percent asbestos may be removed from the contract at the discretion of the owner. The dollar amount deducted from the contract will be determined by multiplying the quantity of ATC materials determined to be non-ACM by the unit costs.

## 1.3 STOP ASBESTOS REMOVAL

If the Contracting Officer; their field representative; or the VPIH/CIH presents a written **Stop Asbestos Removal Order**, the Contractor/Personnel shall immediately stop all asbestos removal and maintain HEPA filtered air flow and adequately wet any exposed ACM. The Contractor shall not resume any asbestos removal activity until authorized to do so by the VA. A stop asbestos removal order may be issued at any time the VA determines abatement conditions/activities are not within specification requirements. Work stoppage will continue until conditions have been corrected to the satisfaction of the VA. Standby time and costs for corrective actions will be borne by the Contractor, including the industrial hygienist's time. The occurrence of any of the following

04-30-13

events shall be reported immediately by the Contractor's competent person in writing to the VA representative and shall require the Contractor to immediately stop asbestos removal/disturbance activities and initiate fiber reduction activities:

- A.  $\geq$  0.01 f/cc outside a regulated area or  $>$ 0.05 f/cc inside a regulated area;
- B. breach/break in regulated area barrier(s);
- C. less than -0.02" WCG pressure in the regulated area;
- D. serious injury/death at the site;
- E. fire/safety emergency at the site;
- F. respiratory protection system failure;
- G. power failure or loss of wetting agent; or
- H. any visible emissions observed outside the regulated area.

#### **1.4 DEFINITIONS**

##### **1.4.1 GENERAL**

Definitions and explanations here are neither complete nor exclusive of all terms used in the contract documents, but are general for the work to the extent they are not stated more explicitly in another element of the contract documents. Drawings must be recognized as diagrammatic in nature and not completely descriptive of the requirements indicated therein.

##### **1.4.2 GLOSSARY**

**Abatement** - Procedures to control fiber release from asbestos-containing materials, typically during removal. Includes removal, encapsulation, enclosure, demolition and renovation activities related to asbestos.

**ACE** - Asbestos contaminated elements.

**ACM** - Asbestos containing material.

**Aerosol** - Solid or liquid particulate suspended in air.

**Adequately wet** - Sufficiently mixed or penetrated with liquid to prevent the release of particulates. If visible emissions are observed coming from the ACM, then that material has not been adequately wetted.

**Aggressive method** - Removal or disturbance of building material by sanding, abrading, grinding, or other method that breaks, crumbles, or disintegrates intact ACM.

**Aggressive sampling** - EPA AHERA defined clearance sampling method using air moving equipment such as fans and leaf blowers to aggressively disturb and maintain in the air residual fibers after abatement.

04-30-13

**AHERA** - Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act. Asbestos regulations for schools issued in 1987.

**Aircell** - Pipe or duct insulation made of corrugated cardboard which contains asbestos.

**Air monitoring** - The process of measuring the fiber content of a known volume of air collected over a specified period of time. The NIOSH 7400 Method, Issue 2 is used to determine the fiber levels in air.

**Air sample filter** - The filter used to collect fibers which are then counted. The filter is made of mixed cellulose ester membrane for PCM (Phase Contrast Microscopy) and polycarbonate for TEM (Transmission Electron Microscopy)

**Amended water** - Water to which a surfactant (wetting agent) has been added to increase the penetrating ability of the liquid.

**Asbestos** - Includes chrysotile, amosite, crocidolite, tremolite asbestos, anthophyllite asbestos, actinolite asbestos, and any of these minerals that have been chemically treated or altered. Asbestos also includes PACM, as defined below.

**Asbestos-containing material (ACM)** - Any material containing more than one percent of asbestos.

**Asbestos contaminated elements (ACE)** - Building elements such as ceilings, walls, lights, or ductwork that are contaminated with asbestos.

**Asbestos-containing waste material** - Asbestos-containing material or asbestos contaminated objects requiring disposal.

**Asbestos waste decontamination facility** - A system consisting of drum/bag washing facilities and a temporary storage area for cleaned containers of asbestos waste. Used as the exit for waste and equipment leaving the regulated area. In an emergency, it may be used to evacuate personnel.

**Authorized person** - Any person authorized by the VA, the Contractor, or government agency and required by work duties to be present in regulated areas.

**Authorized visitor** - Any person approved by the VA; the contractor; or any government agency having jurisdiction over the regulated area.

**Barrier** - Any surface that isolates the regulated area and inhibits fiber migration from the regulated area.

**Containment Barrier** - An airtight barrier consisting of walls, floors, and/or ceilings of sealed plastic sheeting which surrounds and seals the outer perimeter of the regulated area.

04-30-13

**Critical Barrier** - The barrier responsible for isolating the regulated area from adjacent spaces, typically constructed of plastic sheeting secured in place at openings such as doors, windows, or any other opening into the regulated area.

**Primary Barrier** - Barriers placed over critical barriers and exposed directly to abatement work.

**Secondary Barrier** - Any additional sheeting used to isolate and provide protection from debris during abatement work.

**Breathing zone** - The hemisphere forward of the shoulders with a radius of about 150 - 225 mm (6 - 9 inches) from the worker's nose.

**Bridging encapsulant** - An encapsulant that forms a layer on the surface of the ACM.

**Building/facility owner** - The legal entity, including a lessee, which exercises control over management and recordkeeping functions relating to a building and/or facility in which asbestos activities take place.

**Bulk testing** - The collection and analysis of suspect asbestos containing materials.

**Certified Industrial Hygienist (CIH)** - One certified in practice of industrial hygiene by the American Board of Industrial Hygiene. An industrial hygienist Certified in Comprehensive Practice by the American Board of Industrial Hygiene.

**Class I asbestos work** - Activities involving the removal of Thermal System Insulation (TSI) and surfacing ACM and Presumed Asbestos Containing Material (PACM).

**Class II asbestos work** - Activities involving the removal of ACM which is not thermal system insulation or surfacing material. This includes, but is not limited to, the removal of asbestos-containing wallboard, floor tile and sheeting, roofing and siding shingles, and construction mastic.

**Clean room/Changing room** - An uncontaminated room having facilities for the storage of employee's street clothing and uncontaminated materials and equipment.

**Clearance sample** - The final air sample taken after all asbestos work has been done and visually inspected. Performed by the VA's industrial hygiene consultant (VPIH/CIH).

**Closely resemble** - The major workplace conditions which have contributed to the levels of historic asbestos exposure, are no more protective than conditions of the current workplace.

04-30-13

**Competent person** - In addition to the definition in 29 CFR 1926.32(f), one who is capable of identifying existing asbestos hazards in the workplace and selecting the appropriate control strategy for asbestos exposure, who has the authority to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate them, as specified in 29 CFR 1926.32(f); in addition, for Class I and II work who is specially trained in a training course which meets the criteria of EPA's Model Accreditation Plan (40 CFR 763) for supervisor.

**Contractor's Professional Industrial Hygienist (CPIH)** - The asbestos abatement contractor's industrial hygienist. The industrial hygienist must meet the qualification requirements of the PIH.

**Count** - Refers to the fiber count or the average number of fibers greater than five microns in length per cubic centimeter of air.

**Decontamination area/unit** - An enclosed area adjacent to and connected to the regulated area and consisting of an equipment room, shower room, and clean room, which is used for the decontamination of workers, materials, and equipment that are contaminated with asbestos.

**Demolition** - The wrecking or taking out of any load-supporting structural member and any related razing, removing, or stripping of asbestos products.

**Disposal bag** - Typically 6 mil thick siftproof, dustproof, leaktight container used to package and transport asbestos waste from regulated areas to the approved landfill. Each bag/container must be labeled/marked in accordance with EPA, OSHA and DOT requirements.

**Disturbance** - Activities that disrupt the matrix of ACM or PACM, crumble or pulverize ACM or PACM, or generate visible debris from ACM or PACM. Disturbance includes cutting away small amounts of ACM or PACM, no greater than the amount that can be contained in one standard sized glove bag or waste bag in order to access a building component. In no event shall the amount of ACM or PACM so disturbed exceed that which can be contained in one glove bag or disposal bag which shall not exceed 60 inches in length or width.

**Drum** - A rigid, impermeable container made of cardboard fiber, plastic, or metal which can be sealed in order to be siftproof, dustproof, and leaktight.

**Employee exposure** - The exposure to airborne asbestos that would occur if the employee were not wearing respiratory protection equipment.

04-30-13

**Encapsulant** - A material that surrounds or embeds asbestos fibers in an adhesive matrix and prevents the release of fibers.

**Encapsulation** - Treating ACM with an encapsulant.

**Enclosure** - The construction of an air tight, impermeable, permanent barrier around ACM to control the release of asbestos fibers from the material and also eliminate access to the material.

**Equipment room** - A contaminated room located within the decontamination area that is supplied with impermeable bags or containers for the disposal of contaminated protective clothing and equipment.

**Fiber** - A particulate form of asbestos, 5 microns or longer, with a length to width ratio of at least 3 to 1.

**Fibers per cubic centimeter (f/cc)** - Abbreviation for fibers per cubic centimeter, used to describe the level of asbestos fibers in air.

**Filter** - Media used in respirators, vacuums, or other machines to remove particulate from air.

**Firestopping** - Material used to close the open parts of a structure in order to prevent a fire from spreading.

**Friable asbestos containing material** - Any material containing more than 1 percent asbestos as determined using the method specified in appendix A, Subpart F, 40 CFR 763, section 1, Polarized Light Microscopy, that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

**Glovebag** - Not more than a 60 x 60 inch impervious plastic bag-like enclosure affixed around an asbestos-containing material, with glove-like appendages through which materials and tools may be handled.

**High efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filter** - A filter capable of trapping and retaining at least 99.97 percent of all mono-dispersed particles of 0.3 microns or greater in diameter.

**HEPA vacuum** - Vacuum collection equipment equipped with a HEPA filter system capable of collecting and retaining asbestos fibers.

**Homogeneous area** - An area of surfacing, thermal system insulation or miscellaneous ACM that is uniform in color, texture and date of application.

**HVAC** - Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning

**Industrial hygienist** - A professional qualified by education, training, and experience to anticipate, recognize, evaluate and develop controls for occupational health hazards. Meets definition requirements of the American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA).

04-30-13

**Industrial hygienist technician** - A person working under the direction of an IH or CIH who has special training, experience, certifications and licenses required for the industrial hygiene work assigned.

**Intact** - The ACM has not crumbled, been pulverized, or otherwise deteriorated so that the asbestos is no longer likely to be bound with its matrix.

**Lockdown** - Applying encapsulant, after a final visual inspection, on all abated surfaces at the conclusion of ACM removal prior to removal of critical barriers.

**National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP's)** - EPA's rule to control emissions of asbestos to the environment.

**Negative initial exposure assessment** - A demonstration by the employer which complies with the criteria in 29 CFR 1926.1101 (f)(2)(iii), that employee exposure during an operation is expected to be consistently below the PEL's.

**Negative pressure** - Air pressure which is lower than the surrounding area, created by exhausting air from a sealed regulated area through HEPA equipped filtration units. OSHA requires maintaining -0.02" water column gauge inside the negative pressure enclosure.

**Negative pressure respirator** - A respirator in which the air pressure inside the facepiece is negative during inhalation relative to the air outside the respirator.

**Non-friable ACM** - Material that contains more than 1 percent asbestos but cannot be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

**Organic vapor cartridge** - The type of cartridge used on air purifying respirators for organic vapor exposures.

**Outside air** - The air outside buildings and structures, including, but not limited to, the air under a bridge or in an open ferry dock.

**Owner/operator** - Any person who owns, leases, operates, controls, or supervises the facility being demolished or renovated or any person who owns, leases, operates, controls, or supervises the demolition or renovation operation, or both.

**Penetrating encapsulant** - Encapsulant that is absorbed into the ACM matrix without leaving a surface layer.

**Personal sampling/monitoring** - Representative air samples obtained in the breathing zone of the person using a cassette and battery operated pump to determine asbestos exposure.

04-30-13

**Permissible exposure limit (PEL)** - The level of exposure OSHA allows for an 8 hour time weighted average. For asbestos fibers, the PEL is 0.1 fibers per cc.

**Polarized light microscopy (PLM)** - Light microscopy using dispersion staining techniques and refractive indices to identify and quantify the type(s) of asbestos present in a bulk sample.

**Polyethylene sheeting** - Strong plastic barrier material 4 to 6 mils thick, semi-transparent, sometimes flame retardant in compliance with NFPA 241.

**Positive/negative fit check** - A method of verifying the fit of a respirator by closing off the filters and breathing in or closing off the exhalation valve and breathing out while detecting leakage of the respirator.

**Presumed ACM (PACM)** - Thermal system insulation, surfacing, and flooring material installed in buildings prior to 1981. If the building owner has actual knowledge, or should have known through the exercise of due diligence that other materials are ACM, they too must be treated as PACM. The designation of PACM may be rebutted pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.1101 (k)(5).

**Professional IH** - An IH who meets the definition requirements of AIHA; meets the definition requirements of OSHA as a "Competent Person" at 29 CFR 1926.1101 (b); has completed two specialized EPA approved courses on management and supervision of asbestos abatement projects; has formal training in respiratory protection and waste disposal; and has a minimum of four projects of similar complexity with this project of which at least three projects serving as the supervisory IH.

**Project designer** - A person who has successfully completed the training requirements for an asbestos abatement project designer as required by 40 CFR 763 Appendix C, Part I; (B)(5).

**Protection factor** - A value assigned by OSHA/NIOSH to indicate the assigned protection a respirator should provide if worn properly. The number indicates the reduction of exposure level from outside to inside the respirator.

**Qualitative fit test (QLFT)** - A fit test using a challenge material that can be sensed by the wearer if leakage in the respirator occurs.

**Quantitative fit test (QNFT)** - A fit test using a challenge material which is quantified outside and inside the respirator thus allowing the determination of the actual fit factor.

04-30-13

**Regulated area** - An area established by the employer to demarcate where Class I, II, III asbestos work is conducted, and any adjoining area where debris and waste from such asbestos work may accumulate; and a work area within which airborne concentrations of asbestos exceed, or there is a reasonable possibility they may exceed the PEL.

**Regulated ACM (RACM)** - Friable ACM; Category I nonfriable ACM that has become friable; Category I nonfriable ACM that will be or has been subjected to sanding, grinding, cutting, or abrading or; Category II nonfriable ACM that has a high probability of becoming or has become crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by the forces expected to act on the material in the course of the demolition or renovation operation.

**Removal** - All operations where ACM, PACM and/or RACM is taken out or stripped from structures or substrates, including demolition operations.

**Renovation** - Altering a facility or one or more facility components in any way, including the stripping or removal of asbestos from a facility component which does not involve demolition activity.

**Repair** - Overhauling, rebuilding, reconstructing, or reconditioning of structures or substrates, including encapsulation or other repair of ACM or PACM attached to structures or substrates.

**Shower room** - The portion of the PDF where personnel shower before leaving the regulated area. Also used for bag/drum decontamination in the EDF.

**Standard operating procedures (SOP's)** - Asbestos work procedures required to be submitted by the contractor before work begins.

**Supplied air respirator (SAR)** - A respirator that utilizes an air supply separate from the air in the regulated area.

**Surfacing ACM** - A material containing more than 1 percent asbestos that is sprayed, troweled on or otherwise applied to surfaces for acoustical, fireproofing and other purposes.

**Surfactant** - A chemical added to water to decrease water's surface tension thus making it more penetrating into ACM.

**Thermal system ACM** - A material containing more than 1 percent asbestos applied to pipes, fittings, boilers, breeching, tanks, ducts, or other structural components to prevent heat loss or gain.

**Transmission electron microscopy (TEM)** - A microscopy method that can identify and count asbestos fibers.

**VA Industrial Hygienist (VPIH)** - Department of Veterans Affairs Professional Industrial Hygienist.

04-30-13

**VA Certified Industrial Hygienist (VPCIH)** - Department of Veterans Affairs Professional Certified Industrial Hygienist.

**VA Representative** - The VA official responsible for on-going project work.

**Visible emissions** - Any emissions, which are visually detectable without the aid of instruments, coming from ACM/PACM/RACM or ACM waste material.

**Waste/Equipment decontamination facility (W/EDF)** - The area in which equipment is decontaminated before removal from the regulated area.

**Waste generator** - Any owner or operator whose act or process produces asbestos-containing waste material.

**Waste shipment record** - The shipping document, required to be originated and signed by the waste generator, used to track and substantiate the disposition of asbestos-containing waste material.

**Wet cleaning** - The process of thoroughly eliminating, by wet methods, any asbestos contamination from surfaces or objects.

#### 1.4.3 REFERENCED STANDARDS ORGANIZATIONS

The following acronyms or abbreviations as referenced in contract/specification documents are defined to mean the associated names. Names and addresses may be subject to change.

- A. VA Department of Veterans Affairs  
810 Vermont Avenue, NW  
Washington, DC 20420
- B. AIHA American Industrial Hygiene Association  
2700 Prosperity Avenue, Suite 250  
Fairfax, VA 22031  
703-849-8888
- C. ANSI American National Standards Institute  
1430 Broadway  
New York, NY 10018  
212-354-3300
- D. ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials  
1916 Race St.  
Philadelphia, PA 19103  
215-299-5400
- E. CFR Code of Federal Regulations  
Government Printing Office  
Washington, DC 20420

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

04-30-13

- F. CGA Compressed Gas Association  
1235 Jefferson Davis Highway  
Arlington, VA 22202  
703-979-0900
- G. CS Commercial Standard of the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)  
U. S. Department of Commerce  
Government Printing Office  
Washington, DC 20420
- H. EPA Environmental Protection Agency  
401 M St., SW  
Washington, DC 20460  
202-382-3949
- I. MIL-STD Military Standards/Standardization Division  
Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense  
Washington, DC 20420
- J. MSHA Mine Safety and Health Administration  
Respiratory Protection Division  
Ballston Tower #3  
Department of Labor  
Arlington, VA 22203  
703-235-1452
- K. NIST National Institute for Standards and Technology  
U. S. Department of Commerce  
Gaithersburg, MD 20234  
301-921-1000
- L. NEC National Electrical Code (by NFPA)
- M. NEMA National Electrical Manufacturer's Association  
2101 L Street, N.W.  
Washington, DC 20037
- N. NFPA National Fire Protection Association  
1 Batterymarch Park  
P.O. Box 9101  
Quincy, MA 02269-9101  
800-344-3555
- O. NIOSH National Institutes for Occupational Safety and Health  
4676 Columbia Parkway  
Cincinnati, OH 45226  
513-533-8236

- P. OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration  
U.S. Department of Labor  
Government Printing Office  
Washington, DC 20402
- Q. UL Underwriters Laboratory  
333 Pfingsten Rd.  
Northbrook, IL 60062  
312-272-8800
- R. USA United States Army  
Army Chemical Corps  
Department of Defense  
Washington, DC 20420

## **1.5 APPLICABLE CODES AND REGULATIONS**

### **1.5.1 GENERAL APPLICABILITY OF CODES, REGULATIONS, AND STANDARDS**

- A. All work under this contract shall be done in strict accordance with all applicable Federal, State, and local regulations, standards and codes governing asbestos abatement, and any other trade work done in conjunction with the abatement. All applicable codes, regulations and standards are adopted into this specification and will have the same force and effect as this specification.
- B. The most recent edition of any relevant regulation, standard, document or code shall be in effect. Where conflict among the requirements or with these specifications exists, the most stringent requirement(s) shall be utilized.
- C. Copies of all standards, regulations, codes and other applicable documents, including this specification and those listed in Section 1.5 shall be available at the worksite in the clean change area of the worker decontamination system.

### **1.5.2 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITY**

The Asbestos Abatement Contractor (Contractor) shall assume full responsibility and liability for compliance with all applicable Federal, State and Local regulations related to any and all aspects of the abatement project. The Contractor is responsible for providing and maintaining training, accreditations, medical exams, medical records, personal protective equipment as required by applicable Federal, State and Local regulations. The Contractor shall hold the VA and VPIH/CIH consultants harmless for any Contractor's failure to comply with any applicable work, packaging, transporting, disposal, safety, health, or environmental requirement on the part of himself, his employees, or his

04-30-13

subcontractors. The Contractor will incur all costs of the CPIH, including all sampling/analytical costs to assure compliance with OSHA/EPA/State requirements related to failure to comply with the regulations applicable to the work.

#### **1.5.3 FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS**

Federal requirements which govern of asbestos abatement include, but are not limited to, the following regulations.

- A. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (**OSHA**)
  - 1. Title 29 CFR 1926.1101 - Construction Standard for Asbestos
  - 2. Title 29 CFR 1910.132 - Personal Protective Equipment
  - 3. Title 29 CFR 1910.134 - Respiratory Protection
  - 4. Title 29 CFR 1926 - Construction Industry Standards
  - 5. Title 29 CFR 1910.20 - Access to Employee Exposure and Medical Records
  - 6. Title 29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication
  - 7. Title 29 CFR 1910.151 - Medical and First Aid
- B. Environmental Protection Agency (**EPA**):
  - 1. 40 CFR 61 Subpart A and M (Revised Subpart B) - National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants - Asbestos.
  - 2. 40 CFR 763.80 - Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA)
- C. Department of Transportation (**DOT**)
  - Title 49 CFR 100 - 185 - Transportation

#### **1.5.4 STATE REQUIREMENTS**

State requirements that apply to the asbestos abatement work, disposal, clearance, etc., include, but are not limited to, the following:

Wisconsin Administrative Code NR 447  
Wisconsin State Statutes 285.11, 285.13, 285.17 and 285.27  
Wisconsin Department of Health Services DHS 159

#### **1.5.5 STANDARDS**

- A. Standards which govern asbestos abatement activities include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. American National Standards Institute (ANSI) Z9.2-79 - Fundamentals Governing the Design and Operation of Local Exhaust Systems Z88.2 - Practices for Respiratory Protection.
  - 2. Underwriters Laboratories (UL) 586-90 - UL Standard for Safety of HEPA Filter Units, 7th Edition.
- B. Standards which govern encapsulation work include, but are not limited to the following:

04-30-13

1. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
- C. Standards which govern the fire and safety concerns in abatement work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  1. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 241 - Standard for Safeguarding Construction, Alteration, and Demolition Operations.
  2. NFPA 701 - Standard Methods for Fire Tests for Flame Resistant Textiles and Film.
  3. NFPA 101 - Life Safety Code

#### **1.5.6 EPA GUIDANCE DOCUMENTS**

- A. EPA guidance documents which discuss asbestos abatement work activities are listed below. These documents are made part of this section by reference. EPA publications can be ordered from (800) 424-9065.
- B. Guidance for Controlling ACM in Buildings (Purple Book) EPA 560/5-85-024
- C. Asbestos Waste Management Guidance EPA 530-SW-85-007
- D. A Guide to Respiratory Protection for the Asbestos Abatement Industry EPA-560-OPTS-86-001
- E. Guide to Managing Asbestos in Place (Green Book) TS 799 20T July 1990

#### **1.5.7 NOTICES**

- A. State and Local agencies: Send written notification as required by state and local regulations including the local fire department prior to beginning any work on ACM as follows:
- B. Copies of notifications shall be submitted to the VA for the facility's records in the same time frame notification is given to EPA, State, and Local authorities.

#### **1.5.8 PERMITS/LICENSES**

- A. The contractor shall apply for and have all required permits and licenses to perform asbestos abatement work as required by Federal, State, and Local regulations.

#### **1.5.9 POSTING AND FILING OF REGULATIONS**

- A. Maintain two (2) copies of applicable federal, state, and local regulations. Post one copy of each in the clean room at the regulated area where workers will have daily access to the regulations and keep another copy in the Contractor's office.

#### **1.5.10 VA RESPONSIBILITIES**

Prior to commencement of work:

- A. Notify occupants adjacent to regulated areas of project dates and requirements for relocation, if needed. Arrangements must be made prior to starting work for relocation of desks, files, equipment and personal

04-30-13

possessions to avoid unauthorized access into the regulated area. **Note:**  
**Notification of adjacent personnel is required by OSHA in 29 CFR**  
**1926.1101 (k) to prevent unnecessary or unauthorized access to the**  
**regulated area.**

- B. Submit to the Contractor results of background air sampling; including location of samples, person who collected the samples, equipment utilized and method of analysis. During abatement, submit to the Contractor, results of bulk material analysis and air sampling data collected during the course of the abatement. This information shall not release the Contractor from any responsibility for OSHA compliance.

#### **1.5.11 SITE SECURITY**

- A. Regulated area access is to be restricted only to authorized, trained/accredited and protected personnel. These may include the Contractor's employees, employees of Subcontractors, VA employees and representatives, State and local inspectors, and any other designated individuals. A list of authorized personnel shall be established prior to commencing the project and be posted in the clean room of the decontamination unit.
- B. Entry into the regulated area by unauthorized individuals shall be reported immediately to the Competent Person by anyone observing the entry. The Competent Person shall immediately notify the VA.
- C. A log book shall be maintained in the clean room of the decontamination unit. Anyone who enters the regulated area must record their name, affiliation, time in, and time out for each entry.
- D. Access to the regulated area shall be through a single decontamination unit. All other access (doors, windows, hallways, etc.) shall be sealed or locked to prevent entry to or exit from the regulated area. The only exceptions for this requirement are the waste/equipment load-out area which shall be sealed except during the removal of containerized asbestos waste from the regulated area, and emergency exits. Emergency exits shall not be locked from the inside, however, they shall be sealed with poly sheeting and taped until needed.
- E. The Contractor's Competent Person shall control site security during abatement operations in order to isolate work in progress and protect adjacent personnel. A 24 hour security system shall be provided at the entrance to the regulated area to assure that all entrants are logged in/out and that only authorized personnel are allowed entrance.

04-30-13

- F. The Contractor will have the VA's assistance in notifying adjacent personnel of the presence, location and quantity of ACM in the regulated area and enforcement of restricted access by the VA's employees.
- G. The regulated area shall be locked during non-working hours and secured by VA security/police guards.

#### **1.5.12 EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN AND ARRANGEMENTS**

- A. An Emergency Action Plan shall be developed by prior to commencing abatement activities and shall be agreed to by the Contractor and the VA. The Plan shall meet the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.38 (a);(b).
- B. Emergency procedures shall be in written form and prominently posted in the clean room and equipment room of the decontamination unit. Everyone, prior to entering the regulated area, must read and sign these procedures to acknowledge understanding of the regulated area layout, location of emergency exits and emergency procedures.
- C. Emergency planning shall include written notification of police, fire, and emergency medical personnel of planned abatement activities; work schedule; layout of regulated area; and access to the regulated area, particularly barriers that may affect response capabilities.
- D. Emergency planning shall include consideration of fire, explosion, hazardous atmospheres, electrical hazards, slips/trips and falls, confined spaces, and heat stress illness. Written procedures for response to emergency situations shall be developed and employee training in procedures shall be provided.
- E. Employees shall be trained in regulated area/site evacuation procedures in the event of workplace emergencies.
  - 1. For non life-threatening situations - employees injured or otherwise incapacitated shall decontaminate following normal procedures with assistance from fellow workers, if necessary, before exiting the regulated area to obtain proper medical treatment.
  - 2. For life-threatening injury or illness, worker decontamination shall take least priority after measures to stabilize the injured worker, remove them from the regulated area, and secure proper medical treatment.
- F. Telephone numbers of any/all emergency response personnel shall be prominently posted in the clean room, along with the location of the nearest telephone.
- G. The Contractor shall provide verification of first aid/CPR training for personnel responsible for providing first aid/CPR. OSHA requires medical assistance within 3-4 minutes of a life-threatening injury/illness.

04-30-13

Bloodborne Pathogen training shall also be verified for those personnel required to provide first aid/CPR.

- H. The Emergency Action Plan shall provide for a Contingency Plan in the event that an incident occurs that may require the modification of the standard operating procedures during abatement. Such incidents include, but are not limited to, fire; accident; power failure; negative pressure failure; and supplied air system failure. The Contractor shall detail procedures to be followed in the event of an incident assuring that asbestos abatement work is stopped and wetting is continued until correction of the problem.

#### **1.5.13 PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING**

Prior to commencing the work, the Contractor shall meet with the VA Certified Industrial Hygienist (VPCIH) to present and review, as appropriate, the items following this paragraph. The Contractor's Competent Person(s) who will be on-site shall participate in the pre-start meeting. The pre-start meeting is to discuss and determine procedures to be used during the project. At this meeting, the Contractor shall provide:

- A. Proof of Contractor licensing.
- B. Proof the Competent Person(s) is trained and accredited and approved for working in this State. Verification of the experience of the Competent Person(s) shall also be presented.
- C. A list of all workers who will participate in the project, including experience and verification of training and accreditation.
- D. A list of and verification of training for all personnel who have current first-aid/CPR training. A minimum of one person per shift must have adequate training.
- E. Current medical written opinions for all personnel working on-site meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (m).
- F. Current fit-tests for all personnel wearing respirators on-site meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (h) and Appendix C.
- G. A copy of the Contractor's Standard Operating Procedures for Asbestos Abatement. In these procedures, the following information must be detailed, specific for this project.
  - 1. Regulated area preparation procedures;
  - 2. Notification requirements procedure of Contractor as required in 29 CFR 1926.1101 (d);
  - 3. Decontamination area set-up/layout and decontamination procedures for employees;

04-30-13

- 4. Abatement methods/procedures and equipment to be used;
- 5. Personal protective equipment to be used;
- H. At this meeting the Contractor shall provide all submittals as required.
- I. Procedures for handling, packaging and disposal of asbestos waste.
- J. Emergency Action Plan and Contingency Plan Procedures.

#### **1.6 PROJECT COORDINATION**

The following are the minimum administrative and supervisory personnel necessary for coordination of the work.

##### **1.6.1 PERSONNEL**

- A. Administrative and supervisory personnel shall consist of a qualified Competent Person(s) as defined by OSHA in the Construction Standards and the Asbestos Construction Standard; Contractor Professional Industrial Hygienist and Industrial Hygiene Technicians. These employees are the Contractor's representatives responsible for compliance with these specifications and all other applicable requirements.
- B. Non-supervisory personnel shall consist of an adequate number of qualified personnel to meet the schedule requirements of the project. Personnel shall meet required qualifications. Personnel utilized on-site shall be pre-approved by the VA representative. A request for approval shall be submitted for any person to be employed during the project giving the person's name; qualifications; accreditation card with color picture; Certificate of Worker's Acknowledgment; and Affidavit of Medical Surveillance and Respiratory Protection and current Respirator Fit Test.
- C. Minimum qualifications for Contractor and assigned personnel are:
  - 1. The Contractor has conducted within the last three (3) years, three (3) projects of similar complexity and dollar value as this project; has not been cited and penalized for serious violations of asbestos regulations in the past three (3) years; has adequate liability/occurrence insurance for asbestos work; is licensed in applicable states; has adequate and qualified personnel available to complete the work; has comprehensive standard operating procedures for asbestos work; has adequate materials, equipment and supplies to perform the work.
  - 2. The Competent Person has four (4) years of abatement experience of which two (2) years were as the Competent Person on the project; meets the OSHA definition of a Competent Person; has been the Competent Person on two (2) projects of similar size and complexity as this project; has completed EPA AHERA/OSHA/State/Local training

04-30-13

- requirements/accreditation(s) and refreshers; and has all required OSHA documentation related to medical and respiratory protection.
3. The Contractor Professional Industrial Hygienist (CPIH) shall have five (5) years of monitoring experience and supervision of asbestos abatement projects; has participated as senior IH on five (5) abatement projects, three (3) of which are similar in size and complexity as this project; has developed at least one complete standard operating procedure for asbestos abatement; has trained abatement personnel for three (3) years; has specialized EPA AHERA/OSHA training in asbestos abatement management, respiratory protection, waste disposal and asbestos inspection; has completed the NIOSH 582 Course, Contractor/Supervisor course; and has appropriate medical/respiratory protection records/documentation.
  4. The Abatement Personnel shall have completed the EPA AHERA/OSHA abatement worker course; have training on the standard operating procedures of the Contractor; has one year of asbestos abatement experience; has applicable medical and respiratory protection documentation; has certificate of training/current refresher and State accreditation/license.

## **1.7 RESPIRATORY PROTECTION**

### **1.7.1 GENERAL - RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAM**

The Contractor shall develop and implement a Respiratory Protection Program (RPP) which is in compliance with the January 8, 1998 OSHA requirements found at 29 CFR 1926.1101 and 29 CFR 1910.132;134. ANSI Standard Z88.2-1992 provides excellent guidance for developing a respiratory protection program. All respirators used must be NIOSH approved for asbestos abatement activities. The written respiratory protection shall, at a minimum, contain the basic requirements found at 29 CFR 1910.134 (c)(1)(i - ix) - Respiratory Protection Program.

### **1.7.2 RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAM COORDINATOR**

The Respiratory Protection Program Coordinator (RPPC) must be identified and shall have two (2) years experience coordinating the program. The RPPC must submit a signed statement attesting to the fact that the program meets the above requirements.

### **1.7.3 SELECTION AND USE OF RESPIRATORS**

The procedure for the selection and use of respirators must be submitted to the VA as part of the Contractor's qualification. The procedure must be written clearly enough for workers to understand. A copy of the

04-30-13

Respiratory Protection Program must be available in the clean room of the decontamination unit for reference by employees or authorized visitors.

#### **1.7.4 MINIMUM RESPIRATORY PROTECTION**

Minimum respiratory protection shall be a full face powered air purifying respirator when fiber levels are maintained consistently at or above 0.5 f/cc. A higher level of respiratory protection may be provided or required, depending on fiber levels. Respirator selection shall meet the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (h); Table 1, except as indicated in this paragraph. Abatement personnel must have a respirator for their exclusive use.

#### **1.7.5 MEDICAL WRITTEN OPINION**

No employee shall be allowed to wear a respirator unless a physician has determined they are capable of doing so and has issued a current written opinion for that person.

#### **1.7.6 RESPIRATOR FIT TEST**

All personnel wearing respirators shall have a current qualitative/quantitative fit test which was conducted in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 (f) and Appendix A. Quantitative fit tests shall be done for PAPR's which have been put into a failure mode.

#### **1.7.7 RESPIRATOR FIT CHECK**

The Competent Person shall assure that the positive/negative fit check is done each time the respirator is donned by an employee. Headcoverings must cover respirator headstraps. Any situation that prevents an effective facepiece to face seal as evidenced by failure of a fit check shall preclude that person from wearing a respirator until resolution of the problem.

#### **1.7.8 MAINTENANCE AND CARE OF RESPIRATORS**

The Respiratory Protection Program Coordinator shall submit evidence and documentation showing compliance with 29 CFR 1910.134 (h) Maintenance and care of respirators.

#### **1.7.9 SUPPLIED AIR SYSTEMS**

If a supplied air system is used, the system shall meet all requirements of 29 CFR 1910.134 and the ANSI/Compressed Gas Association (CGA) Commodity Specification for Air current requirements for Type 1 - Grade D breathing air. Low pressure systems are not allowed to be used on asbestos abatement projects. Supplied Air respirator use shall be in accordance with EPA/NIOSH publication EPA-560-OPTS-86-001 "A Guide to Respiratory Protection for the Asbestos Abatement Industry".

## **1.8 WORKER PROTECTION**

### **1.8.1 TRAINING OF ABATEMENT PERSONNEL**

Prior to beginning any abatement activity, all personnel shall be trained in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101 (k)(9) and any additional State/Local requirements. Training must include, at a minimum, the elements listed at 29 CFR 1926.1101 (k)(9)(viii). Training shall have been conducted by a third party, EPA/State approved trainer meeting the requirements of EPA 40 CFR 763 Appendix C (AHERA MAP). Initial training certificates and current refresher and accreditation proof must be submitted for each person working at the site.

### **1.8.2 MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS**

Medical examinations meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (m) shall be provided for all personnel working in the regulated area, regardless of exposure levels. A current physician's written opinion as required by 29 CFR 1926.1101 (m)(4) shall be provided for each person and shall include in the opinion the person has been evaluated for working in a heat stress environment while wearing personal protective equipment and is able to perform the work.

### **1.8.3 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT**

Provide whole body clothing, head coverings, gloves and foot coverings and any other personal protective equipment as determined by conducting the hazard assessment required by OSHA at 29 CFR 1910.132 (d). The Competent Person shall ensure the integrity of personal protective equipment worn for the duration of the project. Duct tape shall be used to secure all suit sleeves to wrists and to secure foot coverings at the ankle.

### **1.8.4 REGULATED AREA ENTRY PROCEDURE**

The Competent Person shall ensure that each time workers enter the regulated area, they remove ALL street clothes in the clean room of the decontamination unit and put on new disposable coveralls, head coverings, a clean respirator, and then proceed through the shower room to the equipment room where they put on non-disposable required personal protective equipment.

### **1.8.5 DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURE - PAPR**

The Competent Person shall require all personnel to adhere to following decontamination procedures whenever they leave the regulated area.

04-30-13

- A. When exiting the regulated area, remove disposable coveralls, and ALL other clothes, disposable head coverings, and foot coverings or boots in the equipment room.
- B. Still wearing the respirator and completely naked, proceed to the shower. Showering is MANDATORY. Care must be taken to follow reasonable procedures in removing the respirator to avoid asbestos fibers while showering. The following procedure is required as a minimum:
  1. Thoroughly wet body including hair and face. If using a PAPR hold blower above head to keep filters dry.
  2. With respirator still in place, thoroughly decontaminate body, hair, respirator face piece, and all other parts of the respirator except the blower and battery pack on a PAPR. Pay particular attention to cleaning the seal between the face and respirator facepiece and under the respirator straps.
  3. Take a deep breath, hold it and/or exhale slowly, completely wetting hair, face, and respirator. While still holding breath, remove the respirator and hold it away from the face before starting to breathe.
- C. Carefully decontaminate the facepiece of the respirator inside and out. If using a PAPR, shut down using the following sequence: a) first cap inlets to filters; b) turn blower off to keep debris collected on the inlet side of the filter from dislodging and contaminating the outside of the unit; c) thoroughly decontaminate blower and hoses; d) carefully decontaminate battery pack with a wet rag being cautious of getting water in the battery pack thus preventing destruction. **(THIS PROCEDURE IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR RESPIRATOR CLEANING!)**.
- D. Shower and wash body completely with soap and water. Rinse thoroughly.
- E. Rinse shower room walls and floor to drain prior to exiting.
- F. Proceed from shower to clean room; dry off and change into street clothes or into new disposable work clothing.

#### **1.8.6 REGULATED AREA REQUIREMENTS**

The Competent Person shall meet all requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (o) and assure that all requirements for regulated areas at 29 CFR 1926.1101 (e) are met. All personnel in the regulated area shall not be allowed to eat, drink, smoke, chew tobacco or gum, apply cosmetics, or in any way interfere with the fit of their respirator.

#### **1.9 DECONTAMINATION FACILITIES**

##### **1.9.1 DESCRIPTION**

Provide each regulated area with separate personnel (PDF) and waste/equipment decontamination facilities (W/EDF). Ensure that the PDF

04-30-13

are the only means of ingress and egress to the regulated area and that all equipment, bagged waste, and other material exit the regulated area only through the W/EDF.

#### **1.9.2 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

All personnel entering or exiting a regulated area must go through the PDF and shall follow the requirements at 29 CFR 1926.1101 (j)(1) and these specifications. All waste, equipment and contaminated materials must exit the regulated area through the W/EDF and be decontaminated in accordance with these specifications. Walls and ceilings of the PDF and W/EDF must be constructed of a minimum of 3 layers of 6 mil opaque fire retardant polyethylene sheeting and be securely attached to existing building components and/or an adequate temporary framework. A minimum of 3 layers of 6 mil poly shall also be used to cover the floor under the PDF and W/EDF units. Construct doors so that they overlap and secure to adjacent surfaces. Weight inner doorway sheets with layers of duct tape so that they close quickly after release. Put arrows on sheets so they show direction of travel and overlap. If the building adjacent area is occupied, construct a solid barrier on the occupied side(s) to protect the sheeting and reduce potential for non-authorized personnel entering the regulated area.

#### **1.9.3 TEMPORARY FACILITIES TO THE PDF AND W/EDF**

The Competent Person shall provide temporary water service connections to the PDF and W/EDF. Backflow prevention must be provided at the point of connection to the VA system. Water supply must be of adequate pressure and meet requirements of 29 CFR 1910.141(d)(3). Provide adequate temporary overhead electric power with ground fault circuit interruption (GFCI) protection. Provide a sub-panel for all temporary power in the clean room. Provide adequate lighting to provide a minimum of 50 foot candles in the PDF and W/EDF. Provide temporary heat, if needed, to maintain 70°F throughout the PDF and W/EDF.

#### **1.9.4 PERSONNEL DECONTAMINATION FACILITY (PDF)**

The Competent Person shall provide a PDF consisting of shower room which is contiguous to a clean room and equipment room which is connected to the regulated area. The PDF must be sized to accommodate the number of personnel scheduled for the project. The shower room, located in the center of the PDF, shall be fitted with as many portable showers as necessary to insure all employees can complete the entire decontamination procedure within 15 minutes. The PDF shall be

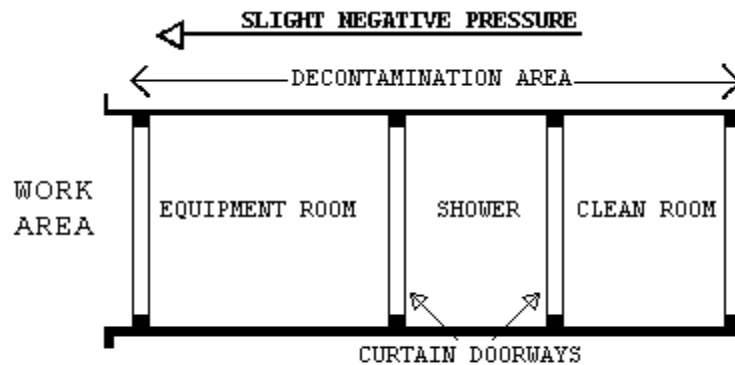
04-30-13

constructed of opaque poly for privacy. The PDF shall be constructed to eliminate any parallel routes of egress without showering.

1. Clean Room: The clean room must be physically and visually separated from the rest of the building to protect the privacy of personnel changing clothes. The clean room shall be constructed of at least 3 layers of 6 mil opaque fire retardant poly to provide an air tight room. Provide a minimum of 2 - 900 mm (3 foot) wide 6 mil poly opaque fire retardant doorways. One doorway shall be the entry from outside the PDF and the second doorway shall be to the shower room of the PDF. The floor of the clean room shall be maintained in a clean, dry condition. Shower overflow shall not be allowed into the clean room. Provide 1 storage locker per person. A portable fire extinguisher, Type ABC, shall be provided in accordance with OSHA and NFPA Standard 10. All persons entering the regulated area shall remove all street clothing in the clean room and dress in disposable protective clothing and respiratory protection. Any person entering the clean room does so either from the outside with street clothing on or is coming from the shower room completely naked and thoroughly washed. Females required to enter the regulated area shall be ensured of their privacy throughout the entry/exit process by posting guards at both entry points to the PDF so no male can enter or exit the PDF during her stay in the PDF.
2. Shower Room: The Competent Person shall assure that the shower room is a completely water tight compartment to be used for the movement of all personnel from the clean room to the equipment room and for the showering of all personnel going from the equipment room to the clean room. Each shower shall be constructed so water runs down the walls of the shower and into a drip pan. Install a freely draining smooth floor on top of the shower pan. The shower room shall be separated from the rest of the building and from the clean room and equipment room using air tight walls made from at least 3 layers of 6 mil opaque fire retardant poly. The shower shall be equipped with a shower head and controls, hot and cold water, drainage, soap dish and continuous supply of soap, and shall be maintained in a sanitary condition throughout its use. The controls shall be arranged so an individual can shower without assistance. Provide a flexible hose shower head, hose bibs and all other items shown on Shower Schematic. Waste water will be pumped to a drain after being filtered through a minimum of a 100 micron sock in the shower drain; a 20 micron filter;

04-30-13

- and a final 5 micron filter. Filters will be changed a minimum of daily or more often as needed. Filter changes must be done in the shower to prevent loss of contaminated water. Hose down all shower surfaces after each shift and clean any debris from the shower pan. Residue is to be disposed of as asbestos waste.
3. Equipment Room: The Competent Person shall provide an equipment room which shall be an air tight compartment for the storage of work equipment/tools, reusable personal protective equipment, except for a respirator and for use as a gross decontamination area for personnel exiting the regulated area. The equipment room shall be separated from the regulated area by a minimum 3 foot wide door made with 2 layers of 6 mil opaque fire retardant poly. The equipment room shall be separated from the regulated area, the shower room and the rest of the building by air tight walls and ceiling constructed of a minimum of 3 layers of 6 mil opaque fire retardant poly. Damp wipe all surfaces of the equipment room after each shift change. Provide an additional loose layer of 6 mil fire retardant poly per shift change and remove this layer after each shift. If needed, provide a temporary electrical sub-panel equipped with GFCI in the equipment room to accommodate any equipment required in the regulated area.
4. The PDF shall look like as follows: Clean room at the entrance followed by a shower room followed by an equipment room leading to the regulated area. Each doorway in the PDF is minimum of 2 layers of 6 mil opaque fire retardant poly.



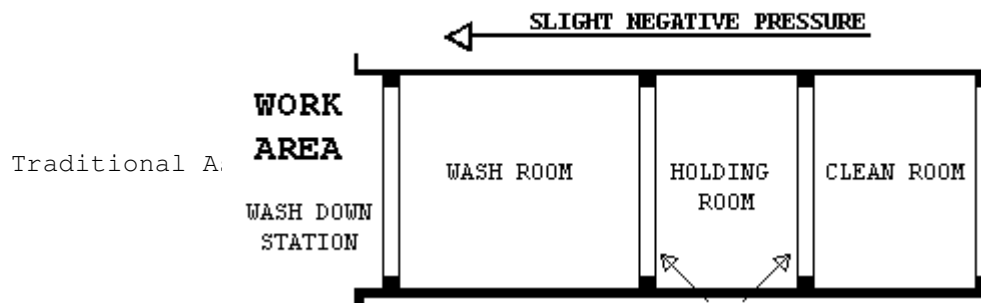
#### 1.9.5 WASTE/EQUIPMENT DECONTAMINATION FACILITY (W/EDF)

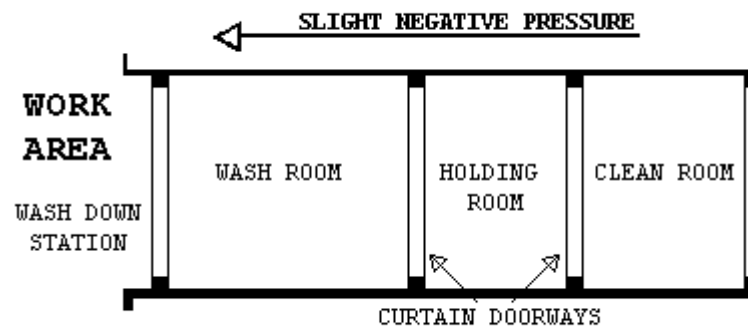
The Competent Person shall provide an W/EDF consisting of a wash room, holding room, and clean room for removal of waste, equipment and

04-30-13

contaminated material from the regulated area. Personnel shall not enter or exit the W/EDF except in the event of an emergency. Clean debris and residue in the W/EDF daily. All surfaces in the W/EDF shall be wiped/hosed down after each shift and all debris shall be cleaned from the shower pan. The W/EDF shall consist of the following:

1. Wash Down Station: Provide an enclosed shower unit in the regulated area just outside the Wash Room as an equipment bag and container cleaning station.
2. Wash Room: Provide a wash room for cleaning of bagged or containerized asbestos containing waste materials passed from the regulated area. Construct the wash room using 50 x 100 mm (2" x 4") wood framing and 3 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly. Locate the wash room so that packaged materials, after being wiped clean, can be passed to the Holding Room. Doorways in the wash room shall be constructed of 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly.
3. Holding Room: Provide a holding room as a drop location for bagged materials passed from the wash room. Construct the holding room using 50 x 100 mm (2" x 4") wood framing and 3 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly. The holding room shall be located so that bagged material cannot be passed from the wash room to the clean room unless it goes through the holding room. Doorways in the holding room shall be constructed of 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly.
4. Clean Room: Provide a clean room to isolate the holding room from the exterior of the regulated area. Construct the clean room using 2 x 4 wood framing and 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly. The clean room shall be located so as to provide access to the holding room from the building exterior. Doorways to the clean room shall be constructed of 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly. When a negative pressure differential system is used, a rigid enclosure separation between the W/EDF clean room and the adjacent areas shall be provided.
5. The W/EDF shall be provided as follows: Wash Room leading to a Holding Room followed by a Clean Room leading to outside the regulated area. See diagram.





#### **1.9.6 WASTE/EQUIPMENT DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES**

At washdown station in the regulated area, thoroughly wet clean contaminated equipment and/or sealed polyethylene bags and pass into Wash Room after visual inspection. When passing anything into the Wash Room, close all doorways of the W/EDF, other than the doorway between the washdown station and the Wash Room. Keep all outside personnel clear of the W/EDF. Once inside the Wash Room, wet clean the equipment and/or bags. After cleaning and inspection, pass items into the Holding Room. Close all doorways except the doorway between the Holding Room and the Clean Room. Workers from the Clean Room/Exterior shall enter the Holding Room and remove the decontaminated/cleaned equipment/bags for removal and disposal. These personnel will not be required to wear PPE. At no time shall personnel from the clean side be allowed to enter the Wash Room.

### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT**

#### **2.1 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT**

##### **2.1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

Prior to the start of work, the contractor shall provide and maintain a sufficient quantity of materials and equipment to assure continuous and efficient work throughout the duration of the project. Work shall not start unless the following items have been delivered to the site and the CPIH has submitted verification to the VA's representative.

- A. All materials shall be delivered in their original package, container or bundle bearing the name of the manufacturer and the brand name (where applicable).
- B. Store all materials subject to damage off the ground, away from wet or damp surfaces and under cover sufficient enough to prevent damage or contamination. Flammable materials cannot be stored inside buildings.

04-30-13

Replacement materials shall be stored outside of the regulated area until abatement is completed.

- C. The Contractor shall not block or hinder use of buildings by patients, staff, and visitors to the VA in partially occupied buildings by placing materials/equipment in any unauthorized place.
- D. The Competent Person shall inspect for damaged, deteriorating or previously used materials. Such materials shall not be used and shall be removed from the worksite and disposed of properly.
- E. Polyethylene sheeting for walls in the regulated area shall be a minimum of 4-mils. For floors and all other uses, sheeting of at least 6-mils shall be used in widths selected to minimize the frequency of joints. Fire retardant poly shall be used throughout.
- F. The method of attaching polyethylene sheeting shall be agreed upon in advance by the Contractor and the VA and selected to minimize damage to equipment and surfaces. Method of attachment may include any combination of moisture resistant duct tape furring strips, spray glue, staples, nails, screws, lumber and plywood for enclosures or other effective procedures capable of sealing polyethylene to dissimilar finished or unfinished surfaces under both wet and dry conditions.
- G. Polyethylene sheeting utilized for the PDF shall be opaque white or black in color, 6 mil fire retardant poly.
- H. Installation and plumbing hardware, showers, hoses, drain pans, sump pumps and waste water filtration system shall be provided by the Contractor.
- I. An adequate number of HEPA vacuums, scrapers, sprayers, nylon brushes, brooms, disposable mops, rags, sponges, staple guns, shovels, ladders and scaffolding of suitable height and length as well as meeting OSHA requirements, fall protection devices, water hose to reach all areas in the regulated area, airless spray equipment, and any other tools, materials or equipment required to conduct the abatement project. All electrically operated hand tools, equipment, electric cords shall be connected to GFCI protection.
- J. Special protection for objects in the regulated area shall be detailed (e.g., plywood over carpeting or hardwood floors to prevent damage from scaffolds, water and falling material).
- K. Disposal bags - 2 layers of 6 mil, for asbestos waste shall be pre-printed with labels, markings and address as required by OSHA, EPA and DOT regulations.

04-30-13

- L. The VA shall be provided a copy of the MSDS as required for all hazardous chemicals under OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication. Chlorinated compounds shall not be used with any spray adhesive or other product. Appropriate encapsulant(s) shall be provided.
- M. OSHA DANGER demarcation signs, as many and as required by OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101(k) (7) shall be provided and placed by the Competent Person. All other posters and notices required by Federal and State regulations shall be posted in the Clean Room.
- N. Adequate and appropriate PPE for the project and number of personnel/shifts shall be provided. All personal protective equipment issued must be based on a hazard assessment conducted under 29 CFR 1910.132(d).

#### **2.1.2 NEGATIVE PRESSURE FILTRATION SYSTEM**

The Contractor shall provide enough HEPA negative air machines to completely exchange the regulated area air volume 4 times per hour. The Competent Person shall determine the number of units needed for the regulated area by dividing the cubic feet in the regulated area by 15 and then dividing that result by the cubic feet per minute (CFM) for each unit to determine the number of units needed to effect 4 air changes per hour. Provide a standby unit in the event of machine failure and/or emergency in an adjacent area.

NIOSH has done extensive studies and has determined that negative air machines typically operate at ~50% efficiency. The contractor shall consider this in their determination of number of units needed to provide 4 air changes per hour. The contractor shall use 8 air changes per hour or double the number of machines based on their calculations or submit proof their machines operate at stated capacities at a 2" pressure drop across the filters.

#### **2.1.3 DESIGN AND LAYOUT**

- A. Before start of work submit the design and layout of the regulated area and the negative air machines. The submittal shall indicate the number of, location of and size of negative air machines. The point(s) of exhaust, air flow within the regulated area, anticipated negative pressure differential, and supporting calculations for sizing shall be provided. In addition, submit the following:
  - 1. Method of supplying power to the units and designation/location of the panels.

04-30-13

2. Description of testing method(s) for correct air volume and pressure differential.
3. If auxiliary power supply is to be provided for the negative air machines, provide a schematic diagram of the power supply and manufacturer's data on the generator and switch.

#### **2.1.4 NEGATIVE AIR MACHINES (HEPA UNITS)**

- A. Negative Air Machine Cabinet: The cabinet shall be constructed of steel or other durable material capable of withstanding potential damage from rough handling and transportation. The width of the cabinet shall be less than 30" in order to fit in standard doorways. The cabinet must be factory sealed to prevent asbestos fibers from being released during use, transport, or maintenance. Any access to and replacement of filters shall be from the inlet end. The unit must be on casters or wheels.
- B. Negative Air Machine Fan: The rating capacity of the fan must indicate the CFM under actual operating conditions. Manufacturer's typically use "free-air" (no resistance) conditions when rating fans. The fan must be a centrifugal type fan.
- C. Negative Air Machine Final Filter: The final filter shall be a HEPA filter. The filter media must be completely sealed on all edges within a structurally rigid frame. The filter shall align with a continuous flexible gasket material in the negative air machine housing to form an air tight seal. Each HEPA filter shall be certified by the manufacturer to have an efficiency of not less than 99.97% when challenged with 0.3  $\mu\text{m}$  dioctylphthalate (DOP) particles. Testing shall have been done in accordance with Military Standard MIL-STD-282 and Army Instruction Manual 136-300-175A. Each filter must bear a UL586 label to indicate ability to perform under specified conditions. Each filter shall be marked with the name of the manufacturer, serial number, air flow rating, efficiency and resistance, and the direction of test air flow.
- D. Negative Air Machine Pre-filters: The pre-filters, which protect the final HEPA filter by removing larger particles, are required to prolong the operating life of the HEPA filter. Two stages of pre-filtration are required. A first stage pre-filter shall be a low efficiency type for particles 10  $\mu\text{m}$  or larger. A second stage pre-filter shall have a medium efficiency effective for particles down to 5  $\mu\text{m}$  or larger. Pre-filters shall be installed either on or in the intake opening of the NAM and the second stage filter must be held in place with a special housing or clamps.

04-30-13

- E. Negative Air Machine Instrumentation: Each unit must be equipped with a gauge to measure the pressure drop across the filters and to indicate when filters have become loaded and need to be changed. A table indicating the cfm for various pressure readings on the gauge shall be affixed near the gauge for reference or the reading shall indicate at what point the filters shall be changed, noting cfm delivery. The unit must have an elapsed time meter to show total hours of operation.
- F. Negative Air Machine Safety and Warning Devices: An electrical/mechanical lockout must be provided to prevent the fan from being operated without a HEPA filter. Units must be equipped with an automatic shutdown device to stop the fan in the event of a rupture in the HEPA filter or blockage in the discharge of the fan. Warning lights are required to indicate normal operation; too high a pressure drop across filters; or too low of a pressure drop across filters.
- G. Negative Air Machine Electrical: All electrical components shall be approved by the National Electrical Manufacturer's Association (NEMA) and Underwriter's Laboratories (UL). Each unit must be provided with overload protection and the motor, fan, fan housing, and cabinet must be grounded.

#### **2.1.5 PRESSURE DIFFERENTIAL**

The fully operational negative air system within the regulated area shall continuously maintain a pressure differential of -0.02" water column gauge. Before any disturbance of any asbestos material, this shall be demonstrated to the VA by use of a pressure differential meter/manometer as required by OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101(e)(5)(i). The Competent Person shall be responsible for providing, maintaining, and documenting the negative pressure and air changes as required by OSHA and this specification.

#### **2.1.6 MONITORING**

The pressure differential shall be continuously monitored and recorded between the regulated area and the area outside the regulated area with a monitoring device that incorporates a strip chart recorder. The strip chart recorder shall become part of the project log and shall indicate at least -0.02" water column gauge for the duration of the project.

#### **2.1.7 AUXILIARY GENERATOR**

If the building is occupied during abatement, provide an auxiliary gasoline/diesel generator located outside the building in an area protected from the weather. In the event of a power failure, the

04-30-13

generator must automatically start and supply power to a minimum of 50% of the negative air machines in operation.

#### **2.1.8 SUPPLEMENTAL MAKE-UP AIR INLETS**

Provide, as needed for proper air flow in the regulated area, in a location approved by the VA, openings in the plastic sheeting to allow outside air to flow into the regulated area. Auxiliary makeup air inlets must be located as far from the negative air machines as possible, off the floor near the ceiling, and away from the barriers that separate the regulated area from the occupied clean areas. Cover the inlets with weighted flaps which will seal in the event of failure of the negative pressure system.

#### **2.1.9 TESTING THE SYSTEM**

The negative pressure system must be tested before any ACM is disturbed in any way. After the regulated area has been completely prepared, the decontamination units set up, and the negative air machines installed, start the units up one at a time. Demonstrate and document the operation and testing of the negative pressure system to the VA using smoke tubes and a negative pressure gauge. Testing must also be done at the start of each work shift.

#### **2.1.10 DEMONSTRATION OF THE NEGATIVE AIR PRESSURE SYSTEM**

The demonstration of the operation of the negative pressure system to the VA shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- A. Plastic barriers and sheeting move lightly in toward the regulated area.
- B. Curtains of the decontamination units move in toward regulated area.
- C. There is a noticeable movement of air through the decontamination units. Use the smoke tube to demonstrate air movement from the clean room to the shower room to the equipment room to the regulated area.
- D. Use smoke tubes to demonstrate air is moving across all areas in which work is to be done. Use a differential pressure gauge to indicate a negative pressure of at least -0.02" across every barrier separating the regulated area from the rest of the building. Modify the system as necessary to meet the above requirements.

#### **2.1.11 USE OF SYSTEM DURING ABATEMENT OPERATIONS**

- A. Start units before beginning any disturbance of ACM occurs. After work begins, the units shall run continuously, maintaining 4 actual air changes per hour at a negative pressure differential of -0.02" water column gauge, for the duration of the work until a final visual clearance and final air clearance has been completed.

04-30-13

The negative air machines shall not be shut down for the duration of the project unless authorized by the VA, in writing.

- B. Abatement work shall begin at a location farthest from the units and proceed towards them. If an electric failure occurs, the Competent Person shall stop all abatement work and immediately begin wetting all exposed asbestos materials for the duration of the power outage. Abatement work shall not resume until power is restored and all units are operating properly again.
- C. The negative air machines shall continue to run after all work is completed and until a final visual clearance and a final air clearance has been completed for that regulated area.

#### **2.1.12 DISMANTLING THE SYSTEM**

After completion of the final visual and final air clearance has been obtained by the VPIH/CIH, the units may be shut down. The units shall have been **completely decontaminated**, all pre-filters removed and disposed of as asbestos waste, asbestos labels attached and the units inlet/outlet sealed with 2 layers of 6 mil poly.

#### **2.1.13 AREAS OUTSIDE CONTAINMENT AREA**

Asbestos contractor is responsible not to disturb areas outside the containment area. Areas surrounding the containment need to be continuously checked to ensure integrity of the containment and the abatement work does not create any disturbances, damage or openings to the containment.

### **2.2 CONTAINMENT BARRIERS AND COVERINGS IN THE REGULATED AREA**

#### **2.2.1 GENERAL**

Seal off the perimeter to the regulated area to completely isolate the regulated area from adjacent spaces. All surfaces in the regulated area must be covered to prevent contamination and to facilitate clean-up. Should adjacent areas become contaminated as a result of the work, shall immediately stop work and clean up the contamination at no additional cost to the VA. Provide firestopping and identify all fire barrier penetrations due to abatement work as specified in Section 2.2.8; FIRESTOPPING.

#### **2.2.2 PREPARATION PRIOR TO SEALING THE REGULATED AREA**

Place all tools, scaffolding, materials and equipment needed for working in the regulated area prior to erecting any plastic sheeting. All uncontaminated removable furniture, equipment and/or supplies shall be removed by the VA from the regulated area before commencing work. Any

04-30-13

objects remaining in the regulated area shall be completely covered with 2 layers of 6-mil fire retardant poly sheeting and secured with duct tape. Lock out and tag out any HVAC/electrical systems in the regulated area.

#### **2.2.3 CONTROLLING ACCESS TO THE REGULATED AREA**

Access to the regulated area is allowed only through the personnel decontamination facility (PDF). All other means of access shall be eliminated and OSHA DANGER demarcation signs posted as required by OSHA. If the regulated area is adjacent to or within view of an occupied area, provide a visual barrier of 6 mil opaque fire retardant poly to prevent building occupant observation. If the adjacent area is accessible to the public, the barrier must be solid and capable of withstanding the negative pressure.

#### **2.2.4 CRITICAL BARRIERS**

Completely separate any operations in the regulated area from adjacent areas using 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly and duct tape. Individually seal with 2 layers of 6 mil poly and duct tape all HVAC openings into the regulated area. Individually seal all lighting fixtures, clocks, doors, windows, convectors, speakers, or any other objects/openings in the regulated area. Heat must be shut off any objects covered with poly.

#### **2.2.5 PRIMARY BARRIERS**

- A. Cover the regulated area with two layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly on the floors and two layers of 4 mil fire retardant poly on the walls, unless otherwise directed in writing by the VA representative. Floor layers must form a right angle with the wall and turn up the wall at least 300 mm (12"). Seams must overlap at least 1800 mm (6') and must be spray glued and taped. Install sheeting so that layers can be removed independently from each other. Carpeting shall be covered with three layers of 6 mil poly. Corrugated cardboard sheets must be placed between the bottom and middle layers of poly. Mechanically support and seal with duct tape and glue all wall layers.
- B. If stairs and ramps are covered with 6 mil plastic, two layers must be used. Provide 19 mm (3/4") exterior grade plywood treads held in place with duct tape/glue on the plastic. Do not cover rungs or rails with any isolation materials.

#### **2.2.6 SECONDARY BARRIERS**

A loose layer of 6 mil shall be used as a drop cloth to protect the primary layers from debris generated during the abatement. This layer shall be replaced as needed during the work minimally once per work day.

#### **2.2.7 EXTENSION OF THE REGULATED AREA**

If the enclosure of the regulated area is breached in any way that could allow contamination to occur, the affected area shall be included in the regulated area and constructed as per this section. Decontamination measures must be started immediately and continue until air monitoring indicates background levels are met.

#### **2.2.8 FIRESTOPPING**

- A. Through penetrations caused by cables, cable trays, pipes, sleeves must be firestopped with a fire-rated firestop system providing an air tight seal.
- B. Firestop materials that are not equal to the wall or ceiling penetrated shall be brought to the attention of the VA Representative. The contractor shall list all areas of penetration, the type of sealant used, and whether or not the location is fire rated. Any discovery of penetrations during abatement shall be brought to the attention of the VA representative immediately. All walls, floors and ceilings are considered fire rated unless otherwise determined by the VA Representative or Fire Marshall.
- C. Any visible openings whether or not caused by a penetration shall be reported by the Contractor to the VA Representative for a sealant system determination. Firestops shall meet ASTM E814 and UL 1479 requirements for the opening size, penetrant, and fire rating needed.

### **2.3 MONITORING, INSPECTION AND TESTING**

#### **2.3.1 GENERAL**

- A. Perform throughout abatement work monitoring, inspection and testing inside and around the regulated area in accordance with the OSHA requirements and these specifications. The CPIH shall be responsible for and shall inspect and oversee the performance of the Contractor IH Technician. The IH Technician shall continuously inspect and monitor conditions inside the regulated area to ensure compliance with these specifications. In addition, the CPIH shall personally manage air sample collection, analysis, and evaluation for personnel, regulated area, and adjacent area samples to satisfy OSHA requirements. Additional

04-30-13

inspection and testing requirements are also indicated in other parts of this specification.

- B. The VA will employ an independent industrial hygienist (VPIH/CIH) consultant and/or use its own IH to perform various services on behalf of the VA. The VPIH/CIH will perform the necessary monitoring, inspection, testing, and other support services to ensure that VA patients, employees, and visitors will not be adversely affected by the abatement work, and that the abatement work proceeds in accordance with these specifications, that the abated areas or abated buildings have been successfully decontaminated. The work of the VPIH/CIH consultant in no way relieves the Contractor from their responsibility to perform the work in accordance with contract/specification requirements, to perform continuous inspection, monitoring and testing for the safety of their employees, and to perform other such services as specified. The cost of the VPIH/CIH and their services will be borne by the VA except for any repeat of final inspection and testing that may be required due to unsatisfactory initial results. Any repeated final inspections and/or testing, if required, will be paid for by the Contractor.
- C. If fibers counted by the VPIH/CIH during abatement work, either inside or outside the regulated area, utilizing the NIOSH 7400 air monitoring method, exceed the specified respective limits, the Contractor shall stop work. The Contractor may request confirmation of the results by analysis of the samples by TEM. Request must be in writing and submitted to the VA's representative. Cost for the confirmation of results will be borne by the Contractor for both the collection and analysis of samples and for the time delay that may/does result for this confirmation. Confirmation sampling and analysis will be the responsibility of the CPIH with review and approval of the VPIH/CIH. An agreement between the CPIH and the VPIH/CIH shall be reached on the exact details of the confirmation effort, in writing, including such things as the number of samples, location, collection, quality control on-site, analytical laboratory, interpretation of results and any follow-up actions. This written agreement shall be co-signed by the IH's and delivered to the VA's representative.

#### **2.3.2 SCOPE OF SERVICES OF THE VPIH/CIH CONSULTANT**

- A. The purpose of the work of the VPIH/CIH is to: assure quality; adherence to the specification; resolve problems; prevent the spread of contamination beyond the regulated area; and assure clearance at the end of the project. In addition, their work includes performing the final

04-30-13

inspection and testing to determine whether the regulated area or building has been adequately decontaminated. All air monitoring is to be done utilizing PCM/TEM. The VPIH/CIH will perform the following tasks:

1. Task 1: Establish background levels before abatement begins by collecting background samples. Retain samples for possible TEM analysis.
  2. Task 2: Perform continuous air monitoring, inspection, and testing outside the regulated area during actual abatement work to detect any faults in the regulated area isolation and any adverse impact on the surroundings from regulated area activities.
  3. Task 3: Perform unannounced visits to spot check overall compliance of work with contract/specifications. These visits may include any inspection, monitoring, and testing inside and outside the regulated area and all aspects of the operation except personnel monitoring.
  4. Task 4: Provide support to the VA representative such as evaluation of submittals from the Contractor, resolution of conflicts, interpret data, etc.
  5. Task 5: Perform, in the presence of the VA representative, final inspection and testing of a decontaminated regulated area at the conclusion of the abatement to certify compliance with all regulations and VA requirements/specifications.
  6. Task 6: Issue certificate of decontamination for each regulated area and project report.
- B. All documentation, inspection results and testing results generated by the VPIH/CIH will be available to the Contractor for information and consideration. The Contractor shall cooperate with and support the VPIH/CIH for efficient and smooth performance of their work.
- C. The monitoring and inspection results of the VPIH/CIH will be used by the VA to issue any Stop Removal orders to the Contractor during abatement work and to accept or reject a regulated area or building as decontaminated.

### **2.3.3 MONITORING, INSPECTION AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR CPIH**

The Contractor's CPIH is responsible for managing all monitoring, inspections, and testing required by these specifications, as well as any and all regulatory requirements adopted by these specifications. The CPIH is responsible for the continuous monitoring of all subsystems and procedures which could affect the health and safety of the Contractor's personnel. Safety and health conditions and the provision of those conditions inside the regulated area for all persons entering

04-30-13

the regulated area is the exclusive responsibility of the Contractor/Competent Person. The person performing the personnel and area air monitoring inside the regulated area shall be an IH Technician, who shall be trained and shall have specialized field experience in air sampling and analysis. The IH Technician shall have a NIOSH 582 Course or equivalent and show proof. The IH Technician shall participate in the AIHA Asbestos Analysis Registry or participate in the Proficiency Analytic Testing program of AIHA for fiber counting quality control assurance. The IH Technician shall also be an accredited EPA/State Contractor/Supervisor and Building Inspector. The IH Technician shall have participated in five abatement projects collecting personal and area samples as well as responsibility for documentation. The analytical laboratory used by the Contractor to analyze the samples shall be AIHA accredited for asbestos PAT. A daily log documenting all OSHA requirements for air monitoring for asbestos in 29 CFR 1926.1101(f), (g) and Appendix A. This log shall be made available to the VA representative and the VPIH/CIH. The log will contain, at a minimum, information on personnel or area sampled, other persons represented by the sample, the date of sample collection, start and stop times for sampling, sample volume, flow rate, and fibers/cc. The CPIH shall collect and analyze samples for each representative job being done in the regulated area, i.e., removal, wetting, clean-up, and load-out. No fewer than two personal samples per shift shall be collected and one area sample per 1,000 square feet of regulated area where abatement is taking place and one sample per shift in the clean room area shall be collected. In addition to the continuous monitoring required, the CPIH will perform inspection and testing at the final stages of abatement for each regulated area as specified in the CPIH responsibilities.

#### **2.4 STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES**

The Contractor shall have established Standard Operating Procedures (SOP's) in printed form and loose leaf folder consisting of simplified text, diagrams, sketches, and pictures that establish and explain clearly the procedures to be followed during all phases of the work by the Contractor's personnel. The SOP's must be modified as needed to address specific requirements of this project and the specifications. The SOP's shall be submitted for review and approval prior to the start of any abatement work. The minimum topics and areas to be covered by the SOP's are:

##### **A. Minimum Personnel Qualifications**

04-30-13

- B. Emergency Action Plan/Contingency Plans and Arrangements
- C. Security and Safety Procedures
- D. Respiratory Protection/Personal Protective Equipment Program and Training
- E. Medical Surveillance Program and Recordkeeping
- F. Regulated Area Requirements - Containment Barriers/Isolation of Regulated Area
- G. Decontamination Facilities and Entry/Exit Procedures (PDF and W/EDF)
- H. Negative Pressure Systems Requirements
- I. Monitoring, Inspections, and Testing
- J. Removal Procedures for ACM
- K. Removal of Contaminated Soil (if applicable)
- L. Encapsulation Procedures for ACM
- M. Disposal of ACM waste/equipment
- N. Regulated Area Decontamination/Clean-up
- O. Regulated Area Visual and Air Clearance
- P. Project Completion/Closeout

## **2.5 SUBMITTALS**

### **2.5.1 PRE-START MEETING SUBMITTALS**

Submit to the VA a minimum of 14 days prior to the pre-start meeting the following for review and approval. Meeting this requirement is a prerequisite for the pre-start meeting for this project:

- A. Submit a detailed work schedule for the entire project reflecting contract documents and the phasing/schedule requirements from the CPM chart.
- B. Submit a staff organization chart showing all personnel who will be working on the project and their capacity/function. Provide their qualifications, training, accreditations, and licenses, as appropriate. Provide a copy of the "Certificate of Worker's Acknowledgment" and the "Affidavit of Medical Surveillance and Respiratory Protection" for each person.
- C. Submit Standard Operating Procedures developed specifically for this project, incorporating the requirements of the specifications, prepared, signed and dated by the CPIH.
- D. Submit the specifics of the materials and equipment to be used for this project with brand names, model numbers, performance characteristics, pictures/diagrams, and number available for the following:

04-30-13

1. Supplied air system, if used, negative air machines, HEPA vacuums, air monitoring pumps, calibration devices, pressure differential monitoring device and emergency power generating system.
2. Waste water filtration system, shower system, containment barriers.
3. Encapsulants, surfactants, hand held sprayers, airless sprayers, glovebags, fire extinguishers.
4. Respirators, protective clothing, personal protective equipment.
5. Fire safety equipment to be used in the regulated area.
- E. Submit the name, location, and phone number of the approved landfill; proof/verification the landfill is approved for ACM disposal; the landfill's requirements for ACM waste; the type of vehicle to be used for transportation; and name, address, and phone number of subcontractor, if used. Proof of asbestos training for transportation personnel shall be provided.
- F. Submit required notifications and arrangements made with regulatory agencies having regulatory jurisdiction and the specific contingency/emergency arrangements made with local health, fire, ambulance, hospital authorities and any other notifications/arrangements.
- G. Submit the name, location and verification of the laboratory and/or personnel to be used for analysis of air and/or bulk samples. Air monitoring must be done in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101(f) and Appendix A.
- H. Submit qualifications verification: Submit the following evidence of qualifications. Make sure that all references are current and verifiable by providing current phone numbers and documentation.
  1. Asbestos Abatement Company: Project experience within the past 3 years; listing projects first most similar to this project: Project Name; Type of Abatement; Duration; Cost; Reference Name/Phone Number; Final Clearance; Completion Date
  2. List of project(s) halted by owner, A/E, IH, regulatory agency in the last 3 years: Project Name; Reason; Date; Reference Name/Number; Resolution
  3. List asbestos regulatory citations, penalties, damages paid and legal actions taken against the company in the last 3 years. Provide copies and all information needed for verification.
- I. Submit information on personnel: Provide a resume; address each item completely; copies of certificates, accreditations, and licenses. Submit an affidavit signed by the CPIH stating that all personnel submitted

04-30-13

below have medical records in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101(m) and 29 CFR 1910.20 and that the company has implemented a medical surveillance program and maintains recordkeeping in accordance with the above regulations. Submit the phone number and doctor/clinic/hospital used for medical evaluations.

1. CPIH: Name; years of abatement experience; list of projects similar to this one; certificates, licenses, accreditations for proof of AHERA/OSHA specialized asbestos training; professional affiliations; number of workers trained; samples of training materials; samples of SOP's developed; medical opinion; current respirator fit test.
2. Competent Person(s)/Supervisor(s): Number; names; years of abatement experience as Competent Person/Supervisor; list of similar projects as Competent Person/Supervisor; as a worker; certificates, licenses, accreditations; proof of AHERA/OSHA specialized asbestos training; maximum number of personnel supervised on a project; medical opinion; current respirator fit test.
3. Workers: Numbers; names; years of abatement experience; certificates, licenses, accreditations; training courses in asbestos abatement and respiratory protection; medical opinion; current respirator fit test.
- J. Submit copies of State license for asbestos abatement; copy of insurance policy, including exclusions with a letter from agent stating in plain English the coverage provided and the fact that asbestos abatement activities are covered by the policy; copy of SOP's incorporating the requirements of this specification; information on who provides your training, how often; who provides medical surveillance, how often; who does and how is air monitoring conducted; a list of references of independent laboratories/IH's familiar with your air monitoring and standard operating procedures; copies of monitoring results of the five referenced projects listed and analytical method(s) used.
- K. Rented equipment must be decontaminated prior to returning to the rental agency.
- L. Submit, before the start of work, the manufacturer's technical data for all types of encapsulants and the MSDS. Provide application instructions also.

#### **2.5.2 SUBMITTALS DURING ABATEMENT**

- A. The Competent Person shall maintain and submit a daily log at the regulated area documenting the dates and times of the following:  
purpose, attendees and summary of meetings; all personnel entering/exiting the regulated area; document and discuss the resolution

04-30-13

of unusual events such as barrier breeching, equipment failures, emergencies, and any cause for stopping work; representative air monitoring and results/TWA's/EL's. Submit this information daily to the VPIH/CIH.

- B. The CPIH shall document and maintain the inspection and approval of the regulated area preparation prior to start of work and daily during work.
1. Removal of any poly barriers.
  2. Visual inspection/testing by the CPIH prior to application of lockdown.
  3. Packaging and removal of ACM waste from regulated area.
  4. Disposal of ACM waste materials; copies of Waste Shipment Records/landfill receipts to the VA's representative on a weekly basis.

### **2.5.3 SUBMITTALS AT COMPLETION OF ABATEMENT**

The CPIH shall submit a project report consisting of the daily log book requirements and documentation of events during the abatement project including Waste Shipment Records signed by the landfill's agent. The report shall include a certificate of completion, signed and dated by the CPIH, in accordance with Attachment #1. All clearance and perimeter samples must be submitted. The VA Representative will retain the abatement report after completion of the project.

## **2.6 ENCAPSULANTS**

### **2.6.1 TYPES OF ENCAPSULANTS**

- A. The following four types of encapsulants, if used, must comply with performance requirements as stated in paragraph 2.6.2:
1. Removal encapsulant - used as a wetting agent to remove ACM.
  2. Bridging encapsulant - provides a tough, durable coating on ACM.
  3. Penetrating encapsulant - penetrates/encapsulates ACM at least 13 mm (1/2").
  4. Lockdown encapsulant - seals microscopic fibers on surfaces after ACM removal.

### **2.6.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS**

Encapsulants shall meet the latest requirements of EPA; shall not contain toxic or hazardous substances; or solvents; and shall comply with the following performance requirements:

- A. General Requirements for all Encapsulants:
1. ASTM E84: Flame spread of 25; smoke emission of 50.
  2. University of Pittsburgh Protocol: Combustion Toxicity; zero mortality.

04-30-13

3. ASTM C732: Accelerated Aging Test; Life Expectancy - 20 years.
4. ASTM E96: Permeability - minimum of 0.4 perms.
- B. Bridging/Penetrating Encapsulants:
  1. ASTM E736: Cohesion/Adhesion Test - 24 kPa (50 lbs/ft<sup>2</sup>).
  2. ASTM E119: Fire Resistance - 3 hours (Classified by UL for use on fibrous/cementitious fireproofing).
  3. ASTM D2794: Gardner Impact Test; Impact Resistance - minimum 11.5 kg-mm (43 in/lb).
  4. ASTM D522: Mandrel Bend Test; Flexibility - no rupture or cracking.
- C. Lockdown Encapsulants:
  1. ASTM E119: Fire resistance - 3 hours (tested with fireproofing over encapsulant applied directly to steel member).
  2. ASTM E736: Bond Strength - 48 kPa (100 lbs/ft<sup>2</sup>) (test compatibility with cementitious and fibrous fireproofing).
  3. In certain situations, encapsulants may have to be applied to hot pipes/equipment. The encapsulant must be able to withstand high temperatures without cracking or off-gassing any noxious vapors during application.

### **2.6.3 CERTIFICATES OF COMPLIANCE**

The Contractor shall submit to the VA representative certification from the manufacturer indicating compliance with performance requirements for encapsulants when applied according to manufacturer recommendations.

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### **3.1 PRE-ABATEMENT ACTIVITIES**

#### **3.1.1 PRE-ABATEMENT MEETING**

The VA representative, upon receipt, review, and substantial approval of all pre-abatement submittals and verification by the CPIH that all materials and equipment required for the project are on the site, will arrange for a pre-abatement meeting between the Contractor, the CPIH, Competent Person(s), the VA representative(s), and the VPIH/CIH. The purpose of the meeting is to discuss any aspect of the submittals needing clarification or amplification and to discuss any aspect of the project execution and the sequence of the operation. The Contractor shall be prepared to provide any supplemental information/documentation to the VA's representative regarding any submittals, documentation, materials or equipment. Upon satisfactory resolution of any outstanding issues, the VA's representative will issue a written order to proceed to the Contractor. No abatement work of any kind described in the

04-30-13

following provisions shall be initiated prior to the VA written order to proceed.

### **3.1.2 PRE-ABATEMENT INSPECTIONS AND PREPARATIONS**

Before any work begins on the construction of the regulated area, the Contractor will:

- A. Conduct a space-by-space inspection with an authorized VA representative and prepare a written inventory of all existing damage in those spaces where asbestos abatement will occur. Still or video photography may be used to supplement the written damage inventory. Document will be signed and certified as accurate by both parties.
- B. The VA Representative, the Contractor, and the VPIH/CIH must be aware of 10/95 A/E Quality Alert indicating the failure to identify asbestos in the areas listed. Make sure these areas are looked at/reviewed on the project: Lay-in ceilings concealing ACM; ACM behind walls/windows from previous renovations; inside chases/walls; transite piping/ductwork/sheets; behind radiators; roofing materials; below window sills; water/sewer lines; electrical conduit coverings; crawl spaces( previous abatement contamination); flooring/mastic covered by carpeting/new flooring; exterior insulated wall panels; on underground fuel tanks; steam line trench coverings.
- C. Clean and remove or properly protect from contamination all furniture, machinery, equipment, curtains, drapes, blinds, and other movable objects required to be removed from the regulated area.
- D. If present and required, remove and dispose of carpeting from floors in the regulated area.
- E. Inspect existing firestopping in the regulated area. Correct as needed.

### **3.1.3 PRE-ABATEMENT CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATIONS**

- A. Perform all preparatory work for the first regulated area in accordance with the approved work schedule and with this specification.
- B. Upon completion of all preparatory work, the CPIH will inspect the work and systems and will notify the VA's representative when the work is completed in accordance with this specification. The VA's representative may inspect the regulated area and the systems with the VPIH/CIH and may require that upon satisfactory inspection, the Contractor's employees perform all major aspects of the approved SOP's, especially worker protection, respiratory systems, contingency plans, decontamination procedures, and monitoring to demonstrate satisfactory operation. The operational systems for respiratory protection and the negative pressure system shall be demonstrated for proper performance.

04-30-13

- C. The CPIH shall document the pre-abatement activities described above and deliver a copy to the VA's representative.
- D. Upon satisfactory inspection of the installation of and operation of systems the VA's representative will notify the Contractor in writing to proceed with the asbestos abatement work in accordance with this specification and all applicable regulations.

### **3.2 REGULATED AREA PREPARATIONS**

- A. Post OSHA DANGER signs meeting the specifications of OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101 at any location and approaches to the regulated area where airborne concentrations of asbestos may exceed ambient background levels. Signs shall be posted at a distance sufficiently far enough away from the regulated area to permit any personnel to read the sign and take the necessary measures to avoid exposure. Additional signs will be posted following construction of the regulated area enclosure.
- B. Shut down and lock out electric power to the regulated area. Provide temporary power and lighting. Insure safe installation including GFCI of temporary power sources and equipment by compliance with all applicable electrical code requirements and OSHA requirements for temporary electrical systems. Electricity shall be provided by the VA.
- C. Shut down and lock out heating, cooling, and air conditioning system (HVAC) components that are in, supply or pass through the regulated area. Investigate the regulated area and agree on pre-abatement condition with the VA's representative. Seal all intake and exhaust vents in the regulated area with duct tape and 2 layers of 6-mil poly. Also, seal any seams in system components that pass through the regulated area. Remove all contaminated HVAC system filters and place in labeled 6-mil polyethylene disposal bags for staging and eventual disposal as asbestos waste.
- D. The Contractor shall provide sanitary facilities for abatement personnel and maintain them in a clean and sanitary condition throughout the abatement project.
- E. The VA will provide water for abatement purposes. The Contractor shall connect to the existing VA system. The service to the shower(s) shall be supplied with backflow prevention.
- F. Pre-clean all movable objects within the regulated area using a HEPA filtered vacuum and/or wet cleaning methods as appropriate. After cleaning, these objects shall be removed from the regulated area and carefully stored in an uncontaminated location. Drapes, clothing, upholstered furniture and other fabric items should be disposed of as

04-30-13

asbestos contaminated waste. Cleaning these asbestos contaminated items utilizing HEPA vacuum techniques and off-premises steam cleaning is very difficult and cannot guarantee decontamination. Since adequate cleaning of contaminated fabrics is difficult, the VA will determine whether this option is an appropriate one. Carpeting will be disposed of prior to abatement if in the regulated area.

- G. Pre-clean all fixed objects in the regulated area using HEPA filtered vacuums and/or wet cleaning techniques as appropriate. Careful attention must be paid to machinery behind grills or gratings where access may be difficult but contamination may be significant. Also, pay particular attention to wall, floor and ceiling penetration behind fixed items. After precleaning, enclose fixed objects with 2 layers of 6-mil poly and seal securely in place with duct tape. Objects (e.g., permanent fixtures, shelves, electronic equipment, laboratory tables, sprinklers, alarm systems, closed circuit TV equipment and computer cables) which must remain in the regulated area and that require special ventilation or enclosure requirements should be designated here along with specified means of protection. Contact the manufacturer for special protection requirements.
- H. Pre-clean all surfaces in the regulated area using HEPA filtered vacuums and/or wet cleaning methods as appropriate. Do not use any methods that would raise dust such as dry sweeping or vacuuming with equipment not equipped with HEPA filters. Do not disturb asbestos-containing materials during this pre-cleaning phase.

### **3.3 CONTAINMENT BARRIERS AND COVERINGS FOR THE REGULATED AREA GENERAL**

Follow requirements of Section 2.2 - Containment Barriers and Coverings. Asbestos contractor is responsible not to disturb areas outside the containment area. The containment barriers and coverings shall be constructed and maintained in such a manner as to prevent disturbances, damage, or openings in the containment. The containment barriers and coverings shall be inspected on an ongoing basis to ensure the integrity of the containment barriers.

### **3.4 REMOVAL OF ACM**

#### **3.4.1 WETTING ACM**

- A. Use amended water for the wetting of ACM prior to removal. The Competent Person shall assure the wetting of ACM meets the definition of "adequately wet" in the EPA NESHAP's regulation and OSHA's "wet methods" for the duration of the project. A removal encapsulant may be used

04-30-13

instead of amended water with written approval of the VA's representative.

- B. Amended Water: Provide water to which a surfactant has been added shall be used to wet the ACM and reduce the potential for fiber release during disturbance of ACM. The mixture must be equal to or greater than the wetting provided by water amended by a surfactant consisting one ounce of 50% polyoxyethylene ester and 50% polyoxyethylene ether mixed with 5 gallons (19L) of water.
- C. Removal Encapsulant: Provide a penetrating encapsulant designed specifically for the removal of ACM. The material must, when used, result in adequate wetting of the ACM and retard fiber release during removal.

#### **3.4.2 SECONDARY BARRIER AND WALKWAYS**

- A. Install as a drop cloth a 6 mil poly sheet at the beginning of each work shift where removal is to be done during that shift. Completely cover floors and any walls within 10 feet (3M) of the area where work is to be done. Secure the secondary barrier with duct tape to prevent debris from getting behind it. Remove the secondary barrier at the end of the shift or as work in the area is completed. Keep residue on the secondary barrier wetted. When removing, fold inward to prevent spillage and place in a disposal bag.
- B. Install walkways using 6 mil black poly between the regulated area and the decontamination facilities (PDF and W/EDF) to protect the primary layers from contamination and damage. Install the walkways at the beginning of each shift and remove at the end of each shift.

#### **3.4.3 WET REMOVAL OF ACM**

- A. Adequately and thoroughly wet the ACM to be removed prior to removal to reduce/prevent fiber release to the air. Adequate time must be allowed for the amended water to saturate the ACM. Abatement personnel must not disturb dry ACM. Use a fine spray of amended water or removal encapsulant. Saturate the material sufficiently to wet to the substrate without causing excessive dripping. The material must be sprayed repeatedly/continuously during the removal process in order to maintain adequately wet conditions. Removal encapsulants must be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions. Perforate or carefully separate, using wet methods, an outer covering that is painted or jacketed in order to allow penetration and wetting of the material. Where necessary, carefully remove covering while wetting to minimize

04-30-13

fiber release. **In no event shall dry removal occur except in the case of electrical hazards or a greater safety issue is possible!**

- B. If ACM does not wet well with amended water due to coating or jacketing, remove as follows:
1. Mist work area continuously with amended water whenever necessary to reduce airborne fiber levels.
  2. Remove saturated ACM in small sections. Do not allow material to dry out. As material is removed, bag material while still wet into disposal bags. Twist tightly the bag neck, bend over (gooseneck) and seal with a minimum of three tight wraps of duct tape. Clean /decontaminate the outside of any residue and move to washdown station adjacent to W/EDF.
  3. Fireproofing or Architectural Finish on Scratch Coat: Spray with a fine mist of amended water or removal encapsulant. Allow time for saturation to the substrate. Do not oversaturate causing excess dripping. Scrape material from substrate. Remove material in manageable quantities and control falling to staging or floor. If the falling distance is over 20 feet (6M), use a drop chute to contain material through descent. Remove residue remaining on the scratch coat after scraping is done using a stiff bristle hand brush. If a removal encapsulant is used, remove residue completely before the encapsulant dries. Re-wet the substrate as needed to prevent drying before the residue is removed.
  4. Fireproofing or Architectural Finish on Wire Lath: Spray with a fine mist of amended water or removal encapsulant. Allow time to completely saturate the material. Do not oversaturate causing excess dripping. If the surface has been painted or otherwise coated, cut small holes as needed and apply amended water or removal encapsulant from above. Cut saturated wire lath into 2' x 6' (50mm x 150mm) sections and cut hanger wires. Roll up complete with ACM, cover in burlap and hand place in disposal bag. Do not drop to floor. After removal of lath/ACM, remove any overspray on decking and structure using stiff bristle nylon brushes. Depending on hardness of overspray, scrapers may be needed for removal.
  5. Pipe/Tank/Vessel/Boiler Insulation: Remove the outer layer of wrap while spraying with amended water in order to saturate the ACM. Spray ACM with a fine mist of amended water or removal encapsulant. Allow time to saturate the material to the substrate. Cut bands holding pre-formed pipe insulation sections. Slit jacketing at the seams,

04-30-13

remove and hand place in a disposal bag. Do not allow dropping to the floor. Remove molded fitting insulation/mud in large pieces and hand place in a disposal bag. Remove any residue on pipe or fitting with a stiff bristle nylon brush. In locations where pipe fitting insulation is removed from fibrous glass or other non-asbestos insulated straight runs of pipe, remove fibrous material at least 6" from the point it contacts the ACM.

#### **3.4.4 WET REMOVAL OF AMOSITE**

- A. Amosite-containing material will require local exhaust ventilation and collection as described below, in addition to wet removal. Amosite-containing materials were not identified in the materials designated as containing greater than one percent asbestos. However, it is possible that amosite is present in materials designated as assumed to contain (ATC) greater than one percent asbestos or which have not been identified and evaluated for asbestos. Any material determined to contain amosite either during the initial asbestos inspection or subsequent inspections shall comply with the following requirements.
- B. Provide local exhaust ventilation and collection systems to assure collection of amosite fibers at the point of generation. A 300 mm (12") flexible rigid non-collapsing duct shall be located no more than 600 mm (2') from any scraping/brushing activity. Primary filters must be replaced every 30 minutes on the negative air machines. Each scraping/brushing activity must have a negative air machine devoted to it. For pre-molded pipe insulation or cutting wire lathe attach a 1200 mm (4') square flared end piece on the intake of the duct. Support the duct horizontally at a point 600 mm (2') below the work to effect capture. One person in the crew shall be assigned to operate the duct collection system on a continual basis.
- C. Amosite does not wet well with amended water. Submit full information/documentation on the wetting agent proposed prior to start for review and approval by the VA Representative. Insure that the material is worked on in small sections and is thoroughly and continuously wetted. Package as soon as possible while wet. Remove as required.

#### **3.4.5 DISCOVERED MATERIALS**

During abatement, demolition, renovation, and/or further inspection, a potential exists for encountering materials not previously identified to become revealed. Upon discovery of a material not previously identified, the contractor shall immediately notify the owner who will arrange for

04-30-13

and coordinate materials sample collection and analysis if necessary.  
The contractor is not permitted to collect any material samples for  
asbestos or other hazardous material analysis.

### **3.5 LOCKDOWN ENCAPSULATION**

#### **3.5.1 GENERAL**

Lockdown encapsulation is an integral part of the ACM removal. At the  
conclusion of ACM removal and before removal of the primary barriers,  
all surfaces shall be encapsulated with a bridging encapsulant.

#### **3.5.2 DELIVERY AND STORAGE**

Deliver materials to the job site in original, new and unopened  
containers bearing the manufacturer's name and label as well as the  
following information: name of material, manufacturer's stock number,  
date of manufacture, thinning instructions, application instructions and  
the MSDS for the material.

#### **3.5.3 WORKER PROTECTION**

Before beginning work with any material for which an MSDS has been  
submitted, provide workers with any required personal protective  
equipment. The required personal protective equipment shall be used  
whenever exposure to the material might occur. In addition to  
OSHA/specification requirements for respiratory protection, a paint pre-  
filter and an organic vapor cartridge, at a minimum, shall be used in  
addition to the HEPA filter when a solvent based encapsulant is used.  
The CPIH shall be responsible for provision of adequate respiratory  
protection.

#### **3.5.4 ENCAPSULATION OF SCRATCH COAT PLASTER OR PIPING**

- A. Apply two coats of encapsulant to the scratch coat plaster or piping  
after all ACM has been removed. Apply in strict accordance with the  
manufacturer's instructions. Any deviation from the instructions must be  
approved by the VA's representative in writing prior to commencing the  
work.
- B. Apply the encapsulant with an airless sprayer at a pressure and using a  
nozzle orifice as recommended by the manufacturer. Apply the first coat  
while the scratch coat is still damp from the asbestos removal  
process, after passing the visual inspection. If the surface has been  
allowed to dry, wet wipe or HEPA vacuum prior to spraying with  
encapsulant. Apply a second coat over the first coat in strict  
conformance with the manufacturer's instructions. Color the encapsulant  
and contrast the color in the second coat so that visual confirmation of

04-30-13

completeness and uniform coverage of each coat is possible. Adhere to the manufacturer's instructions for coloring. At the completion of the encapsulation, the surface must be a uniform third color produced by the mixture.

#### **3.5.5 SEALING EXPOSED EDGES**

Seal edges of ACM exposed by removal work which is inaccessible, such as a sleeve, wall penetration, etc., with two coats of encapsulant. Prior to sealing, permit the exposed edges to dry completely to permit penetration of the encapsulant. Apply in accordance with 3.5.4 (B).

### **3.6 DISPOSAL OF ACM WASTE MATERIALS**

#### **3.6.1 GENERAL**

Dispose of waste ACM and debris which is packaged in accordance with these specifications, OSHA, EPA and DOT. The landfill requirements for packaging must also be met. Disposal shall be done at an approved landfill. Disposal of non-friable ACM shall be done in accordance with applicable regulations.

#### **3.6.2 PROCEDURES**

- A. Asbestos waste shall be packaged and moved through the W/EDF into a covered transport container in accordance with procedures in this specification. Waste shall be double-bagged prior to disposal. Wetted waste can be very heavy. Bags shall not be overfilled. Bags shall securely sealed to prevent accidental opening and/or leakage. The top shall be tightly twisted and goosenecked prior to tightly sealing with at least three wraps of duct tape. Ensure that unauthorized persons do not have access to the waste material once it is outside the regulated area. All transport containers must be covered at all times when not in use. NESHAP's signs must be on containers during loading and unloading. Material shall not be transported in open vehicles. If drums are used for packaging, the drums shall be labeled properly and shall not be re-used.
- B. Waste Load Out: Waste load out shall be done in accordance with the procedures in W/EDF Decontamination Procedures. Bags shall be decontaminated on exterior surfaces by wet cleaning and/or HEPA vacuuming before being placed in the second bag.
- C. Asbestos waste with sharp edged components, i.e., nails, screws, lath, strapping, tin sheeting, jacketing, metal mesh, etc., which might tear poly bags shall be wrapped securely in burlap before packaging and, if needed, use a poly lined fiber drum as the second container, prior to disposal.

### **3.7 PROJECT DECONTAMINATION**

#### **3.7.1 GENERAL**

- A. The entire work related to project decontamination shall be performed under the close supervision and monitoring of the CPIH.
- B. If the asbestos abatement work is in an area which was contaminated prior to the start of abatement, the decontamination will be done by cleaning the primary barrier poly prior to its removal and cleanings of the surfaces of the regulated area after the primary barrier removal.
- C. If the asbestos abatement work is in an area which was uncontaminated prior to the start of abatement, the decontamination will be done by cleaning the primary barrier poly prior to its removal, thus preventing contamination of the building when the regulated area critical barriers are removed.

#### **3.7.2 REGULATED AREA CLEARANCE**

Air testing and other requirements which must be met before release of the Contractor and re-occupancy of the regulated area space are specified in Final Testing Procedures.

#### **3.7.3 WORK DESCRIPTION**

Decontamination includes the clearance of the air in the regulated area and the decontamination and removal of the enclosures/facilities installed prior to the abatement work including primary/critical barriers, PDF and W/EDF facilities, and negative pressure systems.

#### **3.7.4 PRE-DECONTAMINATION CONDITIONS**

- A. Before decontamination starts, all ACM waste from the regulated area shall be removed, all waste collected and removed, and the loose 6 mil layer of poly removed and disposed of along with any gross debris generated by the work.
- B. At the start of decontamination, the following shall be in place:
  - 1. Primary barriers consisting of 2 layers of 6 mil poly on the floor and 4 mil poly on the walls.
  - 2. Critical barriers consisting of 2 layers of 6 mil poly which is the sole barrier between the regulated area and openings to the rest of the building or outside.
  - 4. Decontamination facilities for personnel and equipment in operating condition and the negative pressure system in operation.

#### **3.7.5 FIRST CLEANING**

Carry out a first cleaning of all surfaces of the regulated area including items of remaining poly sheeting, tools, scaffolding,

04-30-13

ladders/staging by wet methods and/or HEPA vacuuming. Do not use dry dusting/sweeping methods. Use each surface of a cleaning cloth one time only and then dispose of as contaminated waste. Continue this cleaning until there is no visible residue from abated surfaces or poly or other surfaces. Remove all filters in the air handling system and dispose of as ACM waste in accordance with these specifications. The negative pressure system shall remain in operation during this time. If determined by the CPIH/VPIH/CIH additional cleaning(s) may be needed.

### **3.7.6 PRE-CLEARANCE INSPECTION AND TESTING**

The CPIH and VPIH/CIH will perform a thorough and detailed visual inspection at the end of the cleaning to determine whether there is any visible residue in the regulated area. If the visual inspection is acceptable, the CPIH will perform pre-clearance sampling using aggressive clearance as detailed in 40 CFR 763 Subpart E (AHERA) Appendix A (III)(B)(7)(d). If the sampling results show values below 0.01 f/cc, then the Contractor shall notify the VA's representative of the results with a brief report from the CPIH documenting the inspection and sampling results and a statement verifying that the regulated area is ready for lockdown encapsulation. The VA reserves the right to utilize their own VPIH/CIH to perform a pre-clearance inspection and testing for verification.

### **3.7.7 LOCKDOWN ENCAPSULATION OF ABATED SURFACES**

With the express written permission of the VA's representative, perform lockdown encapsulation of all surfaces from which asbestos was abated in accordance with the procedures in this specification. Negative pressure shall be maintained in the regulated area during the lockdown application.

## **3.8 FINAL VISUAL INSPECTION AND AIR CLEARANCE TESTING**

### **3.8.1 GENERAL**

Notify the VA representative 24 hours in advance for the performance of the final visual inspection and testing. The final visual inspection and testing will be performed by the VPIH/CIH starting after the final cleaning.

### **3.8.2 FINAL VISUAL INSPECTION**

Final visual inspection will include the entire regulated area, the PDF, all poly sheeting, seals over HVAC openings, doorways, windows, and any other openings. If any debris, residue, dust or any other suspect material is detected, the final cleaning shall be repeated at no cost to

04-30-13

the VA. Dust/material samples may be collected and analyzed at no cost to the VA at the discretion of the VPIH/CIH to confirm visual findings. When the regulated area is visually clean the final testing can be done.

### **3.8.3 FINAL AIR CLEARANCE TESTING**

- A. After an acceptable final visual inspection by the VPIH/CIH and VA Representative AE Project Engineer, the VPIH/CIH will perform the final testing. Air samples will be collected and analyzed in accordance with procedures for AHERA in this specification. If work is less than 260 lf/160 sf, 5 PCM samples may be collected for clearance. If work is equal to or more than 260 lf/160 sf, TEM sampling shall be done for clearance. TEM analysis shall be done in accordance with procedures in this specification. If the release criteria are not met, the Contractor shall repeat the final cleaning and continue decontamination procedures until clearance is achieved. All **additional inspection and testing costs will be borne by the Contractor.**
- B. If release criteria are met, proceed to perform the abatement closeout and to issue the certificate of completion in accordance with these specifications.

### **3.8.4 FINAL AIR CLEARANCE PROCEDURES**

- A. Contractor's Release Criteria: Work in a regulated area is complete when the regulated area is visually clean and airborne fiber levels have been reduced to or below 0.01 f/cc as measured with PCM/TEM methods and as verified by VPIH/CIH. The asbestos containment is to remain in place and under negative pressure until inspected and removal of the containment is authorized by the VPIH/CIH.
- B. Air Monitoring and Final Clearance Sampling: To determine if the elevated airborne fiber counts encountered during abatement operations have been reduced to the specified level, the VPIH/CIH will secure samples and analyze them according to the following procedures:
  - 1. Fibers Counted: "Fibers" referred to in this section shall be either all fibers regardless of composition as counted in the NIOSH 7400 PCM method or asbestos fibers counted using the AHERA TEM method.
  - 2. Aggressive Sampling: All final air testing samples shall be collected using aggressive sampling techniques except where soil is not encapsulated or enclosed. Samples will be collected on 0.8µ MCE filters for PCM analysis and 0.45µ Polycarbonate filters for TEM. A minimum of 1200 Liters of air shall be collected for clearance samples. Before pumps are started, initiate aggressive sampling as

04-30-13

detailed in 40 CFR 763 Subpart E (AHERA) Appendix A (III)(B)(7)(d). Air samples will be collected in areas subject to normal air circulation away from corners, obstructed locations, and locations near windows, doors, or vents. After air sampling pumps have been shut off, circulating fans shall be shut off. The negative pressure system shall continue to operate.

#### **3.8.5 CLEARANCE SAMPLING USING PCM - LESS THAN 260LF/160SF**

- A. The VPIH/CIH will perform clearance samples as indicated by the specification.
- B. The NIOSH 7400 PCM method will be used for clearance sampling with a minimum collection volume of 1200 Liters of air. A minimum of 5 PCM clearance samples shall be collected. All samples must be equal to or less than 0.01 f/cc to clear the regulated area.

#### **3.8.6 CLEARANCE SAMPLING USING TEM - EQUAL TO OR MORE THAN 260LF/160SF**

Clearance requires 13 samples be collected; 5 inside the regulated area; 5 outside the regulated area; and 3 field blanks.

#### **3.8.7 LABORATORY TESTING OF PCM CLEARANCE SAMPLES**

The services of an AIHA accredited laboratory will be employed by the VA to perform analysis for the air samples. Samples will be sent daily by the VPIH/CIH so that verbal/faxed reports can be received within 24 hours. A complete record, certified by the laboratory, of all air monitoring tests and results will be furnished to the VA's representative and the Contractor.

#### **3.8.8 LABORATORY TESTING OF TEM SAMPLES**

Samples shall be sent by the VPIH/CIH to an accredited laboratory for analysis by TEM. Verbal/faxed results from the laboratory shall be available within 24 hours after receipt of the samples. A complete record, certified by the laboratory, of all TEM results shall be furnished to the VA's representative and the Contractor.

#### **3.8.9 AUTHORIZATION TO REMOVE ABATEMENT CONTAINMENT**

Asbestos containment is to remain up and under negative pressure until the VA Facility Management and/or the VPIH/CIH inspects and approves of the asbestos abatement work.

### **3.9 ABATEMENT CLOSEOUT AND CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE**

#### **3.9.1 COMPLETION OF ABATEMENT WORK**

After thorough decontamination, seal negative air machines with 2 layers of 6 mil poly and duct tape to form a tight seal at the intake/outlet ends before removal from the regulated area. Complete asbestos abatement

04-30-13

work upon meeting the regulated area visual and air clearance criteria and fulfilling the following:

- A. Remove all equipment and materials from the project area.
- B. Dispose of all packaged ACM waste as required.
- C. Repair or replace all interior finishes damaged during the abatement work, as required.
- D. Fulfill other project closeout requirements as required in this specification.

### **3.9.2 CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION BY CONTRACTOR**

The CPIH shall complete and sign the "Certificate of Completion" in accordance with Attachment 1 at the completion of the abatement and decontamination of the regulated area.

### **3.9.3 WORK SHIFTS**

All work shall be done during administrative hours (8:00 AM to 4:30 PM) Monday -Friday excluding Federal Holidays. Any change in the work schedule must be approved in writing by the VA Representative.

### **3.9.4 RE-INSULATION**

Replace all asbestos-containing insulation/fire-proofing with suitable non-asbestos material which is to remain and not be modified by the mechanical contractor. Provide MSDS's for all replacement materials. Refer to Section 23 07 11, HVAC, PLUMBING, AND BOILER PLANT INSULATION.

### **3.9.5 REPLACEMENT OF DIELECTRIC UNIONS**

Replace dielectric unions during the abatement process. Allow for 15% of the dielectric unions to be replaced after demolition and full abatement of the area. Glovebag each fitting and have a plumber on standby to replace any unions.

04-30-13

**ATTACHMENT #1**

**CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION**

DATE:

PROJECT NAME:

VAMC/ADDRESS:

1. I certify that I have personally inspected, monitored and supervised the abatement work of (specify regulated area or Building):  
which took place from /     /     /     to     /     /
2. That throughout the work all applicable requirements/regulations and the VA's specifications were met.
3. That any person who entered the regulated area was protected with the appropriate personal protective equipment and respirator and that they followed the proper entry and exit procedures and the proper operating procedures for the duration of the work.
4. That all employees of the Contractor engaged in this work were trained in respiratory protection, were experienced with abatement work, had proper medical surveillance documentation, were fit-tested for their respirator, and were not exposed at any time during the work to asbestos without the benefit of appropriate respiratory protection.
5. That I performed and supervised all inspection and testing specified and required by applicable regulations and VA specifications.
6. That the conditions inside the regulated area were always maintained in a safe and healthy condition and the maximum fiber count never exceeded 0.5 f/cc, except as described below.
7. That the negative pressure system was installed, operated and maintained in order to provide a minimum of 4 actual air changes per hour with a continuous -0.02" of water column pressure.

Signature/Date:

Signature/Date:

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

04-30-13

**ATTACHMENT #2**

**CERTIFICATE OF WORKER'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT**

PROJECT NAME:

DATE:

PROJECT ADDRESS:

ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR'S NAME:

WORKING WITH ASBESTOS CAN BE HAZARDOUS TO YOUR HEALTH. INHALING ASBESTOS HAS BEEN LINKED WITH VARIOUS TYPES OF CANCERS. IF YOU SMOKE AND INHALE ASBESTOS FIBERS YOUR CHANCES OF DEVELOPING LUNG CANCER IS GREATER THAN THAT OF THE NON-SMOKING PUBLIC.

Your employer's contract with the owner for the above project requires that: You must be supplied with the proper personal protective equipment including an adequate respirator and be trained in its use. You must be trained in safe and healthy work practices and in the use of the equipment found at an asbestos abatement project. You must receive/have a current medical examination for working with asbestos. These things shall be provided at no cost to you. By signing this certificate you are indicating to the owner that your employer has met these obligations.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: I have been trained in the proper use of respirators and have been informed of the type of respirator to be used on the above indicated project. I have a copy of the written Respiratory Protection Program issued by my employer. I have been provided for my exclusive use, at no cost, with a respirator to be used on the above indicated project.

TRAINING COURSE: I have been trained by a third party, State/EPA accredited trainer in the requirements for an AHERA/OSHA Asbestos Abatement Worker training course, 32 hours minimum duration. I currently have a valid State accreditation certificate. The topics covered in the course include, as a minimum, the following:

- Physical Characteristics and Background Information on Asbestos
- Potential Health Effects Related to Exposure to Asbestos
- Employee Personal Protective Equipment
- Establishment of a Respiratory Protection Program
- State of the Art Work Practices
- Personal Hygiene
- Additional Safety Hazards
- Medical Monitoring
- Air Monitoring
- Relevant Federal, State and Local Regulatory Requirements, Procedures, and Standards
- Asbestos Waste Disposal

MEDICAL EXAMINATION: I have had a medical examination within the past 12 months which was paid for by my employer. This examination included: health history, occupational history, pulmonary function test, and may have included a chest x-ray evaluation. The physician issued a positive written opinion after the examination.

Signature:

Printed Name:

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111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

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04-30-13

Witness:

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

04-30-13

**ATTACHMENT #3**

**AFFIDAVIT OF MEDICAL SURVEILLANCE, RESPIRATORY PROTECTION AND  
TRAINING/ACCREDITATION**

VA PROJECT NAME AND NUMBER:

VA MEDICAL FACILITY:

ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR'S NAME AND ADDRESS:

1. I verify that the following individual

Name:

who is proposed to be employed in asbestos abatement work associated with the above project by the named. Contractor, is included in a medical surveillance program in accordance with 29 CFR 1926.1101(m), and that complete records of the medical surveillance program as required by 29 CFR 1926.1101(m)(n) and 29 CFR 1910.20 are kept at the offices of the Contractor at the following address.

Address:

2. I verify that this individual has been trained, fit-tested and instructed in the use of all appropriate respiratory protection systems and that the person is capable of working in safe and healthy manner as expected and required in the expected work environment of this project.
3. I verify that this individual has been trained as required by 29 CFR 1926.1101(k). This individual has also obtained a valid State accreditation certificate. Documentation will be kept on-site.
4. I verify that I meet the minimum qualifications criteria of the VA specifications for a CPIH.

Signature of CPIH:

Date:

Printed Name of CPIH:

Signature of Contractor:

Date:

Printed Name of Contractor:

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VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

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04-30-13

**ATTACHMENT #4**

**ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR/COMPETENT PERSON(S) REVIEW AND ACCEPTANCE OF THE  
VA'S ASBESTOS SPECIFICATIONS**

VA Project Location:

VA Project #:

VA Project Description:

This form shall be signed by the Asbestos Abatement Contractor Owner and the Asbestos Abatement Contractor's Competent Person(s) prior to any start of work at the VA related to this Specification. If the Asbestos Abatement Contractor's/Competent Person(s) has not signed this form, they shall not be allowed to work on-site.

I, the undersigned, have read VA's Asbestos Specification regarding the asbestos abatement requirements. I understand the requirements of the VA's Asbestos Specification and agree to follow these requirements as well as all required rules and regulations of OSHA/EPA/DOT and State/Local requirements. I have been given ample opportunity to read the VA's Asbestos Specification and have been given an opportunity to ask any questions regarding the content and have received a response related to those questions. I do not have any further questions regarding the content, intent and requirements of the VA's Asbestos Specification.

At the conclusion of the asbestos abatement, I will certify that all asbestos abatement work was done in accordance with the VA's Asbestos Specification and all ACM was removed properly and no fibrous residue remains on any abated surfaces.

Abatement Contractor Owner's Signature

Date

Abatement Contractor Competent Person(s)

Date

Date

Date

- - - E N D - - -

## Supplemental Asbestos Inspection Report

To:	Joe Heinowski, Project Manager – Chequamegon Bay Engineering, Inc.
From:	Jeff Senn and Robert Peschel – Sigma
Project Number:	13688
Date:	April 8, 2013
RE:	Building 111, 10 <sup>th</sup> Floor, A-Wing South, Sim Lab VA Medical Center – Milwaukee, WI VA Project 695-13-112

### BACKGROUND

The VA Medical Center (VA) located in Milwaukee, Wisconsin intends to renovate a portion of the 10 floor A-Wing in Building 111 to construct a Simulation Lab. Chequamegon Bay Engineering, Inc. (Chequamegon) retained Sigma to perform a pre-renovation asbestos assessment and prepare specifications for asbestos removal, handling, and disposal. Sigma's assessment included reviewing a previous asbestos inspection report provided by VA and providing supplemental asbestos inspection and sampling to identify suspect asbestos-containing building materials (ACBM) within the proposed renovation area. The asbestos inspection report prepared by Endpoint Solutions in October 2012, "Project Report for Building 111, 10<sup>th</sup> Floor, A-Wing South Area", is included as **Attachment 1**. As directed by VA, Sigma was instructed to rely on the sample results, locations, and quantities included in the Endpoint Solutions Report.

Pre-renovation asbestos inspections are required by the United States Environmental Protection Agency's (USEPA) National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) regulations provided in 40 CFR 61 and the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources (WDNR) Control of Asbestos Emissions (WAC Chapter NR 447). The VA is required to perform a thorough asbestos inspection of the affected facility or part of the facility where the demolition/renovation operations will occur prior to the commencement of the renovation.

State of Wisconsin certified asbestos inspector, Mr. Dale Armbruster (All-156285), performed the limited supplemental pre-renovation asbestos inspection on March 29 and April 2, 2013. **Attachment 2** provides a copy of Mr. Armbruster's asbestos inspection certification card. This limited supplemental pre-renovation asbestos inspection was performed in substantial compliance with the USEPA NESHAP and WDNR WAC Chapter NR 447 inspection and sampling requirements. The asbestos inspection included visual observation, material sampling, and laboratory analysis of suspect ACBM. The inspection was limited to accessible areas within the proposed renovation area.

### MATERIAL ASSESSMENT RESULTS

Supplemental asbestos inspection was performed in Building 111, 10 Floor, A-wing South within the proposed renovation area as indicated on **Figure 1**. Suspect ACBMs were identified and either sampled or assumed to contain (ATC), based on accessibility and/or

labeling. Suspect ACBMs identified by Endpoint Solutions and Sigma are presented on **Table 1**.

#### Non-Asbestos-Containing Materials

Suspect building materials determined not to contain asbestos include the following:

- 4"x 4" Ceramic Tile, Grout & Mortar
- Plaster walls and ceilings
- Drywall and Joint Compound
- Vinyl Baseboard & Mastic
- Suspended Ceiling Tile
- Fire Stop Packing
- Carpet Mastic
- Caulk, Sink

In addition to the 10<sup>th</sup> floor inspection, two locations in the 9<sup>th</sup> floor ceiling selected by the VA representative were inspected to determine if asbestos thermal insulation was present or had been abated during previous renovation activities. Suspect ACM thermal insulation was **not** observed on piping systems located in the 9<sup>th</sup> floor ceiling.

#### Asbestos-Containing Materials

Suspect materials that were determined to contain asbestos and the associated general quantities include the following:

- Vinyl covered floor tile (VCT) and Mastic, bluish, black, gray, green and brown – **6,240 square feet**
- Black mastic beneath ceramic tile – **580 square feet**
- Thermal Insulation Fittings (labeled as ACBM), > 6" Dia. – **100 each**
- Toilet Gaskets (ATC) – **12 each**
- Fire Doors (ATC) – **4 each**
- Electrical Panels (ATC) – **3 each**

The estimated quantities of ACBM should be considered a preliminary quantity estimate for each identified ACBM. ***It is recommended that quantities of identified ACBMs be field verified by the abatement contractors bidding on the abatement activities.*** Analytical reports and chain of custody documentation are provided in **Attachment 3**.

#### **CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS**

Vinyl floor tile and mastic, black mastic beneath ceramic floor tile, thermal insulation fittings, toilet gaskets, fire doors and electrical panels were determined or assumed to contain greater than one percent asbestos and are therefore classified as ACBM. These materials are subject to the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources Chapter NR 447 and the Wisconsin Department of Health Services Chapter 159 removal and disposal requirements. Removal of these materials should be performed in accordance with the state and federal rules and regulations. Quantities of identified ACBMs should be field verified by the abatement contractors bidding on the abatement activities.

Sigma recommends that there is one individual on-site during abatement and demolition that is designated as a "Competent Person". At a minimum, this individual shall be a State of Wisconsin certified asbestos supervisor familiar with applicable asbestos and hazardous material related regulations; have the experience to recognize potential work crew and environmental exposures; institute proper personal protective equipment and personnel monitoring as necessary; have the authority to stop work; and meet training requirements established by the State of Wisconsin. Discovery of suspect asbestos and/or other hazardous materials should be reported immediately to the Owner so that appropriate measures can be implemented.

## LIMITATIONS

The findings and recommendations included herein are based on information obtained during the site visit and from previous experience. The limitations of the report and recommended actions are as follows:

1. An assessment/inspection of non-building components including but not limited to office equipment, chairs, desks, tables, cabinets, wall hangings, and other equipment and materials used or stored by the former/current occupant was not conducted.

***It is recommended that these items be managed in accordance with all local, state, and federal rules and regulations.***

2. Homogeneous material samples were collected from reasonably accessible areas only. Limited destructive investigation methods were not employed to identify additional materials not readily visible. During abatement, demolition, renovation, and/or further inspection, a potential exists for encountering asbestos and/or other hazardous materials not previously identified to become revealed.

***Further sampling of newly discovered materials may be required to confirm the presence of ACM within walls and other areas that were not visible or reasonably accessible during the asbestos inspection. Any additional ACM discovered after this inspection is the responsibility of the VA.***

3. The following floors, materials, building systems and/or areas were not evaluated for the presence of asbestos:
  - The building electrical system(s) was not sampled for the presence of asbestos as it was energized at the time of the inspection;
  - The facility exterior and windows were not inspected for the presence of asbestos;
  - Rooms 10103 and 10105 were inaccessible during the inspection;
  - Areas above plaster ceilings; and
  - Areas not included in the scope of renovation as defined by Figure 1.

***These areas and building systems should be assumed to contain materials having greater than one percent asbestos or be further evaluated prior to conducting renovation and/or demolition activities.***

4. Sigma was instructed by the VA to review and use the available asbestos analytical data provided in the Endpoint Solutions Report. Materials for which at least three samples were collected by Endpoint Solutions and were determined not to contain asbestos are identified in this report as NEG. Materials which were determined by Endpoint Solutions to contain greater than one percent asbestos are designated as ACBM. Sigma makes no implied or expressed guarantees that the information provided in the reports prepared by others is true and accurate.

***Sigma makes no guarantee as to the accuracy or completeness of the asbestos inspection conducted by Endpoint Solutions, the reported results, and assumptions made by Endpoint Solutions. Please note that some of the demolition and asbestos abatement notes on the Endpoint Solutions Report figure are not consistent with the data provided in the Report and current conditions.***

#### **Attachments**

Table 1 – Asbestos Inspection and Sample Results.

Figure 1 – Limits of Renovation/Inspection.

1. Endpoint Solutions Project Report, October 25, 2012.
2. Asbestos Inspector Certifications.
3. Micro Analytical, Inc. Bulk Asbestos Analytical Reports & Chain of Custody.

**TABLE 1**  
**Asbestos Inspection and Sample Results**  
Building 111 - 10AS SIM LAB  
Sigma Project #13688

**INITIAL ASBESTOS INSPECTION By ENDPOINT SOLUTIONS, October 2012**

**Suspect Asbestos-Containing Materials Observed, Sampled, and Analyzed**

Sample ID	Sample Description	Sample Locations	Result	Quantity (approximate)
10AS-001-A, B, C	Vinyl Covered Tile (VCT) - Bluish	10109, 10123, 10140, Corridors C10A07, A10, A11, A12	1-5%	3,400 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-001-AM, BM, CM	VCT mastic	"	5-10%	3,400 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-002-A, B, C	VCT - black	10127, 10107	1-3%	560 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-002-AM, BM, CM	VCT mastic	"	5-10%	560 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-003-A, B, C	VCT - gray	10115, 10121, 10129, 10134	1-5%	900 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-003-AM, BM, CM	VCT mastic	"	5-10%	900 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-004-A, B, C	VCT - greenish	10117, 10132, 10102A, 10100, 10102	1-3%	580 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-004-AM, BM, CM	VCT mastic	"	5-10%	580 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-005-A, B, C	VCT - brown	10106, 10110, 10110A, 10119, 10144	1-3%	600 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-005-AM, BM, CM	VCT mastic	"	5-10%	600 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-006-A, B, C	VCT - greenish	Corridor C10A10A	1-3%	200 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-006-AM, BM, CM	VCT mastic	"	5-10%	200 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-007-A, B, C	4x4 gray ceramic tile	10124, 10132A, 10137	ND	ND
10AS-008-A, B, C	4x4 ceramic tile	10146	ND	ND
10AS-009-A, B, C	4x4 ceramic tile	10150, 10152, 10152A	ND	ND
10AS-0010-A, B, C	4x4 ceramic tile	10132, 10144	ND	ND
10AS-0011-A, B, C	Plaster walls	10121, 10123	ND	ND
10AS-0012-A, B, C	Plaster walls	10127, 10129	ND	ND
10AS-0013-A, B, C	Plaster walls	10121, 10123	ND	ND
10AS-0014-A, B, C	Plaster walls	10140	ND	ND
10AS-0015-A, B, C	Plaster walls	10144, 10146	ND	ND
10AS-0016-A, B, C	Plaster walls	10106, 10110A	ND	ND
10AS-0017-A, B, C	Plaster walls	10102A, 10104A	ND	ND
10AS-0018-A, B, C	Plaster walls	10104, 10104AA	ND	ND
10AS-0019-A, B, C	Plaster walls	10132, 10134	ND	ND
10AS-0020-A, B, C	Plaster walls	10150, 10152	ND	ND
10AS-0021-A, B, C	Ceiling Plaster	10107	ND	ND
10AS-0022-A, B, C	Ceiling Plaster	10104, 10104A	ND	ND
	TSI Fittings		PACM	unknown
	1" x 2" ceramic tile grout & grout bed		PACM	1,000 ft <sup>2</sup>
	Tar coated underlayment		PACM	1,000 ft <sup>2</sup>

**TABLE 1**  
**Asbestos Inspection and Sample Results**

Building 111 - 10AS SIM LAB

Sigma Project #13688

**SUPPLEMENTAL ASBESTOS INSPECTION BY SIGMA, March & April 2013**

**Suspect Asbestos-Containing Materials Observed, Sampled, and Analyzed**

Sample No.	Layer	Material Code	Item	Area/ Room	Location in Room	Result	Quantity (approximate)	Classification (if asbestos-containing)	Condition
1	1	MCTM-1	Ceramic Tile, 1" Brown Tan White	10150	N	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Grout/Mortar Gray			ND	--	--	--
	3		Mastic Tan			ND	--	--	--
	4		Grout/Mortar Gray			ND	--	--	--
	5		<b>Mastic Black</b>			<b>5%</b>	210 sf	Cat II	--
2	1	MCTM-1	Ceramic Tile, 1" Brown Tan White	10150	N	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Grout/Mortar Gray			ND	--	--	--
	3		Mastic Tan			ND	--	--	--
	4		Grout/Mortar Gray			ND	--	--	--
3	1	MCTM-1	Ceramic Tile, 1" Brown Tan White	10150	N	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Grout/Mortar Off-White			ND	--	--	--
	3		Grout/Mortar Gray			ND	--	--	--
	4		Mastic Tan			ND	--	--	--
	5		Grout/Mortar Gray			ND	--	--	--
	6		<b>Mastic Black</b>			<b>7%</b>	--	Cat II	--
NS		MCTM-1	<b>Other Locations</b>	10152	--	--	160 sf	Cat II	--
						<b>Total</b>	<b>380 sf</b>	<b>Cat II</b>	<b>--</b>
4	1	MCTM-2	Ceramic Tile, 4" Tan	10150	NE	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Grout/Mortar Off-White			ND	--	--	--
	3		Mastic Tan			ND	--	--	--
5	1	MCTM-2	Ceramic Tile, 4" Tan	10150	NE	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Grout/Mortar Off-White			ND	--	--	--
	3		Mastic Tan			ND	--	--	--
6	1	MCTM-2	Ceramic Tile, 4" Tan	10150	NE	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Grout/Mortar Off-White			ND	--	--	--
	3		Mastic Tan			ND	--	--	--
NS		MCTM-2	<b>Other Locations</b>	10152	--	--	--	--	--
7	1	MCTM-3	Ceramic Tile, 1x1", 1x2", & 2x2" Yellow & Cream	10146	SE	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Grout/Mortar Gray			ND	--	--	--
	3		Mastic Tan			ND	--	--	--
	4		Grout/Mortar Gray			ND	--	--	--
	5		<b>Mastic Black</b>			<b>10%</b>	200 sf	Cat II	--
8	1	MCTM-3	Ceramic Tile, 1x1", 1x2", & 2x2" Yellow	10146	SE	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Grout/Mortar Gray			ND	--	--	--
	3		Mastic Tan			ND	--	--	--
	4		Grout/Mortar Gray			ND	--	--	--
9	1	MCTM-3	Ceramic Tile, 1x1", 1x2", & 2x2" Yellow	10146	SE	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Grout/Mortar Gray			ND	--	--	--
	3		Mastic Tan			ND	--	--	--
	4		Grout/Mortar Gray			ND	--	--	--
						<b>Total</b>	<b>200 sf</b>	<b>Cat II</b>	<b>--</b>
10	1	MCTM-4	Ceramic Tile, 4" Yellow	10146	E	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Grout/Mortar Off-White			ND	--	--	--
	3		Mastic Tan			ND	--	--	--
11	1	MCTM-4	Ceramic Tile, 4" Yellow	10146	E	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Grout/Mortar Off-White			ND	--	--	--
	3		Mastic Tan			ND	--	--	--
12	1	MCTM-4	Ceramic Tile, 4" Yellow	10146	E	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Grout/Mortar Off-White			ND	--	--	--
	3		Mastic Tan			ND	--	--	--

**TABLE 1**  
**Asbestos Inspection and Sample Results**

Building 111 - 10AS SIM LAB

Sigma Project #13688

**SUPPLEMENTAL ASBESTOS INSPECTION BY SIGMA, March & April 2013**

**Suspect Asbestos-Containing Materials Observed, Sampled, and Analyzed**

Sample No.	Layer	Material Code	Item	Area/ Room	Location in Room	Result	Quantity (approximate)	Classification (if asbestos-)	Condition
13	1	MCTM-5	Ceramic Tile, 1x2", Brown	10148	E	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Grout/Mortar Gray			ND	--	--	--
	3		Grout/Mortar Gray			ND	--	--	--
14	1		Ceramic Tile, 1x2", Brown	10148	E	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Grout/Mortar Gray			ND	--	--	--
	3		Grout/Mortar Gray			ND	--	--	--
	4		Grout/Mortar Off-White			ND	--	--	--
	5		Grout/Mortar Gray			ND	--	--	--
15	1		Ceramic Tile, 1x2", Brown	10148	E	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Ceramic Tile			ND	--	--	--
	3		Grout/Mortar Gray			ND	--	--	--
	4		Grout/Mortar Off-White			ND	--	--	--
	5		Grout/Mortar Gray			ND	--	--	--
NS		MCTM-5	<b>Other Locations</b>	10104, 10107, 10109, 10117, 10124, 10137	--	--	--	--	--
16	1	MCTM-6	Ceramic Tile, 4" Lt. Gray	10148	E	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Grout/Mortar Off-White			ND	--	--	--
	3		Grout/Mortar Gray			ND	--	--	--
17	1	MCTM-6	Ceramic Tile, 4" Lt. Gray	10148	E	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Grout/Mortar Off-White			ND	--	--	--
	3		Grout/Mortar Gray			ND	--	--	--
18	1	MCTM-6	Ceramic Tile, 4" Lt. Gray	10148	E	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Grout/Mortar Off-White			ND	--	--	--
	3		Grout/Mortar Gray			ND	--	--	--
NS		MCTM-6	<b>Other Locations</b>	10104, 10107, 10109, 10117, 10124, 10137	--	--	--	--	--
19	1	MCTM-7	Ceramic Tile, 4" Cream	10123	E	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Grout/Mortar Off-White			ND	--	--	--
	3		Mastic Tan			ND	--	--	--
NS		MCTM-7	<b>Other Locations</b>	10104, 10107, 10109, 10117, 10124, 10137	--	--	--	--	--
20	1	MDWC	Drywall & Joint Compound, Off White	10106	SW	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Gray			ND	--	--	--
21	1	MDWC	Drywall & Joint Compound, Off White	10106	SW	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Gray			ND	--	--	--
22	1	MDWC	Drywall & Joint Compound, Off White	10106	SW	ND	--	--	--
	2		Gray			ND	--	--	--
NS		MDWC	<b>Other Locations</b>	10132, 10134, 10146, 10148, 10150, 10152	--	--	--	--	--
23	1	MV4-1	Vinyl Baseboard, 4" Brown	10106	SW	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Mastic Off White			ND	--	--	--
24	1	MV4-1	Vinyl Baseboard, 4" Brown	10106	SW	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Mastic Off White			ND	--	--	--
	3		Mastic Brown			ND	--	--	--
25	1	MV4-1	Vinyl Baseboard, 4" Brown	10106	SW	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Mastic Off White			ND	--	--	--
	3		Mastic Brown			ND	--	--	--
NS		MV4-1	<b>Other Locations</b>	10119, 10129, 10134, 10144, 10146, 10152	--	--	--	--	--

**TABLE 1**  
**Asbestos Inspection and Sample Results**

Building 111 - 10AS SIM LAB

Sigma Project #13688

**SUPPLEMENTAL ASBESTOS INSPECTION BY SIGMA, March & April 2013**

**Suspect Asbestos-Containing Materials Observed, Sampled, and Analyzed**

Sample No.	Layer	Material Code	Item	Area/ Room	Location in Room	Result	Quantity (approximate)	Classification (if asbestos-)	Condition
26	1	MV4-2	Vinyl Baseboard, 4" Black	10132	SE	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Mastic Brown			ND	--	--	--
28	1	MV4-2	Vinyl Baseboard, 4" Black	10132	SE	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Mastic Brown			ND	--	--	--
27	1	MV4-2	Vinyl Baseboard, 4" Black	10132	SE	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Mastic Brown			ND	--	--	--
NS		MV4-2	<b>Other Locations</b>	10107, 10109, 10117, 10121, 10123, 10127, 10132, 10148	--	--	--	--	--
29	1	MSCT-1	Suspended Ceiling Tile, 2x4' w/holes & fissures, White	10150	C	ND	--	--	Good
30	1	MSCT-1	Suspended Ceiling Tile, 2x4' w/holes & fissures, White	10150	C	ND	--	--	Good
31	1	MSCT-1	Suspended Ceiling Tile, 2x4' w/holes & fissures, White	10150	C	ND	--	--	Good
32	1	MSCT-2	Suspended Ceiling Tile, 2x4' w/holes, White	10121	SW	ND	--	--	Good
33	1	MSCT-2	Suspended Ceiling Tile, 2x4' w/holes, White	10121	SW	ND	--	--	Good
34	1	MSCT-2	Suspended Ceiling Tile, 2x4' w/holes, White	10121	SW	ND	--	--	Good
35	1	MSCT-3	Suspended Ceiling Tile, 2x2', White	Corridor	SW	ND	--	--	Good
36	1	MSCT-3	Suspended Ceiling Tile, 2x2', White	Corridor	SW	ND	--	--	Good
37	1	MSCT-3	Suspended Ceiling Tile, 2x2', White	Corridor	SW	ND	--	--	Good
38	1	MFSP	Fire Stop Packing, Red	10127	NE	ND	--	--	Good
39	1	MFSP	Fire Stop Packing, Red	10127	NE	ND	--	--	Good
40	1	MFSP	Fire Stop Packing, Red	10127	NE	ND	--	--	Good
41	1	MCM	Carpet Mastic, Tan	10107	SE	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Mastic Brown			ND	--	--	--
42	1	MCM	Carpet Mastic, Tan	10107	SE	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Mastic Brown			ND	--	--	--
43	1	MCM	Carpet Mastic, Tan	10107	SE	ND	--	--	Good
	2		Mastic Brown			ND	--	--	--
44	1	MC-1	Caulk, Sink, White	10121	E	ND	--	--	Good

**Materials Assumed to Contain Asbestos:**

NS	MTG	Toilet Gasket	10104AA, 10107A, 10117A, 10124, 10132A, 10135, 10137, 10146A	<b>ATC</b>	12 each	Cat I	
NS	MFD	Fire Door	C10A07 AND C10A12	<b>ATC</b>	4	Cat II	Good
NS	MEP	Electrical Panel		<b>ATC</b>	3	Cat II	Good
NS	TSI	>6" Dia. Thermal System Fittings	10109, 10115, 10121, 10123, 10127, 10129, 10144, 10150, C10A07, C10A10, C10A10A, C10A11, C10A12	<b>ATC</b>	100 each	Friable	Good

**Notes:**

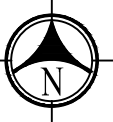
ATC = Assumed to Contain Asbestos  
Cat I = Category I  
Cat II = Category II  
ND = None Detected  
NS = Not Sampled

N = North  
S = South  
E = East  
W = West  
C = Center

M = Miscellaneous  
S = Surfacing  
T = Thermal  
lf = linear feet  
sf = square feet



Figure 1 - Limits of Inspection



## **ATTACHMENT 1**

**Endpoint Solutions Project Report, October 25, 2012**

## ***Endpoint Solutions***

12065 West Janesville Road, Suite 300  
Hales Corners, WI 53130  
Telephone: (414) 427-1200  
Fax: (414) 427-1259  
[www.endpointcorporation.com](http://www.endpointcorporation.com)

October 25, 2012

Mr. Andrew Jacobs  
Engineer Technician  
VA Medical Center  
5000 W. National Ave.  
Milwaukee, WI 53295

**Subject: Building 111, 10<sup>th</sup> Floor, A-Wing South Asbestos Sampling Results**

Dear Andy:

I am attaching a report that summarizes the results of the asbestos sampling completed for Building 111, 10<sup>th</sup> Floor, A-Wing South (10AS). We trust the attached documents and their formats meet your expectations for documentation of the work performed by Endpoint Solutions. If you require additional information or have any questions related to this submittal, please don't hesitate to contact me directly at (414) 858-1204.

We appreciate the opportunity to provide the VA with these services and look forward to working with you on upcoming projects.

Sincerely,

## ***Endpoint Solutions***



Wade C. Wollermann, P.E.  
Principal

Attachment: Endpoint Solutions Project Report – October 25, 2012

# **PROJECT REPORT**

**for**

**Building 111, 10<sup>th</sup> Floor, A-Wing South Area**

**at**

**VA Medical Center  
5000 West National Avenue  
Milwaukee, WI**

**VA Contract # VA69D-P-1673  
Endpoint Project # 094-015-005**

Prepared by:

***Endpoint Solutions***

12065 W. Janesville Road, Suite 300  
Hales Corners, WI 53130

Date: October 25, 2012

## Introduction

Endpoint Solutions Corp. (Endpoint) was retained by the Veterans Administration Medical Center (VAMC) located in Milwaukee, Wisconsin to conduct an asbestos survey of Building 111, 10<sup>th</sup> Floor A-Wing South (10AS) Area. The purpose of the asbestos survey was to assess the presence of asbestos in building materials.

Materials typically suspected of containing asbestos as determined by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) regulation 40 CFR 61 Subpart M and Chapter NR 447 of the Wisconsin Administrative Code include thermal system insulation (TSI), which is pipe and boiler insulation, surfacing materials (surfacing) which are plaster and stucco, and miscellaneous materials (miscellaneous) which are vinyl flooring, mastics, drywall, ceiling tile, etc. Suspect ACM identified during this survey included vinyl coated floor tile (VCT) and associated mastic; plaster walls and ceilings, TSI, and ceramic tiles with associated adhesive.

## Sampling Plan

On October 3, 2012, Endpoint prepared and submitted an Asbestos Sampling Plan for review to VAMC's Andrew Jacobs. On October 5, 2012, Endpoint received approval of the Asbestos Sampling Plan, included in **Appendix A**.

On October 9, 2012, Endpoint mobilized to the VAMC to collect the bulk asbestos samples from Building 111, 10AS Area. Endpoint received a ceiling access permit prior to arrival on site. The sampling was conducted by Mr. Tim Petrick, Wisconsin License # AII-111277. The bulk asbestos sampling included: a visual determination as to the extent of suspect materials in the 10AS Area, sampling and documentation of these suspect materials and quantification of observable positive materials (if any) existing within the space.

## The Laboratory

Analysis is performed by using the bulk samples for visual observation and slide preparations for examination and identification microscopically. The slides are analyzed for asbestos (chrysotile, amosite, crocidolite, anthophyllite, and actinolite/tremolite), fibrous non-asbestos constituents (mineral wool, paper, etc.) and non-fibrous constituents. Asbestos is identified by refractive indices (obtained by using dispersion staining), morphology, color, pleochroism, birefringence, extinction characteristics, and signs of elongation. The same characteristics are used to identify the non-asbestos constituents. The relative amounts of each constituent are visually estimated microscopically, using a stereoscope if necessary. The test results are based on a visual determination of relative volume of the bulk sample components. The results are valid only for the item tested. Current US EPA NESHAP regulations state that an asbestos

material means a material containing more than 1% asbestos, determined using the Polarized Light Microscopy (PLM) method, as specified in Appendix E, Subpart E, 40 CFR Part 763 Section I. Refer to 29 CFR 1926.1101 (Construction) and 29 CFR 1920-1001 (General Industry) for specific OSHA requirements.

All sample sets were delivered to STAT Analysis Corporation (STAT) located in Chicago, Illinois under standard chain-of-custody procedures for PLM analysis using US EPA Method 600/R-93-116. STAT is a National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP) accredited laboratory.

In accordance with this method, a bulk sample is divided into sub-samples. Each sub-sample is mounted on four (4) slides in the same refractive index oil. Viewing of each slide is begun in a corner and progresses up, down, and across the scanning area. This enables the analyst to determine the percentage of asbestos and non-asbestos components. A certain degree of subjectivity is associated with the standard PLM analytical method. Further laboratory analysis utilizing the 400 Point Count Method 600/R-93/116 is recommended when asbestos concentrations are found to be low (less than 10%) via PLM and a more objective analysis is warranted. This procedure increases the amount of sample viewed under PLM so that the results are statistically enhanced. The US EPA's non-friable organically bound (NOB) analysis by PLM can be used to analyze NOB samples for further evaluation. STAT was instructed to stop analysis of a sample set when a positive asbestos result was achieved.

## Findings and Observations

On October 9, 2012, a total of thirty-four (34) bulk samples were collected for asbestos analysis. Samples were collected from the approximate locations depicted of **Figure 1**. Due to multiple material layers present in the materials the laboratory analyzed fifty-three (53) samples for asbestos. Sample results are summarized in **Table 1**, and laboratory analytical report is included in **Appendix B**.

Mr. Petrick observed that in some areas that floors and TSI had been previously abated and most of the floor contained 9" x 9" VCT, except in corridor C10A10A which was 12" x 12" VCT. Mr. Petrick observed additional TSI within the 10AS Area on piping to the wall heaters, bathroom and shower areas and Clean and Soiled Utility rooms, however no quantification of this TSI can be made due to plaster walls and ceilings.

It can be concluded that of the materials sampled during this survey, only the VCT and associated mastics contained asbestos at levels greater than 1% and should be considered regulated asbestos containing materials (RACM). The following materials were not sampled: TSI fittings, vinyl bases and associated mastic, electrical panels and toilet wax rings, 1" x 2" ceramic tile grout and grout bed in toilet, bath and shower room floors along with the tar

coated fabric membrane under the ceramic tiles. These materials are presumed to be asbestos containing material (PACM) and should also be considered as RACM.

## Exclusions

Endpoint staff only collected samples as directed by VACM. No additional areas, rooms, or materials were sampled. This report only represents the condition of the materials sampled on October 9, 2012. Hidden materials or those materials that could be accessed at the time of this sampling, over and above those stated in this sampling report, are the responsibility of the building owner.

## Limitations

The care and skill given to our procedures insures the most reliable test results possible. The findings and conclusions of Endpoint represent our professional opinions extrapolated from limited data gathered during the course of the sampling. No other warranty is expressed or implied. Prior to any abatement or renovation activities, it is recommended that Endpoint be provided the opportunity to review such plans in order that the results contained herein are properly interpreted and implemented.

## ***Endpoint Solutions***



Tim Petrick  
Technical Consultant  
WI License #AII-111277



Wade Wollermann  
Project Manager

**Table 1 – Asbestos Sampling Results**

Sample ID	Sample Description and location	Asbestos content and type	Approximate Quantity
10AS-001-A, B, C	VCT - bluish in Rooms 10109, 10123, 10140 and corridors C10A07, A10, A11, A12	1 - 5% Chrysotile	3,400 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-001-AM, BM, CM	VCT mastic		
10AS-002-A, B, C	VCT - black in Rooms 10127, 10107	5 - 10% Chrysotile	3,400 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-002-AM, BM, CM	VCT mastic	1 - 3% Chrysotile	560 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-003-A, B, C	VCT - gray in Rooms 10115, 10121, 10129, 10134	5 - 10% Chrysotile	560 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-003-AM, BM, CM	VCT mastic	1 - 5% Chrysotile	900 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-004-A, B, C	VCT - greenish in Rooms 10117, 10132, 10102A, 10100, 10102	5 - 10% Chrysotile	900 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-004-AM, BM, CM	VCT mastic	1 - 3% Chrysotile	580 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-005-A, B, C	VCT - brown in Rooms 10106, 10110, 10110A, 10119, 10144	5 - 10% Chrysotile	580 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-005-AM, BM, CM	VCT mastic	1 - 3% Chrysotile	600 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-006-A, B, C	VCT - greenish in corridor C10A10A	5 - 10% Chrysotile	600 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-006-AM, BM, CM	VCT mastic	1 - 3% Chrysotile	200 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-007-A, B, C	4 x 4 gray ceramic tile Rooms 10124, 10132A, 10137	5 - 10% Chrysotile	200 ft <sup>2</sup>
10AS-008-A, B, C	4 x 4 ceramic tile Room 10146	ND	ND
10AS-009-A, B, C	4 x 4 ceramic tile Rooms 10150, 10152, 10152A	ND	ND
10AS-010-A, B, C	4 x 4 ceramic tile Rooms 10135, 10144	ND	ND
10AS-011-A, B, C	Plaster walls Rooms 10121, 10123	ND	ND
10AS-012-A, B, C	Plaster walls Rooms 10127, 10129	ND	ND
10AS-013-A, B, C	Plaster walls Rooms 10121, 10123	ND	ND
10AS-014-A, B, C	Plaster wall Room 10140	ND	ND
10AS-015-A, B, C	Plaster walls Rooms 10144, 10146	ND	ND
10AS-016-A, B, C	Plaster walls Rooms 10106, 10110A	ND	ND
10AS-017-A, B, C	Plaster walls Rooms 10102A, 10104A	ND	ND
10AS-018-A, B, C	Plaster walls Rooms 10104, 10104AA	ND	ND
10AS-019-A, B, C	Plaster walls Rooms 10132, 10134	ND	ND
10AS-020-A, B, C	Plaster walls Rooms 10150, 10152	ND	ND
10AS-021-A, B, C	Ceiling plaster Room 10107	ND	ND
10AS-022-A, B, C	Ceiling plaster Rooms 10104, 10104A	ND	ND
	<b>TSI fittings</b>	PACM	unknown
	<b>1" x 2" ceramic tile grout and grout bed</b>	PACM	1,000 ft <sup>2</sup>
	<b>Tar coated underlayment</b>	PACM	1,000 ft <sup>2</sup>

ND = means No Fibers were detected

PACM = presumed asbestos containing material

**Bold** = Indicates asbestos content greater than 1% or presumed asbestos materials

**Appendix A**  
**Asbestos Sampling Plan**

# Memo

**To:** Andrew Jacobs  
**From:** Tim Petrick  
**CC:** Dean Temnitz, Wade Wollermann  
**Date:** October 3, 2012  
**Re:** Building 111, 10<sup>th</sup> Floor A-Wing South, Asbestos Sampling Plan

---

Based on our discussion on 27 September 2012 and the demolition plan provided to Endpoint, the asbestos Sampling Plan for Building 111, 10<sup>th</sup> Floor A-Wing South (10AS) is as follows:

Rooms and Corridors with floor tile removal

- Collect three (3) random samples of the various colors of vinyl coated floor tile (VCT) and tile mastic present within the 10AS areas.

Rooms with carpet and floor tile removal

- Where carpet is present an examination will be conducted to determine if VCT is located underneath and if a different color, three (3) random samples will be collected.

Plaster Ceiling Room 10107

- Collect two (2) random samples of the plaster ceiling.

Rooms with wall and ceiling demolition

- Collect two (2) random samples from the plaster walls and ceiling in each room to be demolished.
- In the bathroom/shower areas with ceramic tiles, three (3) random samples will be collected of the ceramic tile and mastic from each bathroom grouping.

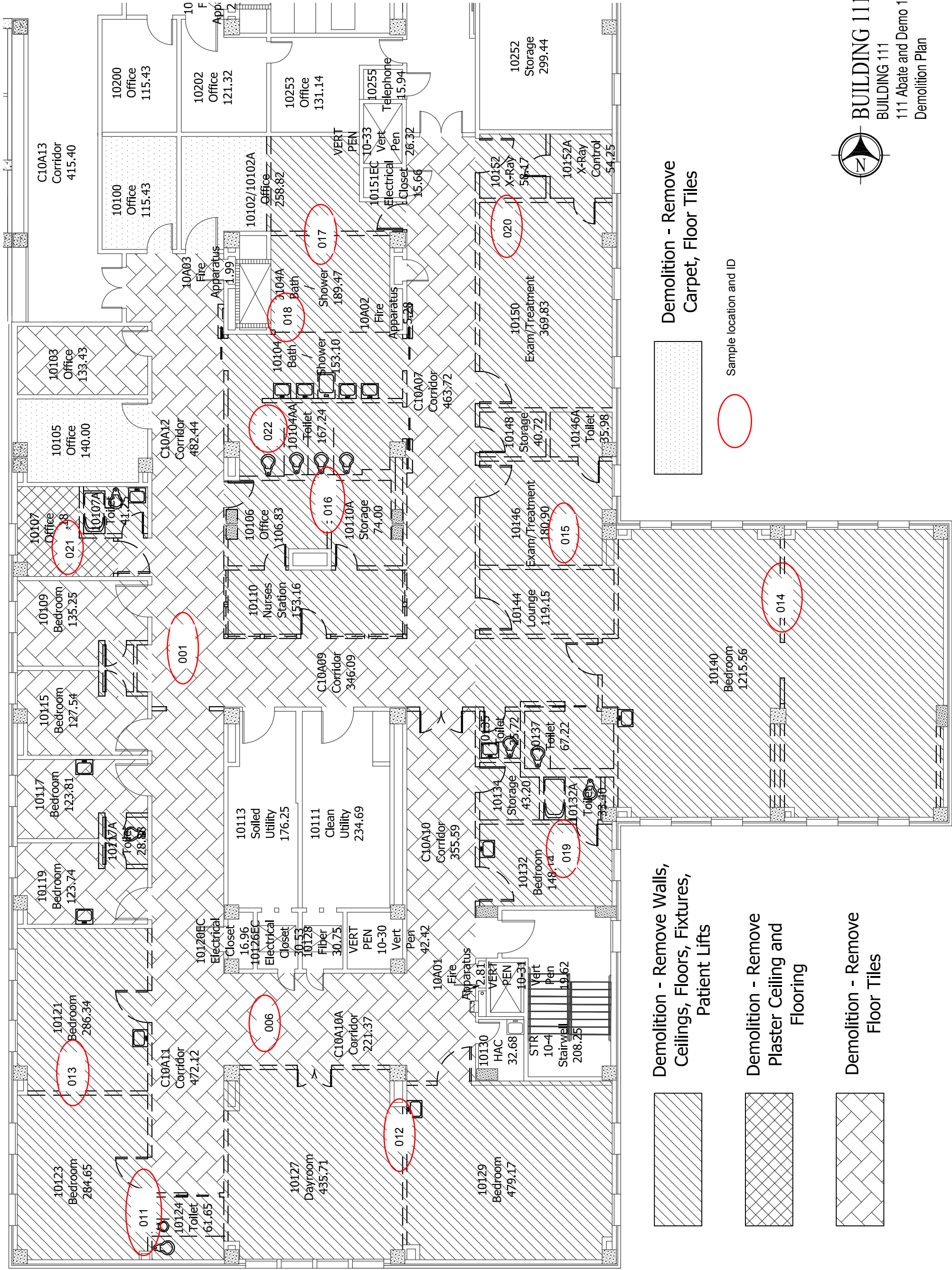
Asbestos pipe and fitting insulation

- Endpoint will look above movable ceiling panels to determine if asbestos pipe and fitting insulation may be present. No samples will be collected, however locations will be noted to the extent practicable.

### Sampling Estimate

- Asbestos sampling to occur during the week of October 8<sup>th</sup>, 2012.
- Up to twenty-five (25) sample sets, [seventy-five (75) individual samples], will be submitted for asbestos analysis.
- Approximately four (4) hours onsite sampling
- Approximately four (4) hours reporting. The report will provide the results of each sample and include a figure of approximate sample locations.

Endpoint will obtain the necessary "Ceiling Access Permit" from the VA. 10AS is current vacant and plaster sample locations will be collected from areas to be demolished and will not be patched. Asbestos samples submitted to the laboratory will be analyzed in five (5) working days after receipt at the laboratory.



**Appendix B**  
**Lab Results / Chain of Custody**

**Analysis Corporation**

2242 West Harrison St., Suite 200, Chicago, IL 60612-3766

Tel: (312) 733-0551 Fax: (312) 733-2386 STATinfo@STATAnalysis.com



NVLAP Lab Code 101202-0

**ASBESTOS ANALYSIS BY POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY**

Method: EPA-600/M4-82-020

EndPoint Solutions LLC  
12065 W Janesville Rd., Ste 300  
Hales Corners, WI 53130  
Phone: (414) 427-1200  
Fax: (414) 427-1259

Reference: 094-015-005  
Location: VAMC 10AS  
Batch No.: 303657  
Customer No.: 2935

Date Received: 10/10/2012  
Date Analyzed: 10/12/2012  
Date Reported: 10/12/2012  
Turn Around Time: 5 Days

Laboratory Sample	Customer Sample Number	Asbestos Components (%)	Non-Asbestos Components (%)
303657001	10AS-001-A	Chrysotile 1-5%	Binder 95-99%
303657002	10AS-001-B	NA	
303657003	10AS-001-C	NA	
303657004	10AS-001-AM	Chrysotile 5-10%	Binder 90-95%
303657005	10AS-001-BM	NA	
303657006	10AS-001-CM	NA	
303657007	10AS-002-A	Chrysotile 1-3%	Binder 97-99%
303657008	10AS-002-B	NA	
303657009	10AS-002-C	NA	
303657010	10AS-002-AM	Chrysotile 5-10%	Binder 90-95%
303657011	10AS-002-BM	NA	
303657012	10AS-002-CM	NA	
303657013	10AS-003-A	Chrysotile 1-5%	Binder 95-99%
303657014	10AS-003-B	NA	
303657015	10AS-003-C	NA	
303657016	10AS-003-AM	Chrysotile 5-10%	Binder 90-95%
303657017	10AS-003-BM	NA	
303657018	10AS-003-CM	NA	

ND = Asbestos Not Detected (Not Present)    NA = Not Analyzed    NS = Not Submitted

Components of inhomogeneous samples are analyzed per our Standard Operating Procedure, or per customer request.

The use of the NVLAP logo does not imply endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the US Government.

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Analyzed by Name

Albio Marquez / Senior Microscopist

Date: 10/12/2012

**Analysis Corporation**

2242 West Harrison St., Suite 200, Chicago, IL 60612-3766

Tel: (312) 733-0551 Fax: (312) 733-2386 STATinfo@STATAnalysis.com



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EndPoint Solutions LLC  
12065 W Janesville Rd., Ste 300  
Hales Corners, WI 53130  
Phone: (414) 427-1200  
Fax: (414) 427-1259

Reference: 094-015-005 Date Received: 10/10/2012  
Location: VAMC 10AS Date Analyzed: 10/12/2012  
Batch No.: 303657 Date Reported: 10/12/2012  
Customer No.: 2935 Turn Around Time: 5 Days

Laboratory Sample	Customer Sample Number	Asbestos Components (%)	Non-Asbestos Components (%)
303657019	10AS-004-A	Chrysotile 1-3%	Binder 97-99%
303657020	10AS-004-B	NA	
303657021	10AS-004-C	NA	
303657022	10AS-004-AM	Chrysotile 5-10%	Binder 90-95%
303657023	10AS-004-BM	NA	
303657024	10AS-004-CM	NA	
303657025	10AS-005-A	Chrysotile 1-3%	Binder 97-99%
303657026	10AS-005-B	NA	
303657027	10AS-005-C	NA	
303657028	10AS-005-AM	Chrysotile 5-10%	Binder 90-95%
303657029	10AS-005-BM	NA	
303657030	10AS-005-CM	NA	
303657031	10AS-006-A	Chrysotile 1-3%	Binder 97-99%
303657032	10AS-006-B	NA	
303657033	10AS-006-C	NA	
303657034	10AS-006-AM	Chrysotile 5-10%	Binder 90-95%
303657035	10AS-006-BM	NA	
303657036	10AS-006-CM	NA	

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Phone: (414) 427-1200  
Fax: (414) 427-1259

Reference: 094-015-005 Date Received: 10/10/2012  
Location: VAMC 10AS Date Analyzed: 10/12/2012  
Batch No.: 303657 Date Reported: 10/12/2012  
Customer No.: 2935 Turn Around Time: 5 Days

Laboratory Sample	Customer Sample Number	Asbestos Components (%)	Non-Asbestos Components (%)
303657037	10AS-007-A-1	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657038	10AS-007-A-2	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657039	10AS-008-A-1	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657040	10AS-008-A-2	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657041	10AS-008-A-3	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657042	10AS-009-A-1	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657043	10AS-009-A-2	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657044	10AS-010-A-1	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657045	10AS-010-A-2	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657046	10AS-011-A-1	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657047	10AS-011-A-2	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657048	10AS-011-A-3	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657049	10AS-012-A-1	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657050	10AS-012-A-2	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657051	10AS-013-A-1	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657052	10AS-013-A-2	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657053	10AS-014-A-1	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657054	10AS-014-A-2	ND	Binder 99-100%

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EndPoint Solutions LLC  
 12065 W Janesville Rd., Ste 300  
 Hales Corners, WI 53130  
 Phone: (414) 427-1200  
 Fax: (414) 427-1259

Reference: 094-015-005 Date Received: 10/10/2012  
 Location: VAMC 10AS Date Analyzed: 10/12/2012  
 Batch No.: 303657 Date Reported: 10/12/2012  
 Customer No.: 2935 Turn Around Time: 5 Days

Laboratory Sample	Customer Sample Number	Asbestos Components (%)	Non-Asbestos Components (%)
303657055	10AS-014-A-3	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657056	10AS-015-A-1	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657057	10AS-015-A-2	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657058	10AS-015-A-3	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657059	10AS-016-A-1	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657060	10AS-016-A-2	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657061	10AS-016-A-3	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657062	10AS-016-A-4	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657063	10AS-017-A-1	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657064	10AS-017-A-2	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657065	10AS-017-A-3	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657066	10AS-018-A-1	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657067	10AS-018-A-2	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657068	10AS-019-A-1	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657069	10AS-019-A-2	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657070	10AS-019-A-3	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657071	10AS-020-A-1	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657072	10AS-020-A-2	ND	Binder 99-100%

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Analyzed by Name :

Albio Márquez / Senior Microscopist

Date: 10/12/2012

**Analysis Corporation**

2242 West Harrison St., Suite 200, Chicago, IL 60612-3766

Tel: (312) 733-0551 Fax: (312) 733-2386 STATinfo@STATAnalysis.com



NVLAP Lab Code 101202-0

**ASBESTOS ANALYSIS BY POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY**

Method: EPA-600/M4-82-020

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12065 W Janesville Rd., Ste 300  
Hales Corners, WI 53130  
Phone: (414) 427-1200  
Fax: (414) 427-1259

Reference: 094-015-005  
Location: VAMC 10AS  
Batch No.: 303657  
Customer No.: 2935

Date Received: 10/10/2012  
Date Analyzed: 10/12/2012  
Date Reported: 10/12/2012  
Turn Around Time: 5 Days

Laboratory Sample	Customer Sample Number	Asbestos Components (%)	Non-Asbestos Components (%)
303657073	10AS-020-A-3	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657074	10AS-021-A-1	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657075	10AS-021-A-2	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657076	10AS-022-A-1	ND	Binder 99-100%
303657077	10AS-022-A-2	ND	Binder 99-100%

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Analyzed by Name :

Albio Marquez / Senior Microscopist

Date: 10/12/2012

## CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

Page: 1 of 2

Client:	Endpoint Solutions	Turn Around:	Immediate:	4 Hrs:	8 Hrs:	12 Hrs:	24 Hrs:	48 Hrs:	72 Hrs:	5 Days:	X							
Street Address:	12065 W. Janesville Road, Suite 300	Date Due:	Time Due:															
City, State, Zip:	Hales Corners, WI 53130	<b>OFFICE USE ONLY BELOW:</b>																
Phone:	414-427-1200	Batch No.:	303657															
Fax:		Samples Acceptable:	Yes:	No:														
e-mail/Alt. Fax:	tim@endpointcorporation.com	Checked by (Initial/Date):	[Signature] 10/9/12															
Project Name:	VAMC 10AS	QC by (Initial/Date):	[Signature] 10/9/12															
Project Number:	094-015-005	Reported By (Initial/Date/Time/Method):	[Signature] 10/9/12															
Project Location:		Comments:																
Project Manager:	Tim Petrick																	
P.O. Number:	094-015-005																	
Client Sample Number/Description:	Date Taken	Time	On	Off	Rate (lpm)	Volume (Liters)	Area Wiped (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Laboratory Sample No.	PCM Asbestos	PLM Asbestos (Bulk)	PLM Point Count	TEM Air Asbestos	TEM Bulk Asbestos	TEM Gravimetric Asb.	TEM Microvac Asb.	TEM Water	Other:	
10AS-001-A, B, C,	10/9/12								X									
10AS-002-A, B, C,	10/9/12								X									
10AS-003-A, B, C,	10/9/12								X									
10AS-004-A, B, C,	10/9/12								X									
10AS-005-A, B, C,	10/9/12								X									
10AS-006-A, B, C,	10/9/12								X									
10AS-007-A,	10/9/12								X									
10AS-008-A,	10/9/12								X									
10AS-009-A,	10/9/12								X									
10AS-010-A,	10/9/12								X									
10AS-011-A	10/9/12								X									

Comments:

test all layers, stop at positive



**NVLAP**  
National Voluntary  
Laboratory Accreditation Program

**CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD**

Page: 2 of 2

Client: Endpoint Solutions  
Street Address: 12065 W. Janesville Road, Suite 300  
City, State, Zip: Hales Corners, WI 53130  
Phone: 414-427-1200  
Fax:  
e-mail/Alt. Fax: tim@endpointcorporation.com  
Project Name: VAMC 10AS  
Project Number: 094-015-005  
Project Location:  
Project Manager: Tim Petrick  
P.O. Number: 094-015-005

Turn Around: Immediate: ☐ 4 Hrs: ☐ 8 Hrs: ☐ 12 Hrs: ☐ 24 Hrs: ☐ 48 Hrs: ☐ 72 Hrs: ☐ 5 Days: ☒ X  
Date Due: \_\_\_\_\_ Time Due: \_\_\_\_\_

**OFFICE USE ONLY BELOW:**

Batch No.: **303657**

Samples Acceptable: Yes: ☐ No: ☒

Checked by (Initial/Date):

QC by (Initial/Date):

Reported By (Initial/Date/Time/Method):

Comments:

Relinquished by: \_\_\_\_\_ Date/Time: 10/9/12 1200  
Received by: \_\_\_\_\_ Date/Time: 10/12/12 1500  
Relinquished by: \_\_\_\_\_ Date/Time: \_\_\_\_\_  
Received by: \_\_\_\_\_ Date/Time: \_\_\_\_\_  
Relinquished by: \_\_\_\_\_ Date/Time: \_\_\_\_\_  
Received by: \_\_\_\_\_ Date/Time: \_\_\_\_\_

Client Sample Number/Description:	Date Taken		Time		Rate (lpm)	Volume (Liters)	Area Wiped (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Laboratory Sample No.										
	On	Off	On	Off					PCM Asbestos	PLM Asbestos (Bulk)	PLM Point Count	TEM Air Asbestos	TEM Bulk Asbestos	TEM Gravimetric Asb.	TEM Microvac Asb.	TEM Water	Other:	
10AS-012-A									X									
10AS-013-A									X									
10AS-014-A									X									
10AS-015-A									X									
10AS-016-A									X									
10AS-017-A									X									
10AS-018-A									X									
10AS-019-A									X									
10AS-020-A									X									
10AS-021-A									X									
10AS-022-A									X									

Comments: test all layers, stop at positive

## **ATTACHMENT 2**

### **Asbestos Inspector Certification**

**ASBESTOS SUPERVISOR**

Issued By

STATE OF WISCONSIN

Dept. of Health Services

Dale Cameron Armbruster

823 Blaine Ave

Racine WI 53405-2407

		220 lbs	5' 10"
ACS-156285	Exp: 06/17/2013	03/23/1960	Male

Training due by: 06/17/2013

**ASBESTOS INSPECTOR**

Issued By

STATE OF WISCONSIN

Dept. of Health Services

Dale Cameron Armbruster

823 Blaine Ave

Racine WI 53405-2407

		220 lbs	5' 10"
AII-156285	Exp: 05/03/2013	03/23/1960	Male

Training due by: 05/03/2013

**ATTACHMENT 3**

**Micro Analytical, Inc. Bulk Asbestos Analytical Reports  
&  
Chain of Custody Documentation  
March 29 and April 2, 2013**

**MICRO ANALYTICAL, INC.**

11521 West North Avenue  
Milwaukee, WI 53226  
(800) 771-9820 (414) 771-0855  
Fax: (414) 771-6570

**BULK ASBESTOS ANALYTICAL REPORT**  
Utilizing PLM and Dispersion Stain Technique

Customer: Sigma Environmental  
Services, Inc.  
1300 West Canal Street  
Milwaukee , WI 53233

Report #: 123352  
Received: 01-Apr-2013  
Analyzed: 03-Apr-2013

Job ID: 13688

Sample ID	% Asbestos	Non-Asbestos		Color	Texture
		Fibrous Components	Non-Fibrous Components		
001	None Detected		100%	Tan	Ceramic Tile
001 II	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
001 III	None Detected		100%	Tan	Mastic
001 IV	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
001 VI	5% Chrysotile		95%	Black	Mastic
002	None Detected		100%	Off-White	Ceramic Tile
002 II	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
002 III	None Detected		100%	Tan	Mastic
002 IV	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
003	None Detected		100%	Off-White	Ceramic Tile
003 II	None Detected		100%	Off-White	Compact
003 III	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
003 IV	None Detected		100%	Tan	Mastic
003 VI	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
003 VII	7% Chrysotile		93%	Black	Mastic
004	None Detected		100%	Tan	Ceramic Tile
004 II	None Detected		100%	Off-White	Compact
004 III	None Detected		100%	Tan	Mastic
005	None Detected		100%	Tan	Ceramic Tile
005 II	None Detected		100%	Off-White	Compact
005 III	None Detected		100%	Tan	Mastic
006	None Detected		100%	Tan	Ceramic Tile
006 II	None Detected		100%	Off-White	Compact

<b>Sample ID</b>	<b>% Asbestos</b>	<b>Non-Asbestos Fibrous Components</b>	<b>Non-Fibrous Components</b>	<b>Color</b>	<b>Texture</b>
006 III	None Detected		100%	Tan	Mastic
007	None Detected		100%	Tan	Ceramic Tile
007 II	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
007 III	None Detected		100%	Tan	Mastic
007 IV	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
007 V	10% Chrysotile		90%	Black	Mastic
008	None Detected		100%	Tan	Ceramic Tile
008 II	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
008 III	None Detected		100%	Tan	Mastic
008 IV	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
009	None Detected		100%	Tan	Ceramic Tile
009 II	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
009 III	None Detected		100%	Tan	Mastic
009 IV	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
010	None Detected		100%	Yellow	Ceramic Tile
010 II	None Detected		100%	Off-White	Compact
010 III	None Detected		100%	Tan	Mastic
011	None Detected		100%	Yellow	Ceramic Tile
011 II	None Detected		100%	Off-White	Compact
011 III	None Detected		100%	Tan	Mastic
012	None Detected		100%	Yellow	Ceramic Tile
012 II	None Detected		100%	Off-White	Compact
012 III	None Detected		100%	Tan	Mastic
013	None Detected		100%	Gray	Ceramic Tile
013 II	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
013 III	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
013 IV	None Detected		100%	Off-White	Compact
014	None Detected		100%	Gray	Ceramic Tile
014 II	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
014 III	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
014 IV	None Detected		100%	Off-White	Compact
014 V	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
015	None Detected		100%	Gray	Ceramic Tile
015 II	None Detected		100%	Gray	Ceramic Tile
015 III	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact

Sample ID	% Asbestos	Non-Asbestos Fibrous Components	Non-Fibrous Components	Color	Texture
015 IV	None Detected		100%	Off-White	Compact
015 V	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
016	None Detected		100%	Gray	Ceramic Tile
016 II	None Detected		100%	Off-White	Compact
016 III	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
017	None Detected		100%	Gray	Ceramic Tile
017 II	None Detected		100%	Off-White	Compact
017 III	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
018	None Detected		100%	Gray	Ceramic Tile
018 II	None Detected		100%	Off-White	Compact
018 III	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
019	None Detected		100%	White	Ceramic Tile
019 II	None Detected		100%	Off-White	Compact
019 III	None Detected		100%	Tan	Mastic
020	None Detected		100%	Off-White	Compact
020 II	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
021	None Detected		100%	Off-White	Compact
021 II	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
022	None Detected		100%	Off-White	Compact
022 II	None Detected		100%	Gray	Compact
023	None Detected		100%	Brown	Flexible
023 II	None Detected		100%	Off-White	Mastic
023 III	None Detected	2% Silicate	98%	Brown	Mastic
024	None Detected		100%	Brown	Flexible
024 II	None Detected		100%	Off-White	Mastic
024 III	None Detected	2% Silicate	98%	Brown	Mastic
025	None Detected		100%	Brown	Flexible
025 II	None Detected		100%	Off-White	Mastic
025 III	None Detected	2% Silicate	98%	Brown	Mastic
026	None Detected		100%	Black	Flexible
026 II	None Detected	2% Silicate	98%	Brown	Mastic
027	None Detected		100%	Black	Flexible
027 II	None Detected	2% Silicate	98%	Brown	Mastic
028	None Detected		100%	Black	Flexible
028 II	None Detected	2% Silicate	98%	Brown	Mastic

Analyzed By: Kevin Hachey

Test method: EPA/600/R-93/116. Quantitation is done by Calibrated Visual Estimation which has an accepted Relative Percent Difference of 35. This report may not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government. This test report relates only to the items tested and shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of MICRO ANALYTICAL, INC.

**Micro Analytical, Inc.**  
11521 West North Avenue  
Milwaukee, WI 53266  
414-771-0855 \* Fax 414-771-6570

Job ID: 13688

Type: PCM PLM Lead TEM (circle one)

Relinquished by Date/Time 1730  
3-29-17

Name/Pager # \_\_\_\_\_ Other \_\_\_\_\_

SIGMA ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.  
1300 West Canal Street  
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53233

## Supplemental Asbestos Chain of Custody

Project Number:

13688

Number of Samples:

28

In addition to the information provided on the laboratory chain of custody, Sigma requires the following (checked items only):

- ☐ When the laboratory observes an apparent discrepancy between Sigma's material description and the sample received by the laboratory, the laboratory shall flag the material description on the laboratory report and define on the laboratory report the specific discrepancy(s) noted.
- ☐ **With the exception of drywall and joint compound samples**, analyze and report each distinct and separable material layer unless otherwise instructed on the attached "Sigma Sample Material List" sheet(s). Laboratory to determine distinct and separable layers and provide layer descriptions for each individual layer.
- ☒ Analyze and report each distinct and separable material layer unless otherwise instructed on the attached "Sigma Sample Material List" sheet(s). Laboratory to determine distinct and separable layers and provide layer descriptions for each individual layer.
- ☒ Discontinue analysis of homogenous material upon determining that the material contains greater than one percent asbestos content. If the homogeneous material contains multiple layers, continue analysis of each layer until all samples have been analyzed or until it has been determined that the layer contains greater than one percent asbestos content. See item #4 for flooring system Positive Stop instructions.

For example, if Sigma submitted three roofing system samples and the top layer sample analysis revealed asbestos is present at greater than one percent, the top layer analysis would be discontinued but the underlying layer(s) analysis would continue until greater than one percent asbestos is detected or until all three underlying sample layers have been analyzed. This assumes, however, that the materials are in fact homogenous. Through microscopic examination, it may be determined by the analyst that there are additional layers not present in each sample. In that case, the individual sample layer should also be analyzed.

- ☐ **Flooring Systems (including floor tile systems, vinyl flooring systems, vinyl laminate systems, and stair tread systems):** Conduct analysis of the mastic layer(s) first. If analysis reveals greater than one percent asbestos content, discontinue analysis of the mastic layers and do not analyze the flooring material (tile, vinyl, laminate, etc.) Call Jeff Senn at (414) 643-4151 with specific questions.

## Sigma Sample Material List

Project: 19688  
Building: 111Date: 3-29-13  
Inspectors: DCA

Sample Number	Picture Number	Homogenous Material Code	Homogeneous Material Description	Functional Area/ Room Number	Location within Room
51		MCTM-1	1" Bone Tan White Ceramic Tile	10150	N
52					N
53					N
54		MCTM-2	4" Tan Ceramic	10150	NE
55					NE
56					NE
57		MCTM-3	1x1, 1x2, 2x2 Yellow & Cream Ceramic	10146	NE SE
58					NE SE
59					NE SE
1060		MCTM-4	4" Yellow Ceramic	10146	E
611					E
12 62					E
63 63		MCTM-5	1x2" Brown Ceramic	10148	E
1484					E
1585					E
1686		MCTM-6	4" Light Grey Ceramic	10148	E
1787					E
1888					E
1989		MCTM-7	4" White Ceramic	10123	E
2090		M062C	Drywall	10106	SW
2191					SW
2292					SW
2393		MV4-1	4" Brown Vinyl Baseboard	10106	SW
2494					SW
2595					SW
2696		MV4-2	4" Black Vinyl Baseboard	10132	SE
2797					SE
2898					SE
79					
80					
81					
82					
83					
84					
85					
86					
87					
88					
89					
90					
91					
92					
93					
94					
95					
96					
97					
98					
99					
100					

**MICRO ANALYTICAL, INC.**

11521 West North Avenue  
Milwaukee, WI 53226  
(800) 771-9820 (414) 771-0855  
Fax: (414) 771-6570

**BULK ASBESTOS ANALYTICAL REPORT**  
Utilizing PLM and Dispersion Stain Technique

Customer: Sigma Environmental  
Services, Inc.  
1300 West Canal Street  
Milwaukee , WI 53233

Report #: 123403  
Received: 02-Apr-2013  
Analyzed: 05-Apr-2013

Job ID: 13688

Sample ID	% Asbestos	Non-Asbestos Fibrous Components	Non-Fibrous Components	Color	Texture
29	None Detected	25% Fibrous Glass 45% Cellulose	30%	Gray	Compressed
30	None Detected	25% Fibrous Glass 45% Cellulose	30%	Gray	Compressed
31	None Detected	25% Fibrous Glass 45% Cellulose	30%	Gray	Compressed
32	None Detected	35% Fibrous Glass 35% Cellulose	30%	Gray	Compressed
33	None Detected	35% Fibrous Glass 35% Cellulose	30%	Gray	Compressed
34	None Detected	35% Fibrous Glass 35% Cellulose	30%	Gray	Compressed
35	None Detected	35% Fibrous Glass 35% Cellulose	30%	Tan	Compressed
36	None Detected	35% Fibrous Glass 35% Cellulose	30%	Gray	Compressed
37	None Detected	35% Fibrous Glass 35% Cellulose	30%	Gray	Compressed
38	None Detected	2% Fibrous Glass	98%	Red	Resinous
39	None Detected	2% Fibrous Glass	98%	Red	Resinous
40	None Detected	2% Fibrous Glass	98%	Red	Resinous
41	None Detected		100%	Tan	Mastic
41 II	None Detected		100%	Brown	Mastic
42	None Detected		100%	Tan	Mastic
42 II	None Detected	<1% Silicate	100%	Brown	Mastic

<b>Sample ID</b>	<b>% Asbestos</b>	<b>Non-Asbestos Fibrous Components</b>	<b>Non-Fibrous Components</b>	<b>Color</b>	<b>Texture</b>
43	None Detected		100%	Tan	Mastic
43 II	None Detected		100%	Brown	Mastic
44	None Detected	25% Cellulose	75%	Tan	Resinous

Analyzed By: Kevin Hachey

Test method: EPA/600/R-93/116. Quantitation is done by Calibrated Visual Estimation which has an accepted Relative Percent Difference of 35. This report may not be used to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government. This test report relates only to the items tested and shall not be reproduced except in full, without the written approval of MICRO ANALYTICAL, INC.

Email Results to  
A. Craigton

Micro Analytical, Inc.  
11521 West North Avenue  
Milwaukee, WI 53266  
414-771-0855 \* Fax 414-771-6570

Results 4-4-13

Client: Sigma

Job ID: 13688

# Samples: 16

Type: PCM PLM Lead TEM (circle one)

Sample ID	Date Collected	Location/Remarks
See Attached		

[Signature] 4-2-13 1330  
Relinquished by Date/Time

[Signature] 4/2/13  
Received by Date/Time

Relinquished by Date/Time

Received by Date/Time

Relinquished by Date/Time

Received By Date/Time

Notes: Call Results # \_\_\_\_\_ Fax # \_\_\_\_\_

Name/Pager # \_\_\_\_\_ Other \_\_\_\_\_

SIGMA ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES, INC.  
1300 West Canal Street  
Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53233

*Email Results to  
Ross Creighton*

## Supplemental Asbestos Chain of Custody

Project Number:

13688

Number of Samples:

16

In addition to the information provided on the laboratory chain of custody, Sigma requires the following (checked items only):

- ☐ When the laboratory observes an apparent discrepancy between Sigma's material description and the sample received by the laboratory, the laboratory shall flag the material description on the laboratory report and define on the laboratory report the specific discrepancy(s) noted.
- ☐ With the exception of drywall and joint compound samples, analyze and report each distinct and separable material layer unless otherwise instructed on the attached "Sigma Sample Material List" sheet(s). Laboratory to determine distinct and separable layers and provide layer descriptions for each individual layer.
- ☒ Analyze and report each distinct and separable material layer unless otherwise instructed on the attached "Sigma Sample Material List" sheet(s). Laboratory to determine distinct and separable layers and provide layer descriptions for each individual layer.
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For example, if Sigma submitted three roofing system samples and the top layer sample analysis revealed asbestos is present at greater than one percent, the top layer analysis would be discontinued but the underlying layer(s) analysis would continue until greater than one percent asbestos is detected or until all three underlying sample layers have been analyzed. This assumes, however, that the materials are in fact homogenous. Through microscopic examination, it may be determined by the analyst that there are additional layers not present in each sample. In that case, the individual sample layer should also be analyzed.

- ☐ **Flooring Systems (including floor tile systems, vinyl flooring systems, vinyl laminate systems, and stair tread systems):** Conduct analysis of the mastic layer(s) first. If analysis reveals greater than one percent asbestos content, discontinue analysis of the mastic layers and do not analyze the flooring material (tile, vinyl, laminate, etc.) Call Jeff Senn at (414) 643-4151 with specific questions.

## Sigma Sample Material List

Page of

 Project: 13688  
 Building: III VA 10th Floor

 Date: 4-2-13  
 Inspectors: PCA

Sample Number	Homogenous Material Code	Homogeneous Material Description	Functional Area/ Room Number	Location within Room
01				
02				
03				
04				
05				
06				
07				
08				
09				
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				
21				
22				
23				
24				
25				
26				
27				
28				
29	MSCT-1	2x4 Ceiling Tile White Holes Fissures	10150	C
30				C
31				C
32	MSCT-2	2x4 Ceiling Tile White Holes	10121	SW
33				SW
34				SW
35	MSCT-3	<del>2x2</del> 2x2 White Suspended Ceiling	Corridor	SW
36				SW
37				SW
38	MFSP	Red Fire Stop Packing	10127	NE
39				NE
40				NE
41	MEM-1	Tan Carpet Mastic	10107	SE
42				SE
43				SE
44	MC-1	White Sink Caulk	10121	E
45				
46				
47				
48				
49				
50				

**SECTION 02 82 13.13**  
**GLOVEBAG ASBESTOS ABATEMENT**

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL.....	1
1.1 SUMMARY OF THE WORK.....	1
1.1.1 CONTRACT DOCUMENTS AND RELATED REQUIREMENTS.....	1
1.1.2 EXTENT OF WORK.....	1
1.1.3 RELATED WORK.....	1
1.1.4 TASKS.....	2
1.1.5 ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR USE OF PREMISES.....	2
1.2 VARIATIONS IN QUANTITY.....	3
1.3 STOP ASBESTOS REMOVAL.....	3
1.4 DEFINITIONS.....	4
1.4.1 GENERAL.....	4
1.4.2 GLOSSARY.....	4
1.4.3 REFERENCED STANDARDS ORGANIZATIONS.....	12
1.5 APPLICABLE CODES AND REGULATIONS.....	14
1.5.1 GENERAL APPLICABILITY OF CODES, REGULATIONS, AND STANDARDS.....	14
1.5.2 CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITY.....	14
1.5.3 FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS.....	14
1.5.4 STATE REQUIREMENTS:.....	15
1.5.5 STANDARDS.....	15
1.5.6 EPA GUIDANCE DOCUMENTS.....	15
1.5.7 NOTICES.....	16
1.5.8 PERMITS/LICENSES.....	16
1.5.9 POSTING AND FILING OF REGULATIONS.....	16
1.5.10 VA RESPONSIBILITIES.....	16
1.5.11 SITE SECURITY.....	17
1.5.12 EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN AND ARRANGEMENTS.....	17
1.5.13 PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING.....	19
1.6 PROJECT COORDINATION.....	19
1.6.1 PERSONNEL.....	19
1.7 RESPIRATORY PROTECTION.....	21
1.7.1 GENERAL - RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAM.....	21
1.7.2 RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAM COORDINATOR.....	21
1.7.3 SELECTION AND USE OF RESPIRATORS.....	21
1.7.4 MINIMUM RESPIRATORY PROTECTION.....	21

04-30-13

1.7.5 MEDICAL WRITTEN OPINION.....	22
1.7.6 RESPIRATOR FIT TEST.....	22
1.7.7 RESPIRATOR FIT CHECK.....	22
1.7.8 MAINTENANCE AND CARE OF RESPIRATORS.....	22
1.8 WORKER PROTECTION.....	22
1.8.1 TRAINING OF ABATEMENT PERSONNEL.....	22
1.8.2 MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS.....	22
1.8.3 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT.....	23
1.8.4 REGULATED AREA ENTRY PROCEDURE.....	23
1.8.5 DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURE - PAPR.....	23
1.8.6 REGULATED AREA REQUIREMENTS.....	24
1.9 DECONTAMINATION FACILITIES.....	24
1.9.1 DESCRIPTION.....	24
1.9.2 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.....	24
1.9.3 TEMPORARY FACILITIES TO THE PDF AND w/EDF.....	24
1.9.4 PERSONNEL DECONTAMINATION FACILITY (PDF).....	25
1.9.5 WASTE/EQUIPMENT DECONTAMINATION FACILITY (w/EDF).....	27
1.9.6 WASTE/EQUIPMENT DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES.....	28
PART 2 - PRODUCTS, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT.....	28
2.1 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT.....	28
2.1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS (ALL ABATEMENT PROJECTS).....	28
2.2 CONTAINMENT BARRIERS AND COVERINGS IN THE REGULATED AREA.....	30
2.2.1 GENERAL.....	30
2.2.2 PREPARATION PRIOR TO SEALING THE REGULATED AREA.....	30
2.2.3 CONTROLLING ACCESS TO THE REGULATED AREA.....	30
2.2.4 CRITICAL BARRIERS.....	31
2.2.5 SECONDARY BARRIERS.....	31
2.2.6 EXTENSION OF THE REGULATED AREA.....	31
2.2.7 FIRESTOPPING.....	31
2.3 MONITORING, INSPECTION AND TESTING.....	32
2.3.1 GENERAL.....	32
2.3.2 SCOPE OF SERVICES OF THE VPIH/CIH CONSULTANT.....	33
2.3.3 MONITORING, INSPECTION AND TESTING BY ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR CPIH.....	34
2.4 STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES.....	35
2.5 SUBMITTALS.....	35
2.5.1 PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING SUBMITTALS.....	35
2.5.2 SUBMITTALS DURING ABATEMENT.....	38

04-30-13

2.5.3 SUBMITTALS AT COMPLETION OF ABATEMENT.....	38
2.6 ENCAPSULANTS.....	38
2.6.1 TYPES OF ENCAPSULANTS.....	38
2.6.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS.....	39
2.7 CERTIFICATES OF COMPLIANCE.....	39
2.8 RECYCLABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING.....	39
PART 3 - EXECUTION.....	40
3.1 PRE-ABATEMENT ACTIVITIES.....	40
3.1.1 PRE-ABATEMENT MEETING.....	40
3.1.2 PRE-ABATEMENT INSPECTIONS AND PREPARATIONS.....	40
3.1.3 PRE-ABATEMENT CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATIONS.....	41
3.2 REGULATED AREA PREPARATIONS.....	41
3.2.1 OSHA DANGER SIGNS.....	41
3.2.2 SHUT DOWN - LOCK OUT ELECTRICAL.....	42
3.2.3 SHUT DOWN - LOCK OUT HVAC.....	42
3.2.4 SANITARY FACILITIES.....	42
3.2.5 WATER FOR ABATEMENT.....	42
3.2.6 PRE-CLEANING MOVABLE OBJECTS.....	42
3.2.7 PRE-CLEANING FIXED OBJECTS.....	42
3.2.8 PRE-CLEANING SURFACES IN THE REGULATED AREA.....	43
3.3 CONTAINMENT BARRIERS AND COVERINGS FOR THE REGULATED AREA.....	43
3.3.1 GENERAL.....	43
3.3.2 PREPARATION PRIOR TO SEALING OFF.....	43
3.3.3 CONTROLLING ACCESS TO THE REGULATED AREA.....	43
3.3.4 CRITICAL BARRIERS.....	44
3.3.5 EXTENSION OF THE REGULATED AREA.....	44
3.3.6 FLOOR BARRIERS:.....	44
3.4 REMOVAL OF PIPING ACM.....	45
3.4.1 WETTING MATERIALS.....	45
3.4.2 SECONDARY BARRIER AND WALKWAYS.....	45
3.4.3 WET REMOVAL OF ACM.....	45
3.4.4 DISCOVERED MATERIALS.....	46
3.4.5 REPLACEMENT OF DIELECTRIC UNIONS.....	46
3.5 GLOVEBAG REMOVAL PROCEDURES.....	46
3.5.1 GENERAL.....	46
3.5.2 NEGATIVE PRESSURE GLOVEBAG PROCEDURE.....	47
3.6 LOCKDOWN ENCAPSULATION.....	48

04-30-13

3.6.1 GENERAL.....	48
3.6.2 SEALING EXPOSED EDGES.....	48
3.7 DISPOSAL OF ACM WASTE MATERIALS.....	48
3.7.1 GENERAL.....	48
3.7.2 PROCEDURES.....	48
3.8 PROJECT DECONTAMINATION.....	49
3.8.1 GENERAL.....	49
3.8.2 REGULATED AREA CLEARANCE.....	49
3.8.3 WORK DESCRIPTION.....	49
3.8.4 PRE-DECONTAMINATION CONDITIONS.....	49
3.8.5 FIRST CLEANING.....	49
3.8.6 PRE-CLEARANCE INSPECTION AND TESTING.....	50
3.8.7 LOCKDOWN ENCAPSULATION OF ABATED SURFACES.....	50
3.9 FINAL VISUAL INSPECTIONS AND AIR CLEARANCE TESTING.....	50
3.9.1 GENERAL.....	50
3.9.2 FINAL VISUAL INSPECTION.....	50
3.9.3 FINAL AIR CLEARANCE TESTING.....	50
3.9.4 FINAL AIR CLEARANCE PROCEDURES.....	51
3.9.5 CLEARANCE SAMPLING USING PCM.....	51
3.9.6 CLEARANCE SAMPLING USING TEM.....	52
3.9.7 LABORATORY TESTING OF PCM SAMPLES.....	52
3.9.8 LABORATORY TESTING OF TEM SAMPLES.....	52
3.9.9 AUTHORIZATION TO REMOVE ABATEMENT CONTAINMENT.....	52
3.10 ABATEMENT CLOSEOUT AND CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE.....	52
3.10.1 COMPLETION OF ABATEMENT WORK.....	52
3.10.2 CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION BY CONTRACTOR.....	53
3.10.3 WORK SHIFTS.....	53
3.10.4 RE-INSULATION.....	53
ATTACHMENT #1.....	54
ATTACHMENT #2.....	55
ATTACHMENT #3.....	57
ATTACHMENT #4.....	58

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 SUMMARY OF THE WORK**

**1.1.1 CONTRACT DOCUMENTS AND RELATED REQUIREMENTS**

Drawings, general provisions of the contract, including general and supplementary conditions and other Division 01 specifications, shall apply to the work of this section. The contract documents show the work to be done under the contract and related requirements and conditions impacting the project. Related requirements and conditions include applicable codes and regulations, notices and permits, existing site conditions and restrictions on use of the site, requirements for partial owner occupancy during the work, coordination with other work and the phasing of the work. In the event the Asbestos Abatement Contractor (Contractor) discovers a conflict in the contract documents and/or requirements or codes, the conflict must be brought to the immediate attention of the Contracting Officer for resolution. Whenever there is a conflict or overlap in the requirements, the most stringent shall apply. Any actions taken by the Contractor without obtaining guidance from the Contracting Officer shall become the sole risk and responsibility of the Contractor. All cost incurred due to such action are also the responsibility of the Contractor.

**1.1.2 EXTENT OF WORK**

- A. Below is a brief description of the estimated quantities of asbestos containing materials to be abated by the glovebag method. These quantities are for informational purposes only and are based on the best information available at the time of the specification preparation. The Contractor shall satisfy himself as the actual quantities to be abated. Nothing in this section may be interpreted as limiting the extent of work otherwise required by this contract and related documents.
- B. Removal, clean-up and disposal of ACM piping and fittings and asbestos contaminated elements in an appropriate regulated area in the following approximate quantities;
  - ( 150 ) fittings > 150 mm (>6") in diameter

**1.1.3 RELATED WORK**

- A. Section 07 84 00; FIRESTOPPING.
- B. Section 02 41 00; DEMOLITION.
- C. Division 09; FINISHES.
- D. Division 22; PLUMBING.

04-30-13

- E. Section 21 05 11, COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR FIRE SUPPRESSION / Section 22 05 11, COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR PLUMBING / Section 23 05 11, COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR HVAC AND STEAM GENERATION
- F. Section 23 07 11, HVAC, PLUMBING, AND BOILER PLANT INSULATION.
- G. Section 22 05 23, GENERAL-DUTY VALVES FOR PLUMBING PIPING / Section 22 11 00, FACILITY WATER DISTRIBUTION / Section 22 13 00, FACILITY SANITARY SEWERAGE.
- H. Section 23 21 13, HYDRONIC PIPING / Section 23 22 13, STEAM AND CONDENSATE HEATING PIPING.
- I. Section 23 31 00, HVAC DUCTS AND CASINGS / Section 23 37 00, AIR OUTLETS AND INLETS.

#### **1.1.4 TASKS**

The work tasks are summarized briefly as follows:

- A. Pre-abatement activities including pre-abatement meeting(s), inspection(s), notifications, permits, submittal approvals, work-site preparations, emergency procedures arrangements, and standard operating procedures for glovebag asbestos abatement work.
- B. Abatement activities including removal, clean-up and disposal of ACM waste, recordkeeping, security, monitoring, and inspections.
- C. Cleaning and decontamination activities including final visual inspection, air monitoring and certification of decontamination.

#### **1.1.5 ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR USE OF PREMISES**

- A. The Contractor and Contractor's personnel shall cooperate fully with the VA representative/consultant to facilitate efficient use of buildings and areas within buildings. The Contractor shall perform the work in accordance with the VA specifications, drawings, phasing plan and in compliance with any/all applicable Federal, State, and Local regulations and requirements.
- B. The Contractor shall use the existing facilities in the building strictly within the limits indicated in contract documents as well as the approved pre-abatement work plan. Asbestos abatement drawings of partially occupied buildings will show the limits of regulated areas; the placement of decontamination facilities; the temporary location of bagged waste ACM; the path of transport to outside the building; and the temporary waste storage area for each building/regulated area. Any variation from the arrangements shown on drawings shall be secured in writing from the VA representative through the pre-abatement plan of action. The following limitations of use shall apply to existing facilities shown on drawings:

04-30-13

Reference Section 028211-A, the asbestos inspection report, "Supplemental Asbestos Inspection Report: Building 111 Administration Consolidation for 10AS Sim Lab, VA Project #695-13-112, VA Medical Center, Buildings 111, 5000 W. National Avenue, Milwaukee, Wisconsin", prepared by The Sigma Group, Inc.

## 1.2 VARIATIONS IN QUANTITY

The quantities and locations of ACM as indicated on the drawings and the extent of work included in this section are estimates which are limited by the physical constraints imposed by occupancy of the buildings. Accordingly, minor variations (+/- 5%) in quantities of ACM within the regulated area are considered as having no impact on contract price and time requirements of this contract. Where additional work is required beyond the above variation, the Contractor shall provide unit prices for additional footage for newly discovered materials and those prices will be used for additional work under the contract.

Additionally, it may be later determined that materials designated as Assumed to Contain (ATC) do not contain greater than one percent asbestos. As such, the contractor shall provide unit pricing for all materials designated as POS and ATC. Materials designated as ATC which are later determined to contain less than one percent asbestos may be removed from the contract at the discretion of the owner. The dollar amount deducted from the contract will be determined by multiplying the quantity of ATC materials determined to be non-ACM by the unit costs.

## 1.3 STOP ASBESTOS REMOVAL

If the Contracting Officer or their field representative presents a written **Stop Asbestos Removal Order**, the Abatement Contractor/Personnel shall immediately stop all asbestos removal and adequately wet any exposed ACM. The Contractor shall not resume any asbestos removal activity until authorized to do so by the VA. A stop asbestos removal order may be issued at any time the VA determines abatement conditions/activities are not within specification requirements. Work stoppage will continue until conditions have been corrected to the satisfaction of the VA. Standby time and costs for corrective actions will be borne by the Contractor, including the industrial hygienist's time. The occurrence of any of the following events shall be reported immediately by the Contractor in writing to the VA representative and shall require the Contractor to immediately stop asbestos removal activities and initiate fiber reduction activities:

- A.  $\geq 0.01$  f/cc outside a regulated area or  $>0.05$  f/cc inside a regulated area;
- B. breach/break in regulated area critical barrier(s)/floor;
- C. serious injury/death at the site;

04-30-13

- D. fire/safety emergency at the site;
- E. respiratory protection system failure;
- F. power failure or loss of wetting agent; or
- G. any visible emissions observed outside the regulated area.

## **1.4 DEFINITIONS**

### **1.4.1 GENERAL**

Definitions and explanations here are neither complete nor exclusive of all terms used in the contract documents, but are general for the work to the extent they are not stated more explicitly in another element of the contract documents. Drawings must be recognized as diagrammatic in nature and not completely descriptive of the requirements indicated therein.

### **1.4.2 GLOSSARY**

**Abatement** - Procedures to control fiber release from asbestos-containing materials, typically during removal. Includes removal, encapsulation, enclosure, demolition and renovation activities related to asbestos.

**ACE** - Asbestos contaminated elements.

**ACM** - Asbestos containing material.

**Aerosol** - Solid or liquid particulate suspended in air.

**Adequately wet** - Sufficiently mixed or penetrated with liquid to prevent the release of particulates. If visible emissions are observed coming from the ACM, then that material has not been adequately wetted.

**Aggressive method** - Removal or disturbance of building material by sanding, abrading, grinding, or other method that breaks, crumbles, or disintegrates intact ACM.

**Aggressive sampling** - EPA AHERA defined clearance sampling method using air moving equipment such as fans and leaf blowers to aggressively disturb and maintain in the air residual fibers after abatement.

**AHERA** - Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act. Asbestos regulations for schools issued in 1987.

**Aircell** - Pipe or duct insulation made of corrugated cardboard which contains asbestos.

**Air monitoring** - The process of measuring the fiber content of a known volume of air collected over a specified period of time. The NIOSH 7400 Method, Issue 2 is used to determine the fiber levels in air.

**Air sample filter** - The filter used to collect fibers which are then counted. The filter is made of mixed cellulose ester membrane for PCM

04-30-13

(Phase Contrast Microscopy) and polycarbonate for TEM (Transmission Electron Microscopy)

**Amended water** - Water to which a surfactant (wetting agent) has been added to increase the penetrating ability of the liquid.

**Asbestos** - Includes chrysotile, amosite, crocidolite, tremolite asbestos, anthophyllite asbestos, actinolite asbestos, and any of these minerals that have been chemically treated or altered. Asbestos also includes PACM, as defined below.

**Asbestos-containing material (ACM)** - Any material containing more than one percent asbestos.

**Asbestos contaminated elements (ACE)** - Building elements such as ceilings, walls, lights, or ductwork that are contaminated with asbestos.

**Asbestos-containing waste material** - Asbestos-containing material or asbestos contaminated objects requiring disposal.

**Asbestos waste decontamination facility** - A system consisting of drum/bag washing facilities and a temporary storage area for cleaned containers of asbestos waste. Used as the exit for waste and equipment leaving the regulated area. In an emergency, it may be used to evacuate personnel.

**Authorized person** - Any person authorized by the VA, the Contractor, or government agency and required by work duties to be present in regulated areas.

**Authorized visitor** - Any person approved by the VA; the contractor; or any government agency having jurisdiction over the regulated area.

**Barrier** - Any surface that isolates the regulated area and inhibits fiber migration from the regulated area.

**Containment Barrier** - An airtight barrier consisting of walls, floors, and/or ceilings of sealed plastic sheeting which surrounds and seals the outer perimeter of the regulated area.

**Critical Barrier** - The barrier responsible for isolating the regulated area from adjacent spaces, typically constructed of plastic sheeting secured in place at openings such as doors, windows, or any other opening into the regulated area.

**Primary Barrier** - Barriers placed over critical barriers and exposed directly to abatement work.

**Secondary Barrier** - Any additional sheeting used to isolate and provide protection from debris during abatement work.

04-30-13

**Breathing zone** - The hemisphere forward of the shoulders with a radius of about 150 - 225 mm (6 - 9 inches) from the worker's nose.

**Bridging encapsulant** - An encapsulant that forms a layer on the surface of the ACM.

**Building/facility owner** - The legal entity, including a lessee, which exercises control over management and recordkeeping functions relating to a building and/or facility in which asbestos activities take place.

**Bulk testing** - The collection and analysis of suspect asbestos containing materials.

**Certified Industrial Hygienist (CIH)** - One certified in practice of industrial hygiene by the American Board of Industrial Hygiene. An industrial hygienist Certified in Comprehensive Practice by the American Board of Industrial Hygiene.

**Class I asbestos work** - Activities involving the removal of Thermal System Insulation (TSI) and surfacing ACM and Presumed Asbestos Containing Material (PACM).

**Class II asbestos work** - Activities involving the removal of ACM which is not thermal system insulation or surfacing material. This includes, but is not limited to, the removal of asbestos-containing wallboard, floor tile and sheeting, roofing and siding shingles, and construction mastic.

**Clean room/Changing room** - An uncontaminated room having facilities for the storage of employee's street clothing and uncontaminated materials and equipment.

**Clearance sample** - The final air sample taken after all asbestos work has been done and visually inspected. Performed by the VA's industrial hygiene consultant (VPIH/CIH).

**Closely resemble** - The major workplace conditions which have contributed to the levels of historic asbestos exposure, are no more protective than conditions of the current workplace.

**Competent person** - In addition to the definition in 29 CFR 1926.32(f), one who is capable of identifying existing asbestos hazards in the workplace and selecting the appropriate control strategy for asbestos exposure, who has the authority to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate them, as specified in 29 CFR 1926.32(f); in addition, for Class I and II work who is specially trained in a training course which meets the criteria of EPA's Model Accreditation Plan (40 CFR 763) for supervisor.

04-30-13

**Contractor's Professional Industrial Hygienist (CPIH)** - The Contractor's industrial hygienist. The industrial hygienist must meet the qualification requirements of the PIH.

**Count** - Refers to the fiber count or the average number of fibers greater than five microns in length per cubic centimeter of air.

**Decontamination area/unit** - An enclosed area adjacent to and connected to the regulated area and consisting of an equipment room, shower room, and clean room, which is used for the decontamination of workers, materials, and equipment that are contaminated with asbestos.

**Demolition** - The wrecking or taking out of any load-supporting structural member and any related razing, removing, or stripping of asbestos products.

**Disposal bag** - Typically 6 mil thick siftproof, dustproof, leaktight container used to package and transport asbestos waste from regulated areas to the approved landfill. Each bag/container must be labeled/marked in accordance with EPA, OSHA and DOT requirements.

**Disturbance** - Activities that disrupt the matrix of ACM or PACM, crumble or pulverize ACM or PACM, or generate visible debris from ACM or PACM. Disturbance includes cutting away small amounts of ACM or PACM, no greater than the amount that can be contained in one standard sized glove bag or waste bag in order to access a building component. In no event shall the amount of ACM or PACM so disturbed exceed that which can be contained in one glove bag or disposal bag which shall not exceed 60 inches in length or width.

**Drum** - A rigid, impermeable container made of cardboard fiber, plastic, or metal which can be sealed in order to be siftproof, dustproof, and leaktight.

**Employee exposure** - The exposure to airborne asbestos that would occur if the employee were not wearing respiratory protection equipment.

**Encapsulant** - A material that surrounds or embeds asbestos fibers in an adhesive matrix and prevents the release of fibers.

**Encapsulation** - Treating ACM with an encapsulant.

**Enclosure** - The construction of an air tight, impermeable, permanent barrier around ACM to control the release of asbestos fibers from the material and also eliminate access to the material.

**Equipment room** - A contaminated room located within the decontamination area that is supplied with impermeable bags or containers for the disposal of contaminated protective clothing and equipment.

04-30-13

**Fiber** - A particulate form of asbestos, 5 microns or longer, with a length to width ratio of at least 3 to 1.

**Fibers per cubic centimeter (f/cc)** - Abbreviation for fibers per cubic centimeter, used to describe the level of asbestos fibers in air.

**Filter** - Media used in respirators, vacuums, or other machines to remove particulate from air.

**Firestopping** - Material used to close the open parts of a structure in order to prevent a fire from spreading.

**Friable asbestos containing material** - Any material containing more than 1 percent asbestos as determined using the method specified in appendix A, Subpart F, 40 CFR 763, section 1, Polarized Light Microscopy, that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

**Glovebag** - Not more than a 60 x 60 inch impervious plastic bag-like enclosure affixed around an asbestos-containing material, with glove-like appendages through which materials and tools may be handled.

**High efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filter** - A filter capable of trapping and retaining at least 99.97 percent of all mono-dispersed particles of 0.3 microns or greater in diameter.

**HEPA vacuum** - Vacuum collection equipment equipped with a HEPA filter system capable of collecting and retaining asbestos fibers.

**Homogeneous area** - An area of surfacing, thermal system insulation or miscellaneous ACM that is uniform in color, texture and date of application.

**HVAC** - Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning

**Industrial hygienist** - A professional qualified by education, training, and experience to anticipate, recognize, evaluate and develop controls for occupational health hazards. Meets definition requirements of the American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA).

**Industrial hygienist technician** - A person working under the direction of an IH or CIH who has special training, experience, certifications and licenses required for the industrial hygiene work assigned.

**Intact** - The ACM has not crumbled, been pulverized, or otherwise deteriorated so that the asbestos is no longer likely to be bound with its matrix.

**Lockdown** - Applying encapsulant, after a final visual inspection, on all abated surfaces at the conclusion of ACM removal prior to removal of critical barriers.

04-30-13

**National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP's)** - EPA's rule to control emissions of asbestos to the environment.

**Negative initial exposure assessment** - A demonstration by the employer which complies with the criteria in 29 CFR 1926.1101 (f)(2)(iii), that employee exposure during an operation is expected to be consistently below the PEL's.

**Negative pressure** - Air pressure which is lower than the surrounding area, created by exhausting air from a sealed regulated area through HEPA equipped filtration units. OSHA requires maintaining -0.02" water gauge inside the negative pressure enclosure.

**Negative pressure respirator** - A respirator in which the air pressure inside the facepiece is negative during inhalation relative to the air outside the respirator.

**Non-friable ACM** - Material that contains more than 1 percent asbestos but cannot be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

**Organic vapor cartridge** - The type of cartridge used on air purifying respirators for organic vapor exposures.

**Outside air** - The air outside buildings and structures, including, but not limited to, the air under a bridge or in an open ferry dock.

**Owner/operator** - Any person who owns, leases, operates, controls, or supervises the facility being demolished or renovated or any person who owns, leases, operates, controls, or supervises the demolition or renovation operation, or both.

**Penetrating encapsulant** - Encapsulant that is absorbed into the ACM matrix without leaving a surface layer.

**Personal sampling/monitoring** - Representative air samples obtained in the breathing zone of the person using a cassette and battery operated pump to determine asbestos exposure.

**Permissible exposure limit (PEL)** - The level of exposure OSHA allows for an 8 hour time weighted average. For asbestos fibers, the PEL is 0.1 fibers per cc.

**Polarized light microscopy (PLM)** - Light microscopy using dispersion staining techniques and refractive indices to identify and quantify the type(s) of asbestos present in a bulk sample.

**Polyethylene sheeting** - Strong plastic barrier material 4 to 6 mils thick, semi-transparent, sometimes flame retardant in compliance with NFPA 241.

04-30-13

**Positive/negative fit check** - A method of verifying the fit of a respirator by closing off the filters and breathing in or closing off the exhalation valve and breathing out while detecting leakage of the respirator.

**Presumed ACM (PACM)** - Thermal system insulation, surfacing, and flooring material installed in buildings prior to 1981. If the building owner has actual knowledge, or should have known through the exercise of due diligence that other materials are ACM, they too must be treated as PACM. The designation of PACM may be rebutted pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.1101 (k) (5).

**Professional IH** - An IH who meets the definition requirements of AIHA; meets the definition requirements of OSHA as a "Competent Person" at 29 CFR 1926.1101 (b); has completed two specialized EPA approved courses on management and supervision of asbestos abatement projects; has formal training in respiratory protection and waste disposal; and has a minimum of four projects of similar complexity with this project of which at least three projects serving as the supervisory IH.

**Project designer** - A person who has successfully completed the training requirements for an asbestos abatement project designer as required by 40 CFR 763 Appendix C, Part I; (B) (5).

**Protection factor** - A value assigned by OSHA/NIOSH to indicate the assigned protection a respirator should provide if worn properly. The number indicates the reduction of exposure level from outside to inside the respirator.

**Qualitative fit test (QLFT)** - A fit test using a challenge material that can be sensed by the wearer if leakage in the respirator occurs.

**Quantitative fit test (QNFT)** - A fit test using a challenge material which is quantified outside and inside the respirator thus allowing the determination of the actual fit factor.

**Regulated area** - An area established by the employer to demarcate where Class I, II, III asbestos work is conducted, and any adjoining area where debris and waste from such asbestos work may accumulate; and a work area within which airborne concentrations of asbestos exceed, or there is a reasonable possibility they may exceed the PEL.

**Regulated ACM (RACM)** - Friable ACM; Category I nonfriable ACM that has become friable; Category I nonfriable ACM that will be or has been subjected to sanding, grinding, cutting, or abrading or; Category II nonfriable ACM that has a high probability of becoming or has become

04-30-13

crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by the forces expected to act on the material in the course of the demolition or renovation operation.

**Removal** - All operations where ACM, PACM and/or RACM is taken out or stripped from structures or substrates, including demolition operations.

**Renovation** - Altering a facility or one or more facility components in any way, including the stripping or removal of asbestos from a facility component which does not involve demolition activity.

**Repair** - Overhauling, rebuilding, reconstructing, or reconditioning of structures or substrates, including encapsulation or other repair of ACM or PACM attached to structures or substrates.

**Shower room** - The portion of the PDF where personnel shower before leaving the regulated area. Also used for bag/drum decontamination in the EDF.

**Standard operating procedures (SOP's)** - Asbestos work procedures required to be submitted by the contractor before work begins.

**Supplied air respirator (SAR)** - A respirator that utilizes an air supply separate from the air in the regulated area.

**Surfacing ACM** - A material containing more than 1 percent asbestos that is sprayed, troweled on or otherwise applied to surfaces for acoustical, fireproofing and other purposes.

**Surfactant** - A chemical added to water to decrease water's surface tension thus making it more penetrating into ACM.

**Thermal system ACM** - A material containing more than 1 percent asbestos applied to pipes, fittings, boilers, breeching, tanks, ducts, or other structural components to prevent heat loss or gain.

**Transmission electron microscopy (TEM)** - A microscopy method that can identify and count asbestos fibers.

**VA Industrial Hygienist (VPIH/CIH)** - Department of Veterans Affairs Professional Industrial Hygienist.

**VA Representative** - The VA official responsible for on-going project work.

**Visible emissions** - Any emissions, which are visually detectable without the aid of instruments, coming from ACM/PACM/RACM or ACM waste material.

**Waste generator** - Any owner or operator whose act or process produces asbestos-containing waste material.

**Waste/Equipment decontamination facility (W/EDF)** - The area in which equipment is decontaminated before removal from the regulated area.

04-30-13

**Waste shipment record** - The shipping document, required to be originated and signed by the waste generator, used to track and substantiate the disposition of asbestos-containing waste material.

**Wet cleaning** - The process of thoroughly eliminating, by wet methods, any asbestos contamination from surfaces or objects.

#### **1.4.3 REFERENCED STANDARDS ORGANIZATIONS**

The following acronyms or abbreviations as referenced in contract/ specification documents are defined to mean the associated names. Names and addresses may be subject to change.

- A. VA Department of Veterans Affairs  
810 Vermont Avenue, NW  
Washington, DC 20420
- B. AIHA American Industrial Hygiene Association  
2700 Prosperity Avenue, Suite 250  
Fairfax, VA 22031  
703-849-8888
- C. ANSI American National Standards Institute  
1430 Broadway  
New York, NY 10018  
212-354-3300
- D. ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials  
1916 Race St.  
Philadelphia, PA 19103  
215-299-5400
- E. CFR Code of Federal Regulations  
Government Printing Office  
Washington, DC 20420
- F. CGA Compressed Gas Association  
1235 Jefferson Davis Highway  
Arlington, VA 22202  
703-979-0900
- G. CS Commercial Standard of the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)  
U. S. Department of Commerce  
Government Printing Office  
Washington, DC 20420
- H. EPA Environmental Protection Agency  
401 M St., SW

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

04-30-13

Washington, DC 20460  
202-382-3949

- I. MIL-STD Military Standards/Standardization Division  
Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense  
Washington, DC 20420
- J. MSHA Mine Safety and Health Administration  
Respiratory Protection Division  
Ballston Tower #3  
Department of Labor  
Arlington, VA 22203  
703-235-1452
- K. NIST National Institute for Standards and Technology  
U. S. Department of Commerce  
Gaithersburg, MD 20234  
301-921-1000
- L. NEC National Electrical Code (by NFPA)
- M. NEMA National Electrical Manufacturer's Association  
2101 L Street, NW  
Washington, DC 20037
- N. NFPA National Fire Protection Association  
1 Batterymarch Park  
P.O. Box 9101  
Quincy, MA 02269-9101  
800-344-3555
- O. NIOSH National Institutes for Occupational Safety and Health  
4676 Columbia Parkway  
Cincinnati, OH 45226  
513-533-8236
- P. OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration  
U.S. Department of Labor  
Government Printing Office  
Washington, DC 20402
- Q. UL Underwriters Laboratory  
333 Pfingsten Rd.  
Northbrook, IL 60062  
312-272-8800
- R. USA United States Army  
Army Chemical Corps

Department of Defense  
Washington, DC 20420

## **1.5 APPLICABLE CODES AND REGULATIONS**

### **1.5.1 GENERAL APPLICABILITY OF CODES, REGULATIONS, AND STANDARDS**

- A. All work under this contract shall be done in strict accordance with all applicable Federal, State, and local regulations, standards and codes governing asbestos abatement, and any other trade work done in conjunction with the abatement. All applicable codes, regulations and standards are adopted into this specification and will have the same force and effect as this specification.
- B. The most recent edition of any relevant regulation, standard, document or code shall be in effect. Where conflict among the requirements or with these specification exists, the most stringent requirement(s) shall be utilized.
- C. Copies of all standards, regulations, codes and other applicable documents, including this specification and those listed in Section 1.5 shall be available at the worksite in the clean change area of the worker decontamination system.

### **1.5.2 CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITY**

The Contractor shall assume full responsibility and liability for compliance with all applicable Federal, State and Local regulations related to any and all aspects of the abatement project. The contractor is responsible for providing and maintaining training, accreditation, medical exams, medical records, personal protective equipment as required by applicable Federal, State and Local regulations. The contractor shall hold the VA and VPIH/CIH consultants harmless for any failure to comply with any applicable work, packaging, transporting, disposal, safety, health, or environmental requirement on the part of himself, his employees, or his subcontractors. The contractor will incur all costs of the CPIH, including all sampling/analytical costs to assure compliance with OSHA/EPA/State requirements.

### **1.5.3 FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS**

Federal requirements which govern some aspect of asbestos abatement include, but are not limited to, the following regulations.

- A. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (**OSHA**)
  - 1. Title 29 CFR 1926.1101 - Construction Standard for Asbestos
  - 2. Title 29 CFR 1910.132 - Personal Protective Equipment
  - 3. Title 29 CFR 1910.134 - Respiratory Protection
  - 4. Title 29 CFR 1926 - Construction Industry Standards

5. Title 29 CFR 1910.20 - Access to Employee Exposure and Medical Records

6. Title 29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication

7. Title 29 CFR 1910.151 - Medical and First Aid

B. Environmental Protection Agency (**EPA**)

1. 40 CFR 61 Subpart A and M (Revised Subpart B) - National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants - Asbestos.

2. 40 CFR 763.80 - Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA)

C. Department of Transportation (**DOT**)

Title 49 CFR 100 - 185 - Transportation

**1.5.4 STATE REQUIREMENTS:**

State requirements that apply to the asbestos abatement work, disposal, clearance, etc., include, but are not limited to, the following:

Wisconsin Administrative Code NR 447

Wisconsin State Statutes 285.11, 285.13, 285.17 and 285.27

Wisconsin Department of Health Services DHS 159

**1.5.5 STANDARDS**

A. Standards which govern asbestos abatement activities include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. American National Standards Institute (ANSI) Z9.2-79 - Fundamentals Governing the Design and Operation of Local Exhaust Systems Z88.2 - Practices for Respiratory Protection.

2. Underwriters Laboratories (UL) 586-90 - UL Standard for Safety of HEPA filter Units, 7th Edition.

B. Standards which govern encapsulation work include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)

C. Standards which govern the fire and safety concerns in abatement work include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 241 - Standard for Safeguarding Construction, Alteration, and Demolition Operations.

2. NFPA 701 - Standard Methods for Fire Tests for Flame Resistant Textiles and Film.

3. NFPA 101 - Life Safety Code

**1.5.6 EPA GUIDANCE DOCUMENTS**

A. EPA guidance documents which discuss asbestos abatement work activities are listed below. These documents are made part of this section by reference. EPA publications can be ordered from (800) 424-9065.

B. Guidance for Controlling ACM in Buildings (Purple Book) EPA 560/5-85-024

04-30-13

- C. Asbestos Waste Management Guidance EPA 530-SW-85-007.
- D. A Guide to Respiratory Protection for the Asbestos Abatement Industry  
EPA-560-OPTS-86-001
- E. Guide to Managing Asbestos in Place (Green Book) TS 799 20T July 1990

#### **1.5.7 NOTICES**

- A. State and Local agencies: Send written notification as required by state and local regulations including the local fire department prior to beginning any work on ACM as follows:
- B. Copies of notifications shall be submitted to the VA for the facility's records in the same time frame notification is given to EPA, State, and Local authorities.

#### **1.5.8 PERMITS/LICENSES**

The contractor shall apply for and have all required permits and licenses to perform asbestos abatement work as required by Federal, State, and Local regulations.

#### **1.5.9 POSTING AND FILING OF REGULATIONS**

Maintain two (2) copies of applicable federal, state, and local regulations. Post one copy of each at the regulated area where workers will have daily access to the regulations and keep another copy in the Contractor's office.

#### **1.5.10 VA RESPONSIBILITIES**

Prior to commencement of work:

- A. Notify occupants adjacent to regulated areas of project dates and requirements for relocation, if needed. Arrangements must be made prior to starting work for relocation of desks, files, equipment and personal possessions to avoid unauthorized access into the regulated area. **Note: Notification of adjacent personnel is required by OSHA in 29 CFR 1926.1101 (k) to prevent unnecessary or unauthorized access to the regulated area.**
- B. Submit to the Contractor results of background air sampling; including location of samples, person who collected the samples, equipment utilized and method of analysis.
- C. During abatement, submit to the Contractor, results of bulk material analysis and air sampling data collected during the course of the abatement. This information shall not release the Contractor from any responsibility for OSHA compliance.

04-30-13

#### **1.5.11 SITE SECURITY**

- A. Regulated area access is to be restricted only to authorized, trained/accredited and protected personnel. These may include the Contractor's employees, employees of Subcontractors, VA employees and representatives, State and local inspectors, and any other designated individuals. A list of authorized personnel shall be established prior to commencing the project and be posted in the clean room of the decontamination unit.
- B. Entry into the regulated area by unauthorized individuals shall be reported immediately to the Competent Person by anyone observing the entry. The Competent Person shall immediately notify the VA.
- C. A log book shall be maintained in the clean room of the decontamination unit. Anyone who enters the regulated area must record their name, affiliation, time in, and time out for each entry.
- D. Access to the regulated area shall be through a single decontamination unit, if required. All other access (doors, windows, hallways, etc.) shall be sealed or locked to prevent entry to or exit from the regulated area. The only exceptions for this requirement are the waste/equipment load-out area which shall be sealed except during the removal of containerized asbestos waste from the regulated area, and emergency exits. Emergency exits shall not be locked from the inside, however, they shall be sealed with poly sheeting and taped until needed.
- E. The Contractor's Competent Person shall control site security during abatement operations in order to isolate work in progress and protect adjacent personnel. A 24 hour security system shall be provided at the entrance to the regulated area to assure that all entrants are logged in/out and that only authorized personnel are allowed entrance.
- F. The Abatement Contractor will have the VA's assistance in notifying adjacent personnel of the presence, location and quantity of ACM in the regulated area and enforcement of restricted access by the VA's employees.
- G. The regulated area shall be locked during non-working hours and secured by VA security guards.

#### **1.5.12 EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN AND ARRANGEMENTS**

- A. An Emergency Action Plan shall be developed by the Contractor prior to commencing abatement activities and shall be agreed to by the Contractor and the VA. The Plan shall meet the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.38 (a); (b).

04-30-13

- B. Emergency procedures shall be in written form and prominently posted and available in the regulated area. Everyone, prior to entering the regulated area, must read and sign these procedures to acknowledge understanding of the regulated area layout, location of emergency exits and emergency procedures.
- C. Emergency planning shall include written notification of police, fire, and emergency medical personnel of planned abatement activities; work schedule and layout of regulated area, particularly barriers that may affect response capabilities.
- D. Emergency planning shall include consideration of fire, explosion, hazardous atmospheres, electrical hazards, slips/trips and falls, confined spaces, and heat stress illness. Written procedures for response to emergency situations shall be developed and employee training in procedures shall be provided.
- E. Employees shall be trained in regulated area/site evacuation procedures in the event of workplace emergencies.
  - 1. For non life-threatening situations - employees injured or otherwise incapacitated shall decontaminate following normal procedures with assistance from fellow workers, if necessary, before exiting the regulated area to obtain proper medical treatment.
  - 2. For life-threatening injury or illness, worker decontamination shall take least priority after measures to stabilize the injured worker, remove them from the regulated area, and secure proper medical treatment.
- F. Telephone numbers of all emergency response personnel shall be prominently posted in the clean room, along with the location of the nearest telephone.
- G. The Contractor shall provide verification of first aid/CPR training for personnel responsible for providing first aid/CPR. OSHA requires medical assistance within 3 minutes of a life-threatening injury/illness. Bloodborne Pathogen training shall also be verified for those personnel required to provide first aid/CPR.
- H. The Emergency Action Plan shall provide for a Contingency Plan in the event that an incident occurs that may require the modification of the standard operating procedures during abatement. Such incidents include, but are not limited to, fire; accident; and power failure. The Contractor shall detail procedures to be followed in the event of an incident assuring that work is stopped and wetting is continued until correction of the problem.

#### **1.5.13 PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING**

Prior to commencing the work, the Contractor shall meet with the VPCIH to present and review, as appropriate, the items following this paragraph. The Contractor's Competent Person(s) who will be on-site shall participate in the pre-start meeting. The pre-start meeting is to discuss and determine procedures to be used during the project. At this meeting, the Contractor shall provide:

- A. Proof of Contractor licensing.
- B. Proof the Competent Person is trained and accredited and approved for working in this State. Verification of the experience of the Competent Person shall also be presented.
- C. A list of all workers who will participate in the project, including experience and verification of training and accreditation.
- D. A list of and verification of training for all personnel who have current first-aid/CPR training. A minimum of one person per shift must have adequate training.
- E. Current medical written opinions for all personnel working on-site meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (m).
- F. Current fit-tests for all personnel wearing respirators on-site meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (h) and Appendix C.
- G. A copy of the Contractor's Standard Operating Procedures for Class I Glovebag Asbestos Abatement. In these procedures, the following information must be detailed, specific for this project.
  - 1. Regulated area preparation procedures;
  - 2. Notification requirements procedure of Contractor as required in 29 CFR 1926.1101 (d);
  - 3. If required, decontamination area set-up/layout and decontamination procedures for employees;
  - 4. Glovebag abatement methods/procedures and equipment to be used;
  - 5. Personal protective equipment to be used;
- H. At this meeting the Contractor shall provide all submittals as required.
- I. Procedures for handling, packaging and disposal of asbestos waste.
- J. Emergency Action Plan and Contingency Plan Procedures.

#### **1.6 PROJECT COORDINATION**

The following are the minimum administrative and supervisory personnel necessary for coordination of the work.

##### **1.6.1 PERSONNEL**

- A. Administrative and supervisory personnel shall consist of a qualified Competent Person as defined by OSHA in the Construction Standards and

04-30-13

the Asbestos Construction Standard; Contractor Professional Industrial Hygienist and Industrial Hygiene Technicians. These employees are the Contractor's representatives responsible for compliance with these specifications and all other applicable requirements.

- B. Non-supervisory personnel shall consist of an adequate number of qualified personnel to meet the schedule requirements of the project. Personnel shall meet required qualifications. Personnel utilized on-site shall be pre-approved by the VA representative. A request for approval shall be submitted for any person to be employed during the project giving the person's name; qualifications; accreditation card with picture; Certificate of Worker's Acknowledgment; and Affidavit of Medical Surveillance and Respiratory Protection and current Respirator Fit Test.
- C. Minimum qualifications for Contractor and assigned personnel are:
1. The Contractor has conducted within the last three (3) years, three (3) projects of similar complexity and dollar value as this project; has not been cited and penalized for serious violations of asbestos regulations in the past three (3) years; has adequate liability/occurrence insurance for asbestos work; is licensed in applicable states; has adequate and qualified personnel available to complete the work; has comprehensive standard operating procedures for asbestos work; has adequate materials, equipment and supplies to perform the work.
  2. The Competent Person has four (4) years of abatement experience of which two (2) years were as the Competent Person on the project; meets the OSHA definition of a Competent Person; has been the Competent Person on two (2) projects of similar size and complexity as this project; has completed EPA AHERA/OSHA/State/Local training requirements/accreditation(s) and refreshers; and has all required OSHA documentation related to medical and respiratory protection.
  3. The Contractor Professional Industrial Hygienist (CPIH) shall have five (5) years of monitoring experience and supervision of asbestos abatement projects; has participated as senior IH on five (5) abatement projects, three (3) of which are similar in size and complexity as this project; has developed at least one complete standard operating procedure for asbestos abatement; has trained abatement personnel for three (3) years; has specialized EPA AHERA/OSHA training in asbestos abatement management, respiratory protection, waste disposal and asbestos inspection; has completed the

04-30-13

NIOSH 582 Course, Contractor/Supervisor course; and has appropriate medical/respiratory protection records/documentation.

4. The Abatement Personnel shall have completed the EPA AHERA/OSHA abatement worker course; have training on the standard operating procedures of the Contractor; has one year of asbestos abatement experience; has applicable medical and respiratory protection documentation; has certificate of training/current refresher and State accreditation/license.

## **1.7 RESPIRATORY PROTECTION**

### **1.7.1 GENERAL - RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAM**

The Contractor shall develop and implement a Respiratory Protection Program (RPP) which is in compliance with the January 8, 1998 OSHA requirements found at 29 CFR 1926.1101 and 29 CFR 1910.132;134. ANSI Standard Z88.2-1992 provides excellent guidance for developing a respiratory protection program All respirators used must be NIOSH approved for asbestos abatement activities. The written respiratory protection shall, at a minimum, contain the basic requirements found at 29 CFR 1910.134 (c)(1)(i - ix) - Respiratory Protection Program.

### **1.7.2 RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAM COORDINATOR**

The Respiratory Protection Program Coordinator (RPPC) must be identified and shall have two (2) years experience coordinating the program. The RPPC must provide a signed statement attesting to the fact that the program meets the above requirements.

### **1.7.3 SELECTION AND USE OF RESPIRATORS**

The procedure for the selection and use of respirators must be submitted to the VA as part of the Contractor's qualification. The procedure must be written clearly enough for workers to understand. A copy of the Respiratory Protection Program must be available in the clean room of the decontamination unit for reference by employees or authorized visitors.

### **1.7.4 MINIMUM RESPIRATORY PROTECTION**

Minimum respiratory protection shall be a full face powered air purifying respirator when fiber levels are maintained consistently at or above 0.5 f/cc. A higher level of respiratory protection may be provided or required, depending on fiber levels. Respirator selection shall meet the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (h); Table 1, except as indicated in this paragraph. Abatement personnel must have a respirator for their exclusive use.

04-30-13

#### **1.7.5 MEDICAL WRITTEN OPINION**

No employee shall be allowed to wear a respirator unless a physician has determined they are capable of doing so and has issued a written opinion for that person.

#### **1.7.6 RESPIRATOR FIT TEST**

All personnel wearing respirators shall have a current quantitative fit test which was conducted in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 (f) and Appendix A. Fit tests shall be done for PAPR's which have been put into a failure mode.

#### **1.7.7 RESPIRATOR FIT CHECK**

The Competent Person shall assure that the positive/negative fit check is done each time the respirator is donned by an employee. Headcoverings must cover respirator headstraps. Any situation that prevents an effective facepiece to face seal as evidenced by failure of a fit check shall preclude that person from wearing a respirator until resolution of the problem.

#### **1.7.8 MAINTENANCE AND CARE OF RESPIRATORS**

The Respiratory Protection Program Coordinator shall submit evidence and documentation showing compliance with 29 CFR 1910.134 (h) maintenance and care of respirators.

### **1.8 WORKER PROTECTION**

#### **1.8.1 TRAINING OF ABATEMENT PERSONNEL**

Prior to beginning any abatement activity, all personnel shall be trained in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101 (k)(9) and any additional State/Local requirements. Training must include, at a minimum, the elements listed at 29 CFR 1926.1101 (k)(9)(viii). Training shall have been conducted by a third party, EPA/State approved trainer meeting the requirements of EPA 40 CFR 763 Appendix C (AHERA MAP). Initial training certificates and current refresher and accreditation proof must be submitted for each person working at the site.

#### **1.8.2 MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS**

Medical examinations meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (m) shall be provided for all personnel working in the regulated area, regardless of exposure levels. The physician's written opinion as required by 29 CFR 1926.1101 (m)(4) shall be provided for each person and shall include in the opinion the person has been evaluated for working in a heat stress environment while wearing personal protective equipment and is able to perform the work.

### **1.8.3 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT**

Provide whole body clothing, head coverings, foot coverings and any other personal protective equipment as determined by conducting the hazard assessment required by OSHA at 29 CFR 1910.132 (d). The Competent Person shall ensure the integrity of personal protective equipment worn for the duration of the project. Duct tape shall be used to secure all suit sleeves to wrists and to secure foot coverings at the ankle.

### **1.8.4 REGULATED AREA ENTRY PROCEDURE**

Worker protection shall meet the most stringent requirement. The Competent Person shall ensure that each time workers enter the regulated area, they remove ALL street clothes in the clean room of the decontamination unit and put on new disposable coveralls, head coverings, a clean respirator, and then proceed through the shower room to the equipment room where they put on non-disposable required personal protective equipment.

### **1.8.5 DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURE - PAPR**

The Competent Person shall require all personnel to adhere to following decontamination procedures whenever they leave the regulated area.

- A. When exiting the regulated area, remove disposable coveralls, and ALL other clothes, disposable head coverings, and foot coverings or boots in the equipment room.
- B. Still wearing the respirator and completely naked, proceed to the shower. Showering is MANDATORY. Care must be taken to follow reasonable procedures in removing the respirator to avoid asbestos fibers while showering. The following procedure is required as a minimum:
  1. Thoroughly wet body including hair and face. If using a PAPR hold blower above head to keep filters dry.
  2. With respirator still in place, thoroughly decontaminate body, hair, respirator face piece, and all other parts of the respirator except the blower and battery pack on a PAPR. Pay particular attention to cleaning the seal between the face and respirator facepiece and under the respirator straps.
  3. Take a deep breath, hold it and/or exhale slowly, completely wetting hair, face, and respirator. While still holding breath, remove the respirator and hold it away from the face before starting to breathe.
- C. Carefully decontaminate the facepiece of the respirator inside and out. If using a PAPR, shut down using the following sequence: a) first cap inlets to filters; b) turn blower off to keep debris collected on the inlet side of the filter from dislodging and contaminating the outside

04-30-13

of the unit; c) thoroughly decontaminate blower and hoses; d) carefully decontaminate battery pack with a wet rag being cautious of getting water in the battery pack thus preventing destruction. **THIS PROCEDURE IS NOT A SUBSTITUTE FOR RESPIRATOR CLEANING!**

- D. Shower and wash body completely with soap and water. Rinse thoroughly.
- E. Rinse shower room walls and floor to drain prior to exiting.
- F. Proceed from shower to clean room; dry off and change into street clothes or into new disposable work clothing.

#### **1.8.6 REGULATED AREA REQUIREMENTS**

The Competent Person shall meet all requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (o) and assure that all requirements for Class I glovebag regulated areas at 29 CFR 1926.1101 (e) are met. All personnel in the regulated area shall not be allowed to eat, drink, smoke, chew tobacco or gum, apply cosmetics, or in any way interfere with the fit of their respirator.

#### **1.9 DECONTAMINATION FACILITIES**

##### **1.9.1 DESCRIPTION**

Provide each regulated area with separate personnel (PDF) and waste/equipment decontamination facilities (W/EDF). Ensure that the PDF is the only means of ingress and egress to the regulated area and that all equipment, bagged waste, and other material exit the regulated area only through the W/EDF.

##### **1.9.2 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS**

All personnel entering or exiting a regulated area shall follow the requirements at 29 CFR 1926.1101 (j)(1) and these specifications. All equipment and materials must exit the regulated area through the W/EDF and be decontaminated in accordance with these specifications. Walls and ceilings of the PDF and W/EDF must be constructed of a minimum of 3 layers of 6 mil opaque fire retardant polyethylene sheeting and be securely attached to existing building components and/or an adequate temporary framework. A minimum of 3 layers of 6 mil poly shall also be used to cover the floor under the PDF and W/EDF units. Construct doors so that they overlap and secure to adjacent surfaces. Weigh sheets with layers of duct tape so that they close quickly after release. Put arrows on sheets so they show direction of travel and overlap. If the building adjacent area is occupied, construct a solid barrier on the occupied side(s) to protect the sheeting.

##### **1.9.3 TEMPORARY FACILITIES TO THE PDF AND W/EDF**

The Competent Person shall provide temporary water service connections to the PDF and W/EDF. Backflow prevention must be provided at the point

04-30-13

of connection to the VA system. Water supply must be of adequate pressure and meet requirements of 29 CFR 1910.141(d)(3). Provide adequate temporary electric power with ground fault protection and overhead wiring in the PDF and W/EDF. Provide a sub-panel for all temporary power in the clean room. Provide adequate lighting to provide a minimum of 50 foot candles in the PDF and W/EDF. Provide temporary heat to maintain 70°F throughout the PDF and W/EDF.

#### **1.9.4 PERSONNEL DECONTAMINATION FACILITY (PDF)**

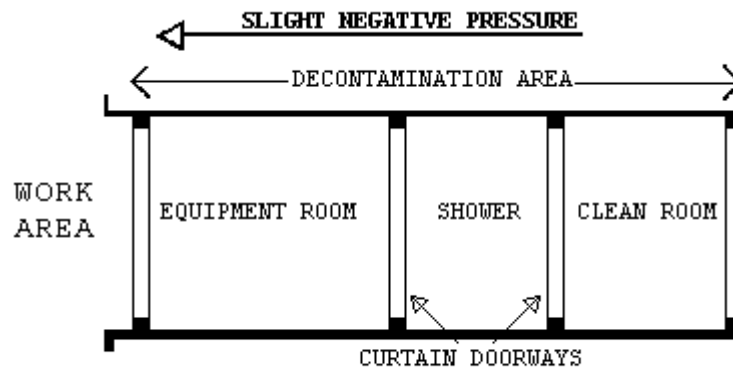
The Competent Person shall provide a PDF consisting of shower room which is contiguous to a clean room and equipment room. The PDF must be sized to accommodate the number of personnel scheduled for the project. The shower room, located in the center of the PDF, shall be fitted with as many portable showers as necessary to insure all employees can complete the entire decontamination procedure within 15 minutes. The PDF shall be constructed of opaque poly for privacy. The PDF shall be constructed to eliminate any parallel routes of egress without showering.

1. Clean Room: The clean room must be physically and visually separated from the rest of the building to protect the privacy of personnel changing clothes. The clean room shall be constructed of at least 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly to provide an air tight room. Provide a minimum of 2 - 900 mm (3 foot) wide flapped doorways. One doorway shall be the entry from outside the PDF and the second doorway shall be to the shower room of the PDF. The floor of the clean room shall be maintained in a clean, dry condition. Shower overflow shall not be allowed into the clean room. An adequate supply of disposable towels shall be provided. Provide storage lockers per person. A portable fire extinguisher, Type ABC, shall be provided in accordance with OSHA and NFPA Standard 10. All persons entering the regulated area shall remove all street clothing in the clean room and dress in disposable protective clothing and respiratory protection. Any person entering the clean room does so either from the outside with street clothing on or is coming from the shower room completely naked and thoroughly washed. Females required to enter the regulated area shall be ensured of their privacy throughout the entry/exit process by posting guards at both entry points to the PDF so no male can enter or exit the PDF during her stay in the PDF.
2. Shower Room: The Competent Person shall assure that the shower room is a completely water tight compartment to be used for the movement of all personnel from the clean room to the equipment room and for

the showering of all personnel going from the regulated area to the clean room. Each shower shall be constructed so water runs down the walls of the shower and into a drip pan. Install a freely draining smooth floor on top of the shower pan. The shower room shall be separated from the rest of the building and from the clean room and equipment room using air tight walls made from at least 3 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly. The shower shall be equipped with a shower head and controls, hot and cold water, drainage, soap dish and continuous supply of soap, and shall be maintained in a sanitary condition throughout its use. The controls shall be arranged so an individual can shower without assistance. Provide a flexible hose shower head, hose bibs and all other items shown on Shower Schematic. Waste water will be pumped to a drain after being filtered through a minimum of a 100 micron sock in the shower drain; a 20 micron filter; and a final 5 micron filter. Filters will be changed a minimum of daily or more often as needed. Filter changes must be done in the shower to prevent loss of contaminated water. Hose down all shower surfaces after each shift and clean any debris from the shower pan. Residue is to be disposed of as asbestos waste.

3. Equipment Room: The Competent Person shall provide an equipment room which shall be an air tight compartment for the storage of work equipment, reusable footwear and for use as a change station for personnel exiting the regulated area. The equipment room shall be separated from the regulated area by a minimum 3 foot wide door made of 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly. The equipment room shall be separated from the regulated area, the shower room and the rest of the building by air tight walls and ceiling constructed of a minimum of 3 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly. Damp wipe all surfaces of the equipment room after each shift change. Provide an additional loose layer of 6 mil fire retardant poly per shift change and remove this layer after each shift. Provide a temporary electrical sub-panel equipped with GFCI in this room to accommodate any equipment required in the regulated area.
4. The PDF shall consist of the following: Clean room at the entrance followed by a shower room followed by an equipment room leading to the regulated area. Each doorway in the PDF is minimum of 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly.

04-30-13



#### 1.9.5 WASTE/EQUIPMENT DECONTAMINATION FACILITY (W/EDF)

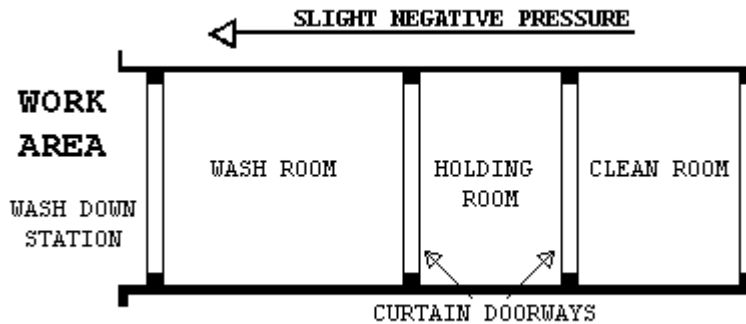
The Competent Person shall provide a W/EDF consisting of a wash room, holding room, and clean room for removal of all waste, equipment and contaminated material from the regulated area. Personnel shall not enter or exit the W/EDF except in the event of an emergency. Clean debris and residue in the W/EDF daily. All surfaces in the W/EDF shall be wiped/hosed down after each shift and all debris shall be cleaned from the shower pan. The W/EDF shall consist of the following:

1. Wash Down Station: Provide an enclosed shower unit in the regulated area just outside the Wash Room as an equipment, bag and container cleaning station.
2. Wash Room: Provide a wash room for cleaning of bagged or containerized asbestos containing waste materials passed from the regulated area. Construct the wash room using 50 x 100 mm (2" x 4") wood framing and 3 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly. Locate the wash room so that packaged materials, after being wiped clean, can be passed to the Holding Room. Doorways in the wash room shall be constructed of 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly.
3. Holding Room: Provide a holding room as a drop location for bagged materials passed from the wash room. Construct the holding room using 50 x 100 mm (2" x 4") wood framing and 3 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly. The holding room shall be located so that bagged material cannot be passed from the wash room to the clean room unless it goes through the holding room. Doorways in the holding room shall be constructed of 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly.
4. Clean Room: Provide a clean room to isolate the holding room from the building exterior. Construct the clean room using 2 x 4 wood framing and 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly. The clean room shall be

04-30-13

located so as to provide access to the holding room from the building exterior. Doorways to the clean room shall be constructed of two layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly.

5. The W/EDF shall be provided as follows: Wash Room leading to a Holding Room followed by a Clean Room leading to outside the regulated area. See diagram.



#### 1.9.6 WASTE/EQUIPMENT DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES

At washdown station in the regulated area, thoroughly wet clean contaminated equipment and/or sealed polyethylene bags and pass into Wash Room after visual inspection. When passing anything into the Wash Room, close all doorways of the W/EDF, other than the doorway between the washdown station and the Wash Room. Keep all outside personnel clear of the W/EDF. Once inside the Wash Room, wet clean the equipment and/or bags. After cleaning and inspection, pass items into the Holding Room. Close all doorways except the doorway between the Holding Room and the Clean Room. Workers from the Clean Room/Exterior shall enter the Holding Room and remove the decontaminated/cleaned equipment/bags for removal and disposal. These personnel will not be required to wear PPE. At no time shall personnel from the clean side be allowed to enter the Wash Room.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS, MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

#### 2.1 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

##### 2.1.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS (ALL ABATEMENT PROJECTS)

Prior to the start of work, the Contractor shall provide and maintain a sufficient quantity of materials and equipment to assure continuous and efficient work throughout the duration of the project. Work shall not start unless the following items have been delivered to the site and the

04-30-13

CPIH has submitted verification to the VA's representative to this effect:

- A. All materials shall be delivered in their original package, container or bundle bearing the name of the manufacturer and the brand name (where applicable).
- B. Store all materials subject to damage off the ground, away from wet or damp surfaces and under cover sufficient enough to prevent damage or contamination. Flammable materials cannot be stored inside buildings. Replacement materials shall be stored outside of the regulated/work area until abatement is completed.
- C. The Contractor shall not block or hinder use of buildings by patients, staff, and visitors to the VA in partially occupied buildings by placing materials/equipment in any unauthorized place.
- D. The Competent Person shall inspect for damaged, deteriorating or previously used materials. Such materials shall not be used and shall be removed from the worksite and disposed of properly.
- E. Poly sheeting put under the glovebag regulated area shall be a minimum of 6 mils in thickness.
- F. If required, the method of attaching polyethylene sheeting shall be agreed upon in advance by the Contractor and the VA and selected to minimize damage to equipment and surfaces.
- G. Polyethylene sheeting utilized for personnel decontamination facility shall be opaque white or black in color, 6 mil fire retardant poly.
- H. Installation and plumbing hardware, showers, hoses, drain pans, sump pumps and waste water filtration system shall be provided by the Contractor.
- I. An adequate number of HEPA vacuums, scrapers, sprayers, nylon brushes, brooms, disposable mops, rags, sponges, staple guns, shovels, ladders and scaffolding of suitable height and length as well as meeting OSHA requirements shall be provided. Fall protection devices, water hose to reach all areas in the regulated area, airless spray equipment, and any other tools, materials or equipment required to conduct the abatement project shall also be provided. All electrically operated hand tools, equipment, electric cords shall be equipped with GFCI protection.
- J. Special protection for objects in the regulated area shall be detailed (e.g., plywood over carpeting or hardwood floors to prevent damage from scaffolds, water, and falling material).

04-30-13

- K. Disposal bags - 2 layers of 6 mil, for asbestos waste shall be pre-printed with labels, markings and address as required by OSHA, EPA and DOT regulations.
- L. The VA shall be provided a copy of the MSDS as required for all hazardous chemicals under OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication. Chlorinated compounds shall not be used with any spray adhesive or other product. Appropriate encapsulant(s) shall be provided.
- M. OSHA DANGER demarcation signs, as many and as required by OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101(k)(7) shall be provided and placed by the Competent Person. All other posters and notices required by Federal and State regulations shall be posted in the Clean Room.
- N. Adequate and appropriate PPE for the project and number of personnel/shifts shall be provided. All personal protective equipment issued must be based on a hazard assessment conducted under 29 CFR 1910.132(d).

## **2.2 CONTAINMENT BARRIERS AND COVERINGS IN THE REGULATED AREA**

### **2.2.1 GENERAL**

Using critical barriers, seal off the perimeter to the regulated area to completely isolate the regulated area from adjacent spaces. All horizontal surfaces in the regulated area must be covered with 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly to prevent contamination and to facilitate clean-up. Should adjacent areas become contaminated, immediately stop work and clean up the contamination at no additional cost to the Government. Provide firestopping and identify all fire barrier penetrations due to abatement work as specified in Section 2.2.8; FIRESTOPPING.

### **2.2.2 PREPARATION PRIOR TO SEALING THE REGULATED AREA**

- A. Place all tools, scaffolding, materials and equipment needed for working in the regulated area prior to erecting any plastic sheeting. Remove all uncontaminated removable furniture, equipment and/or supplies from the regulated area before commencing work, or completely cover with 2 layers of 6-mil fire retardant poly sheeting and secure with duct tape. Lock out and tag out any HVAC systems in the regulated area.

### **2.2.3 CONTROLLING ACCESS TO THE REGULATED AREA**

- A. Access to the regulated area is allowed only through the personnel decontamination facility (PDF), if required. All other means of access shall be eliminated and OSHA Danger demarcation signs posted as required by OSHA. If the regulated area is adjacent to or within view of an occupied area, provide a visual barrier of 6 mil opaque fire retardant

04-30-13

poly sheeting to prevent building occupant observation. If the adjacent area is accessible to the public, the barrier must be solid.

#### **2.2.4 CRITICAL BARRIERS**

- A. Completely separate any openings into the regulated area from adjacent areas using fire retardant poly at least 6 mils thick and duct tape. Individually seal with 2 layers of 6 mil poly and duct tape all HVAC openings into the regulated area. Individually seal all lighting fixtures, clocks, doors, windows, convectors, speakers, or any other objects in the regulated area. Heat must be shut off any objects covered with poly.

#### **2.2.5 SECONDARY BARRIERS**

- A. A loose layer of 6 mil fire retardant poly shall be used as a drop cloth to protect the floor/horizontal surfaces from debris generated during the glovebag abatement. This layer shall be replaced as needed during the work.

#### **2.2.6 EXTENSION OF THE REGULATED AREA**

- A. If the enclosure of the regulated area is breached in any way that could allow contamination to occur, the affected area shall be included in the regulated area and constructed as per this section. If the affected area cannot be added to the regulated area, decontamination measures must be started immediately and continue until air monitoring indicates background levels are met.

#### **2.2.7 FIRESTOPPING**

- A. Through penetrations caused by cables, cable trays, pipes, sleeves must be firestopped with a fire-rated firestop system providing an air tight seal.
- B. Firestop materials that are not equal to the wall or ceiling penetrated shall be brought to the attention of the VA Representative. The Contractor shall list all areas of penetration, the type of sealant used, and whether or not the location is fire rated. Any discovery of penetrations during abatement shall be brought to the attention of the VA Representative immediately. All walls, floors and ceilings are considered fire rated unless otherwise determined by the VA Representative or Fire Marshall.
- C. Any visible openings whether or not caused by a penetration shall be reported by the Contractor to the VA Representative for a sealant system determination. Firestops shall meet ASTM E814 and UL 1479 requirements for the opening size, penetrant, and fire rating needed.

## **2.3 MONITORING, INSPECTION AND TESTING**

### **2.3.1 GENERAL**

- A. Perform throughout abatement work monitoring, inspection and testing inside and around the regulated area in accordance with the OSHA requirements and these specifications. The CPIH shall periodically inspect and oversee the performance of the Contractor IH Technician. The IH Technician shall continuously inspect and monitor conditions inside the regulated area to ensure compliance with these specifications. In addition, the CPIH shall personally manage air sample collection, analysis, and evaluation for personnel, regulated area, and adjacent area samples to satisfy OSHA requirements. Additional inspection and testing requirements are also indicated in other parts of this specification.
- B. The VA will employ an independent industrial hygienist (VPIH/CIH) consultant and/or use its own IH to perform various services on behalf of the VA. The VPIH/CIH will perform the necessary monitoring, inspection, testing, and other support services to ensure that VA patients, employees, and visitors will not be adversely affected by the abatement work, and that the abatement work proceeds in accordance with these specifications, that the abated areas or abated buildings have been successfully decontaminated. The work of the VPIH/CIH consultant in no way relieves the Contractor from their responsibility to perform the work in accordance with contract/specification requirements, to perform continuous inspection, monitoring and testing for the safety of their employees, and to perform other such services as specified. The cost of the VPIH/CIH and their services will be borne by the VA except for any repeat of final inspection and testing that may be required due to unsatisfactory initial results. Any repeated final inspections and/or testing, if required, will be paid for by the Contractor.
- C. If fibers counted by the VPIH/CIH during abatement work, either inside or outside the regulated area, utilizing the NIOSH 7400 air monitoring method, exceed the specified respective limits, the Contractor shall stop work. The Contractor may request confirmation of the results by analysis of the samples by TEM. Request must be in writing and submitted to the VA's representative. Cost for the confirmation of results will be borne by the Contractor for both the collection and analysis of samples and for the time delay that may/does result for this confirmation. Confirmation sampling and analysis will be the responsibility of the CPIH with review and approval of the VPIH/CIH. An agreement between the

04-30-13

CPIH and the VPIH/CIH shall be reached on the exact details of the confirmation effort, in writing, including such things as the number of samples, location, collection, quality control on-site, analytical laboratory, interpretation of results and any follow-up actions. This written agreement shall be co-signed by the IH's and delivered to the VA's representative.

### **2.3.2 SCOPE OF SERVICES OF THE VPIH/CIH CONSULTANT**

- A. The purpose of the work of the VPIH/CIH is to: Assure quality; resolve problems; and prevent the spread of contamination beyond the regulated area. In addition, their work includes performing the final inspection and testing to determine whether the regulated area or building has been adequately decontaminated. All air monitoring is to be done utilizing PCM/TEM. The VPIH/CIH will perform the following tasks:
1. Task 1: Establish background levels before abatement begins by collecting background samples. Retain samples for possible TEM analysis.
  2. Task 2: Perform continuous air monitoring, inspection, and testing outside the regulated area during actual abatement work to detect any faults in the regulated area isolation and any adverse impact on the surroundings from regulated area activities.
  3. Task 3: Perform unannounced visits to spot check overall compliance of work with contract/specifications. These visits may include any inspection, monitoring, and testing inside and outside the regulated area and all aspects of the operation except personnel monitoring.
  4. Task 4: Provide support to the VA representative such as evaluation of submittals from the Contractor, resolution of unforeseen developments, etc.
  5. Task 5: Perform, in the presence of the VA representative, final inspection and testing of a decontaminated regulated area or building at the conclusion of the abatement and clean-up work to certify compliance with all regulations and the VA requirements/specifications.
  6. Task 6: Issue certificate of decontamination for each regulated area or building and project report.
- B. All data, inspection results and testing results generated by the VPIH/CIH will be available to the Contractor for information and consideration. The Contractor shall cooperate with and support the VPIH/CIH for efficient and smooth performance of their work.

04-30-13

C. The monitoring and inspection results of the VPIH/CIH will be used by the VA to issue any Stop Removal orders to the Contractor during abatement work and to accept or reject a regulated area or building as decontaminated.

### **2.3.3 MONITORING, INSPECTION AND TESTING BY ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR CPIH**

The CPIH is responsible for managing all monitoring, inspections, and testing required by these specifications, as well as any and all regulatory requirements adopted by these specifications. The CPIH is responsible for the continuous monitoring of all subsystems and procedures which could affect the health and safety of the Contractor's personnel. Safety and health conditions and the provision of those conditions inside the regulated area for all persons entering the regulated area is the exclusive responsibility of the Contractor /Competent Person. The person performing the personnel and area air monitoring inside the regulated area shall be an IH Technician, who shall be trained and shall have specialized field experience in air sampling and analysis. The IH Technician shall have a NIOSH 582 Course or equivalent and show proof. The IH Technician shall participate in the AIHA Asbestos Analysis Registry or participate in the Proficiency Analytic Testing program of AIHA for fiber counting quality control assurance. The IH Technician shall also be an accredited EPA/State Contractor/Supervisor and Building Inspector. The IH Technician shall have participated in five abatement projects collecting personal and area samples as well as responsibility for documentation. The analytic laboratory used by the Contractor to analyze the samples shall be AIHA accredited for asbestos PAT. A daily log documenting all OSHA requirements for air monitoring for asbestos in 29 CFR 1926.1101(f), (g) and Appendix A. This log shall be made available to the VA representative and the VPIH/CIH. The log will contain, at a minimum, information on personnel or area sampled, other persons represented by the sample, the date of sample collection, start and stop times for sampling, sample volume, flow rate, and fibers/cc. The CPIH shall collect and analyze samples for each representative job being done in the regulated area, i.e., removal, wetting, clean-up, and load-out. No fewer than two personal samples per shift shall be collected and one area sample per 1,000 square feet of regulated area where abatement is taking place and one sample per shift in the clean room area shall be collected. In addition to the continuous monitoring required, the CPIH

04-30-13

will perform inspection and testing at the final stages of abatement for each regulated area as specified in the CPIH responsibilities.

## **2.4 STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES**

The Contractor shall have established Standard Operating Procedures (SOP's) in printed form and loose leaf folder consisting of simplified text, diagrams, sketches, and pictures that establish and explain clearly the ways and procedures to be followed during all phases of the work by the Contractor's personnel. The SOP's must be modified as needed to address specific requirements of the project. The SOP's shall be submitted for review and approval prior to the start of any abatement work. The minimum topics and areas to be covered by the SOP's are:

- A. Minimum Personnel Qualifications
- B. Contingency Plans and Arrangements
- C. Security and Safety Procedures
- D. Respiratory Protection/Personal Protective Equipment Program and Training
- E. Medical Surveillance Program and Recordkeeping
- F. Regulated Area Requirements for Glovebag Abatement
- G. Decontamination Facilities and Entry/Exit Procedures (PDF and W/EDF)
- H. Monitoring, Inspections, and Testing
- I. Removal Procedures For Piping ACM Using the Glovebag Method
- J. Disposal of ACM waste
- K. Regulated Area Decontamination/Clean-up
- L. Regulated Area Visual and Air Clearance
- M. Project Completion/Closeout

## **2.5 SUBMITTALS**

### **2.5.1 PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING SUBMITTALS**

Submit to the VA a minimum of 14 days prior to the pre-start meeting the following for review and approval. Meeting this requirement is a prerequisite for the pre-start meeting for this project.

- A. Submit a detailed work schedule for the entire project reflecting contract documents and the phasing/schedule requirements from the CPM chart.
- B. Submit a staff organization chart showing all personnel who will be working on the project and their capacity/function. Provide their qualifications, training, accreditations, and licenses, as appropriate. Provide a copy of the "Certificate of Worker's Acknowledgment" and the "Affidavit of Medical Surveillance and Respiratory Protection" for each person.

04-30-13

- C. Submit Standard Operating Procedures developed specifically for this project, incorporating the requirements of the specifications, prepared, signed and dated by the CPIH.
- D. Submit the specifics of the materials and equipment to be used for this project with brand names, model numbers, performance characteristics, pictures/diagrams, and number available for the following:
  - 1. HEPA vacuums, air monitoring pumps, calibration devices, and emergency power generating system.
  - 2. Waste water filtration system, shower system, critical/floor barriers.
  - 3. Encapsulants, surfactants, hand held sprayers, airless sprayers, glovebags, fire extinguishers.
  - 4. Personal protective equipment.
  - 5. Fire safety equipment to be used in the regulated area.
- E. Submit the name, location, and phone number of the approved landfill; proof/verification the landfill is approved for ACM disposal; the landfill's requirements for ACM waste; the type of vehicle to be used for transportation; and name, address, and phone number of subcontractor, if used. Proof of asbestos training for transportation personnel shall be provided.
- F. Submit required notifications and arrangements made with regulatory agencies having regulatory jurisdiction and the specific contingency/emergency arrangements made with local health, fire, ambulance, hospital authorities and any other notifications/arrangements.
- G. Submit the name, location and verification of the laboratory and/or personnel to be used for analysis of air and/or bulk samples. Air monitoring must be done in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101(f) and Appendix A.
- H. Submit qualifications verification: Submit the following evidence of qualifications. Make sure that all references are current and verifiable by providing current phone numbers and documentation.
  - 1. Asbestos Abatement Company: Project experience within the past 3 years; listing projects first most similar to this project:  
Project Name; Type of Abatement; Duration; Cost; Reference Name/Phone Number; Final Clearance; Completion Date
  - 2. List of project(s) halted by owner, A/E, IH, regulatory agency in the last 3 years:  
Project Name; Reason; Date; Reference Name/Number; Resolution

04-30-13

3. List asbestos regulatory citations, penalties, damages paid and legal actions taken against the company in the last 3 years. Provide copies and all information needed for verification.
- I. Submit information on personnel: Provide a resume; address each item completely; provide references; phone numbers; copies of certificates, accreditations, and licenses. Submit an affidavit signed by the CPIH stating that all personnel submitted below have medical records in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101(m) and 29 CFR 1910.20 and that the company has implemented a medical surveillance program and maintains recordkeeping in accordance with the above regulations. Submit the phone number and doctor/clinic/hospital used for medical evaluations.
  1. CPIH: Name; years of abatement experience; list of projects similar to this one; certificates, licenses, accreditations for proof of AHERA/OSHA specialized asbestos training; professional affiliations; number of workers trained; samples of training materials; samples of SOP's developed; medical opinion; current respirator fit test.
  2. Competent Person(s)/Supervisor(s): Number; names; years of abatement experience as Competent Person /Supervisor; list of similar projects as Competent Person/Supervisor; as a worker; certificates, licenses, accreditations; proof of AHERA/OSHA specialized asbestos training; maximum number of personnel supervised on a project; medical opinion; current respirator fit test.
  3. Workers: Numbers; names; years of abatement experience; certificates, licenses, accreditations; training courses in asbestos abatement and respiratory protection; medical opinion; current respirator fit test.
- J. Submit copies of State license for asbestos abatement; copy of insurance policy, including exclusions with a letter from agent stating in plain English the coverage provided and the fact that asbestos abatement activities are covered by the policy; copy of SOP's incorporating the requirements of this specification; information on who provides your training, how often; who provides medical surveillance, how often; who does and how is air monitoring conducted; a list of references of independent laboratories/IH's familiar with your air monitoring and standard operating procedures; copies of monitoring results of the five referenced projects listed and analytical method(s) used.
- K. When rental equipment is to be used in regulated areas or used to transport asbestos waste, the contractor shall assure complete decontamination of the rental equipment before return to the rental agency.

04-30-13

1. Submit, before the start of work, the manufacturer's technical data and MSDS for encapsulants used on the project. Provide application instructions also.

#### **2.5.2 SUBMITTALS DURING ABATEMENT**

- A. The Competent Person shall maintain and submit a daily log at the regulated area documenting the dates and times of the following:  
purpose, attendees and summary of meetings; all personnel entering/exiting the regulated area; document and discuss the resolution of unusual events such as critical barrier breeching, equipment failures, emergencies, and any cause for stopping work; representative air monitoring and results/TWA's/EL's. Submit this daily log to VA's representative.
- B. The CPIH shall document and maintain the following during abatement and submit as appropriate to the VA's representative.
  1. Inspection and approval of the regulated area preparation prior to start of work and daily during work.
  2. Removal of any poly critical/floor barriers.
  3. Visual inspection/testing by the CPIH prior to application of lockdown encapsulation.
  4. Packaging and removal of ACM waste from regulated area.
  5. Disposal of ACM waste materials; copies of Waste Shipment Records/landfill receipts to the VA's representative on a weekly basis.

#### **2.5.3 SUBMITTALS AT COMPLETION OF ABATEMENT**

The CPIH shall submit a project report consisting of the daily log book requirements and documentation of events during the abatement project including Waste Shipment Records signed by the landfill's agent. The report shall include a certificate of completion, signed and dated by the CPIH, in accordance with Attachment #1. The VA Representative will forward the abatement report to the Medical Center after completion of the project.

### **2.6 ENCAPSULANTS**

#### **2.6.1 TYPES OF ENCAPSULANTS**

- A. The following four types of encapsulants must comply with performance requirements as stated in paragraph 2.6.2:
  1. Removal encapsulant - used as a wetting agent to remove ACM.
  2. Bridging encapsulant - provides a tough, durable coating on ACM.
  3. Penetrating encapsulant - penetrates/encapsulates ACM at least 13 mm (1/2").

04-30-13

4. Lockdown encapsulant - seals microscopic fibers on surfaces after ACM removal.

#### **2.6.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS**

Encapsulants shall meet the latest requirements of EPA; shall not contain toxic or hazardous substances; or solvents; and shall comply with the following performance requirements:

A. General Requirements for all Encapsulants:

1. ASTM E84: Flame spread of 25; smoke emission of 50.
2. University of Pittsburgh Protocol: Combustion Toxicity; zero mortality.
3. ASTM C732: Accelerated Aging Test; Life Expectancy - 20 years.
4. ASTM E96: Permeability - minimum of 0.4 perms.

B. Bridging/Penetrating Encapsulants:

1. ASTM E736: Cohesion/Adhesion Test - 24 kPa (50 lbs/ft<sup>2</sup>).
2. ASTM E119: Fire Resistance - 3 hours (Classified by UL for use on fibrous/cementitious fireproofing).
3. ASTM D2794: Gardner Impact Test; Impact Resistance - minimum 11.5 kg-mm (43 in/lb).
4. ASTM D522: Mandrel Bend Test; Flexibility - no rupture or cracking.

C. Lockdown Encapsulants:

1. ASTM E119: Fire resistance - 3 hours (tested with fireproofing over encapsulant applied directly to steel member).
2. ASTM E736: Bond Strength - 48 kPa (100 lbs/ft<sup>2</sup>) (test compatibility with cementitious and fibrous fireproofing).
3. In certain situations, encapsulants may have to be applied to hot pipes/equipment. The encapsulant must be able to withstand high temperatures without cracking or off-gassing any noxious vapors during application.

#### **2.7 CERTIFICATES OF COMPLIANCE**

The Contractor shall submit to the VA representative certification from the manufacturer indicating compliance with performance requirements for encapsulants when applied according to manufacturer recommendations.

#### **2.8 RECYCLABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING**

If recyclable clothing is provided, all requirements of EPA, DOT and OSHA shall be met.

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### **3.1 PRE-ABATEMENT ACTIVITIES**

##### **3.1.1 PRE-ABATEMENT MEETING**

The VA representative, upon receipt, review, and substantial approval of all pre-abatement submittals and verification by the CPIH that all materials and equipment required for the project are on the site, will arrange for a pre-abatement meeting between the Contractor, the CPIH, Competent Person(s), the VA representative(s), and the VPIH/CIH. The purpose of the meeting is to discuss any aspect of the submittals needing clarification or amplification and to discuss any aspect of the project execution and the sequence of the operation. The Contractor shall be prepared to provide any supplemental information/documentation to the VA's representative regarding any submittals, documentation, materials or equipment. Upon satisfactory resolution of any outstanding issues, the VA's representative will issue a written order to proceed to the Contractor. No abatement work of any kind described in the following provisions shall be initiated prior to the VA written order to proceed.

##### **3.1.2 PRE-ABATEMENT INSPECTIONS AND PREPARATIONS**

Before any work begins on the construction of the regulated area, the Contractor will:

- A. Conduct a space-by-space inspection with an authorized VA representative and prepare a written inventory of all existing damage in those spaces where asbestos abatement will occur. Still or video photography may be used to supplement the written damage inventory. Document will be signed and certified as accurate by both parties.
- B. The VA Representative, the Contractor, and the VPIH/CIH must be aware of 10/95 A/E Quality Alert indicating the failure to identify asbestos as applicable to glovebag abatement in the areas listed. Make sure these areas are looked at/reviewed on the project: Lay-in ceilings concealing ACM; ACM behind walls/windows from previous renovations; inside chases/walls; transite piping/ductwork/sheets; behind radiators; below window sills; water/sewer lines; electrical conduit coverings; steam line trench coverings.
- C. Clean and remove or properly protect from contamination all furniture, machinery, equipment, curtains, drapes, blinds, and other movable objects which the Contractor is required to remove from the regulated area.
- D. Shut down and seal with a minimum of 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly all HVAC systems serving the regulated area. The regulated area

04-30-13

critical barriers shall be completely isolated from any other air in the building. The VA's representative will monitor the isolation provision.

- E. Shut down and lock out in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.147 all electrical circuits which pose a potential hazard. Electrical arrangements will be tailored to the particular regulated area and the systems involved. All electrical circuits affected will be turned off at the circuit box outside the regulated area, not just the wall switch. The goal is to eliminate the potential for electrical shock which is a major threat to life in the regulated area due to water use and possible energized circuits. Electrical lines used to power equipment in the regulated area shall conform to all electrical safety standards and shall be isolated by the use of a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI). All GFCI shall be tested prior to use. The VA's representative will monitor the electrical shutdown.
- F. If required, remove and dispose of carpeting from floors in the regulated area.
- G. Inspect existing firestopping in the regulated area. Correct as needed.

### **3.1.3 PRE-ABATEMENT CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATIONS**

- A. Perform all preparatory work for the first regulated area in accordance with the approved work schedule and with this specification.
- B. Upon completion of all preparatory work, the CPIH will inspect the work and systems and will notify the VA's representative when the work is completed in accordance with this specification. The VA's representative may inspect the regulated area and the systems with the VPIH/CIH and may require that upon satisfactory inspection, the Contractor's employees perform all major aspects of the approved SOP's, especially worker protection, respiratory systems, contingency plans, decontamination procedures, and monitoring to demonstrate satisfactory operation.
- C. The CPIH shall document the pre-abatement activities described above and deliver a copy to the VA's representative.
- D. Upon satisfactory inspection of the installation of and operation of systems the VA's representative will notify the Contractor in writing to proceed with the asbestos abatement work in accordance with this specification.

## **3.2 REGULATED AREA PREPARATIONS**

### **3.2.1 OSHA DANGER SIGNS**

Post OSHA DANGER signs meeting the specifications of OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101 at any location and approaches to the regulated area where airborne concentrations of asbestos may exceed ambient background

04-30-13

levels. Signs shall be posted at a distance sufficiently far enough away from the regulated area to permit any personnel to read the sign and take the necessary measures to avoid exposure. Additional signs will be posted following construction of the regulated area enclosure.

#### **3.2.2 SHUT DOWN - LOCK OUT ELECTRICAL**

Shut down and lock out electric power to the regulated area. Provide temporary power and lighting. Insure safe installation including GFCI of temporary power sources and equipment by compliance with all applicable electrical code requirements and OSHA requirements for temporary electrical systems. Electricity shall be provided by the VA.

#### **3.2.3 SHUT DOWN - LOCK OUT HVAC**

Shut down and lock out heating, cooling, and air conditioning system (HVAC) components that are in, supply or pass through the regulated area.

Investigate the regulated area and agree on pre-abatement condition with the VA's representative. Seal all intake and exhaust vents in the regulated area with duct tape and 2 layers of 6-mil poly. Also, seal any seams in system components that pass through the regulated area. Remove all contaminated HVAC system filters and place in labeled 6-mil poly disposal bags for disposal as asbestos waste.

#### **3.2.4 SANITARY FACILITIES**

The Contractor shall provide sanitary facilities for abatement personnel and maintain them in a clean and sanitary condition throughout the abatement project.

#### **3.2.5 WATER FOR ABATEMENT**

The VA will provide water for abatement purposes. The Contractor shall connect to the existing VA system. The service to the shower(s) shall be supplied with backflow prevention.

#### **3.2.6 PRE-CLEANING MOVABLE OBJECTS**

Pre-clean all movable objects within the regulated area using a HEPA filtered vacuum and/or wet cleaning methods as appropriate. After cleaning, these objects shall be removed from the regulated area and carefully stored in an uncontaminated location.

#### **3.2.7 PRE-CLEANING FIXED OBJECTS**

Pre-clean all fixed objects in the regulated area using HEPA filtered vacuums and/or wet cleaning techniques as appropriate. Careful attention must be paid to machinery behind grills or gratings where access may be difficult but contamination may be significant. Also, pay particular attention to wall, floor and ceiling penetration behind fixed items.

04-30-13

After precleaning, enclose fixed objects with 2 layers of 6-mil poly and seal securely in place with duct tape. Objects (e.g., permanent fixtures, shelves, electronic equipment, laboratory tables, sprinklers, alarm systems, closed circuit TV equipment and computer cables) which must remain in the regulated area and that require special ventilation or enclosure requirements should be designated here along with specified means of protection. Contact the manufacturer for special protection requirements.

### **3.2.8 PRE-CLEANING SURFACES IN THE REGULATED AREA**

Pre-clean all surfaces in the regulated area using HEPA filtered vacuums and/or wet cleaning methods as appropriate. Do not use any methods that would raise dust such as dry sweeping or vacuuming with equipment not equipped with HEPA filters. Do not disturb asbestos-containing materials during this pre-cleaning phase.

## **3.3 CONTAINMENT BARRIERS AND COVERINGS FOR THE REGULATED AREA**

### **3.3.1 GENERAL**

Seal off any openings at the perimeter of the regulated area with critical barriers to completely isolate the regulated area and to contain all airborne asbestos contamination created by the abatement activities. Should the adjacent area past the regulated area become contaminated due to improper work activities, the Contractor shall suspend work inside the regulated area, continue wetting, and clean the adjacent areas in accordance with procedures described in these specifications. Any and all costs associated with the adjacent area cleanup shall not be borne by the VA.

### **3.3.2 PREPARATION PRIOR TO SEALING OFF**

Place all materials, equipment and supplies necessary to isolate the regulated area inside the regulated area. Remove all movable material/equipment as described above and secure all unmovable material/equipment as described above. Properly secured material/equipment shall be considered to be outside the regulated area.

### **3.3.3 CONTROLLING ACCESS TO THE REGULATED AREA**

Access to the regulated area shall be permitted only through the PDF. All other means of access shall be closed off by proper sealing and DANGER signs posted on the clean side of the regulated area where it is adjacent to or within view of any occupiable area. An opaque visual barrier of 6 mil poly shall be provided so that the abatement work is not visible to any building occupants. If the area adjacent to the regulated area is accessible to the public, construct a solid barrier on

04-30-13

the public side of the sheeting for protection and isolation of the project. The barrier shall be constructed with nominal 2" x 4" (50mm x 100mm) wood or metal studs 16" (400mm) on centers, securely anchored to prevent movement and covered with a minimum of 1/2" (12.5mm) plywood. Provide an appropriate number of OSHA DANGER signs for each visual and physical barrier. Any alternative method must be given a written approval by the VA's representative.

#### **3.3.4 CRITICAL BARRIERS**

The regulated area must be completely separated from the adjacent areas, and the outside by at least 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly and duct tape/spray adhesive. Individually seal all supply and exhaust ventilation openings, lighting fixtures, clocks, doorways, windows, convectors, speakers, and other openings into the regulated area with 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly, and taped securely in place with duct tape/spray adhesive. Critical barriers must remain in place until all work and clearances have been completed. Light fixtures shall not be operational during abatement. Auxiliary lighting shall be provided. If needed, provide plywood squares 6" x 6" x 3/8" (150mm x 150mm x 18mm) held in place with one 6d smooth masonry/galvanized nail driven through the center of the plywood square and duct tape on the poly so as to clamp the poly to the wall/surface. Locate plywood squares at each end, corner, and 4' (1200mm) maximum on centers.

#### **3.3.5 EXTENSION OF THE REGULATED AREA**

If the regulated area barrier is breached in any manner that could allow the passage of asbestos fibers or debris, the Competent Person shall immediately stop work, continue wetting, and proceed to extend the regulated area to enclose the affected area as per procedures described in this specification. If the affected area cannot be enclosed, decontamination measures and cleanup shall start immediately. All personnel shall be isolated from the affected area until decontamination/cleanup is completed as verified by visual inspection and air monitoring. Air monitoring at completion must indicate background levels.

#### **3.3.6 FLOOR BARRIERS:**

All floors within 10' of glovebag work shall be covered with 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly.

### **3.4 REMOVAL OF PIPING ACM**

#### **3.4.1 WETTING MATERIALS**

- A. Use amended water for the wetting of ACM prior to removal. The Competent Person shall assure the wetting of ACM meets the definition of "adequately wet" in the EPA NESHAP's regulation and OSHA's "wet methods" for the duration of the project. A removal encapsulant may be used instead of amended water with written approval of the VA's representative.
- B. Amended Water: Provide water to which a surfactant has been added shall be used to wet the ACM and reduce the potential for fiber release during disturbance of ACM. The mixture must be equal to or greater than the wetting provided by water amended by a surfactant consisting one ounce of 50% polyoxyethylene ester and 50% polyoxyethylene ether mixed with 5 gallons (19L) of water.
- C. Removal Encapsulant: Provide a penetrating encapsulant designed specifically for the removal of ACM. The material must, when used, result in adequate wetting of the ACM and retard fiber release during disturbance equal to or greater than the amended water described above in B.

#### **3.4.2 SECONDARY BARRIER AND WALKWAYS**

- A. Install as a drop cloth a 6 mil poly sheet at the beginning of each work shift where removal is to be done during that shift. Completely floors within 10 feet (3M) of the area where work is to done. Secure the secondary barrier with duct tape to prevent debris from getting behind it. Remove the secondary barrier at the end of the shift or as work in the area is completed. Keep residue on the secondary barrier wetted. When removing, fold inward to prevent spillage and place in a disposal bag.
- B. Install walkways using 6 mil poly between the regulated area and the decontamination facilities (PDF and W/EDF) to protect the floor from contamination and damage. Install the walkways at the beginning of each shift and remove at the end of each shift.

#### **3.4.3 WET REMOVAL OF ACM**

- A. Using acceptable glovebag procedures, adequately and thoroughly wet the ACM to be removed prior to removal to reduce/prevent fiber release to the air. Adequate time must be allowed for the amended water to saturate the ACM. Abatement personnel must not disturb dry ACM. Use a fine spray of amended water or removal encapsulant. Saturate the material sufficiently to wet to the substrate without causing excessive dripping.

04-30-13

The material must be sprayed repeatedly/continuously during the removal process in order to maintain adequately wet conditions. Removal encapsulants must be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions. Perforate or carefully separate, using wet methods, an outer covering that is painted or jacketed in order to allow penetration and wetting of the material. Where necessary, carefully remove covering while wetting to minimize fiber release. In no event shall dry removal occur except in the case of electrical hazards or a greater safety issue is possible!

#### **3.4.4 DISCOVERED MATERIALS**

During abatement, demolition, renovation, and/or further inspection, a potential exists for encountering materials not previously identified to become revealed. Upon discovery of a material not previously identified, the contractor shall immediately notify the owner who will arrange for and coordinate materials sample collection and analysis if necessary. The contractor is not permitted to collect any material samples for asbestos or other hazardous material analysis.

#### **3.4.5 REPLACEMENT OF DIELECTRIC UNIONS**

Replace dielectric unions during the abatement process. Allow for 15% of the dielectric unions to be replaced after demolition and full abatement of the area. Glovebag each fitting and have a plumber on standby to replace any unions.

### **3.5 GLOVEBAG REMOVAL PROCEDURES**

#### **3.5.1 GENERAL**

All applicable OSHA requirements and glovebag manufacturer's recommendations shall be met during glove bagging operations.

1. Mix the surfactant with water in the garden sprayer, following the manufacturer's directions.
2. Have each employee put on a HEPA filtered respirator approved for asbestos and check the fit using the positive/negative fit check.
3. Have each employee put on a disposable full-body suit. Remember, the hood goes over the respirator straps.
4. Check closely the integrity of the glove bag to be used. Check all seams, gloves, sleeves, and glove openings. OSHA requires the bottom of the bag to be seamless.
5. Check the pipe where the work will be performed. If it is damaged (broken lagging, hanging, etc.), wrap the entire length of the pipe in poly sheeting and "candy stripe" it with duct tape.
6. Attach glovebag with required tools per manufacturer's instructions.

04-30-13

7. Using the smoke tube and aspirator bulb, test 10% of glovebags by placing the tube into the water porthole (two-inch opening to glove bag), and fill the bag with smoke and squeeze it. If leaks are found, they should be taped closed using duct tape and the bag should be retested with smoke.
8. Insert the wand from the water sprayer through the water porthole.
9. Insert the hose end from a HEPA vacuum into the upper portion of the glove bag.
10. Wet and remove the pipe insulation.
11. If the section of pipe is covered with an aluminum jacket, remove it first using the wire cutters to cut any bands and the tin snips to remove the aluminum. It is important to fold the sharp edges in to prevent cutting the bag when placing it in the bottom.
12. When the work is complete, spray the upper portion of the bag and clean-push all residue into the bottom of the bag with the other waste material. Be very thorough. Use adequate water.
13. Put all tools, after washing them off in the bag, in one of the sleeves of glove bag and turn it inside out, drawing it outside of the bag. Twist the sleeve tightly several times to seal it and tape it several tight turns with duct tape. Cut through the middle of the duct tape and remove the sleeve. Put the sleeve in the next glove bag or put it in a bucket of water to decontaminate the tools after cutting the sleeve open.
14. Turn on the HEPA vacuum and collapse the bag completely. Remove the vacuum nozzle, seal the hole with duct tape, twist the bag tightly several times in the middle, and tape it to keep the material in the bottom during removal of the glove bag from the pipe.
15. Slip a disposal bag over the glove bag (still attached to the pipe). Remove the tape securing the ends, and slit open the top of the glove bag and carefully fold it down into the disposal bag. Double bag and gooseneck waste materials.

### **3.5.2 NEGATIVE PRESSURE GLOVEBAG PROCEDURE**

1. In addition to the above requirements, the HEPA vacuum shall be run continuously during the glovebag procedure until completion at which time the glovebag will be collapsed by the HEPA vacuum prior to removal from the pipe/component.
2. The HEPA vacuum shall be attached and operated as needed to prevent collapse of the glovebag during the removal process.

### **3.6 LOCKDOWN ENCAPSULATION**

#### **3.6.1 GENERAL**

Lockdown encapsulation is an integral part of the ACM removal. At the conclusion of ACM removal and before removal of the primary barriers, all piping surfaces shall be encapsulated with a bridging encapsulant.

#### **3.6.2 SEALING EXPOSED EDGES**

Seal edges of ACM exposed by removal work with two coats of encapsulant. Prior to sealing, permit the exposed edges to dry completely to permit penetration of the encapsulant.

### **3.7 DISPOSAL OF ACM WASTE MATERIALS**

#### **3.7.1 GENERAL**

Dispose of waste ACM and debris which is packaged in accordance with these specifications, OSHA, EPA and DOT. The landfill requirements for packaging must also be met. Disposal shall be done at the approved landfill. Disposal of non-friable ACM shall be done in accordance with applicable regulations.

#### **3.7.2 PROCEDURES**

- A. Asbestos waste shall be packaged and moved through the W/EDF into a covered transport container in accordance with procedures in this specification. Waste shall be double-bagged prior to disposal. Wetted waste can be very heavy. Bags shall not be overfilled. Bags shall securely sealed to prevent accidental opening and/or leakage. The top shall be tightly twisted and goosenecked prior to tightly sealing with at least three wraps of duct tape. Ensure that unauthorized persons do not have access to the waste material once it is outside the regulated area. All transport containers must be covered at all times when not in use. NESHAP's signs must be on containers during loading and unloading. Material shall not be transported in open vehicles. If drums are used for packaging, the drums shall be labeled properly and shall not be re-used.
- B. Waste Load Out: Waste load out shall be done in accordance with the procedures in W/EDF Decontamination Procedures. Bags shall be decontaminated on exterior surfaces by wet cleaning and/or HEPA vacuuming before being placed in the second bag.
- C. Asbestos waste with sharp edged components, i.e., nails, screws, lath, strapping, tin sheeting, jacketing, metal mesh, etc., which might tear poly bags shall be wrapped securely in burlap before packaging and, if needed, use a poly lined fiber drum as the second container, prior to disposal.

### **3.8 PROJECT DECONTAMINATION**

#### **3.8.1 GENERAL**

- A. The entire work related to project decontamination shall be performed under the close supervision and monitoring of the CPIH.
- B. If the asbestos abatement work is in an area which was contaminated prior to the start of abatement, the decontamination will be done by cleaning the primary barrier poly prior to its removal and cleaning of the regulated area surfaces after the primary barrier removal.
- C. If the asbestos abatement work is in an area which was uncontaminated prior to the start of abatement, the decontamination will be done by cleaning the primary barrier poly prior to its removal, thus preventing contamination of the building when the regulated area critical barriers are removed.

#### **3.8.2 REGULATED AREA CLEARANCE**

Air testing and other requirements which must be met before release of the Contractor and re-occupancy of the regulated area space are specified in Final Testing Procedures.

#### **3.8.3 WORK DESCRIPTION**

Decontamination includes the cleaning and clearance of the air in the regulated area and the decontamination and removal of the enclosures/facilities installed prior to the abatement work including primary/critical barriers, PDF and W/EDF facilities.

#### **3.8.4 PRE-DECONTAMINATION CONDITIONS**

- A. Before decontamination starts, all ACM waste from the regulated area shall be removed, all waste collected and removed, and the secondary barrier of poly removed and disposed of along with any gross debris generated by the work.
- B. At the start of decontamination, the following shall be in place:
  - 1. Critical barriers over all openings consisting of two layers of 6 mil poly which is the sole barrier between the regulated area and the rest of the building or outside.
  - 2. Decontamination facilities, if required for personnel and equipment in operating condition.

#### **3.8.5 FIRST CLEANING**

Carry out a first cleaning of all surfaces of the regulated area including items of remaining poly sheeting, tools, scaffolding, ladders/staging by wet methods and/or HEPA vacuuming. Do not use dry dusting/sweeping methods. Use each surface of a cleaning cloth one time only and then dispose of as contaminated waste. Continue this cleaning

04-30-13

until there is no visible residue from abated surfaces or poly or other surfaces. If determined by the CPIH/VPIH/CIH additional cleaning(s) may be needed.

### **3.8.6 PRE-CLEARANCE INSPECTION AND TESTING**

The CPIH and VPIH/CIH will perform a thorough and detailed visual inspection after the first cleaning to determine whether there is any visible residue in the regulated area. If the visual inspection is acceptable, the CPIH will perform pre-clearance sampling using aggressive clearance as detailed in 40 CFR 763 Subpart E (AHERA) Appendix A(III) (B) (7) (d). If the sampling results show values below 0.01 f/cc, then the Contractor shall notify the VA's representative of the results with a brief report from the CPIH documenting the inspection and sampling results and a statement verifying that the regulated area is ready for lockdown encapsulation. The VA reserves the right to utilize their own VPIH/CIH to perform a pre-clearance inspection and testing for verification.

### **3.8.7 LOCKDOWN ENCAPSULATION OF ABATED SURFACES**

With the express written permission of the VA's representative, perform lockdown encapsulation of all surfaces from which asbestos was abated in accordance with the procedures in this specification.

## **3.9 FINAL VISUAL INSPECTIONS AND AIR CLEARANCE TESTING**

### **3.9.1 GENERAL**

Notify the VA representative 24 hours in advance for the performance of the final visual inspection and testing. The final visual inspection and testing will be performed by the VPIH/CIH after the final cleaning.

### **3.9.2 FINAL VISUAL INSPECTION**

Final visual inspection will include the entire regulated area, the PDF, all poly sheeting, seals over HVAC openings, doorways, windows, and any other openings. If any debris, residue, dust or any other suspect material is detected, the final cleaning shall be repeated at no cost to the VA. Dust/material samples may be collected and analyzed at no cost to the VA at the discretion of the VPIH/CIH to confirm visual findings. When the regulated area is visually clean the final testing can be done.

### **3.9.3 FINAL AIR CLEARANCE TESTING**

- A. After an acceptable final visual inspection by the VPIH/CIH and VA Representative, the VPIH/CIH will perform the final testing. Air samples will be collected and analyzed in accordance with procedures for PCM/TEM in this specification. If the release criteria are not met, the Contractor shall repeat the final cleaning and continue decontamination

04-30-13

procedures. Additional inspection and testing will be done at the expense of the Contractor.

- B. If the results of the PCM/TEM are acceptable, remove the critical barriers. Any small quantities of residue material found upon removal of the poly shall be removed with a HEPA vacuum and localized isolation. If significant quantities are found as determined by the VPIH/CIH, then the entire area affected shall be cleaned as specified in the final cleaning.
- C. When release criteria are met, proceed to perform the abatement closeout and to issue the certificate of completion in accordance with these specifications.

#### **3.9.4 FINAL AIR CLEARANCE PROCEDURES**

- A. Contractor's Release Criteria: Work in a regulated area is complete when the regulated area is visually clean and airborne fiber levels have been reduced to or below 0.01 f/cc as measured with PCM/TEM methods and as verified by VPIH/CIH. The asbestos containment is to remain in place and under negative pressure until inspected and removal of the containment is authorized by the VPIH/CIH.
- B. Air Monitoring and Final Clearance Sampling: To determine if the elevated airborne fiber counts encountered during abatement operations have been reduced to the specified level, the VPIH/CIH will secure samples and analyze them according to the following procedures:
  - 1. Fibers Counted: "Fibers" referred to in this section shall be either all fibers regardless of composition as counted in the NIOSH 7400 PCM method or asbestos fibers counted using the TEM method.
  - 2. Aggressive Sampling: All final air testing samples shall be collected using aggressive sampling techniques. Samples will be collected on 0.8μ MCE filters for PCM analysis and 0.45μ Polycarbonate filters for TEM analysis. Before pumps are started, initiate aggressive sampling as detailed in 40 CFR 763 Subpart E (AHERA) Appendix A (III) (B) (7) (d). Air samples will be collected in areas subject to normal air circulation away from corners, obstructed locations, and locations near windows, doors, or vents. After air sampling pumps have been shut off, circulating fans shall be shut off.

#### **3.9.5 CLEARANCE SAMPLING USING PCM**

The NIOSH 7400 method will be used for clearance sampling with a minimum collection volume of 1200 Liters of air. A minimum of 5 PCM clearance samples will be collected.

04-30-13

### **3.9.6 CLEARANCE SAMPLING USING TEM**

TEM clearance requires a minimum of 13 samples taken and analyzed, including five samples in the regulated area, five samples outside the regulated area and three field blanks using polycarbonate filters.

### **3.9.7 LABORATORY TESTING OF PCM SAMPLES**

The services of an AIHA accredited laboratory will be employed by the VA to perform analysis of the air samples. Samples will be sent by the VPIH/CIH so that verbal/faxed reports can be received within 24 hours. A complete record, certified by the laboratory, of all air monitoring tests and results will be furnished to the VA's representative and the Contractor.

### **3.9.8 LABORATORY TESTING OF TEM SAMPLES**

Samples shall be sent by the VPIH/CIH to an accredited laboratory for analysis by TEM. Verbal/faxed results from the laboratory shall be available within 24 hours after receipt of the samples. A complete record, certified by the laboratory, of all TEM results shall be furnished to the VA's representative and the Contractor.

### **3.9.9 AUTHORIZATION TO REMOVE ABATEMENT CONTAINMENT**

Asbestos containment is to remain up and under negative pressure until the VA Facility Management and/or the VPIH/CIH inspects and approves of the asbestos abatement work.

### **3.10 ABATEMENT CLOSEOUT AND CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE**

Asbestos containment is to remain up and under negative pressure until the VA Facility Management and/or the VPIH/CIH inspects and approves of the asbestos abatement work.

#### **3.10.1 COMPLETION OF ABATEMENT WORK**

After thorough decontamination, complete asbestos abatement work upon meeting the regulated area clearance criteria and fulfilling the following:

- A. Remove all equipment, materials, and debris from the project area.
- B. Package and dispose of all asbestos waste as required.
- C. Repair or replace all interior finishes damaged during the abatement work.
- D. Fulfill other project closeout requirements as specified elsewhere in this specification.

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VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

04-30-13

**3.10.2 CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION BY CONTRACTOR**

The CPIH shall complete and sign the "Certificate of Completion" in accordance with Attachment 1 at the completion of the abatement and decontamination of the regulated area.

**3.10.3 WORK SHIFTS**

All work shall be done during administrative hours (8:00 AM to 4:30 PM) Monday - Friday excluding Federal Holidays. Any change in the work schedule must be approved in writing by the VA Representative.

**3.10.4 RE-INSULATION**

Replace all asbestos-containing insulation/fire-proofing with suitable non-asbestos material which is to remain and not be modified by the mechanical contractor. Provide MSDS's for all replacement materials. Refer to Section 23 07 11, HVAC AND BOILER PLANT INSULATION.

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VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

04-30-13

**ATTACHMENT #1**

**CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION**

DATE:

PROJECT NAME:

VAMC/ADDRESS:

1. I certify that I have personally inspected, monitored and supervised the abatement work of  
(specify regulated area or Building):  
which took place from to.
2. That throughout the work all applicable requirements/regulations and the VA's specifications were met.
3. That any person who entered the regulated area was protected with the appropriate personal protective equipment and respirator and that they followed the proper entry and exit procedures and the proper operating procedures for the duration of the work.
4. That all employees of the Abatement Contractor engaged in this work were trained in respiratory protection, were experienced with abatement work, had proper medical surveillance documentation, were fit-tested for their respirator, and were not exposed at any time during the work to asbestos without the benefit of appropriate respiratory protection.
5. That I performed and supervised all inspection and testing specified and required by applicable regulations and VA specifications.
6. That the conditions inside the regulated area were always maintained in a safe and healthy condition and the maximum fiber count never exceeded 0.5 f/cc, except as described below.
7. That all glovebag work was done in accordance with OSHA requirements and the manufacturer's recommendations.

CPIH Name:

Signature/Date:

Asbestos Abatement Contractor's Name:

Signature/Date:

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VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

04-30-13

**ATTACHMENT #2**

**CERTIFICATE OF WORKER'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT  
DATE:**

PROJECT NAME:

PROJECT ADDRESS:

ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR'S NAME:

**WORKING WITH ASBESTOS CAN BE HAZARDOUS TO YOUR HEALTH. INHALING ASBESTOS HAS BEEN LINKED WITH VARIOUS TYPES OF CANCERS. IF YOU SMOKE AND INHALE ASBESTOS FIBERS YOUR CHANCES OF DEVELOPING LUNG CANCER IS GREATER THAN THAT OF THE NON-SMOKING PUBLIC.**

Your employer's contract with the owner for the above project requires that: You must be supplied with the proper personal protective equipment including an adequate respirator and be trained in its use. You must be trained in safe and healthy work practices and in the use of the equipment found at an asbestos abatement project. You must receive/have a current medical examination for working with asbestos. These things shall be provided at no cost to you. By signing this certificate you are indicating to the owner that your employer has met these obligations.

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:** I have been trained in the proper use of respirators and have been informed of the type of respirator to be used on the above indicated project. I have a copy of the written Respiratory Protection Program issued by my employer. I have been provided for my exclusive use, at no cost, with a respirator to be used on the above indicated project.

**TRAINING COURSE:** I have been trained by a third party, State/EPA accredited trainer in the requirements for an AHERA/OSHA Asbestos Abatement Worker training course, 32 hours minimum duration. I currently have a valid State accreditation certificate. The topics covered in the course include, as a minimum, the following:

- Physical Characteristics and Background Information on Asbestos
- Potential Health Effects Related to Exposure to Asbestos
- Employee Personal Protective Equipment
- Establishment of a Respiratory Protection Program
- State of the Art Work Practices
- Personal Hygiene
- Additional Safety Hazards
- Medical Monitoring
- Air Monitoring
- Relevant Federal, State and Local Regulatory Requirements, Procedures, and Standards
- Asbestos Waste Disposal

**MEDICAL EXAMINATION:** I have had a medical examination within the past 12 months which was paid for by my employer. This examination included: health history, occupational history, pulmonary function test, and may have included a chest x-ray evaluation. The physician issued a positive written opinion after the examination.

Signature:

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VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

04-30-13

Printed Name:

Witness:

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VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

04-30-13

**ATTACHMENT #3**

**AFFIDAVIT OF MEDICAL SURVEILLANCE, RESPIRATORY PROTECTION AND  
TRAINING/ACCREDITATION**

VA PROJECT NAME AND NUMBER:

VA MEDICAL FACILITY:

ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR'S NAME AND ADDRESS:

1. I verify that the following individual

Name:

who is proposed to be employed in asbestos abatement work associated with the above project by the named Abatement Contractor, is included in a medical surveillance program in accordance with 29 CFR 1926.1101(m), and that complete records of the medical surveillance program as required by 29 CFR 1926.1101(m)(n) and 29 CFR 1910.20 are kept at the offices of the Abatement Contractor at the following address.

Address:

2. I verify that this individual has been trained, fit-tested and instructed in the use of all appropriate respiratory protection systems and that the person is capable of working in safe and healthy manner as expected and required in the expected work environment of this project.
3. I verify that this individual has been trained as required by 29 CFR 1926.1101(k). This individual has also obtained a valid State accreditation certificate. Documentation will be kept on-site.
4. I verify that I meet the minimum qualifications criteria of the VA specifications for a CPIH.

Signature of CPIH:

Date:

Printed Name of CPIH:

Signature of Contractor:

Date:

Printed Name of Contractor:

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111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

04-30-13

**ATTACHMENT #4**

**ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR/COMPETENT PERSON(S) REVIEW AND ACCEPTANCE OF THE  
VA'S ASBESTOS SPECIFICATIONS**

VA Project Location:

VA Project #:

VA Project Description:

This form shall be signed by the Asbestos Abatement Contractor Owner and the Asbestos Abatement Contractor's Competent Person(s) prior to any start of work at the VA related to this Specification. If the Asbestos Abatement Contractor's/Competent Person(s) has not signed this form, they shall not be allowed to work on-site.

I, the undersigned, have read VA's Asbestos Specification regarding the asbestos abatement requirements. I understand the requirements of the VA's Asbestos Specification and agree to follow these requirements as well as all required rules and regulations of OSHA/EPA/DOT and State/Local requirements. I have been given ample opportunity to read the VA's Asbestos Specification and have been given an opportunity to ask any questions regarding the content and have received a response related to those questions. I do not have any further questions regarding the content, intent and requirements of the VA's Asbestos Specification.

At the conclusion of the asbestos abatement, I will certify that all asbestos abatement work was done in accordance with the VA's Asbestos Specification and all ACM was removed properly and no fibrous residue remains on any abated surfaces.

Abatement Contractor Owner's Signature

Date

Abatement Contractor Competent Person(s)

Date

Date

Date

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04-30-13

**SECTION 02 82 13.19**  
**ASBESTOS FLOOR TILE AND MASTIC ABATEMENT**

**TABLE OF CONTENTS**

PART 1 - GENERAL.....	1
1.1 CONTRACT DOCUMENTS AND RELATED REQUIREMENTS.....	1
1.2 EXTENT OF WORK.....	1
1.3 RELATED WORK.....	1
1.4 TASKS.....	1
1.5 ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR USE OF PREMISES.....	2
1.6 VARIATIONS IN QUANTITY.....	2
1.7 STOP ASBESTOS REMOVAL.....	3
1.8 GENERAL.....	3
1.9 GLOSSARY.....	4
1.10 REFERENCED STANDARDS ORGANIZATIONS.....	11
1.11 GENERAL APPLICABILITY OF CODES, REGULATIONS, AND STANDARDS.....	13
1.12 CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITY.....	13
1.13 FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS.....	14
1.14 STATE REQUIREMENTS.....	14
1.15 STANDARDS.....	14
1.16 EPA GUIDANCE DOCUMENTS.....	15
1.17 NOTICES.....	15
1.18 PERMITS/LICENSES.....	15
1.19 POSTING AND FILING OF REGULATIONS.....	16
1.20 VA RESPONSIBILITIES.....	16
1.21 SITE SECURITY.....	16
1.22 EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN AND ARRANGEMENTS.....	17
1.23 PRE-START MEETING.....	18
1.24 PROJECT COORDINATION.....	19
1.25 PERSONNEL.....	19
1.26 GENERAL - RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAM.....	20
1.27 RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAM COORDINATOR.....	20
1.28 SELECTION AND USE OF RESPIRATORS.....	20
1.29 MINIMUM RESPIRATORY PROTECTION.....	21
1.30 MEDICAL WRITTEN OPINION.....	21
1.31 RESPIRATOR FIT TEST.....	21
1.32 RESPIRATOR FIT CHECK.....	21
1.33 MAINTENANCE AND CARE OF RESPIRATORS.....	21
1.34 TRAINING OF ABATEMENT PERSONNEL.....	21

111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB

VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

04-30-13

1.35 MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS.....	22
1.36 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT.....	22
1.37 REGULATED AREA ENTRY PROCEDURE.....	22
1.38 DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURE.....	22
1.39 REGULATED AREA REQUIREMENTS.....	22
1.40 DESCRIPTION.....	23
1.41 WASTE/EQUIPMENT DECONTAMINATION AREA (W/EDA).....	23
1.42 WASTE/EQUIPMENT DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES.....	23
PART 2 - PRODUCTS.....	23
2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS (ALL ABATEMENT PROJECTS).....	23
2.2 CONTAINMENT BARRIERS AND COVERINGS IN THE REGULATED AREA.....	24
2.3 CONTROLLING ACCESS TO THE REGULATED AREA.....	25
2.4 CRITICAL BARRIERS.....	25
2.5 SECONDARY BARRIERS.....	25
2.6 EXTENSION OF THE REGULATED AREA.....	25
2.7 FIRESTOPPING.....	26
2.8 MONITORING, INSPECTION AND TESTING.....	26
2.9 SCOPE OF SERVICES OF THE VPIH/CIH CONSULTANT.....	27
2.10 MONITORING, INSPECTION AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR CPIH.....	28
2.11 STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES.....	29
2.12 PRE-START MEETING SUBMITTALS.....	30
2.13 SUBMITTALS DURING ABATEMENT.....	32
2.14 SUBMITTALS AT COMPLETION OF ABATEMENT.....	32
PART 3 - EXECUTION.....	33
3.1 PRE-ABATEMENT MEETING.....	33
3.2 PRE-ABATEMENT INSPECTIONS AND PREPARATIONS.....	33
3.3 PRE-ABATEMENT CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATIONS.....	34
3.4 OSHA DANGER SIGNS.....	34
3.5 SHUT DOWN - LOCK OUT ELECTRICAL.....	35
3.6 SHUT DOWN - LOCK OUT HVAC.....	35
3.7 SANITARY FACILITIES.....	35
3.8 WATER FOR ABATEMENT.....	35
3.9 PRE-CLEANING MOVABLE OBJECTS.....	35
3.10 PRE-CLEANING FIXED OBJECTS.....	35
3.11 PRE-CLEANING SURFACES IN THE REGULATED AREA.....	36
3.12 CONTAINMENT BARRIERS AND COVERINGS FOR THE REGULATED AREA.....	36
3.13 PREPARATION PRIOR TO SEALING OFF.....	36
3.14 CONTROLLING ACCESS TO THE REGULATED AREA.....	36

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

04-30-13

3.15 CRITICAL BARRIERS.....	37
3.16 EXTENSION OF THE REGULATED AREA.....	37
3.17 FLOOR BARRIERS.....	37
3.18 REMOVAL OF CLASS II FLOORING; ROOFING; AND TRANSITE MATERIALS.....	37
3.19 REMOVAL OF FLOORING MATERIALS.....	38
3.20 REMOVAL OF MASTIC.....	38
3.21 DISPOSAL OF CLASS II WASTE MATERIAL:.....	38
3.22 PROJECT DECONTAMINATION.....	38
3.23 REGULATED AREA CLEARANCE.....	39
3.24 WORK DESCRIPTION.....	39
3.25 PRE-DECONTAMINATION CONDITIONS.....	39
3.26 CLEANING.....	39
3.27 VISUAL INSPECTION AND AIR CLEARANCE TESTING.....	39
3.28 VISUAL INSPECTION.....	39
3.29 AIR CLEARANCE TESTING.....	39
3.30 FINAL AIR CLEARANCE PROCEDURES.....	40
3.31 COMPLETION OF ABATEMENT WORK.....	40
3.32 CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION BY CONTRACTOR.....	41
3.33 WORK SHIFTS.....	41
3.34 DISCOVERED MATERIALS.....	41
ATTACHMENT #1.....	42
ATTACHMENT #2.....	43
ATTACHMENT #3.....	44
ATTACHMENT #4.....	45

## **PART 1 - GENERAL**

### **1.1 CONTRACT DOCUMENTS AND RELATED REQUIREMENTS**

Drawings, general provisions of the contract, including general and supplementary conditions and other Division 01 specifications, shall apply to the work of this section. The contract documents show the work to be done under the contract and related requirements and conditions impacting the project. Related requirements and conditions include applicable codes and regulations, notices and permits, existing site conditions and restrictions on use of the site, requirements for partial owner occupancy during the work, coordination with other work and the phasing of the work. In the event the Asbestos Abatement Contractor (Contractor) discovers a conflict in the contract documents and/or requirements or codes, the conflict must be brought to the immediate attention of the Contracting Officer for resolution. Whenever there is a conflict or overlap in the requirements, the most stringent shall apply. Any actions taken by the Contractor without obtaining guidance from the Contracting Officer shall become the sole risk and responsibility of the Contractor. All cost incurred due to such action are also the responsibility of the Contractor.

### **1.2 EXTENT OF WORK**

- A. Below is a brief description of the estimated quantities of asbestos flooring materials to be abated. These quantities are for informational purposes only and are based on the best information available at the time of the specification preparation. The Contractor shall satisfy himself as the actual quantities to be abated. Nothing in this section may be interpreted as limiting the extent of work otherwise required by this contract and related documents.
- B. Removal, clean-up and disposal of ACM flooring in an appropriate regulated area in the following approximate quantities;
  - ( 7,200 ) square feet of floor tile and mastic (VCT)
  - ( 700 ) square feet of mastic underneath ceramic tile (MCTM-1 & MCTM-3)

### **1.3 RELATED WORK**

- A. Section 07 84 00, FIRESTOPPING.
- B. Section 02 41 00, DEMOLITION.
- C. Division 09; FINISHES.

### **1.4 TASKS**

The work tasks are summarized briefly as follows:

04-30-13

- A. Pre-abatement activities including pre-abatement meeting(s), inspection(s), notifications, permits, submittal approvals, work-site preparations, emergency procedures arrangements, and standard operating procedures for Class II asbestos abatement work.
- B. Abatement activities including removal, clean-up and disposal of ACM waste, recordkeeping, security, monitoring, and inspections.
- C. Cleaning and decontamination activities including final visual inspection, air monitoring and certification of decontamination.

#### **1.5 ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR USE OF PREMISES**

- A. The Contractor and Contractor's personnel shall cooperate fully with the VA representative/consultant to facilitate efficient use of buildings and areas within buildings. The Contractor shall perform the work in accordance with the VA specifications, drawings, phasing plan and in compliance with any/all applicable Federal, State and Local regulations and requirements.
- B. The Contractor shall use the existing facilities in the building strictly within the limits indicated in contract documents as well as the approved pre-abatement work plan. Asbestos abatement drawings of partially occupied buildings will show the limits of regulated areas; the placement of decontamination facilities; the temporary location of bagged waste ACM; the path of transport to outside the building; and the temporary waste storage area for each building/regulated area. Any variation from the arrangements shown on drawings shall be secured in writing from the VA representative through the pre-abatement plan of action. The following limitations of use shall apply to existing facilities shown on drawings:

Reference Section 028211-A, the asbestos inspection report, "Supplemental Asbestos Inspection Report: Building 111 Administration Consolidation for 10AS Sim Lab, VA Project #695-13-112, VA Medical Center, Buildings 111, 5000 W. National Avenue, Milwaukee, Wisconsin", prepared by The Sigma Group, Inc.

#### **1.6 VARIATIONS IN QUANTITY**

The quantities and locations of ACM as indicated on the drawings and the extent of work included in this section are estimates which are limited by the physical constraints imposed by occupancy of the buildings. Accordingly, minor variations (+/- 5%) in quantities of ACM within the regulated area are considered as having no impact on contract price and time requirements of this contract. Where additional work is required beyond the above variation, the Contractor shall provide unit prices for additional work that is newly discovered materials and those prices will be used for additional work under the contract.

04-30-13

Additionally, it may be later determined that materials designated as Assumed to Contain (ATC) do not contain greater than one percent asbestos. As such, the contractor shall provide unit pricing for all materials designated as POS and ATC. Materials designated as ATC which are later determined to contain less than one percent asbestos will be removed from the contract. The dollar amount deducted from the contract will be determined by multiplying the quantity of ATC materials determined to be non-ACM by the unit costs.

#### **1.7 STOP ASBESTOS REMOVAL**

If the Contracting Officer or their field representative presents a written **Stop Asbestos Removal Order**, the Contractor/Personnel shall immediately stop all asbestos removal and adequately wet any exposed ACM. The Contractor shall not resume any asbestos removal activity until authorized to do so by the VA. A stop asbestos removal order may be issued at any time the VA determines abatement conditions/ activities are not within specification requirements. Work stoppage will continue until conditions have been corrected to the satisfaction of the VA. Standby time and costs for corrective actions will be borne by the Contractor, including the industrial hygienist's time. The occurrence of any of the following events shall be reported immediately by the Contractor in writing to the VA representative and shall require the Contractor to immediately stop asbestos removal activities and initiate fiber reduction activities:

- A.  $\geq 0.01$  f/cc outside a regulated area or  $>0.05$  f/cc inside a regulated area;
- B. breach/break in regulated area critical barrier(s)/floor;
- C. serious injury/death at the site;
- D. fire/safety emergency at the site;
- E. respiratory protection system failure;
- F. power failure loss of wetting agent; or
- G. any visible emissions observed outside the regulated area.

#### **1.8 GENERAL**

Definitions and explanations here are neither complete nor exclusive of all terms used in the contract documents, but are general for the work to the extent they are not stated more explicitly in another element of the contract documents. Drawings must be recognized as diagrammatic in nature and not completely descriptive of the requirements indicated therein.

04-30-13

## 1.9 GLOSSARY

**Abatement** - Procedures to control fiber release from asbestos-containing materials, typically during removal. Includes removal, encapsulation, enclosure, demolition and renovation activities related to asbestos.

**ACE** - Asbestos contaminated elements.

**ACM** - Asbestos containing material.

**Aerosol** - Solid or liquid particulate suspended in air.

**Adequately wet** - Sufficiently mixed or penetrated with liquid to prevent the release of particulates. If visible emissions are observed coming from the ACM, then that material has not been adequately wetted.

**Aggressive method** - Removal or disturbance of building material by sanding, abrading, grinding, or other method that breaks, crumbles, or disintegrates intact ACM.

**Aggressive sampling** - EPA AHERA defined clearance sampling method using air moving equipment such as fans and leaf blowers to aggressively disturb and maintain in the air residual fibers after abatement.

**AHERA** - Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act. Asbestos regulations for schools issued in 1987.

**Aircell** - Pipe or duct insulation made of corrugated cardboard which contains asbestos.

**Air monitoring** - The process of measuring the fiber content of a known volume of air collected over a specified period of time. The NIOSH 7400 Method, Issue 2 is used to determine the fiber levels in air.

**Air sample filter** - The filter used to collect fibers which are then counted. The filter is made of mixed cellulose ester membrane for PCM (Phase Contrast Microscopy) and polycarbonate for TEM (Transmission Electron Microscopy)

**Amended water** - Water to which a surfactant (wetting agent) has been added to increase the penetrating ability of the liquid.

**Asbestos** - Includes chrysotile, amosite, crocidolite, tremolite asbestos, anthophyllite asbestos, actinolite asbestos, and any of these minerals that have been chemically treated or altered. Asbestos also includes PACM, as defined below.

**Asbestos-containing material (ACM)** - Any material containing more than one percent asbestos.

**Asbestos contaminated elements (ACE)** - Building elements such as ceilings, walls, lights, or ductwork that are contaminated with asbestos.

**Asbestos-containing waste material** - Asbestos-containing material or asbestos contaminated objects requiring disposal.

04-30-13

**Asbestos waste decontamination facility** - A system consisting of drum/bag washing facilities and a temporary storage area for cleaned containers of asbestos waste. Used as the exit for waste and equipment leaving the regulated area. In an emergency, it may be used to evacuate personnel.

**Authorized person** - Any person authorized by the VA, the Contractor, or government agency and required by work duties to be present in regulated areas.

**Authorized visitor** - Any person approved by the VA; the contractor; or any government agency having jurisdiction over the regulated area.

**Barrier** - Any surface that isolates the regulated area and inhibits fiber migration from the regulated area.

**Containment Barrier** - An airtight barrier consisting of walls, floors, and/or ceilings of sealed plastic sheeting which surrounds and seals the outer perimeter of the regulated area.

**Critical Barrier** - The barrier responsible for isolating the regulated area from adjacent spaces, typically constructed of plastic sheeting secured in place at openings such as doors, windows, or any other opening into the regulated area.

**Primary Barrier** - Barriers placed over critical barriers and exposed directly to abatement work.

**Secondary Barrier** - Any additional sheeting used to isolate and provide protection from debris during abatement work.

**Breathing zone** - The hemisphere forward of the shoulders with a radius of about 150 - 225 mm (6 - 9 inches) from the worker's nose.

**Bridging encapsulant** - An encapsulant that forms a layer on the surface of the ACM.

**Building/facility owner** - The legal entity, including a lessee, which exercises control over management and recordkeeping functions relating to a building and/or facility in which asbestos activities take place.

**Bulk testing** - The collection and analysis of suspect asbestos containing materials.

**Certified Industrial Hygienist (CIH)** - One certified in practice of industrial hygiene by the American Board of Industrial Hygiene. An industrial hygienist Certified in Comprehensive Practice by the American Board of Industrial Hygiene.

**Class I asbestos work** - Activities involving the removal of Thermal System Insulation (TSI) and surfacing ACM and Presumed Asbestos Containing Material (PACM).

04-30-13

**Class II asbestos work** - Activities involving the removal of ACM which is not thermal system insulation or surfacing material. This includes, but is not limited to, the removal of asbestos-containing wallboard, floor tile and sheeting, roofing and siding shingles, and construction mastic.

**Clean room/Changing room** - An uncontaminated room having facilities for the storage of employee's street clothing and uncontaminated materials and equipment.

**Clearance sample** - The final air sample taken after all asbestos work has been done and visually inspected.

Performed by the VA's industrial hygiene consultant (VPIH).

**Closely resemble** - The major workplace conditions which have contributed to the levels of historic asbestos exposure, are no more protective than conditions of the current workplace.

**Competent person** - In addition to the definition in 29 CFR 1926.32(f), one who is capable of identifying existing asbestos hazards in the workplace and selecting the appropriate control strategy for asbestos exposure, who has the authority to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate them, as specified in 29 CFR 1926.32(f); in addition, for Class I and II work who is specially trained in a training course which meets the criteria of EPA's Model Accreditation Plan (40 CFR 763) for supervisor.

**Contractor's Professional Industrial Hygienist (CPIH)** - The Contractor's industrial hygienist. The industrial hygienist must meet the qualification requirements of the PIH.

**Count** - Refers to the fiber count or the average number of fibers greater than five microns in length per cubic centimeter of air.

**Decontamination area/unit** - An enclosed area adjacent to and connected to the regulated area and consisting of an equipment room, shower room, and clean room, which is used for the decontamination of workers, materials, and equipment that are contaminated with asbestos.

**Demolition** - The wrecking or taking out of any load-supporting structural member and any related razing, removing, or stripping of asbestos products.

**Disposal bag** - Typically 6 mil thick siftproof, dustproof, leaktight container used to package and transport asbestos waste from regulated areas to the approved landfill. Each bag/container must be labeled/marked in accordance with EPA, OSHA and DOT requirements.

04-30-13

**Disturbance** - Activities that disrupt the matrix of ACM or PACM, crumble or pulverize ACM or PACM, or generate visible debris from ACM or PACM. Disturbance includes cutting away small amounts of ACM or PACM, no greater than the amount that can be contained in one standard sized glove bag or waste bag in order to access a building component. In no event shall the amount of ACM or PACM so disturbed exceed that which can be contained in one glove bag or disposal bag which shall not exceed 60 inches in length or width.

**Drum** - A rigid, impermeable container made of cardboard fiber, plastic, or metal which can be sealed in order to be siftproof, dustproof, and leaktight.

**Employee exposure** - The exposure to airborne asbestos that would occur if the employee were not wearing respiratory protection equipment.

**Encapsulant** - A material that surrounds or embeds asbestos fibers in an adhesive matrix and prevents the release of fibers.

**Encapsulation** - Treating ACM with an encapsulant.

**Enclosure** - The construction of an air tight, impermeable, permanent barrier around ACM to control the release of asbestos fibers from the material and also eliminate access to the material.

**Equipment room** - A contaminated room located within the decontamination area that is supplied with impermeable bags or containers for the disposal of contaminated protective clothing and equipment.

**Fiber** - A particulate form of asbestos, 5 microns or longer, with a length to width ratio of at least 3 to 1.

**Fibers per cubic centimeter (f/cc)** - Abbreviation for fibers per cubic centimeter, used to describe the level of asbestos fibers in air.

**Filter** - Media used in respirators, vacuums, or other machines to remove particulate from air.

**Firestopping** - Material used to close the open parts of a structure in order to prevent a fire from spreading.

**Friable asbestos containing material** - Any material containing more than 1 percent asbestos as determined using the method specified in Appendix A, Subpart F, 40 CFR 763, Section 1, Polarized Light Microscopy, that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

**Glovebag** - Not more than a 60 x 60 inch impervious plastic bag-like enclosure affixed around an asbestos-containing material, with glove-like appendages through which materials and tools may be handled.

04-30-13

**High efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filter** - A filter capable of trapping and retaining at least 99.97 percent of all mono-dispersed particles of 0.3 microns or greater in diameter.

**HEPA vacuum** - Vacuum collection equipment equipped with a HEPA filter system capable of collecting and retaining asbestos fibers.

**Homogeneous area** - An area of surfacing, thermal system insulation or miscellaneous ACM that is uniform in color, texture and date of application.

**HVAC** - Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning

**Industrial hygienist** - A professional qualified by education, training, and experience to anticipate, recognize, evaluate and develop controls for occupational health hazards. Meets definition requirements of the American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA).

**Industrial hygienist technician** - A person working under the direction of an IH or CIH who has special training, experience, certifications and licenses required for the industrial hygiene work assigned.

**Intact** - The ACM has not crumbled, been pulverized, or otherwise deteriorated so that the asbestos is no longer likely to be bound with its matrix.

**Lockdown** - Applying encapsulant, after a final visual inspection, on all abated surfaces at the conclusion of ACM removal prior to removal of critical barriers.

**National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP's)** - EPA's rule to control emissions of asbestos to the environment.

**Negative initial exposure assessment** - A demonstration by the employer which complies with the criteria in 29 CFR 1926.1101 (f)(2)(iii), that employee exposure during an operation is expected to be consistently below the PEL's.

**Negative pressure** - Air pressure which is lower than the surrounding area, created by exhausting air from a sealed regulated area through HEPA equipped filtration units. OSHA requires maintaining -0.02" water gauge inside the negative pressure enclosure.

**Negative pressure respirator** - A respirator in which the air pressure inside the facepiece is negative during inhalation relative to the air outside the respirator.

**Non-friable ACM** - Material that contains more than 1 percent asbestos but cannot be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

**Organic vapor cartridge** - The type of cartridge used on air purifying respirators for organic vapor exposures.

04-30-13

**Outside air** - The air outside buildings and structures, including, but not limited to, the air under a bridge or in an open ferry dock.

**Owner/operator** - Any person who owns, leases, operates, controls, or supervises the facility being demolished or renovated or any person who owns, leases, operates, controls, or supervises the demolition or renovation operation, or both.

**Penetrating encapsulant** - Encapsulant that is absorbed into the ACM matrix without leaving a surface layer.

**Personal sampling/monitoring** - Representative air samples obtained in the breathing zone of the person using a cassette and battery operated pump to determine asbestos exposure.

**Permissible exposure limit (PEL)** - The level of exposure OSHA allows for an 8 hour time weighted average. For asbestos fibers, the PEL is 0.1 fibers per cc.

**Polarized light microscopy (PLM)** - Light microscopy using dispersion staining techniques and refractive indices to identify and quantify the type(s) of asbestos present in a bulk sample.

**Polyethylene sheeting** - Strong plastic barrier material 4 to 6 mils thick, semi-transparent, sometimes flame retardant in compliance with NFPA 241.

**Positive/negative fit check** - A method of verifying the fit of a respirator by closing off the filters and breathing in or closing off the exhalation valve and breathing out while detecting leakage of the respirator.

**Presumed ACM (PACM)** - Thermal system insulation, surfacing, and flooring material installed in buildings prior to 1981. If the building owner has actual knowledge, or should have known through the exercise of due diligence that other materials are ACM, they too must be treated as PACM. The designation of PACM may be rebutted pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.1101 (k) (5).

**Professional IH** - An IH who meets the definition requirements of AIHA; meets the definition requirements of OSHA as a "Competent Person" at 29 CFR 1926.1101 (b); has completed two specialized EPA approved courses on management and supervision of asbestos abatement projects; has formal training in respiratory protection and waste disposal; and has a minimum of four projects of similar complexity with this project of which at least three projects serving as the supervisory IH.

04-30-13

**Project designer** - A person who has successfully completed the training requirements for an asbestos abatement project designer as required by 40 CFR 763 Appendix C, Part I; (B)(5).

**Protection factor** - A value assigned by OSHA/NIOSH to indicate the assigned protection a respirator should provide if worn properly. The number indicates the reduction of exposure level from outside to inside the respirator.

**Qualitative fit test (QLFT)** - A fit test using a challenge material that can be sensed by the wearer if leakage in the respirator occurs.

**Quantitative fit test (QNFT)** - A fit test using a challenge material which is quantified outside and inside the respirator thus allowing the determination of the actual fit factor.

**Regulated area** - An area established by the employer to demarcate where Class I, II, III asbestos work is conducted, and any adjoining area where debris and waste from such asbestos work may accumulate; and a work area within which airborne concentrations of asbestos exceed, or there is a reasonable possibility they may exceed the PEL.

**Regulated ACM (RACM)** - Friable ACM; Category I nonfriable ACM that has become friable; Category I nonfriable ACM that will be or has been subjected to sanding, grinding, cutting, or abrading or; Category II nonfriable ACM that has a high probability of becoming or has become crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by the forces expected to act on the material in the course of the demolition or renovation operation.

**Removal** - All operations where ACM, PACM and/or RACM is taken out or stripped from structures or substrates, including demolition operations.

**Renovation** - Altering a facility or one or more facility components in any way, including the stripping or removal of asbestos from a facility component which does not involve demolition activity.

**Repair** - Overhauling, rebuilding, reconstructing, or reconditioning of structures or substrates, including encapsulation or other repair of ACM or PACM attached to structures or substrates.

**Shower room** - The portion of the PDF where personnel shower before leaving the regulated area. Also used for bag/drum decontamination in the EDF.

**Standard operating procedures (SOP's)** - Asbestos work procedures required to be submitted by the contractor before work begins.

**Supplied air respirator (SAR)** - A respirator that utilizes an air supply separate from the air in the regulated area.

04-30-13

**Surfacing ACM** - A material containing more than 1 percent asbestos that is sprayed, troweled on or otherwise applied to surfaces for acoustical, fireproofing and other purposes.

**Surfactant** - A chemical added to water to decrease water's surface tension thus making it more penetrating into ACM.

**Thermal system ACM** - A material containing more than 1 percent asbestos applied to pipes, fittings, boilers, breeching, tanks, ducts, or other structural components to prevent heat loss or gain.

**Transmission electron microscopy (TEM)** - A microscopy method that can identify and count asbestos fibers.

**VA Industrial Hygienist (VPIH/CIH)** - Department of Veterans Affairs Professional Industrial Hygienist.

**VA Representative** - The VA official responsible for on-going project work.

**Visible emissions** - Any emissions, which are visually detectable without the aid of instruments, coming from ACM/PACM/RACM or ACM waste material.

**Waste/Equipment decontamination area (W/EDA)** - The area in which waste is packaged and equipment is decontaminated before removal from the regulated area.

**Waste generator** - Any owner or operator whose act or process produces asbestos-containing waste material.

**Waste shipment record** - The shipping document, required to be originated and signed by the waste generator, used to track and substantiate the disposition of asbestos-containing waste material.

**Wet cleaning** - The process of thoroughly eliminating, by wet methods, any asbestos contamination from surfaces or objects.

#### 1.10 REFERENCED STANDARDS ORGANIZATIONS

The following acronyms or abbreviations as referenced in contract/specification documents are defined to mean the associated names. Names and addresses may be subject to change.

- A. VA Department of Veterans Affairs  
810 Vermont Avenue, NW  
Washington, DC 20420
- B. AIHA American Industrial Hygiene Association  
2700 Prosperity Avenue, Suite 250  
Fairfax, VA 22031  
703-849-8888
- C. ANSI American National Standards Institute  
1430 Broadway

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

04-30-13

- New York, NY 10018  
212-354-3300
- D. ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials  
1916 Race St.  
Philadelphia, PA 19103  
215-299-5400
- E. CFR Code of Federal Regulations  
Government Printing Office  
Washington, DC 20420
- F. CGA Compressed Gas Association  
1235 Jefferson Davis Highway  
Arlington, VA 22202  
703-979-0900
- G. CS Commercial Standard of the National Institute of Standards and  
Technology (NIST)  
U. S. Department of Commerce  
Government Printing Office  
Washington, DC 20420
- H. EPA Environmental Protection Agency  
401 M St., SW  
Washington, DC 20460  
202-382-3949
- I. MIL-STD Military Standards/Standardization Division  
Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense  
Washington, DC 20420
- J. MSHA Mine Safety and Health Administration  
Respiratory Protection Division  
Ballston Tower #3  
Department of Labor  
Arlington, VA 22203  
703-235-1452
- K. NIST National Institute for Standards and Technology  
U. S. Department of Commerce  
Gaithersburg, MD 20234  
301-921-1000
- L. NEC National Electrical Code (by NFPA)
- M. NEMA National Electrical Manufacturer's Association  
2101 L Street, NW  
Washington, DC 20037

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

04-30-13

N. NFPA National Fire Protection Association

1 Batterymarch Park  
P.O. Box 9101  
Quincy, MA 02269-9101  
800-344-3555

O. NIOSH National Institutes for Occupational Safety and Health

4676 Columbia Parkway  
Cincinnati, OH 45226  
513-533-8236

P. OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

U.S. Department of Labor  
Government Printing Office  
Washington, DC 20402

Q. UL Underwriters Laboratory

333 Pfingsten Rd.  
Northbrook, IL 60062  
312-272-8800

R. USA United States Army

Army Chemical Corps  
Department of Defense  
Washington, DC 20420

**1.11 GENERAL APPLICABILITY OF CODES, REGULATIONS, AND STANDARDS**

- A. All work under this contract shall be done in strict accordance with all applicable Federal, State, and local regulations, standards and codes governing asbestos abatement, and any other trade work done in conjunction with the abatement. All applicable codes, regulations and standards are adopted into this specification and will have the same force and effect as this specification.
- B. The most recent edition of any relevant regulation, standard, document or code shall be in effect. Where conflict among the requirements or with these specifications exists, the most stringent requirement(s) shall be utilized.
- C. Copies of all standards, regulations, codes and other applicable documents, including this specification and those listed in Section 1.5 shall be available at the worksite in the clean change area of the worker decontamination system.

**1.12 CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITY**

The Contractor shall assume full responsibility and liability for compliance with all applicable Federal, State and Local regulations related to any and all aspects of the abatement project. The Contractor

04-30-13

is responsible for providing and maintaining training, accreditations, medical exams, medical records, personal protective equipment as required by applicable Federal, State and Local regulations. The contractor shall hold the VA and VPIH/CIH consultants harmless for any failure to comply with any applicable work, packaging, transporting, disposal, safety, health, or environmental requirement on the part of himself, his employees, or his subcontractors. The contractor will incur all costs of the CPIH, including all sampling/analytical costs to assure compliance with OSHA/EPA/State requirements.

#### **1.13 FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS**

Federal requirements which govern some aspect of asbestos abatement include, but are not limited to, the following regulations.

##### **A. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)**

1. Title 29 CFR 1926.1101 - Construction Standard for Asbestos
2. Title 29 CFR 1910.132 - Personal Protective Equipment
3. Title 29 CFR 1910.134 - Respiratory Protection
4. Title 29 CFR 1926 - Construction Industry Standards
5. Title 29 CFR 1910.20 - Access to Employee Exposure and Medical Records
6. Title 29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication
7. Title 29 CFR 1910.151 - Medical and First Aid

##### **B. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)**

1. 40 CFR 61 Subpart A and M (Revised Subpart B) - National Emission Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants - Asbestos.
2. 40 CFR 763.80 - Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act (AHERA)

##### **C. Department of Transportation (DOT)**

Title 49 CFR 100 - 185 - Transportation

#### **1.14 STATE REQUIREMENTS**

State requirements that apply to the asbestos abatement work, disposal, clearance, etc., include, but are not limited to, the following:

Wisconsin Administrative Code NR 447

Wisconsin State Statutes 285.11, 285.13, 285.17 and 285.27

Wisconsin Department of Health Services DHS 159

#### **1.15 STANDARDS**

- ##### **A. Standards which govern asbestos abatement activities include, but are not limited to, the following:**

04-30-13

1. American National Standards Institute (ANSI) Z9.2-79 - Fundamentals Governing the Design and Operation of Local Exhaust Systems Z88.2 - Practices for Respiratory Protection.
2. Underwriters Laboratories (UL) 586-90 - UL Standard for Safety of HEPA filter Units, 7th Edition.
- B. Standards which govern encapsulation work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  1. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
- C. Standards which govern the fire and safety concerns in abatement work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  1. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 241 - Standard for Safeguarding Construction, Alteration, and Demolition Operations.
  2. NFPA 701 - Standard Methods for Fire Tests for Flame Resistant Textiles and Film.
  3. NFPA 101 - Life Safety Code
- D. Resilient Floor Covering Institute (RFCI):  
Recommended work practices for Removal of Resilient Floor Coverings.

#### **1.16 EPA GUIDANCE DOCUMENTS**

- A. EPA guidance documents which discuss asbestos abatement work activities are listed below. These documents are made part of this section by reference. EPA publications can be ordered from (800) 424-9065.
- B. Guidance for Controlling ACM in Buildings (Purple Book) EPA 560/5-85-024
- C. Asbestos Waste Management Guidance EPA 530-SW-85-007
- D. A Guide to Respiratory Protection for the Asbestos Abatement Industry EPA-560-OPTS-86-001
- E. Guide to Managing Asbestos in Place (Green Book) TS 799 20T July 1990

#### **1.17 NOTICES**

- A. State and Local agencies: Send written notification as required by state and local regulations including the local fire department prior to beginning any work on ACM as follows:
- B. Copies of notifications shall be submitted to the VA for the facility's records in the same time frame notification is given to EPA, State, and Local authorities.

#### **1.18 PERMITS/LICENSES**

- A. The contractor shall apply for and have all required permits and licenses to perform asbestos abatement work as required by Federal, State, and Local regulations.

#### **1.19 POSTING AND FILING OF REGULATIONS**

- A. Maintain two (2) copies of applicable federal, state, and local regulations. Post one copy of each at the regulated area where workers will have daily access to the regulations and keep another copy in the Contractor's office.

#### **1.20 VA RESPONSIBILITIES**

Prior to commencement of work:

- A. Notify occupants adjacent to regulated areas of project dates and requirements for relocation, if needed. Arrangements must be made prior to starting work for relocation of desks, files, equipment and personal possessions to avoid unauthorized access into the regulated area. **Note: Notification of adjacent personnel is required by OSHA in 29 CFR 1926.1101 (k) to prevent unnecessary or unauthorized access to the regulated area.**
- B. Submit to the Contractor results of background air sampling; including location of samples, person who collected the samples, equipment utilized and method of analysis. During abatement, submit to the Contractor, results of bulk material analysis and air sampling data collected during the course of the abatement. This information shall not release the Contractor from any responsibility for OSHA compliance.

#### **1.21 SITE SECURITY**

- A. Regulated area access is to be restricted only to authorized, trained/accredited and protected personnel. These may include the Contractor's employees, employees of Subcontractors, VA employees and representatives, State and local inspectors, and any other designated individuals. A list of authorized personnel shall be established prior to commencing the project and be posted in the clean room of the decontamination unit.
- B. Entry into the regulated area by unauthorized individuals shall be reported immediately to the Competent Person by anyone observing the entry. The Competent person shall immediately notify the VA.
- C. A log book shall be maintained in the clean room of the decontamination unit. Anyone who enters the regulated area must record their name, affiliation, time in, and time out for each entry.
- D. Access to the regulated area shall be through of a critical barrier doorway. All other access (doors, windows, hallways, etc.) shall be sealed or locked to prevent entry to or exit from the regulated area. The only exceptions for this requirement are the waste/equipment load-out area which shall be sealed except during the removal of

04-30-13

containerized asbestos waste from the regulated area, and emergency exits. Emergency exits shall not be locked from the inside, however, they shall be sealed with poly sheeting and taped until needed.

- E. The Contractor's Competent Person shall control site security during abatement operations in order to isolate work in progress and protect adjacent personnel. A 24 hour security system shall be provided at the entrance to the regulated area to assure that all entrants are logged in/out and that only authorized personnel are allowed entrance.
- F. The Contractor will have the VA's assistance in notifying adjacent personnel of the presence, location and quantity of ACM in the regulated area and enforcement of restricted access by the VA's employees.
- G. The regulated area shall be locked during non-working hours and secured by VA security guards.

#### **1.22 EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN AND ARRANGEMENTS**

- A. An Emergency Action Plan shall be developed by the Contractor prior to commencing abatement activities and shall be agreed to by the Contractor and the VA. The Plan shall meet the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.38 (a); (b) .
- B. Emergency procedures shall be in written form and prominently posted and available in the regulated area. Everyone, prior to entering the regulated area, must read and sign these procedures to acknowledge understanding of the regulated area layout, location of emergency exits and emergency procedures.
- C. Emergency planning shall include written notification of police, fire, and emergency medical personnel of planned abatement activities; work schedule and layout of regulated area, particularly barriers that may affect response capabilities.
- D. Emergency planning shall include consideration of fire, explosion, hazardous atmospheres, electrical hazards, slips/trips and falls, confined spaces, and heat stress illness. Written procedures for response to emergency situations shall be developed and employee training in procedures shall be provided.
- E. Employees shall be trained in regulated area/site evacuation procedures in the event of workplace emergencies.
  - 1. For non life-threatening situations - employees injured or otherwise incapacitated shall decontaminate following normal procedures with assistance from fellow workers, if necessary, before exiting the regulated area to obtain proper medical treatment.
  - 2. For life-threatening injury or illness, worker decontamination shall take least priority after measures to stabilize the injured worker,

04-30-13

- remove them from the regulated area, and secure proper medical treatment.
- F. Telephone numbers of all emergency response personnel shall be prominently posted in the clean room, along with the location of the nearest telephone.
  - G. The Contractor shall provide verification of first aid/CPR training for personnel responsible for providing first aid/CPR. OSHA requires medical assistance within 3 minutes of a life-threatening injury/illness. Bloodborne Pathogen training shall also be verified for those personnel required to provide first aid/CPR.
  - H. The Emergency Action Plan shall provide for a Contingency Plan in the event that an incident occurs that may require the modification of the standard operating procedures during abatement. Such incidents include, but are not limited to, fire; accident; and power failure. The Contractor shall detail procedures to be followed in the event of an incident assuring that work is stopped and wetting is continued until correction of the problem.

#### **1.23 PRE-START MEETING**

Prior to commencing the work, the Contractor shall meet with the VPCIH to present and review, as appropriate, the items following this paragraph. The Contractor's Competent Person(s) who will be on-site shall participate in the pre-start meeting. The pre-start meeting is to discuss and determine procedures to be used during the project. At this meeting, the Contractor shall provide:

- A. Proof of Contractor licensing.
- B. Proof the Competent Person is trained and accredited and approved for working in this State. Verification of the experience of the Competent Person shall also be presented.
- C. A list of all workers who will participate in the project, including experience and verification of training and accreditation.
- D. A list of and verification of training for all personnel who have current first-aid/CPR training. A minimum of one person per shift must have adequate training.
- E. Current medical written opinions for all personnel working on-site meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (m).
- F. Current fit-tests for all personnel wearing respirators on-site meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (h) and Appendix C.
- G. A copy of the Contractor's Standard Operating Procedures for Class I Glovebag Asbestos Abatement. In these procedures, the following information must be detailed, specific for this project.

04-30-13

1. Regulated area preparation procedures;
  2. Notification requirements procedure of Contractor as required in 29 CFR 1926.1101 (d);
  3. and Decontamination procedures for employees;
  4. Class II abatement methods/procedures and equipment to be used;
  5. Personal protective equipment to be used;
- H. At this meeting the Contractor shall provide all submittals as required.
- I. Procedures for handling, packaging and disposal of asbestos waste.
- J. Emergency Action Plan and Contingency Plan procedures.

#### **1.24 PROJECT COORDINATION**

The following are the minimum administrative and supervisory personnel necessary for coordination of the work.

#### **1.25 PERSONNEL**

- A. Administrative and supervisory personnel shall consist of a qualified Competent Person as defined by OSHA in the Construction Standards and the Asbestos Construction Standard; Contractor Professional Industrial Hygienist and Industrial Hygiene Technicians. These employees are the Contractor's representatives responsible for compliance with these specifications and all other applicable requirements.
- B. Non-supervisory personnel shall consist of an adequate number of qualified personnel to meet the schedule requirements of the project. Personnel shall meet required qualifications. Personnel utilized on-site shall be pre-approved by the VA representative. A request for approval shall be submitted for any person to be employed during the project giving the person's name; qualifications; accreditation card with picture; Certificate of Worker's Acknowledgment; and Affidavit of Medical Surveillance and Respiratory Protection and current Respirator Fit Test.
- C. Minimum qualifications for Contractor and assigned personnel are:
1. The Contractor has conducted within the last three (3) years, three (3) projects of similar complexity and dollar value as this project; has not been cited and penalized for serious violations of asbestos regulations in the past three (3) years; has adequate liability/occurrence insurance for asbestos work; is licensed in applicable states; has adequate and qualified personnel available to complete the work; has comprehensive standard operating procedures for asbestos work; has adequate materials, equipment and supplies to perform the work.
  2. The Competent Person has four (4) years of abatement experience of which two (2) years were as the Competent Person on the project;

04-30-13

- meets the OSHA definition of a Competent Person; has been the Competent Person on two (2) projects of similar size and complexity as this project; has completed EPA AHERA/OSHA/State/Local training requirements/accreditation(s) and refreshers; and has all required OSHA documentation related to medical and respiratory protection.
3. The Contractor Professional Industrial Hygienist (CPIH) shall have five (5) years of monitoring experience and supervision of asbestos abatement projects; has participated as senior IH on five (5) abatement projects, three (3) of which are similar in size and complexity as this project; has developed at least one complete standard operating procedure for asbestos abatement; has trained abatement personnel for three (3) years; has specialized EPA AHERA/OSHA training in asbestos abatement management, respiratory protection, waste disposal and asbestos inspection; has completed the NIOSH 582 Course, Contractor/Supervisor course; and has appropriate medical/respiratory protection records/documentation.
  4. The Abatement Personnel shall have completed the EPA AHERA/OSHA abatement worker course; have training on the standard operating procedures of the Contractor; has one year of asbestos abatement experience; has applicable medical and respiratory protection documentation; has certificate of training/current refresher and State accreditation/license.

#### **1.26 GENERAL - RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAM**

The Contractor shall develop and implement a Respiratory Protection Program (RPP) which is in compliance with the January 8, 1998 OSHA requirements found at 29 CFR 1926.1101 and 29 CFR 1910.132;134. ANSI Standard Z88.2-1992 provides excellent guidance for developing a respiratory protection program. All respirators used must be NIOSH approved for asbestos abatement activities. The written respiratory protection shall, at a minimum, contain the basic requirements found at 29 CFR 1910.134 (c)(1)(i - ix) - Respiratory Protection Program.

#### **1.27 RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAM COORDINATOR**

The Respiratory Protection Program Coordinator (RPPC) must be identified and shall have two (2) years experience coordinating the program. The RPPC must provide a signed statement attesting to the fact that the program meets the above requirements.

#### **1.28 SELECTION AND USE OF RESPIRATORS**

The procedure for the selection and use of respirators must be submitted to the VA as part of the Contractor's qualification. The procedure must

04-30-13

written clearly enough for workers to understand. A copy of the Respiratory Protection Program must be available in the clean room of the decontamination unit for reference by employees or authorized visitors.

#### **1.29 MINIMUM RESPIRATORY PROTECTION**

Minimum respiratory protection shall be a half face, HEPA filtered, air purifying respirator when fiber levels are maintained consistently at or below 0.1 f/cc. A higher level of respiratory protection may be provided or required, depending on fiber levels. Respirator selection shall meet the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (h); Table 1, except as indicated in this paragraph. Abatement personnel must have a respirator for their exclusive use.

#### **1.30 MEDICAL WRITTEN OPINION**

No employee shall be allowed to wear a respirator unless a physician has determined they are capable of doing so and has issued a current written opinion for that person.

#### **1.31 RESPIRATOR FIT TEST**

All personnel wearing respirators shall have a current qualitative/quantitative fit test which was conducted in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 (f) and Appendix A. Fit tests shall be done for PAPR's which have been put into a failure mode.

#### **1.32 RESPIRATOR FIT CHECK**

The Competent Person shall assure that the positive/negative fit check is done each time the respirator is donned by an employee. Headcoverings must cover respirator headstraps. Any situation that prevents an effective facepiece to face seal as evidenced by failure of a fit check shall preclude that person from wearing a respirator until resolution of the problem.

#### **1.33 MAINTENANCE AND CARE OF RESPIRATORS**

The Respiratory Protection Program Coordinator shall submit evidence and documentation showing compliance with 29 CFR 1910.134 (h) Maintenance and care of respirators.

#### **1.34 TRAINING OF ABATEMENT PERSONNEL**

Prior to beginning any abatement activity, all personnel shall be trained in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101 (k)(9) and any additional State/Local requirements. Training must include, at a minimum, the elements listed at 29 CFR 1926.1101 (k)(9)(viii). Training shall have been conducted by a third party, EPA/State approved trainer meeting the requirements of EPA 40 CFR 763 Appendix C (AHERA MAP).

04-30-13

Initial training certificates and current refresher and accreditation proof must be submitted for each person working at the site.

#### **1.35 MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS**

Medical examinations meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (m) shall be provided for all personnel working in the regulated area, regardless of exposure levels. The physician's written opinion as required by 29 CFR 1926.1101 (m)(4) shall be provided for each person and shall include in the opinion the person has been evaluated for working in a heat stress environment while wearing personal protective equipment and is able to perform the work.

#### **1.36 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT**

Provide whole body clothing, head coverings, foot coverings and any other personal protective equipment as determined by conducting the hazard assessment required by OSHA at 29 CFR 1910.132 (d). The Competent Person shall ensure the integrity of personal protective equipment worn for the duration of the project. Duct tape shall be used to secure all suit sleeves to wrists and to secure foot coverings at the ankle.

#### **1.37 REGULATED AREA ENTRY PROCEDURE**

Worker protection shall meet the most stringent requirements. The Competent Person shall ensure that each time workers enter the regulated area, they remove ALL street clothes in the clean room of the decontamination unit and put on new disposable coveralls, head coverings, a clean respirator, and then proceed through the shower room to the equipment room where they put on non-disposable required personal protective equipment.

#### **1.38 DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURE**

The Competent Person shall require all personnel to adhere to following decontamination procedures whenever they leave the regulated area.

- A. When exiting the regulated area, remove all disposable PPE and dispose of in a disposal bag provided in the regulated area.
- B. Carefully decontaminate and clean the respirator. Put in a clean container/bag.

#### **1.39 REGULATED AREA REQUIREMENTS**

The Competent Person shall meet all requirements of 29 CFR 1926.1101 (o) and assure that all requirements for Class I glovebag regulated areas at 29 CFR 1926.1101 (e) are met applicable to Class II work. All personnel in the regulated area shall not be allowed to eat, drink, smoke, chew

04-30-13

tobacco or gum, apply cosmetics, or in any way interfere with the fit of their respirator.

#### **1.40 DESCRIPTION**

Provide each regulated area with a fiber drum with a disposal bag in it for personnel waste materials.

#### **1.41 WASTE/EQUIPMENT DECONTAMINATION AREA (W/EDA)**

The Competent Person shall provide a W/EDA for removal of all waste, equipment and contaminated material from the regulated area.

#### **1.42 WASTE/EQUIPMENT DECONTAMINATION PROCEDURES**

Contain all waste in 6 mil poly bags. Clean/decontaminate bags and pass through a double 6 mil flap doorway into another bag or fiber drum. Remove to disposal dumpster/gondola/vehicle. At no time shall unprotected personnel from the clean side be allowed to enter the regulated area.

### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

#### **2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS (ALL ABATEMENT PROJECTS)**

Prior to the start of work, the Contractor shall provide and maintain a sufficient quantity of materials and equipment to assure continuous and efficient work throughout the duration of the project. Work shall not start unless the following items have been delivered to the site and the CPIH has submitted verification to the VA's representative to this effect:

- A. All materials shall be delivered in their original package, container or bundle bearing the name of the manufacturer and the brand name (where applicable).
- B. Store all materials subject to damage off the ground, away from wet or damp surfaces and under cover sufficient enough to prevent damage or contamination. Flammable materials cannot be stored inside buildings. Replacement materials shall be stored outside of the regulated/work area until abatement is completed.
- C. The Contractor shall not block or hinder use of buildings by patients, staff, and visitors to the VA in partially occupied buildings by placing materials/equipment in any unauthorized place.
- D. The Competent Person shall inspect for damaged, deteriorating or previously used materials. Such materials shall not be used and shall be removed from the worksite and disposed of properly.
- D. Poly sheeting for critical barriers/floors in the regulated area shall be 6 mil.

04-30-13

- F. If required, the method of attaching polyethylene sheeting shall be agreed upon in advance by the Contractor and the VA and selected to minimize damage to equipment and surfaces.
- G. An adequate number of infra-red heating units, HEPA vacuums, scrapers, sprayers, nylon brushes, brooms, disposable mops, rags, sponges, staple guns, shovels, ladders and scaffolding of suitable height and length as well as meeting OSHA requirements shall be provided. Fall protection devices, water hose to reach all areas in the regulated area, airless spray equipment, and any other tools, materials or equipment required to conduct the abatement project shall also be provided. All electrically operated hand tools, equipment, electric cords shall be equipped with GFCI protection.
- H. Special protection for objects in the regulated area shall be detailed. (e.g., plywood over carpeting or hardwood floors to prevent damage from scaffolds, water, and falling material.)
- I. Impermeable fiberboard drums and disposal bags 2 layers of 6 mil, for asbestos waste shall be pre-printed with labels, markings and address as required by OSHA, EPA and DOT regulations.
- J. The VA shall be provided a copy of the MSDS as required for all hazardous chemicals under OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication. Chlorinated compounds shall not be used with any spray adhesive or other product. Appropriate encapsulant(s) shall be provided.
- K. OSHA DANGER demarcation signs, as many and as required by OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101(k)(7) shall be provided and placed by the Competent Person. All other posters and notices required by Federal and State regulations shall be posted in the Clean Room.
- L. Adequate and appropriate PPE for the project and number of personnel/shifts shall be provided. All personal protective equipment issued must be based on a hazard assessment conducted under 29 CFR 1910.132(d).

## **2.2 CONTAINMENT BARRIERS AND COVERINGS IN THE REGULATED AREA**

- A. Using critical barriers, seal off the perimeter to the regulated area to completely isolate the regulated area from adjacent spaces. All horizontal surfaces, as required, in the regulated area must be covered with 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly to prevent contamination and to facilitate clean-up. Should adjacent areas become contaminated, immediately stop work and clean up the contamination at no additional cost to the Government. Provide firestopping and identify all fire barrier penetrations due to abatement work as specified in Section

04-30-13

2.2.8; Section 07 84 00, FIRESTOPPING. 2.2.2 PREPARATION PRIOR TO  
SEALING THE REGULATED AREA

- B. Place all tools, scaffolding, materials and equipment needed for working in the regulated area prior to erecting any plastic sheeting. Remove all uncontaminated removable furniture, equipment and/or supplies from the regulated area before commencing work, or completely cover with two layers of 6-mil fire retardant poly sheeting and secure with duct tape. Lock out and tag out any HVAC systems in the regulated area.

### **2.3 CONTROLLING ACCESS TO THE REGULATED AREA**

Access to the regulated area is allowed only through the personnel decontamination facility (PDF), if required. All other means of access shall be eliminated and OSHA DANGER demarcation signs posted as required by OSHA. If the regulated area is adjacent to or within view of an occupied area, provide a visual barrier of 6 mil opaque fire retardant poly sheeting to prevent building occupant observation. If the adjacent area is accessible to the public, the barrier must be solid.

### **2.4 CRITICAL BARRIERS**

Completely separate any openings into the regulated area from adjacent areas using fire retardant poly at least 6 mils thick and duct tape. Individually seal with two layers of 6 mil poly and duct tape all HVAC openings into the regulated area. Individually seal all lighting fixtures, clocks, doors, windows, convectors, speakers, or any other objects in the regulated area. Heat must be shut off any objects covered with poly.

### **2.5 SECONDARY BARRIERS**

A loose layer of 6 mil fire retardant poly shall be used as a drop cloth to protect the floor/horizontal surfaces from debris generated during the Class II work, except for floor tile abatement. This layer shall be replaced as needed during the work.

### **2.6 EXTENSION OF THE REGULATED AREA**

If the enclosure of the regulated area is breached in any way that could allow contamination to occur, the affected area shall be included in the regulated area and constructed as per this section. If the affected area cannot be added to the regulated area, decontamination measures must be started immediately and continue until air monitoring indicates background levels are met.

04-30-13

## **2.7 FIRESTOPPING**

- A. Through penetrations caused by cables, cable trays, pipes, sleeves must be firestopped with a fire-rated firestop system providing an air tight seal.
- B. Firestop materials that are not equal to the wall or ceiling penetrated shall be brought to the attention of the VA Representative. The Contractor shall list all areas of penetration, the type of sealant used, and whether or not the location is fire rated. Any discovery of penetrations during abatement shall be brought to the attention of the VA Representative immediately. All walls, floors and ceilings are considered fire rated unless otherwise determined by the VA Representative or Fire Marshall.
- C. Any visible openings whether or not caused by a penetration shall be reported by the Contractor to the VA Representative for a sealant system determination. Firestops shall meet ASTM E814 and UL 1479 requirements for the opening size, penetrant, and fire rating needed.

## **2.8 MONITORING, INSPECTION AND TESTING**

- A. Perform throughout abatement work monitoring, inspection and testing inside and around the regulated area in accordance with the OSHA requirements and these specifications. The CPIH shall periodically inspect and oversee the performance of the Contractor IH Technician. The IH Technician shall continuously inspect and monitor conditions inside the regulated area to ensure compliance with these specifications. In addition, the CPIH shall personally manage air sample collection, analysis, and evaluation for personnel, regulated area, and adjacent area samples to satisfy OSHA requirements. Additional inspection and testing requirements are also indicated in other parts of this specification.
- B. The VA will employ an independent industrial hygienist (VPIH/CIH) consultant and/or use its own IH to perform various services on behalf of the VA. The VPIH/CIH will perform the necessary monitoring, inspection, testing, and other support services to ensure that VA patients, employees, and visitors will not be adversely affected by the abatement work, and that the abatement work proceeds in accordance with these specifications, that the abated areas or abated buildings have been successfully decontaminated. The work of the VPIH/CIH consultant in no way relieves the Contractor from their responsibility to perform the work in accordance with contract/specification requirements, to perform continuous inspection, monitoring and testing for the safety of their employees, and to perform other such services as specified. The cost of

04-30-13

the VPIH/CIH and their services will be borne by the VA except for any repeat of final inspection and testing that may be required due to unsatisfactory initial results. Any repeated final inspections and/or testing, if required, will be paid for by the Contractor.

- C. If fibers counted by the VPIH/CIH during abatement work inside the regulated area, utilizing the NIOSH 7400 air monitoring method, exceed 0.05 f/cc, the Contractor shall stop work. If fiber levels exceed 0.01 f/cc outside the regulated area, the Contractor shall stop work. The Contractor may request confirmation of the results by analysis of the samples by TEM. Request must be in writing and submitted to the VA's representative. Cost for the confirmation of results will be borne by the Contractor for both the collection and analysis of samples and for the time delay that may/does result for this confirmation. Confirmation sampling and analysis will be the responsibility of the CPIH with review and approval of the VPIH/CIH. An agreement between the CPIH and the VPIH/CIH shall be reached on the exact details of the confirmation effort, in writing, including such things as the number of samples, location, collection, quality control on-site, analytical laboratory, interpretation of results and any follow-up actions. This written agreement shall be co-signed by the IH's and delivered to the VA's representative.

## **2.9 SCOPE OF SERVICES OF THE VPIH/CIH CONSULTANT**

- A. The purpose of the work of the VPIH/CIH is to: assure quality; resolve problems; and prevent the spread of contamination beyond the regulated area. In addition, their work includes performing the final inspection and testing to determine whether the regulated area or building has been adequately decontaminated. All air monitoring is to be done utilizing PCM/TEM. The VPIH/CIH will perform the following tasks:
1. Task 1: Establish background levels before abatement begins by collecting background samples. Retain samples for possible TEM analysis.
  2. Task 2: Perform continuous air monitoring, inspection, and testing outside the regulated area during actual abatement work to detect any faults in the regulated area isolation and any adverse impact on the surroundings from regulated area activities.
  3. Task 3: Perform unannounced visits to spot check overall compliance of work with contract/specifications. These visits may include any inspection, monitoring, and testing inside and outside the regulated area and all aspects of the operation except personnel monitoring.

04-30-13

4. Task 4: Provide support to the VA representative such as evaluation of submittals from the Contractor, resolution of unforeseen developments, etc.
  5. Task 5: Perform, in the presence of the VA representative, final inspection and testing of a decontaminated regulated area or building at the conclusion of the abatement and clean-up work to certify compliance with all regulations and the VA requirements/specifications.
  6. Task 6: Issue certificate of decontamination for each regulated area or building and project report.
- B. All documentation, inspection results and testing results generated by the VPIH/CIH will be available to the Contractor for information and consideration. The Contractor shall cooperate with and support the VPIH/CIH for efficient and smooth performance of their work.
- C. The monitoring and inspection results of the VPIH/CIH will be used by the VA to issue any Stop Removal orders to the Contractor during abatement work and to accept or reject a regulated area or building as decontaminated.
- D. All air sampling and analysis data will be recorded on VA Form 10-0018.

#### **2.10 MONITORING, INSPECTION AND TESTING BY CONTRACTOR CPIH**

The CPIH is responsible for managing all monitoring, inspections, and testing required by these specifications, as well as any and all regulatory requirements adopted by these specifications. The CPIH is responsible for the continuous monitoring of all subsystems and procedures which could affect the health and safety of the Contractor's personnel. Safety and health conditions and the provision of those conditions inside the regulated area for all persons entering the regulated area is the exclusive responsibility of the Contractor /Competent Person. The person performing the personnel and area air monitoring inside the regulated area shall be an IH Technician, who shall be trained and shall have specialized field experience in air sampling and analysis. The IH Technician shall have a NIOSH 582 Course or equivalent and show proof. The IH Technician shall participate in the AIHA Asbestos Analysis Registry or participate in the Proficiency Analytic Testing program of AIHA for fiber counting quality control assurance. The IH Technician shall also be an accredited EPA/State Contractor/Supervisor and Building Inspector. The IH Technician shall have participated in five abatement projects collecting personal and area samples as well as responsibility for documentation. The analytic laboratory used by the Abatement Contractor to analyze the samples shall

04-30-13

be AIHA accredited for asbestos PAT. A daily log documenting all OSHA requirements for air monitoring for asbestos in 29 CFR 1926.1101(f), (g) and Appendix A. This log shall be made available to the VA representative and the VPIH/CIH. The log will contain, at a minimum, information on personnel or area sampled, other persons represented by the sample, the date of sample collection, start and stop times for sampling, sample volume, flow rate, and fibers/cc. The CPIH shall collect and analyze samples for each representative job being done in the regulated area, i.e., removal, wetting, clean-up, and load-out. No fewer than two personal samples per shift shall be collected and one area sample per 1,000 square feet of regulated area where abatement is taking place and one sample per shift in the clean room area shall be collected. In addition to the continuous monitoring required, the CPIH will perform inspection and testing at the final stages of abatement for each regulated area as specified in the CPIH responsibilities.

## **2.11 STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES**

The Contractor shall have established Standard Operating Procedures (SOP's) in printed form and loose leaf folder consisting of simplified text, diagrams, sketches, and pictures that establish and explain clearly the ways and procedures to be followed during all phases of the work by the contractor's personnel. The SOP's must be modified as needed to address specific requirements of the project. The SOP's shall be submitted for review and approval prior to the start of any abatement work. The minimum topics and areas to be covered by the SOP's are:

- A. Minimum Personnel Qualifications
- B. Contingency Plans and Arrangements
- C. Security and Safety Procedures
- D. Respiratory Protection/Personal Protective Equipment Program and Training
- E. Medical Surveillance Program and Recordkeeping
- F. Regulated Area Requirements for Class II work
- G. Decontamination Facilities and Entry/Exit Procedures (PDF and W/EDF)
- H. Monitoring, Inspections, and Testing
- I. Removal Procedures for Class II Materials
- J. Disposal of ACM Waste
- K. Regulated Area Decontamination/Clean-up
- L. Regulated Area Visual and Air Clearance
- M. Project Completion/Closeout

04-30-13

## **2.12 PRE-START MEETING SUBMITTALS**

Submit to the VA a minimum of 14 days prior to the pre-start meeting the following for review and approval. Meeting this requirement is a prerequisite for the pre-start meeting for this project.

- A. Submit a detailed work schedule for the entire project reflecting contract documents and the phasing/schedule requirements from the CPM chart.
- B. Submit a staff organization chart showing all personnel who will be working on the project and their capacity/function. Provide their qualifications, training, accreditations, and licenses, as appropriate. Provide a copy of the "Certificate of Worker's Acknowledgment" and the "Affidavit of Medical Surveillance and Respiratory Protection" for each person.
- C. Submit Standard Operating Procedures developed specifically for this project, incorporating the requirements of the specifications, prepared, signed and dated by the CPIH.
- D. Submit the specifics of the materials and equipment to be used for this project with brand names, model numbers, performance characteristics, pictures/diagrams, and number available for the following:
  1. HEPA vacuums, air monitoring pumps, calibration devices, infrared heating machines, and emergency power generating system.
  2. Encapsulants, surfactants, hand held sprayers, airless sprayers, fire extinguishers.
  3. Personal protective equipment.
  4. Fire safety equipment to be used in the regulated area.
- E. Submit the name, location, and phone number of the approved landfill; proof/verification the landfill is approved for ACM disposal; the landfill's requirements for ACM waste; the type of vehicle to be used for transportation; and name, address, and phone number of subcontractor, if used. Proof of asbestos training for transportation personnel shall be provided.
- F. Submit required notifications and arrangements made with regulatory agencies having regulatory jurisdiction and the specific contingency/emergency arrangements made with local health, fire, ambulance, hospital authorities and any other notifications/arrangements.
- G. Submit the name, location and verification of the laboratory and/or personnel to be used for analysis of air and/or bulk samples. Air monitoring must be done in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101(f) and Appendix A.

04-30-13

- H. Submit qualifications verification: Submit the following evidence of qualifications. Make sure that all references are current and verifiable by providing current phone numbers and documentation.
1. Asbestos Abatement Company: Project experience within the past 3 years; listing projects first most similar to this project:  
Project Name; Type of Abatement; Duration; Cost; Reference Name/Phone Number; Final Clearance; Completion Date
  2. List of project(s) halted by owner, A/E, IH, regulatory agency in the last 3 years:  
Project Name; Reason; Date; Reference Name/Number; Resolution
  3. List asbestos regulatory citations, penalties, damages paid and legal actions taken against the company in the last 3 years. Provide copies and all information needed for verification.
- I. Submit information on personnel: Provide a resume; address each item completely; provide references; phone numbers; copies of certificates, accreditations, and licenses. Submit an affidavit signed by the CPIH stating that all personnel submitted below have medical records in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101(m) and 29 CFR 1910.20 and that the company has implemented a medical surveillance program and maintains recordkeeping in accordance with the above regulations. Submit the phone number and doctor/clinic/hospital used for medical evaluations.
1. CPIH: Name; years of abatement experience; list of projects similar to this one; certificates, licenses, accreditations for proof of AHERA/OSHA specialized asbestos training; professional affiliations; number of workers trained; samples of training materials; samples of SOP's developed; medical opinion; current respirator fit test.
  2. Competent Person(s)/Supervisor(s): Number; names; years of abatement experience as Competent Person/Supervisor; list of similar projects as Competent Person/Supervisor; as a worker; certificates, licenses, accreditations; proof of AHERA/OSHA specialized asbestos training; maximum number of personnel supervised on a project; medical opinion; current respirator fit test.
  3. Workers: Numbers; names; years of abatement experience; certificates, licenses, accreditations; training courses in asbestos abatement and respiratory protection; medical opinion; current respirator fit test.
- J. Submit copies of State license for asbestos abatement; copy of insurance policy, including exclusions with a letter from agent stating in plain English the coverage provided and the fact that asbestos abatement activities are covered by the policy; copy of SOP's incorporating the requirements of this specification; information on who provides your

04-30-13

training, how often; who provides medical surveillance, how often; who does and how is air monitoring conducted; a list of references of independent laboratories/IH's familiar with your air monitoring and standard operating procedures; copies of monitoring results of the five referenced projects listed and analytical method(s) used.

- K. When rental equipment is to be used in regulated areas or used to transport asbestos waste, the contractor shall assure complete decontamination of the rental equipment before return to the rental agency.

## **2.13 SUBMITTALS DURING ABATEMENT**

- A. The Competent Person shall maintain and submit a daily log at the regulated area documenting the dates and times of the following: purpose, attendees and summary of meetings; all personnel entering/exiting the regulated area; document and discuss the resolution of unusual events such as critical barrier breeching, equipment failures, emergencies, and any cause for stopping work; representative air monitoring and results/TWA's/EL's. Submit this daily log to VA's representative.
- B. The CPIH shall document and maintain the following during abatement and submit as appropriate to the VA's representative.
1. Inspection and approval of the regulated area preparation prior to start of work and daily during work.
  2. Removal of any poly critical/floor barriers.
  3. Visual inspection/testing by the CPIH.
  4. Packaging and removal of ACM waste from regulated area.
  5. Disposal of ACM waste materials; copies of Waste Shipment Records/landfill receipts to the VA's representative on a weekly basis.

## **2.14 SUBMITTALS AT COMPLETION OF ABATEMENT**

The CPIH shall submit a project report consisting of the daily log book requirements and documentation of events during the abatement project including Waste Shipment Records signed by the landfill's agent. The report shall include a certificate of completion, signed and dated by the CPIH, in accordance with Attachment #1. The VA Representative will forward the abatement report to the Medical Center after completion of the project.

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### **3.1 PRE-ABATEMENT MEETING**

The VA representative, upon receipt, review, and substantial approval of all pre-abatement submittals and verification by the CPIH that all materials and equipment required for the project are on the site, will arrange for a pre-abatement meeting between the Contractor, the CPIH, Competent Person(s), the VA representative(s), and the VPIH/CIH. The purpose of the meeting is to discuss any aspect of the submittals needing clarification or amplification and to discuss any aspect of the project execution and the sequence of the operation. The Contractor shall be prepared to provide any supplemental information/ documentation to the VA's representative regarding any submittals, documentation, materials or equipment. Upon satisfactory resolution of any outstanding issues, the VA's representative will issue a written order to proceed to the Contractor. No abatement work of any kind described in the following provisions shall be initiated prior to the VA written order to proceed.

#### **3.2 PRE-ABATEMENT INSPECTIONS AND PREPARATIONS**

Before any work begins on the construction of the regulated area, the Contractor will:

- A. Conduct a space-by-space inspection with an authorized VA representative and prepare a written inventory of all existing damage in those spaces where asbestos abatement will occur. Still or video photography may be used to supplement the written damage inventory. Document will be signed and certified as accurate by both parties.
- B. The VA Representative, the Contractor, and the VPIH/CIH must be aware of 10/95 A/E Quality Alert indicating the failure to identify asbestos as applicable to glovebag abatement in the areas listed. Make sure these areas are looked at/reviewed on the project:  
Lay-in ceilings concealing ACM; ACM behind walls/windows from previous renovations; inside chases/walls; transite piping/ductwork/sheets; behind radiators; below window sills; water/sewer lines; electrical conduit coverings; steam line trench coverings.
- C. Clean and remove or properly protect from contamination all furniture, machinery, equipment, curtains, drapes, blinds, and other movable objects which the Contractor is required to remove from the regulated area.
- D. Shut down and seal with a minimum of 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly all HVAC systems and critical openings in the regulated area. The regulated area critical barriers shall completely isolate the regulated

04-30-13

area from any other air in the building. The VA's representative will monitor the isolation provision.

- E. Shut down and lock out in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.147 all electrical circuits which pose a potential hazard. Electrical arrangements will be tailored to the particular regulated area and the systems involved. All electrical circuits affected will be turned off at the circuit box outside the regulated area, not just the wall switch. The goal is to eliminate the potential for electrical shock which is a major threat to life in the regulated area due to water use and possible energized circuits. Electrical lines used to power equipment in the regulated area shall conform to all electrical safety standards and shall be isolated by the use of a ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI). All GFCI shall be tested prior to use. The VA's representative will monitor the electrical shutdown.
- F. If required, remove and dispose of carpeting from floors in the regulated area.
- G. Inspect existing firestopping in the regulated area. Correct as needed.

### **3.3 PRE-ABATEMENT CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATIONS**

- A. Perform all preparatory work for the first regulated area in accordance with the approved work schedule and with this specification.
- B. Upon completion of all preparatory work, the CPIH will inspect the work and systems and will notify the VA's representative when the work is completed in accordance with this specification. The VA's representative may inspect the regulated area and the systems with the VPIH/CIH and may require that upon satisfactory inspection, Contractor's employees perform all major aspects of the approved SOP's, especially worker protection, respiratory systems, contingency plans, decontamination procedures, and monitoring to demonstrate satisfactory operation.
- C. The CPIH shall document the pre-abatement activities described above and deliver a copy to the VA's representative.
- D. Upon satisfactory inspection of the installation of and operation of systems the VA's representative will notify the Contractor in writing to proceed with the Class II asbestos abatement work in accordance with this specification.

### **3.4 OSHA DANGER SIGNS**

Post OSHA DANGER signs meeting the specifications of OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101 at any location and approaches to the regulated area where airborne concentrations of asbestos may exceed ambient background levels. Signs shall be posted at a distance sufficiently far enough away from the regulated area to permit any personnel to read the sign and

04-30-13

take the necessary measures to avoid exposure. Additional signs will be posted following construction of the regulated area enclosure.

### **3.5 SHUT DOWN - LOCK OUT ELECTRICAL**

Shut down and lock out electric power to the regulated area. Provide temporary power and lighting. Insure safe installation including GFCI of temporary power sources and equipment by compliance with all applicable electrical code requirements and OSHA requirements for temporary electrical systems. Electricity shall be provided by the VA.

### **3.6 SHUT DOWN - LOCK OUT HVAC**

Shut down and lock out heating, cooling, and air conditioning system (HVAC) components that are in, supply or pass through the regulated area. Investigate the regulated area and agree on pre-abatement condition with the VA's representative. Seal all intake and exhaust vents in the regulated area with duct tape and 2 layers of 6-mil poly. Also, seal any seams in system components that pass through the regulated area. Remove all contaminated HVAC system filters and place in labeled 6 mil poly disposal bags for disposal as asbestos waste.

### **3.7 SANITARY FACILITIES**

The Contractor shall provide sanitary facilities for abatement personnel and maintain them in a clean and sanitary condition throughout the abatement project.

### **3.8 WATER FOR ABATEMENT**

The VA will provide water for abatement purposes. The Contractor shall connect to the existing VA system. The service to the shower(s) shall be supplied with backflow prevention.

### **3.9 PRE-CLEANING MOVABLE OBJECTS**

Pre-clean all movable objects within the regulated area using a HEPA filtered vacuum and/or wet cleaning methods as appropriate. After cleaning, these objects shall be removed from the regulated area and carefully stored in an uncontaminated location.

### **3.10 PRE-CLEANING FIXED OBJECTS**

Pre-clean all fixed objects in the regulated area using HEPA filtered vacuums and/or wet cleaning techniques as appropriate. Careful attention must be paid to machinery behind grills or gratings where access may be difficult but contamination may be significant. Also, pay particular attention to wall, floor and ceiling penetration behind fixed items. After precleaning, enclose fixed objects with 2 layers of 6-mil poly and seal securely in place with duct tape. Objects (e.g., permanent fixtures, shelves, electronic equipment, laboratory tables, sprinklers,

04-30-13

alarm systems, closed circuit TV equipment and computer cables) which must remain in the regulated area and that require special ventilation or enclosure requirements should be designated here along with specified means of protection. Contact the manufacturer for special protection requirements.

### **3.11 PRE-CLEANING SURFACES IN THE REGULATED AREA**

Pre-clean all surfaces in the regulated area using HEPA filtered vacuums and/or wet cleaning methods as appropriate. Do not use any methods that would raise dust such as dry sweeping or vacuuming with equipment not equipped with HEPA filters. Do not disturb asbestos-containing materials during this pre-cleaning phase.

### **3.12 CONTAINMENT BARRIERS AND COVERINGS FOR THE REGULATED AREA**

Seal off any openings at the perimeter of the regulated area with critical barriers to completely isolate the regulated area and to contain all airborne asbestos contamination created by the abatement activities. Should the adjacent area past the regulated area become contaminated due to improper work activities, the Contractor shall suspend work inside the regulated area, continue wetting, and clean the adjacent areas in accordance with procedures described in these specifications. Any and all costs associated with the adjacent area cleanup shall not be borne by the VA.

### **3.13 PREPARATION PRIOR TO SEALING OFF**

Place all infrared machines, materials, equipment and supplies necessary to isolate the regulated area inside the regulated area. Remove all movable material/equipment as described above and secure all unmovable material/equipment as described above. Properly secured material/equipment shall be considered to be outside the regulated area.

### **3.14 CONTROLLING ACCESS TO THE REGULATED AREA**

Access to the regulated area shall be permitted only by the competent person. All other means of access shall be closed off by proper sealing and OSHA DANGER demarcation signs posted on the clean side of the regulated area where it is adjacent to or within view of any occupiable area. An opaque visual barrier of 6 mil poly shall be provided so that the abatement work is not visible to any building occupants. If the area adjacent to the regulated area is accessible to the public, construct a solid barrier on the public side of the sheeting for protection and isolation of the project. The barrier shall be constructed with normal 2" x 4" (50mm x 100mm) wood or metal studs 16" (400mm) on centers, securely anchored to prevent movement and covered with a minimum of ½"

04-30-13

(12.5mm) plywood. Provide an appropriate number of OSHA DANGER signs for each visual and physical barrier. Any alternative method must be given a written approval by the VA's representative.

### **3.15 CRITICAL BARRIERS**

- A. The regulated area must be completely separated from the adjacent areas, and the outside by at least 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly and duct tape/spray adhesive. Individually seal all supply and exhaust ventilation openings, lighting fixtures, clocks, doorways, windows, convectors, speakers, and other openings into the regulated area with 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly, and taped securely in place with duct tape/spray adhesive.
- B. The containment barriers and coverings shall be constructed and maintained in such a manner as to prevent disturbances, damage, or openings in the containment. The containment barriers and coverings shall be inspected on an ongoing basis to ensure the integrity of the containment barriers. Critical barriers must remain in place and the containment must remain under negative pressure until all work and clearances have been completed and authorization has been granted by the VPIH/CIH to remove the critical barriers.

### **3.16 EXTENSION OF THE REGULATED AREA**

If the regulated area barrier is breached in any manner that could allow the passage of asbestos fibers or debris, the Competent Person shall immediately stop work, continue wetting, and proceed to extend the regulated area to enclose the affected area as per procedures described in this specification. If the affected area cannot be enclosed, decontamination measures and cleanup shall start immediately. All personnel shall be isolated from the affected area until decontamination/cleanup is completed as verified by visual inspection and air monitoring. Air monitoring at completion must indicate background levels or less than 0.01 f/cc.

### **3.17 FLOOR BARRIERS**

If floor removal is not being done, all floors in the regulated area shall be covered with 2 layers of 6 mil fire retardant poly and brought up the wall 12 inches.

### **3.18 REMOVAL OF CLASS II FLOORING; ROOFING; AND TRANSITE MATERIALS**

All applicable requirements of OSHA, EPA, and DOT shall be followed during Class II work. Keep materials intact; do not disturb; wet while working with it; wrap as soon as possible with 2 layers of 6 mil plastic for disposal.

### **3.19 REMOVAL OF FLOORING MATERIALS**

- A. All requirements of OSHA Flooring agreement provisions shall be followed:
  - 1. Negative air machine shall be used to affect some negative pressure in the regulated area. A spare machine shall be available.
  - 2. Follow RFCI recommended work practices for removal of resilient Floor coverings.
  - 3. Mechanical chipping or sanding is not allowed.
  - 4. Wet clean and HEPA vacuum the floor before and after removal of flooring.
  - 5. Place a 6 mil poly layer 4' by 10' adjacent to the regulated area for use as a decontaminated area. All waste must be contained in the regulated area.
  - 6. Package all waste in 6 mil poly lined fiberboard drums.

### **3.20 REMOVAL OF MASTIC**

- A. The mastic removal material must be a "low odor" or "no odor" material.
- B. Follow RFCI recommended work practices for removal of mastic.
- C. Package all waste in 6 mil poly lined fiberboard drums.
- D. Prior to application of any liquid material, check the floor for penetrations and seal before removing mastic.
- E. The use of any solvents is prohibited in the removal of mastic.

### **3.21 DISPOSAL OF CLASS II WASTE MATERIAL:**

Package and dispose of waste materials as per this specification. All OSHA, EPA, and DOT requirements must be met. Landfill requirements for packaging must also be met. Disposal of non-friable waste must be done in accordance with applicable regulations.

### **3.22 PROJECT DECONTAMINATION**

- A. The entire work related to project decontamination shall be performed under the close supervision and monitoring of the CPIH.
- B. If the asbestos abatement work is in an area which was contaminated prior to the start of abatement, the decontamination will be done by cleaning the primary barrier poly prior to its removal and cleaning of the regulated area surfaces after the primary barrier removal.
- C. If the asbestos abatement work is in an area which was uncontaminated prior to the start of abatement, the decontamination will be done by cleaning the primary barrier poly prior to its removal, thus preventing contamination of the building when the regulated area critical barriers are removed.

04-30-13

### **3.23 REGULATED AREA CLEARANCE**

Air testing and other requirements which must be met before release of the Contractor and re-occupancy of the regulated area space are specified in Final Testing Procedures.

### **3.24 WORK DESCRIPTION**

Decontamination includes the cleaning and clearance of the air in the regulated area and the decontamination and removal of the enclosures/facilities installed prior to the abatement work including primary/critical barriers, PDF and W/EDF facilities.

### **3.25 PRE-DECONTAMINATION CONDITIONS**

- A. Before decontamination starts, all ACM waste from the regulated area shall be removed, all waste collected and removed, and the secondary barrier of poly removal and disposed of along with any gross debris generated by the work.
- B. At the start of decontamination, the following shall be in place:
  - 1. Critical barriers over all openings consisting of two layers of 6 mil poly which is the sole barrier between the regulated area and the rest of the building or outside.
  - 2. Decontamination facilities, if required for personnel and equipment in operating condition.

### **3.26 CLEANING**

Clean all surfaces of the regulated area by wet methods and/or HEPA vacuuming. Do not use dry dusting/sweeping methods. If determined by the CPIH/VPIH/CIH additional cleaning(s) may be needed.

### **3.27 VISUAL INSPECTION AND AIR CLEARANCE TESTING**

Notify the VA representative 24 hours in advance for the performance of the final visual inspection and testing. The final visual inspection and testing will be performed by the VPIH/CIH after the cleaning.

### **3.28 VISUAL INSPECTION**

Final visual inspection will include the entire regulated area, all poly sheeting, seals over HVAC openings, doorways, windows, and any other openings. If any debris, residue, dust or any other suspect material is detected, the cleaning shall be repeated at no cost to the VA. Dust/material samples may be collected and analyzed at no cost to the VA at the discretion of the VPIH/CIH to confirm visual findings. When the regulated area is visually clean the final testing can be done.

### **3.29 AIR CLEARANCE TESTING**

- A. After an acceptable final visual inspection by the VPIH/CIH and VA Representative, the VPIH/CIH will perform the final testing. Air samples

04-30-13

will be collected and analyzed in accordance with procedures for PCM in this specification. If the release criteria are not met, the Contractor shall repeat the final cleaning and continue decontamination procedures. Additional inspection and testing will be done at the expense of the Contractor.

- B. If the results of the PCM are acceptable, remove the critical barriers. Any small quantities of residue material found upon removal of the poly shall be removed with a HEPA vacuum and localized isolation. If significant quantities are found as determined by the VPIH/CIH, then the entire area affected shall be cleaned as specified in the final cleaning.
- C. If release criteria are met, proceed to perform the abatement closeout and to issue the certificate of completion in accordance with these specifications.

### **3.30 FINAL AIR CLEARANCE PROCEDURES**

- A. Contractor's Release Criteria: Work in a regulated area is complete when the regulated area is visually clean and airborne fiber levels have been reduced to or below 0.01 f/cc as measured with PCM methods and verified by VPIH/CIH. The asbestos containment is to remain in place and under negative pressure until inspected and removal of the containment is authorized by the VPIH/CIH.
- B. Air Monitoring and Final Clearance Sampling: To determine if the elevated airborne fiber counts encountered during abatement operations have been reduced to the specified level, the VPIH/CIH will secure samples and analyze them according to the following procedures:
  - 1. Fibers Counted: "Fibers" referred to in this section shall be either all fibers regardless of composition as counted in the NIOSH 7400 PCM method.
  - 2. All clearance air testing samples shall be collected on 0.8 $\mu$  MCE filters for PCM analysis. Air samples will be collected in areas subject to normal air circulation. A minimum of 5 PCM samples will be collected with at least 1200 Liters of air sampled. All results must be less than 0.01 f/cc for clearance.

### **3.31 COMPLETION OF ABATEMENT WORK**

- A. After thorough decontamination, complete asbestos abatement work upon meeting the regulated area clearance criteria and fulfilling the following:
  - 1. Remove all equipment, materials, and debris from the project area.
  - 2. Package and dispose of all asbestos waste as required.

04-30-13

3. Repair or replace all interior finishes damaged during the abatement work.
4. Fulfill other project closeout requirements as specified elsewhere in this specification.

### **3.32 CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION BY CONTRACTOR**

The CPIH shall complete and sign the "Certificate of Completion" in accordance with Attachment 1 at the completion of the abatement and decontamination of the regulated area.

### **3.33 WORK SHIFTS**

All work shall be done during administrative hours (8:00 AM to 4:30 PM) Monday - Friday excluding Federal Holidays. Any change in the work schedule must be approved in writing by the VA Representative.

### **3.34 DISCOVERED MATERIALS**

During abatement, demolition, renovation, and/or further inspection, a potential exists for encountering materials not previously identified to become revealed. Upon discovery of a material not previously identified, the contractor shall immediately notify the owner who will arrange for and coordinate materials sample collection and analysis if necessary. The contractor is not permitted to collect any material samples for asbestos or other hazardous material analysis.

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VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

04-30-13

**ATTACHMENT #1**

**CERTIFICATE OF COMPLETION**

DATE:

PROJECT NAME:

VAMC/ADDRESS:

1. I certify that I have personally inspected, monitored and supervised the abatement work of (specify regulated area or Building):  
which took place from            /            /            to            /            /
2. That throughout the work all applicable requirements/regulations and the VA's specifications were met.
3. That any person who entered the regulated area was protected with the appropriate personal protective equipment and respirator and that they followed the proper entry and exit procedures and the proper operating procedures for the duration of the work.
4. That all employees of the Abatement Contractor engaged in this work were trained in respiratory protection, were experienced with abatement work, had proper medical surveillance documentation, were fit-tested for their respirator, and were not exposed at any time during the work to asbestos without the benefit of appropriate respiratory protection.
5. That I performed and supervised all inspection and testing specified and required by applicable regulations and VA specifications.
6. That the conditions inside the regulated area were always maintained in a safe and healthy condition and the maximum fiber count never exceeded 0.5 f/cc, except as described below.
7. That all glovebag work was done in accordance with OSHA requirements and the manufacturer's recommendations.

CPIH Name:

Signature/Date:

Asbestos Abatement Contractor's Name:

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VA PROJECT: 695-13-112  
Signature/Date:

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04-30-13

**ATTACHMENT #2**

**CERTIFICATE OF WORKER'S ACKNOWLEDGMENT**

PROJECT NAME: DATE:

PROJECT ADDRESS:

ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR'S NAME:

**WORKING WITH ASBESTOS CAN BE HAZARDOUS TO YOUR HEALTH. INHALING ASBESTOS HAS BEEN LINKED WITH VARIOUS TYPES OF CANCERS. IF YOU SMOKE AND INHALE ASBESTOS FIBERS YOUR CHANCES OF DEVELOPING LUNG CANCER IS GREATER THAN THAT OF THE NON-SMOKING PUBLIC.**

Your employer's contract with the owner for the above project requires that: You must be supplied with the proper personal protective equipment including an adequate respirator and be trained in its use. You must be trained in safe and healthy work practices and in the use of the equipment found at an asbestos abatement project. You must receive/have a current medical examination for working with asbestos. These things shall be provided at no cost to you. By signing this certificate you are indicating to the owner that your employer has met these obligations.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: I have been trained in the proper use of respirators and have been informed of the type of respirator to be used on the above indicated project. I have a copy of the written Respiratory Protection Program issued by my employer. I have been provided for my exclusive use, at no cost, with a respirator to be used on the above indicated project.

TRAINING COURSE: I have been trained by a third party, State/EPA accredited trainer in the requirements for an AHERA/OSHA Asbestos Abatement Worker training course, 32 hours minimum duration. I currently have a valid State accreditation certificate. The topics covered in the course include, as a minimum, the following:

- Physical Characteristics and Background Information on Asbestos
- Potential Health Effects Related to Exposure to Asbestos
- Employee Personal Protective Equipment
- Establishment of a Respiratory Protection Program
- State of the Art Work Practices
- Personal Hygiene
- Additional Safety Hazards
- Medical Monitoring
- Air Monitoring
- Relevant Federal, State and Local Regulatory Requirements, Procedures, and Standards
- Asbestos Waste Disposal

MEDICAL EXAMINATION: I have had a medical examination within the past 12 months which was paid for by my employer. This examination included: health history, occupational history, pulmonary function test, and may have included a chest x-ray evaluation. The physician issued a positive written opinion after the examination.

Signature:

Printed Name:

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VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

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04-30-13

Witness:

**ATTACHMENT #3**

**AFFIDAVIT OF MEDICAL SURVEILLANCE, RESPIRATORY PROTECTION AND  
TRAINING/ACCREDITATION**

VA PROJECT NAME AND NUMBER:

VA MEDICAL FACILITY:

ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR'S NAME AND ADDRESS:

1. I verify that the following individual

Name:

who is proposed to be employed in asbestos abatement work associated with the above project by the named Abatement Contractor, is included in a medical surveillance program in accordance with 29 CFR 1926.1101(m), and that complete records of the medical surveillance program as required by 29 CFR 1926.1101(m)(n) and 29 CFR 1910.20 are kept at the offices of the Abatement Contractor at the following address.

Address:

2. I verify that this individual has been trained, fit-tested and instructed in the use of all appropriate respiratory protection systems and that the person is capable of working in safe and healthy manner as expected and required in the expected work environment of this project.
3. I verify that this individual has been trained as required by 29 CFR 1926.1101(k). This individual has also obtained a valid State accreditation certificate. Documentation will be kept on-site.
4. I verify that I meet the minimum qualifications criteria of the VA specifications for a CPIH.

Signature of CPIH:

Date:

Printed Name of CPIH:

Signature of Contractor:

Date:

Printed Name of Contractor:

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VA PROJECT: 695-13-112  
**ATTACHMENT #4**

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04-30-13

**ABATEMENT CONTRACTOR/COMPETENT PERSON(S) REVIEW AND ACCEPTANCE OF THE VA'S  
ASBESTOS SPECIFICATIONS**

VA Project Location:

VA Project #:

VA Project Description:

This form shall be signed by the Asbestos Abatement Contractor Owner and the Asbestos Abatement Contractor's Competent Person(s) prior to any start of work at the VA related to this Specification. If the Asbestos Abatement Contractor's/Competent Person(s) has not signed this form, they shall not be allowed to work on-site.

I, the undersigned, have read VA's Asbestos Specification regarding the asbestos abatement requirements. I understand the requirements of the VA's Asbestos Specification and agree to follow these requirements as well as all required rules and regulations of OSHA/EPA/DOT and State/Local requirements. I have been given ample opportunity to read the VA's Asbestos Specification and have been given an opportunity to ask any questions regarding the content and have received a response related to those questions. I do not have any further questions regarding the content, intent and requirements of the VA's Asbestos Specification.

At the conclusion of the asbestos abatement, I will certify that all asbestos abatement work was done in accordance with the VA's Asbestos Specification and all ACM was removed properly and no fibrous residue remains on any abated surfaces.

Abatement Contractor Owner's Signature Date

Abatement Contractor Competent Person(s) Date

Date

Date

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VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

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04-30-13

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04-30-13

**SECTION 02 83 33.13**  
**LEAD-BASED PAINT REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

This section specifies abatement and disposal of lead-based paint (LBP) and other lead-bearing materials (LBM) and controls needed to limit occupational and environmental exposure to lead hazards.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Section 02 82 11, TRADITIONAL ASBESTOS ABATEMENT.
- B. Section 02 41 00, DEMOLITION.
- C. Section 09 91 00, PAINTING.

**1.3 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to in the text by basic designation only.
- B. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR):
  - CFR 29 Part 1910.....Occupational Safety and Health Standards
  - CFR 29 Part 1926.....Safety and Health Regulations for Construction
  - CFR 40 Part 148.....Hazardous Waste Injection Restrictions
  - CFR 40 Part 260.....Hazardous Waste Management System: General
  - CFR 40 Part 261.....Identification and Listing of Hazardous Waste
  - CFR 40 Part 262.....Standards Applicable to Generators of Hazardous Waste
  - CFR 40 Part 263.....Standards Applicable to Transporters of Hazardous Waste
  - CFR 40 Part 264.....Standards for Owners and Operations of Hazardous Waste Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities
  - CFR 40 Part 265.....Interim Status Standards for Owners and Operators of Hazardous Waste Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities
  - CFR 40 Part 268.....Land Disposal Restrictions
  - CFR 49 Part 172.....Hazardous Material Table, Special Provisions, Hazardous Material Communications, Emergency Response Information, and Training Requirements
  - CFR 49 Part 178.....Specifications for Packaging

04-30-13

- C. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):  
NFPA 701-2004.....Methods of Fire Test for Flame-Resistant  
Textiles and Films
- D. National Institute for Occupational Safety And Health (NIOSH)  
NIOSH OSHA Booklet 3142.           Lead in Construction
- E. Underwriters Laboratories (UL)  
UL 586-1996 (Rev 2004)..           High-Efficiency, Particulate, Air Filter  
Units
- F. American National Standards Institute  
Z9.2-2001.....Fundamentals Governing the Design and Operation  
of Local Exhaust Systems  
Z88.2-1992.....Respiratory Protection

#### **1.4 DEFINITIONS**

- A. Action Level: Employee exposure, without regard to use of respirations, to an airborne concentration of lead of 30 micrograms per cubic meter of air averaged over an 8-hour period. As used in this section, "30 micrograms per cubic meter of air" refers to the action level.
- B. Area Monitoring: Sampling of lead concentrations within the lead control area and inside the physical boundaries which is representative of the airborne lead concentrations which may reach the breathing zone of personnel potentially exposed to lead.
- C. Physical Boundary: Area physically roped or partitioned off around an enclosed lead control area to limit unauthorized entry of personnel. As used in this section, "inside boundary" shall mean the same as "outside lead control area."
- D. Certified Industrial Hygienist (CIH): As used in this section, refers to an Industrial Hygienist employed by the Contractor and is certified by the American Board of Industrial Hygiene in comprehensive practice.
- E. Change Rooms and Shower Facilities: Rooms within the designated physical boundary around the lead control area equipped with separate storage facilities for clean protective work clothing and equipment and for street clothes which prevent cross- contamination.
- F. Competent Person: A person capable of identifying lead hazards in the work area and is authorized by the contractor to take corrective action.
- G. Decontamination Room: Room for removal of contaminated personal protective equipment (PPE).

04-30-13

- H. Eight-Hour Time Weighted Average (TWA): Airborne concentration of lead averaged over an 8-hour workday to which an employee is exposed.
- I. High Efficiency Particulate Air (HEPA) Filter Equipment: HEPA filtered vacuuming equipment with a UL 586 filter system capable of collecting and retaining lead-contaminated paint dust. A high efficiency particulate filter means 99.97 percent efficient against 0.3 micron size particles.
- J. Lead: Metallic lead, inorganic lead compounds, and organic lead soaps. Excluded from this definition are other organic lead compounds.
- K. Lead Control Area: An enclosed area or structure with full containment to prevent the spread of lead dust, paint chips, or debris of lead-containing paint removal operations. The lead control area is isolated by physical boundaries to prevent unauthorized entry of personnel.
- L. Lead Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL): Fifty micrograms per cubic meter of air as an 8-hour time weighted average as determined by 29 CFR 1910.1025. If an employee is exposed for more than 8 hours in a work day, the PEL shall be determined by the following formula. 
$$\text{PEL (micrograms/cubic meter of air)} = 400 / \text{No. of hrs worked per day}$$
- M. Personnel Monitoring: Sampling of lead concentrations within the breathing zone of an employee to determine the 8-hour time weighted average concentration in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1025. Samples shall be representative of the employee's work tasks. Breathing zone shall be considered an area within a hemisphere, forward of the shoulders, with a radius of 150 mm to 225 mm (6 to 9 inches) and the center at the nose or mouth of an employee.

### **1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Before exposure to lead-contaminated dust, provide workers with a comprehensive medical examination as required by 29 CFR 1926.62 (I) (1) (i) & (ii). The examination shall not be required if adequate records show that employees have been examined as required by 29 CFR 1926.62(I) without the last year.
- B. Medical Records: Maintain complete and accurate medical records of employees in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.20.
- C. CIH Responsibilities: The Contractor shall employ a certified Industrial Hygienist who will be responsible for the following:
  - 1. Certify Training.
  - 2. Review and approve lead-containing paint removal plan for conformance to the applicable referenced standards.

04-30-13

3. Inspect lead-containing paint removal work for conformance with the approved plan.
  4. Direct monitoring.
  5. Ensure work is performed in strict accordance with specifications at all times.
  6. Ensure hazardous exposure to personnel and to the environment are adequately controlled at all times.
- D. Training: Train each employee performing paint removal, disposal, and air sampling operations prior to the time of initial job assignment, in accordance with 29 CFR 1926.62.
- E. Training Certification: Submit certificates signed and dated by the CIH and by each employee stating that the employee has received training.
- F. Respiratory Protection Program:
1. Furnish each employee required to wear a negative pressure respirator or other appropriate type with a respirator fit test at the time of initial fitting and at least every 6 months thereafter as required by 29 CFR 1926.62.
  2. Establish and implement a respiratory protection program as required by 29 CFR 1910.134, 29 CFR 1910.1025, and 29 CFR 1926.62.
- G. Hazard Communication Program: Establish and implement a Hazard Communication Program as required by 29 CFR 1910.1200.
- H. Hazardous Waste Management: The Hazardous Waste Management plan shall comply with applicable requirements of Federal, State, and local hazardous waste regulations and address:
1. Identification of hazardous wastes associated with the work.
  2. Estimated quantities of wastes to be generated and disposed of.
  3. Names and qualifications of each contractor that will be transporting, storing, treating, and disposing of the wastes. Include the facility location and a 24-hour point of contact. Furnish two copies of EPA hazardous waste permits and EPA Identification numbers.
  4. Names and qualifications (experience and training) of personnel who will be working on-site with hazardous wastes.
  5. List of waste handling equipment to be used in performing the work, to include cleaning, volume reduction, and transport equipment.
  6. Spill prevention, containment, and cleanup contingency measures to be implemented.
  7. Work plan and schedule for waste containment, removal and disposal. Wastes shall be cleaned up and containerized daily.
  8. Cost for hazardous waste disposal according to this plan.

04-30-13

I. Safety and Health Compliance:

1. In addition to the detailed requirements of this specification, comply with laws, ordinances, rules, and regulations of federal, state, and local authorities regarding removing, handling, storing, transporting, and disposing of lead waste materials. Comply with the applicable requirements of the current issue of 29 CFR 1910.1025. Submit matters regarding interpretation of standards to the Contracting Officer for resolution before starting work.
2. Where specification requirements and the referenced documents vary, the most stringent requirements shall apply.

J. Pre-Construction Conference: Along with the CIH, meet with the Contracting Officer to discuss in detail the lead-containing paint removal work plan, including work procedures and precautions for the work plan.

**1.6 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit the following in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Catalog Data:  
Vacuum filters  
Respirators
- C. Instructions: Paint removal materials. Include applicable material safety data sheets.
- D. Statements Certifications and Statements:
  1. Qualifications of CIH: Submit name, address, and telephone number of the CIH selected to perform responsibilities in paragraph entitled "CIH Responsibilities." Provide previous experience of the CIH. Submit proper documentation that the Industrial Hygienist is certified by the American Board of Industrial Hygiene in comprehensive practice, including certification number and date of certification/recertification.
  2. Testing Laboratory: Submit the name, address, and telephone number of the testing laboratory selected to perform the monitoring, testing, and reporting of airborne concentrations of lead. Provide proper documentation that persons performing the analysis have been judged proficient by successful participation within the last year in the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) Proficiency Analytical Testing (PAT) Program. The laboratory shall be

04-30-13

accredited by the American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA).  
Provide AIHA documentation along with date of  
accreditation/reaccreditation.

3. Lead-Containing Paint Removal Plan:
  - a. Submit a detailed job-specific plan of the work procedures to be used in the removal of lead-containing paint. The plan shall include a sketch showing the location, size, and details of lead control areas, location and details of decontamination rooms, change rooms, shower facilities, and mechanical ventilation system.
  - b. Include in the plan, eating, drinking, smoking and restroom procedures, interface of trades, sequencing of lead related work, collected wastewater and paint debris disposal plan, air sampling plan, respirators, protective equipment, and a detailed description of the method of containment of the operation to ensure that airborne lead concentrations of 30 micrograms per cubic meter of air are not exceeded outside of the lead control area.
  - c. Include air sampling, training and strategy, sampling methodology, frequency, duration of sampling, and qualifications of air monitoring personnel in the air sampling portion on the plan.
4. Field Test Reports: Monitoring Results: Submit monitoring results to the Contracting Officer within 3 working days, signed by the testing laboratory employee performing the air monitoring, the employee that analyzed the sample, and the CIH.
5. Records:
  - a. Completed and signed hazardous waste manifest from treatment or disposal facility.
  - b. Certification of Medical Examinations.
  - c. Employee training certification.

## **PART 2 PRODUCTS**

PAINT REMOVAL PRODUCTS: Submit applicable Material Safety Data Sheets for paint removal products used in paint removal work. Use the least toxic product, suitable for the job and acceptable to the Industrial Hygienist.

## **PART 3 EXECUTION**

### **3.1 PROTECTION**

- A. Notification: Notify the Contracting Officer 20 days prior to the start of any paint removal work.

04-30-13

B. Lead Control Area Requirements.

1. Establish a lead control area by completely enclosing with containment screens the area or structure where lead-containing paint removal operations will be performed.
2. Contain removal operations by the use of a negative pressure full containment system with at least one change room and with HEPA filtered exhaust.

C. Protection of Existing Work to Remain: Perform paint removal work without damage or contamination of adjacent areas. Where existing work is damaged or contaminated, restore work to its original condition.

D. Boundary Requirements: Provide physical boundaries around the lead control area by roping off the area [designated on the drawings] or providing curtains, portable partitions or other enclosures to ensure that airborne concentrations of lead will not reach 30 micrograms per cubic meter of air outside of the lead control area.

E. Heating, Ventilating and Air Conditioning (HVAC) Systems: Shut down, lock out, and isolate HVAC systems that supply, exhaust, or pass through the lead control areas. Seal intake and exhaust vents in the lead control area with 6-mil plastic sheet and tape. Seal seams in HVAC components that pass through the lead control area.

F. Change Room and Shower Facilities: Provide clean change rooms and shower facilities within the physical boundary around the designated lead control area in accordance with requirements of 29 CFR 1926.62.

G. Mechanical Ventilation System:

1. Use adequate ventilation to control personnel exposure to lead in accordance with 29 CFR 1926.57.
2. To the extent feasible, use fixed local exhaust ventilation connected to HEPA filters or other collection systems, approved by the industrial hygienist. Local exhaust ventilation systems shall be designed, constructed, installed, and maintained in accordance with ANSI Z9.2.
3. If air from exhaust ventilation is recirculated into the work place, the system shall have a high efficiency filter with reliable back-up filter and controls to monitor the concentration of lead in the return air and to bypass the recirculation system automatically if it fails. Air may be recirculated only where exhaust to the outside is not feasible.

H. Personnel Protection: Personnel shall wear and use protective clothing and equipment as specified herein. Eating, smoking, or drinking is not

04-30-13

permitted in the lead control area. No one will be permitted in the lead control area unless they have been given appropriate training and protective equipment.

- I. Warning Signs: Provide warning signs at approaches to lead control areas. Locate signs at such a distance that personnel may read the sign and take the necessary precautions before entering the area. Signs shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.62.

### **3.2 WORK PROCEDURES**

- A. Perform removal of lead-containing paint in accordance with approved lead-containing paint removal plan. Use procedures and equipment required to limit occupational and environmental exposure to lead when lead-containing paint is removed in accordance with 29 CFR 1926.62, except as specified herein. Dispose of removed paint chips and associated waste in compliance with Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), federal, state, and local requirements.
- B. Personnel Exiting Procedures:
  1. Whenever personnel exist the lead-controlled area, they shall perform the following procedures and shall not leave the work place wearing any clothing or equipment worn during the work day:
    - a. Vacuum themselves off.
    - b. Remove protective clothing in the decontamination room, and place them in an approved impermeable disposal bag.
    - c. Shower.
    - d. Change to clean clothes prior to leaving the physical boundary designated around the lead-contaminated job site.
- C. Monitoring: Monitoring of airborne concentrations of lead shall be in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1025 and as specified herein. Air monitoring, testing, and reporting shall be performed by a CIH or an Industrial Hygiene (IH) Technician who is under the direction of the CIH:
  1. The CIH or the IH Technician under the direction of the CIH shall be on the job site directing the monitoring, and inspecting the lead-containing paint removal work to ensure that the requirements of the Contract have been satisfied during the entire lead-containing paint removal operation.
  2. Take personal air monitoring samples on employees who are anticipated to have the greatest risk of exposure as determined by the CIH. In addition, take air monitoring samples on at least 25 percent of the

04-30-13

- work crew or a minimum of two employees, whichever is greater, during each work shift.
3. Submit results of air monitoring samples, signed by the CIH, within 24 hours after the air samples are taken. Notify the Contracting Officer immediately of exposure to lead at or in excess of the action level of 30 micrograms per cubic meter of air outside of the lead control area.
- D. Monitoring During Paint Removal Work:
1. Perform personal and area monitoring during the entire paint removal operation. Sufficient area monitoring shall be conducted at the physical boundary to ensure unprotected personnel are not exposed above 30 micrograms per cubic meter of air at all times. If the outside boundary lead levels are at or exceed 30 micrograms per cubic meter of air, work shall be stopped and the CIH shall immediately correct the condition(s) causing the increased levels and notify the Contracting Officer immediately.
  2. The CIH shall review the sampling data collected on that day to determine if condition(s) requires any further change in work methods. Removal work shall resume when approval is given by the CIH. The Contractor shall control the lead level outside of the work boundary to less than 30 micrograms per cubic meter of air at all times. As a minimum, conduct area monitoring daily on each shift in which lead paint removal operations are performed in areas immediately adjacent to the lead control area.
  3. For outdoor operations, at least one sample on each shift shall be taken on the downwind side of the lead control area. If adjacent areas are contaminated, clean and visually inspect contaminated areas. The CIH shall certify that the area has been cleaned of lead contamination.

### **3.3 LEAD-CONTAINING PAINT AND LEAD-BEARING MATERIAL REMOVAL**

- A. Remove paint and lead-bearing material within the areas designated on the drawings in order to completely expose the substrate. Take whatever precautions are necessary to minimize damage to the underlying substrate.
- B. Indoor Lead Paint and Lead-Bearing Material Removal: Select paint removal processes to minimize contamination of work areas with lead-contaminated dust or other lead-contaminated debris/waste. This paint removal process should be described in the lead-containing paint removal

04-30-13

plan. Perform manual sanding and scraping to the maximum extent feasible.

- C. Mechanical Paint and Lead-Bearing Material Removal and Blast Cleaning: Perform mechanical paint removal and blast cleaning in lead control areas using negative pressure full containments with HEPA filtered exhaust. Collect paint residue and spent grit (used abrasive) from blasting operations for disposal in accordance with EPA, state and local requirements.
- D. Outside Lead Paint and Lead-Bearing Material Removal: Select removal processes to minimize contamination of work areas with lead-contaminated dust or other lead-contaminated debris/waste. This paint removal process should be described in the lead-containing paint removal plan. Perform manual sanding and scraping to the maximum extent feasible.

### **3.4 SURFACE PREPARATIONS**

Avoid flash rusting or other deterioration of the substrate. Provide surface preparations for painting in accordance with Section 09 91 00, PAINTING.

### **3.5 CLEANUP AND DISPOSAL**

- A. Cleanup: Maintain surfaces of the lead control area free of accumulations of paint chips and dust. Restrict the spread of dust and debris; keep waste from being distributed over the work area. Do not dry sweep or use compressed air to clean up the area. At the end of each shift and when the paint removal operation has been completed, clean the area of visible lead paint contamination by vacuuming with a HEPA filtered vacuum cleaner and wet mopping the area.
- B. Certification: The CIH shall certify in writing that the inside and outside the lead control area air monitoring samples are less than 30 micrograms per cubic meter of air, the respiratory protection for the employees was adequate, the work procedures were performed in accordance with 29 CFR 1926.62, and that there were no visible accumulations of lead-contaminated paint and dust on the worksite. Do not remove the lead control area or roped-off boundary and warning signs prior to the Contracting Officer's receipt of the CIH's certification. Reclean areas showing dust or residual paint chips.
- C. Testing of Lead-Containing Paint Residue and Used Abrasive Where indicated or when directed by the Contracting Officer, test lead containing paint residue and used abrasive in accordance with 40 CFR 261 for hazardous waste.
- D. Disposal:

04-30-13

1. Collect lead-contaminated waste, scrap, debris, bags, containers, equipment, and lead-contaminated clothing, which may produce airborne concentrations of lead particles.
2. Store removed paint, lead-contaminated clothing and equipment, and lead-contaminated dust and cleaning debris into U.S. Department of Transportation (49 CFR 178) approved 55-gallon drums. Properly labels each drum to identify the type of waste (49 CFR 172) and the date lead-contaminated wastes were first put into the drum. Obtain and complete the Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest forms from the Activity Staff Civil Engineer located at VA GEMS Coordinator. Comply with land disposal restriction notification requirements as required by 40 CFR 268:
  - a. At least 14 days prior to delivery, notify the Contracting Officer who will arrange for job site inspection of the drums and manifests by the VA GEMS Coordinator.
  - b. As necessary, make lot deliveries of hazardous wastes to the area(s) designated by the VA GEMS Coordinator to ensure that drums do not remain on the jobsite longer than 90 calendar days from the date affixed to each drum.
  - c. Collect lead-contaminated waste, scrap, debris, bags, containers, equipment, and lead-contaminated clothing which may produce airborne concentrations of lead particles. Label the containers in accordance with 29 CFR 1926.62. Dispose of lead-contaminated waste material at a EPA approved hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility off Government property.
  - d. Store waste materials in U.S. Department of Transportation (49 CFR 178) approved 55-gallon drums. Properly label each drum to identify the type of waste (49 CFR 172) and the date the drum was filled. The Contracting Officer or an authorized representative will assign an area for interim storage of waste-containing drums. Do not store hazardous waste drums in interim storage longer than 90 calendar days from the date affixed to each drum.
  - e. Handle, store, transport, and dispose lead or lead-contaminated waste in accordance with 40 CFR 260, 40 CFR 261, 40 CFR 262, 40 CFR 263, 40 CFR 264, and 40 CFR 265. Comply with land disposal restriction notification requirements as required by 40 CFR 268.
- E. Disposal Documentation Submit written evidence that the hazardous waste treatment, storage, or disposal facility (TSD) is approved for lead disposal by the EPA and state or local regulatory agencies. Submit one

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MILWAUKEE, WI  
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04-30-13

copy of the completed manifest, signed and dated by the initial  
transporter in accordance with 40 CFR 262.

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI  
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04-30-13

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**SECTION 05 50 00**  
**METAL FABRICATIONS**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

- A. This section specifies items and assemblies fabricated from structural steel shapes and other materials as shown and specified.
- B. Items specified.
  - 1. Support for Wall and Ceiling Mounted Items: (12, 14A, 14C)
  - 2. Shelf Angles

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Prime and finish painting: Section 09 91 00, PAINTING.
- B. Stainless steel corner guards: Section 10 26 00, WALL AND DOOR PROTECTION.

**1.3 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:

Grating, each type	Floor plate
Trap door	Wheel guards
Ceiling hatch	Sidewalk Access door
Manhole Covers	Safety nosing

- C. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Each item specified, showing complete detail, location in the project, material and size of components, method of joining various components and assemblies, finish, and location, size and type of anchors.
  - 2. Mark items requiring field assembly for erection identification and furnish erection drawings and instructions.
  - 3. Provide templates and rough-in measurements as required.
- D. Manufacturer's Certificates:
  - 1. Anodized finish as specified.
  - 2. Live load designs as specified.
- E. Design Calculations for specified live loads including dead loads.
- F. Furnish setting drawings and instructions for installation of anchors to be preset into concrete and masonry work, and for the positioning of items having anchors to be built into concrete or masonry construction.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Each manufactured product shall meet, as a minimum, the requirements specified, and shall be a standard commercial product of a manufacturer regularly presently manufacturing items of type specified.
- B. Each product type shall be the same and be made by the same manufacturer.
- C. Assembled product to the greatest extent possible before delivery to the site.
- D. Include additional features, which are not specifically prohibited by this specification, but which are a part of the manufacturer's standard commercial product.

#### 1.5 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME):
  - B18.6.1-97.....Wood Screws
  - B18.2.2-87(R2005).....Square and Hex Nuts
- C. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
  - A36/A36M-08.....Structural Steel
  - A47-99(R2009).....Malleable Iron Castings
  - A48-03(R2008).....Gray Iron Castings
  - A53-10.....Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-Coated  
Welded and Seamless
  - A123-09.....Zinc (Hot-Dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and  
Steel Products
  - A167-99(R2009).....Stainless and Heat-Resisting Chromium-Nickel  
Steel Plate, Sheet and Strip
  - A269-10.....Seamless and Welded Austenitic Stainless Steel  
Tubing for General Service
  - A307-10.....Carbon Steel Bolts and Studs, 60,000 PSI Tensile  
Strength
  - A312/A312M-09.....Seamless, Welded, and Heavily Cold Worked  
Austenitic Stainless Steel Pipes
  - A391/A391M-07.....Grade 80 Alloy Steel Chain
  - A653/A653M-10.....Steel Sheet, Zinc Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-  
Iron Alloy Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip  
Process
  - A786/A786M-09.....Rolled Steel Floor Plate

- B221-08.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods,  
Wire, Shapes, and Tubes
- B456-03(R2009).....Electrodeposited Coatings of Copper Plus Nickel  
Plus Chromium and Nickel Plus Chromium
- B632-08.....Aluminum-Alloy Rolled Tread Plate
- C1107-08.....Packaged Dry, Hydraulic-Cement Grout (Nonshrink)
- D3656-07.....Insect Screening and Louver Cloth Woven from  
Vinyl-Coated Glass Yarns
- F436-10.....Hardened Steel Washers
- F468-10.....Nonferrous Bolts, Hex Cap Screws, and Studs for  
General Use
- F593-02(R2008).....Stainless Steel Bolts, Hex Cap Screws, and Studs
- F1667-11.....Driven Fasteners: Nails, Spikes and Staples
- D. American Welding Society (AWS):
  - D1.1-10.....Structural Welding Code Steel
  - D1.2-08.....Structural Welding Code Aluminum
  - D1.3-08.....Structural Welding Code Sheet Steel
- E. National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers (NAAMM)
  - AMP 521-01.....Pipe Railing Manual
  - AMP 500-06.....Metal Finishes Manual
  - MBG 531-09.....Metal Bar Grating Manual
  - MBG 532-09.....Heavy Duty Metal Bar Grating Manual
- F. Structural Steel Painting Council (SSPC)/Society of Protective Coatings:
  - SP 1-04.....No. 1, Solvent Cleaning
  - SP 2-04.....No. 2, Hand Tool Cleaning
  - SP 3-04.....No. 3, Power Tool Cleaning
- G. Federal Specifications (Fed. Spec):
  - RR-T-650E.....Treads, Metallic and Nonmetallic, Nonskid

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### **2.2 MATERIALS**

- A. Structural Steel: ASTM A36.
- B. Stainless Steel: ASTM A167, Type 302 or 304.
- C. Aluminum, Extruded: ASTM B221, Alloy 6063-T5 unless otherwise specified.  
For structural shapes use alloy 6061-T6 and alloy 6061-T4511.
- D. Floor Plate:
  - 1. Steel ASTM A786.
  - 2. Aluminum: ASTM B632.
- E. Steel Pipe: ASTM A53.
  - 1. Galvanized for exterior locations.
  - 2. Type S, Grade A unless specified otherwise.

- 3. NPS (inside diameter) as shown.
- F. Cast-Iron: ASTM A48, Class 30, commercial pattern.
- G. Malleable Iron Castings: A47.
- H. Primer Paint: As specified in Section 09 91 00, PAINTING.
- I. Stainless Steel Tubing: ASTM A269, type 302 or 304.
- J. Modular Channel Units:
  - 1. Factory fabricated, channel shaped, cold formed sheet steel shapes, complete with fittings bolts and nuts required for assembly.
  - 2. Form channel with in turned pyramid shaped clamping ridges on each side.
  - 3. Provide case hardened steel nuts with serrated grooves in the top edges designed to be inserted in the channel at any point and be given a quarter turn so as to engage the channel clamping ridges. Provide each nut with a spring designed to hold the nut in place.
  - 4. Factory finish channels and parts with oven baked primer when exposed to view. Channels fabricated of ASTM A525, G90 galvanized steel may have primer omitted in concealed locations. Finish screws and nuts with zinc coating.
  - 5. Fabricate snap-in closure plates to fit and close exposed channel openings of not more than 0.3 mm (0.0125 inch) thick stainless steel.
- K. Grout: ASTM C1107, pourable type.
- L. Insect Screening: ASTM D3656.

## **2.3 HARDWARE**

- A. Rough Hardware:
  - 1. Furnish rough hardware with a standard plating, applied after punching, forming and assembly of parts; galvanized, cadmium plated, or zinc-coated by electro-galvanizing process. Galvanized G-90 where specified.
  - 2. Use G90 galvanized coating on ferrous metal for exterior work unless non-ferrous metal or stainless is used.
- B. Fasteners:
  - 1. Bolts with Nuts:
    - a. ASME B18.2.2.
    - b. ASTM A307 for 415 MPa (60,000 psi) tensile strength bolts.
    - c. ASTM F468 for nonferrous bolts.
    - d. ASTM F593 for stainless steel.
  - 2. Screws: ASME B18.6.1.
  - 3. Washers: ASTM F436, type to suit material and anchorage.
  - 4. Nails: ASTM F1667, Type I, style 6 or 14 for finish work.

## **2.4 FABRICATION GENERAL**

### **A. Material**

1. Use material as specified. Use material of commercial quality and suitable for intended purpose for material that is not named or its standard of quality not specified.
2. Use material free of defects which could affect the appearance or service ability of the finished product.

### **B. Size:**

1. Size and thickness of members as shown.
2. When size and thickness is not specified or shown for an individual part, use size and thickness not less than that used for the same component on similar standard commercial items or in accordance with established shop methods.

### **C. Connections**

1. Except as otherwise specified, connections may be made by welding, riveting or bolting.
2. Field riveting will not be approved.
3. Design size, number and placement of fasteners, to develop a joint strength of not less than the design value.
4. Holes, for rivets and bolts: Accurately punched or drilled and burrs removed.
5. Size and shape welds to develop the full design strength of the parts connected by welds and to transmit imposed stresses without permanent deformation or failure when subject to service loadings.
6. Use Rivets and bolts of material selected to prevent corrosion (electrolysis) at bimetallic contacts. Plated or coated material will not be approved.
7. Use stainless steel connectors for removable members machine screws or bolts.

### **D. Fasteners and Anchors**

1. Use methods for fastening or anchoring metal fabrications to building construction as shown or specified.
2. Where fasteners and anchors are not shown, design the type, size, location and spacing to resist the loads imposed without deformation of the members or causing failure of the anchor or fastener, and suit the sequence of installation.
3. Use material and finish of the fasteners compatible with the kinds of materials which are fastened together and their location in the finished work.

4. Fasteners for securing metal fabrications to new construction only, may be by use of threaded or wedge type inserts or by anchors for welding to the metal fabrication for installation before the concrete is placed or as masonry is laid.
5. Fasteners for securing metal fabrication to existing construction or new construction may be expansion bolts, toggle bolts, power actuated drive pins, welding, self drilling and tapping screws or bolts.

E. Workmanship

1. General:

- a. Fabricate items to design shown.
- b. Furnish members in longest lengths commercially available within the limits shown and specified.
- c. Fabricate straight, true, free from warp and twist, and where applicable square and in same plane.
- d. Provide holes, sinkages and reinforcement shown and required for fasteners and anchorage items.
- e. Provide openings, cut-outs, and tapped holes for attachment and clearances required for work of other trades.
- f. Prepare members for the installation and fitting of hardware.
- g. Cut openings in gratings and floor plates for the passage of ducts, sumps, pipes, conduits and similar items. Provide reinforcement to support cut edges.
- h. Fabricate surfaces and edges free from sharp edges, burrs and projections which may cause injury.

2. Welding:

- a. Weld in accordance with AWS.
- b. Welds shall show good fusion, be free from cracks and porosity and accomplish secure and rigid joints in proper alignment.
- c. Where exposed in the finished work, continuous weld for the full length of the members joined and have depressed areas filled and protruding welds finished smooth and flush with adjacent surfaces.
- d. Finish welded joints to match finish of adjacent surface.

3. Joining:

- a. Miter or butt members at corners.
- b. Where frames members are butted at corners, cut leg of frame member perpendicular to surface, as required for clearance.

4. Anchors:

- a. Where metal fabrications are shown to be preset in concrete, weld 32 x 3 mm (1-1/4 by 1/8 inch) steel strap anchors, 150 mm (6

inches) long with 25 mm (one inch) hooked end, to back of member at 600 mm (2 feet) on center, unless otherwise shown.

- b. Where metal fabrications are shown to be built into masonry use 32 x 3 mm (1-1/4 by 1/8 inch) steel strap anchors, 250 mm (10 inches) long with 50 mm (2 inch) hooked end, welded to back of member at 600 mm (2 feet) on center, unless otherwise shown.
5. Cutting and Fitting:
- a. Accurately cut, machine and fit joints, corners, copes, and miters.
  - b. Fit removable members to be easily removed.
  - c. Design and construct field connections in the most practical place for appearance and ease of installation.
  - d. Fit pieces together as required.
  - e. Fabricate connections for ease of assembly and disassembly without use of special tools.
  - f. Joints firm when assembled.
  - g. Conceal joining, fitting and welding on exposed work as far as practical.
  - h. Do not show rivets and screws prominently on the exposed face.
  - i. The fit of components and the alignment of holes shall eliminate the need to modify component or to use exceptional force in the assembly of item and eliminate the need to use other than common tools.

F. Finish:

- 1. Finish exposed surfaces in accordance with NAAMM Metal Finishes Manual.
- 2. Aluminum: NAAMM AMP 501.
  - a. Mill finish, AA-M10, as fabricated, use unless specified otherwise.
  - b. Clear anodic coating, AA-C22A41, chemically etched medium matte, with Architectural Class 1, 0.7 mils or thicker.
  - c. Colored anodic coating, AA-C22A42, chemically etched medium matte with Architectural Class 1, 0.7 mils or thicker.
  - d. Painted: AA-C22R10.
- 3. Steel and Iron: NAAMM AMP 504.
  - a. Zinc coated (Galvanized): ASTM A123, G90 unless noted otherwise.
  - b. Surfaces exposed in the finished work:
    - 1) Finish smooth rough surfaces and remove projections.
    - 2) Fill holes, dents and similar voids and depressions with epoxy type patching compound.

c. Shop Prime Painting:

1) Surfaces of Ferrous metal:

- a) Items not specified to have other coatings.
- b) Galvanized surfaces specified to have prime paint.
- c) Remove all loose mill scale, rust, and paint, by hand or power tool cleaning as defined in SSPC-SP2 and SP3.
- d) Clean of oil, grease, soil and other detrimental matter by use of solvents or cleaning compounds as defined in SSPC-SP1.
- e) After cleaning and finishing apply one coat of primer as specified in Section 09 91 00, PAINTING.

2) Non ferrous metals: Comply with MAAMM-500 series.

4. Stainless Steel: NAAMM AMP-504 Finish No. 4.

G. Protection:

- 1. Insulate aluminum surfaces that will come in contact with concrete, masonry, plaster, or metals other than stainless steel, zinc or white bronze by giving a coat of heavy-bodied alkali resisting bituminous paint or other approved paint in shop.
- 2. Spot prime all abraded and damaged areas of zinc coating which expose the bare metal, using zinc rich paint on hot-dip zinc coat items and zinc dust primer on all other zinc coated items.

**2.5 SUPPORTS**

A. General:

- 1. Fabricate ASTM A36 structural steel shapes as shown.
- 2. Use clip angles or make provisions for welding hangers and braces to overhead construction.
- 3. Field connections may be welded or bolted.

C. For Wall Mounted Items:

- 1. For items supported by metal stud partitions.
- 2. Steel strip or hat channel minimum of 1.5 mm (0.0598 inch) thick.
- 3. Steel strip minimum of 150 mm (6 inches) wide, length extending one stud space beyond end of item supported.
- 4. Steel hat channels where shown. Flange cut and flattened for anchorage to stud.
- 5. Structural steel tube or channel for grab bar at water closets floor to structure above with clip angles or end plates formed for anchors.
- 6. Use steel angles for thru wall counters. Drill angle for fasteners at ends and not over 100 mm (4 inches) on center between ends.

E. For Intravenous Track and Cubical Curtain Track:

- 1. Fabricate assembly of steel angle as shown.

2. Drill angle bent ends for anchor screws to acoustical suspension system and angle for hanger wires.
3. Provide pipe sleeve welded to angle.
- I. Supports for Accordion Partition Tracks, Exercise Equipment, and Items at Various Conditions at Suspended Ceilings:
  1. Fabricate of structural steel shapes as shown.
  2. Drill for anchor bolts of suspended item.

## **2.6 FRAMES**

### **2.11 SHELF ANGLES**

- A. Fabricate from steel angles of size shown.
- B. Fabricate angles with horizontal slotted holes for 19 mm (3/4 inch) bolts spaced at not over 900 mm (3 feet) on centers and within 300 mm (12 inches) of ends.
- C. Provide adjustable malleable iron inserts for embedded in concrete framing.

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### **3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL**

- A. Set work accurately, in alignment and where shown, plumb, level, free of rack and twist, and set parallel or perpendicular as required to line and plane of surface.
- B. Items set into concrete or masonry.
  1. Provide temporary bracing for such items until concrete or masonry is set.
  2. Place in accordance with setting drawings and instructions.
  3. Build strap anchors, into masonry as work progresses.
- C. Set frames of gratings, covers, corner guards, trap doors and similar items flush with finish floor or wall surface and, where applicable, flush with side of opening.
- D. Field weld in accordance with AWS.
  1. Design and finish as specified for shop welding.
  2. Use continuous weld unless specified otherwise.
- E. Install anchoring devices and fasteners as shown and as necessary for securing metal fabrications to building construction as specified. Power actuated drive pins may be used except for removable items and where members would be deformed or substrate damaged by their use.
- F. Spot prime all abraded and damaged areas of zinc coating as specified and all abraded and damaged areas of shop prime coat with same kind of paint used for shop priming.

- G. Isolate aluminum from dissimilar metals and from contact with concrete and masonry materials as required to prevent electrolysis and corrosion.
- H. Secure escutcheon plate with set screw.

### **3.2 INSTALLATION OF SUPPORTS**

- A. Anchorage to structure.
  - 1. Secure angles or channels and clips to overhead structural steel by continuous welding unless bolting is shown.
  - 2. Secure supports to concrete inserts by bolting or continuous welding as shown.
  - 3. Secure supports to mid height of concrete beams when inserts do not exist with expansion bolts and to slabs, with expansion bolts. unless shown otherwise.
  - 4. Secure steel plate or hat channels to studs as detailed.
- C. Supports for Wall Mounted items:
  - 1. Locate center of support at anchorage point of supported item.
  - 2. Locate support at top and bottom of wall hung cabinets.
  - 3. Locate support at top of floor cabinets and shelving installed against walls.
  - 4. Locate supports where required for items shown.
- G. Support for cantilever grab bars:
  - 1. Locate channels or tube in partition for support as shown, and extend full height from floor to underside of structural slab above.
  - 2. Anchor at top and bottom with angle clips bolted to channels or tube with two, 9 mm (3/8 inch) diameter bolts.
  - 3. Anchor to floors and overhead construction with two 9 mm (3/8 inch) diameter bolts.
  - 4. Fasten clips to concrete with expansion bolts, and to steel with machine bolts or welds.

### **3.5 DOOR FRAMES**

- A. Secure clip angles at bottom of frames to concrete slab with expansion bolts as shown.
- B. Level and plumb frame; brace in position required.
- C. At masonry, set frames in walls so anchors are built-in as the work progresses unless shown otherwise.
- D. Set frames in formwork for frames cast into concrete.
- E. Where frames are set in prepared openings, bolt to wall with spacers and expansion bolts.

### **3.6 OTHER FRAMES**

- A. Set frame flush with surface unless shown otherwise.

B. Anchor frames at ends and not over 450 mm (18 inches) on centers unless shown otherwise.

C. Set in formwork before concrete is placed.

**3.10 SHELF ANGLES**

A. Anchor shelf angles with 19 mm (3/4 inch) bolts unless shown otherwise in adjustable malleable iron inserts, set level at elevation shown.

B. Provide expansion space at end of members.

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**3.18 STEEL COMPONENTS FOR MILLWORK ITEMS**

Coordinate and deliver to Millwork fabricator for assembly where millwork items are secured to metal fabrications.

**3.19 CLEAN AND ADJUSTING**

A. Adjust movable parts including hardware to operate as designed without binding or deformation of the members centered in the opening or frame and, where applicable, contact surfaces fit tight and even without forcing or warping the components.

B. Clean after installation exposed prefinished and plated items and items fabricated from stainless steel, aluminum and copper alloys, as recommended by the metal manufacture and protected from damage until completion of the project.

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**SECTION 06 10 00**  
**ROUGH CARPENTRY**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION:**

Section specifies wood blocking, framing, sheathing, furring, nailers, sub-flooring, rough hardware, and light wood construction.

**1.2 RELATED WORK:**

- A. Milled woodwork: Section 06 20 00, FINISH CARPENTRY.
- B. Gypsum sheathing: Section 09 29 00, GYPSUM BOARD.

**1.3 SUBMITTALS:**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Shop Drawings showing framing connection details, fasteners, connections and dimensions.

**1.4 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING:**

- A. Protect lumber and other products from dampness both during and after delivery at site.
- B. Pile lumber in stacks in such manner as to provide air circulation around surfaces of each piece.
- C. Stack plywood and other board products so as to prevent warping.
- D. Locate stacks on well drained areas, supported at least 150 mm (6 inches) above grade and cover with well ventilated sheds having firmly constructed over hanging roof with sufficient end wall to protect lumber from driving rain.

**1.5 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS:**

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in the text by basic designation only.
- B. American Forest and Paper Association (AFPA):  
National Design Specification for Wood Construction  
NDS-05.....Conventional Wood Frame Construction
- C. American Institute of Timber Construction (AITC):  
A190.1-07.....Structural Glued Laminated Timber
- D. American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME):  
B18.2.1-96(R2005).....Square and Hex Bolts and Screws  
B18.2.2-87.....Square and Hex Nuts  
B18.6.1-97.....Wood Screws  
B18.6.4-98(R2005).....Thread Forming and Thread Cutting Tapping Screws  
and Metallic Drive Screws

- E. American Plywood Association (APA):  
E30-07.....Engineered Wood Construction Guide
- F. American Society for Testing And Materials (ASTM):  
A47-99(R2009).....Ferritic Malleable Iron Castings  
A48-03(R2008).....Gray Iron Castings  
A653/A653M-10.....Steel Sheet Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-  
Iron Alloy Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot Dip  
Process  
C954-10.....Steel Drill Screws for the Application of Gypsum  
Board or Metal Plaster Bases to Steel Studs from  
0.033 inch (2.24 mm) to 0.112-inch (2.84 mm) in  
thickness  
C1002-07.....Steel Self-Piercing Tapping Screws for the  
Application of Gypsum Panel Products or Metal  
Plaster Bases to Wood Studs or Metal Studs  
D143-09.....Small Clear Specimens of Timber, Method of  
Testing  
D1760-01.....Pressure Treatment of Timber Products  
D2559-10.....Adhesives for Structural Laminated Wood Products  
for Use Under Exterior (Wet Use) Exposure  
Conditions  
D3498-11.....Adhesives for Field-Gluing Plywood to Lumber  
Framing for Floor Systems  
F844-07.....Washers, Steel, Plan (Flat) Unhardened for  
General Use  
F1667-08.....Nails, Spikes, and Staples
- G. Federal Specifications (Fed. Spec.):  
MM-L-736C.....Lumber; Hardwood
- H. Commercial Item Description (CID):  
A-A-55615.....Shield, Expansion (Wood Screw and Lag Bolt Self  
Threading Anchors)
- I. Military Specification (Mil. Spec.):  
MIL-L-19140E.....Lumber and Plywood, Fire-Retardant Treated
- J. Truss Plate Institute (TPI):  
TPI-85.....Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses
- K. U.S. Department of Commerce Product Standard (PS)  
PS 1-95.....Construction and Industrial Plywood  
PS 20-05.....American Softwood Lumber Standard

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### **2.1 LUMBER:**

- A. Unless otherwise specified, each piece of lumber bear grade mark, stamp, or other identifying marks indicating grades of material, and rules or standards under which produced.
  - 1. Identifying marks in accordance with rule or standard under which material is produced, including requirements for qualifications and authority of the inspection organization, usage of authorized identification, and information included in the identification.
  - 2. Inspection agency for lumber approved by the Board of Review, American Lumber Standards Committee, to grade species used.
- B. Structural Members: Species and grade as listed in the AFPA, National Design Specification for Wood Construction having design stresses as shown.
- C. Lumber Other Than Structural:
  - 1. Unless otherwise specified, species graded under the grading rules of an inspection agency approved by Board of Review, American Lumber Standards Committee.
  - 2. Framing lumber: Minimum extreme fiber stress in bending of 1100.
  - 3. Furring, blocking, nailers and similar items 100 mm (4 inches) and narrower Standard Grade; and, members 150 mm (6 inches) and wider, Number 2 Grade.
- D. Sizes:
  - 1. Conforming to Prod. Std., PS20.
  - 2. Size references are nominal sizes, unless otherwise specified, actual sizes within manufacturing tolerances allowed by standard under which produced.
- E. Moisture Content:
  - 1. At time of delivery and maintained at the site.
  - 2. Boards and lumber 50 mm (2 inches) and less in thickness: 19 percent or less.
  - 3. Lumber over 50 mm (2 inches) thick: 25 percent or less.
- F. Fire Retardant Treatment:
  - 1. Mil Spec. MIL-L-19140 with piece of treated material bearing identification of testing agency and showing performance rating.
  - 2. Treatment and performance inspection, by an independent and qualified testing agency that establishes performance ratings.
- G. Preservative Treatment:
  - 1. Do not treat Heart Redwood and Western Red Cedar.

2. Treat wood members and plywood exposed to weather or in contact with plaster, masonry or concrete, including framing of open roofed structures; sills, sole plates, furring, and sleepers that are less than 600 mm (24 inches) from ground; nailers, edge strips, blocking, crickets, curbs, cant, vent strips and other members used in connection with roofing and flashing materials.
3. Treat other members specified as preservative treated (PT).
4. Preservative treat by the pressure method complying with ASTM D1760, except any process involving the use of Chromated Copper arsenate (CCA) for pressure treating wood is not permitted.

## **2.2 PLYWOOD**

- A. Comply with Prod. Std., PS 1.
- B. Bear the mark of a recognized association or independent inspection agency that maintains continuing control over quality of plywood which identifies compliance by veneer grade, group number, span rating where applicable, and glue type.
- C. Sheathing:
  1. APA rated Exposure 1 or Exterior; panel grade CD or better.
  2. Wall sheathing:
    - a. Minimum 9 mm (11/32 inch) thick with supports 400 mm (16 inches) on center and 12 mm (15/32 inch) thick with supports 600 mm (24 inches) on center unless specified otherwise.
    - b. Minimum 1200 mm (48 inches) wide at corners without corner bracing of framing.
  3. For Mechanical, Electrical and Plumbing mounting boards, provide ¾" Fire-retardant-treated (FRT) plywood material is to be used.

## **2.4 ROUGH HARDWARE AND ADHESIVES:**

- A. Anchor Bolts:
  1. ASME B18.2.1 and ANSI B18.2.2 galvanized, 13 mm (1/2 inch) unless shown otherwise.
  2. Extend at least 200 mm (8 inches) into masonry or concrete with ends bent 50 mm (2 inches).
- B. Miscellaneous Bolts: Expansion Bolts: C1D, A-A-55615; lag bolt, long enough to extend at least 65 mm (2-1/2 inches) into masonry or concrete. Use 13 mm (1/2 inch) bolt unless shown otherwise.
- C. Washers
  1. ASTM F844.
  2. Use zinc or cadmium coated steel or cast iron for washers exposed to weather.

D. Screws:

1. Wood to Wood: ANSI B18.6.1 or ASTM C1002.
2. Wood to Steel: ASTM C954, or ASTM C1002.

E. Nails:

1. Size and type best suited for purpose unless noted otherwise. Use aluminum-alloy nails, plated nails, or zinc-coated nails, for nailing wood work exposed to weather and on roof blocking.
2. ASTM F1667:
  - a. Common: Type I, Style 10.
  - b. Concrete: Type I, Style 11.
  - c. Barbed: Type I, Style 26.
  - d. Underlayment: Type I, Style 25.
  - e. Masonry: Type I, Style 27.
  - f. Use special nails designed for use with ties, strap anchors, framing connectors, joists hangers, and similar items. Nails not less than 32 mm (1-1/4 inches) long, 8d and deformed or annular ring shank.

F. Framing and Timber Connectors:

1. Fabricate of ASTM A446, Grade A; steel sheet not less than 1.3 mm (0.052 inch) thick unless specified otherwise. Apply standard plating to steel timber connectors after punching, forming and assembly of parts.
2. Framing Angles: Angle designed with bendable legs to provide three way anchors.
3. Straps:
  - a. Designed to provide wind and seismic ties with sizes as shown or specified.
  - b. Strap ties not less than 32 mm (1-1/4 inches) wide.
  - c. Punched for fastener.
4. Metal Bridging:
  - a. Optional to wood bridging.
  - b. V shape deformed strap with not less than 2 nail holes at ends, designed to nail to top and side of framing member and bottom and side of opposite member.
  - c. Not less than 19 mm by 125 mm (3/4 by 5 inches) bendable nailing flange on ends.
  - d. Fabricated of 1 mm (0.04 inch) minimum thick sheet.
5. Joist Hangers:

- a. Fabricated of 1.6 mm (0.063 inch) minimum thick sheet, U design unless shown otherwise.
- b. Heavy duty hangers fabricated of minimum 2.7 mm (0.108 inch) thick sheet, U design with bent top flange to lap over beam.
- 6. Timber Connectors: Fabricated of steel to shapes shown.
- 7. Joist Ties: Mild steel flats, 5 by 32 mm (3/16 by 1-1/4 inch size with ends bent about 30 degrees from horizontal, and extending at least 400 mm (16 inches) onto framing. Punch each end for three spikes.
- 8. Wall Anchors for Joists and Rafters:
  - a. Mild steel strap, 5 by 32 mm (3/16 by 1-1/4 inch) with wall ends bent 50 mm (2 inches), or provide 9 by 130 mm (3/8 by 5 inch) pin through strap end built into masonry.
  - b. Strap long enough to extend onto three joists or rafters, and punched for spiking at each bearing.
  - c. Strap not less than 100 mm (4 inches) embedded end.
- 9. Joint Plates:
  - a. Steel plate punched for nails.
  - b. Steel plates formed with teeth or prongs for mechanically clamping plates to wood.
  - c. Size for axial eccentricity, and fastener loads.
- G. Adhesives:
  - 1. For field-gluing plywood to lumber framing floor or roof systems: ASTM D3498.
  - 2. For structural laminated Wood: ASTM D2559.

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### **3.1 INSTALLATION OF FRAMING AND MISCELLANEOUS WOOD MEMBERS:**

- A. Conform to applicable requirements of the following:
  - 1. AFPA National Design Specification for Wood Construction for timber connectors.
  - 2. AITC Timber Construction Manual for heavy timber construction.
  - 3. AFPA WCD-number 1, Manual for House Framing for nailing and framing unless specified otherwise.
  - 4. APA for installation of plywood or structural use panels.
  - 5. ASTM F 499 for wood underlayment.
  - 6. TPI for metal plate connected wood trusses.
- B. Fasteners:
  - 1. Nails.
    - a. Nail in accordance with the Recommended Nailing Schedule as specified in AFPA Manual for House Framing where detailed nailing

requirements are not specified in nailing schedule. Select nail size and nail spacing sufficient to develop adequate strength for the connection without splitting the members.

- b. Use special nails with framing connectors.
  - c. For sheathing and subflooring, select length of nails sufficient to extend 25 mm (1 inch) into supports.
  - d. Use eight penny or larger nails for nailing through 25 mm (1 inch) thick lumber and for toe nailing 50 mm (2 inch) thick lumber.
  - e. Use 16 penny or larger nails for nailing through 50 mm (2 inch) thick lumber.
  - f. Select the size and number of nails in accordance with the Nailing Schedule except for special nails with framing anchors.
- 4) Subflooring or Sheathing:
- a) 150 mm (6 inch) wide or less to each joist face nail two-8d.
  - b) Subflooring, more than 150 mm (6 inches) wide, to each stud or joint, face nail three-8d.
  - c) Plywood or structural use panel to each stud or joist face nail 8d, at supported edges 150 mm (6 inches) on center and at intermediate supports 250 mm (10 inches) on center. When gluing plywood to joint framing increase nail spacing to 300 mm (12 inches) at supported edges and 500 mm (20 inches) o.c. at intermediate supports.
- 5) Sole plate to joist or blocking, through sub floor face nail 20d nails, 400 mm (16 inches) on center.
- 6) Top plate to stud, end nail two-16d.
- 7) Stud to sole plate, toe nail or framing anchor. Four-8d
- 8) Doubled studs, face nail 16d at 600 mm (24 inches) on center.
- 9) Built-up corner studs 16d at 600 mm (24 inches) (24 inches) on center.
- 10) Doubled top plates, face nails 16d at 400 mm (16 inches) on center.
- 11) Top plates, laps, and intersections, face nail two-16d.
- 12) Continuous header, two pieces 16d at 400 mm (16 inches) on center along each edge.
2. Bolts:
- a. Fit bolt heads and nuts bearing on wood with washers.
  - b. Countersink bolt heads flush with the surface of nailers.
  - c. Embed in concrete and solid masonry or use expansion bolts. Special bolts or screws designed for anchor to solid masonry or concrete in drilled holes may be used.

- d. Use toggle bolts to hollow masonry or sheet metal.
- e. Use bolts to steel over 2.84 mm (0.112 inch, 11 gage) in thickness. Secure wood nailers to vertical structural steel members with bolts, placed one at ends of nailer and 600 mm (24 inch) intervals between end bolts. Use clips to beam flanges.
- 3. Drill Screws to steel less than 2.84 mm (0.112 inch) thick.
  - a. ASTM C1002 for steel less than 0.84 mm (0.033 inch) thick.
  - b. ASTM C 954 for steel over 0.84 mm (0.033 inch) thick.
- 4. Power actuated drive pins may be used where practical to anchor to solid masonry, concrete, or steel.
- 5. Do not anchor to wood plugs or nailing blocks in masonry or concrete. Use metal plugs, inserts or similar fastening.
- 6. Screws to Join Wood:
  - a. Where shown or option to nails.
  - b. ASTM C1002, sized to provide not less than 25 mm (1 inch) penetration into anchorage member.
  - c. Spaced same as nails.
- C. Set sills or plates level in full bed of mortar on masonry or concrete walls.
  - 1. Space anchor bolts 1200 mm (4 feet) on centers between ends and within 150 mm (6 inches) of end. Stagger bolts from side to side on plates over 175 mm (7 inches) in width.
  - 2. Use shims of slate, tile or similar approved material to level wood members resting on concrete or masonry. Do not use wood shims or wedges.
  - 3. Closely fit, and set to required lines.
- D. Blocking Nailers, and Furring:
  - 1. Install furring, blocking, nailers, and grounds where shown.
  - 2. Use longest lengths practicable.
  - 3. Use fire retardant treated wood blocking where shown at openings and where shown or specified.
  - 4. Layers of Blocking or Plates:
    - a. Stagger end joints between upper and lower pieces.
    - b. Nail at ends and not over 600 mm (24 inches) between ends.
    - c. Stagger nails from side to side of wood member over 125 mm (5 inches) in width.

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**SECTION 06 20 00**  
**FINISH CARPENTRY**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

- A. This section specifies exterior and interior millwork.
- B. Items specified.
  - Base and Upper Cabinets
  - Counter or Work Tops

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Fabricated Metal brackets, bench supports and countertop legs: Section 05 50 00, METAL FABRICATIONS.
- B. Framing, furring and blocking: Section 06 10 00, ROUGH CARPENTRY.
- C. Wood doors: Section 08 14 00, WOOD DOORS.
- D. Stock Casework: Section 12 32 00, MANUFACTURED WOOD CASEWORK.
- E. Other Countertops: Division 11, EQUIPMENT and Division 12, FURNISHINGS.
- F. Electrical light fixtures and duplex outlets: Division 26, ELECTRICAL.

**1.3 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Millwork items - Half full size scale for sections and details 1:50 (1/4-inch) for elevations and plans.
  - 2. Show construction and installation.
- C. Samples:
  - Plastic laminate finished plywood or particleboard, 150 mm by 300 mm (six by twelve inches).
- D. Certificates:
  - 1. Indicating fire retardant treatment of materials meet the requirements specified.
  - 2. Indicating moisture content of materials meet the requirements specified.
- E. List of acceptable sealers for fire retardant and preservative treated materials.
- F. Manufacturer's literature and data:
  - 1. Finish hardware
  - 2. Sinks with fittings
  - 3. Electrical components

#### 1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Protect lumber and millwork from dampness, maintaining moisture content specified both during and after delivery at site.
- B. Store finishing lumber and millwork in weathertight well ventilated structures or in space in existing buildings designated by Resident Engineer. Store at a minimum temperature of 21<sup>0</sup>C (70<sup>0</sup>F) for not less than 10 days before installation.
- C. Pile lumber in stacks in such manner as to provide air circulation around surfaces of each piece.

#### 1.5 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM):
  - A36/A36M-08.....Structural Steel
  - A53-07.....Pipe, Steel, Black and Hot-Dipped Zinc Coated,  
Welded and Seamless
  - A167-99 (R2009).....Stainless and Heat-Resisting Chromium-Nickel  
Steel Plate, Sheet, and Strip
  - B26/B26M-09.....Aluminum-Alloy Sand Castings
  - B221-08.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods,  
Wire, Profiles, and Tubes
  - E84-09.....Surface Burning Characteristics of Building  
Materials
- C. American Hardboard Association (AHA):
  - A135.4-04.....Basic Hardboard
- D. Builders Hardware Manufacturers Association (BHMA):
  - A156.9-03.....Cabinet Hardware
  - A156.11-04.....Cabinet Locks
  - A156.16-02.....Auxiliary Hardware
- E. Hardwood Plywood and Veneer Association (HPVA):
  - HP1-09.....Hardwood and Decorative Plywood
- F. National Particleboard Association (NPA):
  - A208.1-99.....Wood Particleboard
- G. American Wood-Preservers' Association (AWPA):
  - AWPA C1-03.....All Timber Products - Preservative Treatment by  
Pressure Processes
- H. Architectural Woodwork Institute (AWI):
  - AWI-99.....Architectural Woodwork Quality Standards and  
Quality Certification Program

- I. National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA):
  - LD 3-05.....High-Pressure Decorative Laminates
- J. U.S. Department of Commerce, Product Standard (PS):
  - PS20-05.....American Softwood Lumber Standard
- K. Military Specification (Mil. Spec.):
  - MIL-L-19140E.....Lumber and Plywood, Fire-Retardant Treated
- L. Federal Specifications (Fed. Spec.):
  - A-A-1922A.....Shield Expansion
  - A-A-1936.....Contact Adhesive
  - FF-N-836D.....Nut, Square, Hexagon Cap, Slotted, Castle
  - FF-S-111D(1).....Screw, Wood
  - MM-L-736(C).....Lumber, Hardwood

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### **2.1 LUMBER**

- A. Grading and Marking:
  - 1. Lumber shall bear the grade mark, stamp, or other identifying marks indicating grades of material.
  - 2. Such identifying marks on a material shall be in accordance with the rule or standard under which the material is produced, including requirements for qualifications and authority of the inspection organization, usage of authorized identification, and information included in the identification.
  - 3. The inspection agency for lumber shall be approved by the Board of Review, American Lumber Standards Committee, to grade species used.
- B. Sizes:
  - 1. Lumber Size references, unless otherwise specified, are nominal sizes, and actual sizes shall be within manufacturing tolerances allowed by the standard under which product is produced.
  - 2. Millwork, standing and running trim, and rails: Actual size as shown or specified.
- C. Hardwood: MM-L-736, species as specified for each item.
- D. Softwood: PS-20, exposed to view appearance grades:
  - 1. Use C select or D select, vertical grain for transparent finish including stain transparent finish.
  - 2. Use Prime for painted or opaque finish.
- E. Use edge grain Wood members exposed to weather.

### **2.2 PLYWOOD**

- A. Softwood Plywood:
  - 1. Prod. Std.

2. Grading and Marking:
  - a. Each sheet of plywood shall bear the mark of a recognized association or independent inspection agency that maintains continuing control over the quality of the plywood.
  - b. The mark shall identify the plywood by species group or identification index, and shall show glue type, grade, and compliance with PS1.
3. Plywood, 13 mm (1/2 inch) and thicker; not less than five ply construction, except 32 mm (1-1/4 inch) thick plywood not less than seven ply.
4. Plastic Laminate Plywood Cores:
  - a. Exterior Type, and species group.
  - b. Veneer Grade: A-C.
5. Shelving Plywood:
  - a. Interior Type, any species group.
  - b. Veneer Grade: A-B or B-C.
6. Other: As specified for item.

## **2.3 PARTICLEBOARD**

- A. NPA A208.1
- B. Plastic Laminate Particleboard Cores:
  1. Use Type 1, Grade 1-M-3, or Type 2, Grade 2-M-2, unless otherwise specified.
  2. Use Type 2, Grade 2-M-2, exterior bond, for tops with sinks.
- C. General Use: Type 1, Grade 1-M-3 or Type 2, Grade 2-M-2.

## **2.4 PLASTIC LAMINATE**

- A. NEMA LD-3.
- B. Exposed decorative surfaces including countertops, both sides of cabinet doors, and for items having plastic laminate finish. General Purpose, Type HGL.
- C. Cabinet Interiors including Shelving: Both of following options to comply with NEMA, CLS as a minimum.
  1. Plastic laminate clad plywood or particle board.
  2. Resin impregnated decorative paper thermally fused to particle board.
- D. Backing sheet on bottom of plastic laminate covered wood tops: Backer, Type HGP.
- E. Post Forming Fabrication, Decorative Surfaces: Post forming, Type HGP.

## **2.5 BUILDING BOARD (HARDBOARD)**

- A. ANSI/AHA A135.4, 6 mm (1/4 inch) thick unless specified otherwise.

B. Perforated hardboard (Pegboard): Type 1, Tempered perforated 6 mm (1/4 inch) diameter holes, on 25 mm (1 inch) centers each way, smooth surface one side.

C. Wall paneling at gas chain rack: Type 1, tempered, Fire Retardant treated, smooth surface on side.

## **2.6 ADHESIVE**

A. For Plastic Laminate: Fed. Spec. A-A-1936.

B. For Interior Millwork: Unextended urea resin, unextended melamine resin, phenol resin, or resorcinol resin.

C. For Exterior Millwork: Unextended melamine resin, phenol resin, or resorcinol resin.

## **2.7 STAINLESS STEEL**

ASTM A167, Type 302 or 304.

## **2.8 ALUMINUM CAST**

ASTM B26

## **2.9 ALUMINUM EXTRUDED**

ASTM B221

## **2.10 HARDWARE**

A. Rough Hardware:

1. Furnish rough hardware with a standard plating, applied after punching, forming and assembly of parts; galvanized, cadmium plated, or zinc-coated by electric-galvanizing process. Galvanized where specified.
2. All cabinets and drawers to have locks. Locks and Medeco 7-pin cores are to be included in construction contract.
3. Use galvanized coating on ferrous metal for exterior work unless non-ferrous metals or stainless is used.
4. Fasteners:
  - a. Bolts with Nuts: FF-N-836.
  - b. Expansion Bolts: A-A-1922A.
  - c. Screws: Fed. Spec. FF-S-111.

B. Finish Hardware

1. Cabinet Hardware: ANSI A156.9.
  - a. Door/Drawer Pulls: B02011. Door in seismic zones: B03182.
  - b. Drawer Slides: B05051 for drawers over 150 mm (6 inches) deep, B05052 for drawers 75 mm to 150 mm 3 to 6 inches) deep, and B05053 for drawers less than 75 mm (3 inches) deep.
  - c. Sliding Door Tracks: B07063.
  - d. Adjustable Shelf Standards: B4061 with shelf rest B04083.

- e. Concealed Hinges: B1601, minimum 110 degree opening.
- f. Butt Hinges: B01361, for flush doors, B01381 for inset lipped doors, and B01521 for overlay doors.
- g. Cabinet Door Catch: B0371 or B03172.
- h. Vertical Slotted Shelf Standard: B04103 with shelf brackets B04113, sized for shelf depth.
- 2. Cabinet Locks: ANSI A156.11.
  - a. Drawers and Hinged Door: E07262.
  - b. Sliding Door: E07162.
- 3. Auxiliary Hardware: ANSI A156.16.
  - a. Shelf Bracket: B04041, japanned or enameled finish.
  - b. Combination Garment rod and Shelf Support: B04051 japanned or enamel finish.
  - c. Closet Bar: L03131 chrome finish of required length.
  - d. Handrail Brackets: L03081 or L03101.
    - 1) Cast Aluminum, satin polished finish.
    - 2) Cast Malleable Iron, japanned or enamel finish.
- 7. Thru-Wall Counter Brackets:
  - a. Steel angles drilled for fasteners on 100 mm (4 inches) centers.
  - b. Baked enamel prime coat finish.
- 10. Rubber or Vinyl molding
  - a. Rubber or vinyl standard stock and in longest lengths practicable.
  - b. Design for closures at joints with walls and adhesive anchorage.
  - c. Adhesive as recommended by molding manufacturer.
- 11. Primers: Manufacturer's standard primer for steel providing baked enamel finish.

## **2.11 MOISTURE CONTENT**

- A. Moisture content of lumber and millwork at time of delivery to site.
  - 1. Interior finish lumber, trim, and millwork 32 mm (1-1/4 inches) or less in nominal thickness: 12 percent on 85 percent of the pieces and 15 percent on the remainder.
  - 2. Exterior treated or untreated finish lumber and trim 100 mm (4 inches) or less in nominal thickness: 15 percent.
  - 3. Moisture content of other materials shall be in accordance with the standards under which the products are produced.

## **2.12 FIRE RETARDANT TREATMENT**

- A. Where wood members and plywood are specified to be fire retardant treated, the treatment shall be in accordance with Mil. Spec. MIL-L19140.

- B. Treatment and performance inspection shall be by an independent and qualified testing agency that establishes performance ratings.
- C. Each piece of treated material shall bear identification of the testing agency and shall indicate performance in accordance with such rating of flame spread and smoke developed.
- D. Treat wood for maximum flame spread of 25 and smoke developed of 25.
- E. Fire Resistant Softwood Plywood:
  - 1. Use Grade A, Exterior, plywood for treatment.
  - 2. Meet the following requirements when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
    - a. Flame spread: 0 to 25.
    - b. Smoke developed: 100 maximum
- F. Fire Resistant Hardwood Plywood:
  - 1. Core: Fire retardant treated softwood plywood.
  - 2. Hardwood face and back veneers untreated,
  - 3. Factory seal panel edges, to prevent loss of fire retardant salts.

#### **2.13 PRESERVATIVE TREATMENT**

Wood members and plywood exposed to weather or in contact with plaster, masonry or concrete, including wood members used for rough framing of millwork items except heart-wood Redwood and Western Red Cedar shall be preservative treated in accordance with AWP Standards.

- B. Use Grade A, exterior plywood for treatment.

#### **2.15 FABRICATION**

- A. General:
  - 1. Except as otherwise specified, use AWI Custom Grade for architectural woodwork and interior millwork.
  - 2. Finish woodwork shall be free from pitch pockets.
  - 3. Except where special profiles are shown, trim shall be standard stock molding and members of the same species.
  - 4. Plywood shall be not less than 13 mm (1/2 inch), unless otherwise shown or specified.
  - 5. Edges of members in contact with concrete or masonry shall have a square corner caulking rebate.
  - 6. Fabricate members less than 4 m (14 feet) in length from one piece of lumber, back channeled and molded as shown.
  - 7. Interior trim and items of millwork to be painted may be fabricated from jointed, built-up, or laminated members, unless otherwise shown on drawings or specified.
  - 8. Plastic Laminate Work:

- a. Factory glued to either a plywood or a particle board core, thickness as shown or specified.
  - b. Cover exposed edges with plastic laminate, except where aluminum, stainless steel, or plastic molded edge strips are shown or specified. Use plastic molded edge strips on 19 mm (3/4-inch) molded thick or thinner core material.
  - c. Provide plastic backing sheet on underside of countertops, vanity tops, thru-wall counter // and sills // including back splashes and end splashes of countertops.
  - d. Use backing sheet on concealed large panel surface when decorative face does not occur.
- L. Counter or Work Tops:
1. Fabrication with plastic laminate over 32 mm (1-1/4 inch) thick core unless shown otherwise.
    - a. Use decorative laminate for exposed edges of tops 38 mm (1-1/2 inches) wide and on back splash and end splash. Use plastic or metal edges for top edges less than 38 mm (1-1/2 inches) wide.
    - b. Assemble back splash and end splash to counter top.
    - c. Use one piece counters for straight runs.
    - d. Miter corners for field joints with overlapping blocking on underside of joint.
  2. Fabricate wood counter for work benches as shown.

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### **3.1 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Maintain work areas and storage areas to a minimum temperature of 21°C (70°F) for not less than 10 days before and during installation of interior millwork.
- B. Do not install finish lumber or millwork in any room or space where wet process systems such as concrete, masonry, or plaster work is not complete and dry.

#### **3.2 INSTALLATION**

- A. General:
  1. Millwork receiving transparent finish shall be primed and back-painted on concealed surfaces. Set no millwork until primed and back-painted.
  2. Secure trim with fine finishing nails, screws, or glue as required.
  3. Set nails for putty stopping. Use washers under bolt heads where no other bearing plate occurs.

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4. Seal cut edges of preservative and fire retardant treated wood materials with a certified acceptable sealer.
5. Coordinate with plumbing and electrical work for installation of fixtures and service connections in millwork items.
6. Plumb and level items unless shown otherwise.
7. Nail finish at each blocking, lookout, or other nailer and intermediate points; toggle or expansion bolt in place where nails are not suitable.

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06-01-12

**SECTION 07 21 13**  
**THERMAL INSULATION**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION:**

- A. This section specifies thermal and acoustical insulation for buildings.
- B. Acoustical insulation is identified by thickness and words "Acoustical Insulation".

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Safing insulation: Section 07 84 00, FIRESTOPPING.

**1.3 SUBMITTALS:**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES .
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Insulation, each type used
  - 2. Adhesive, each type used.
  - 3. Tape
- C. Certificates: Stating the type, thickness and "R" value (thermal resistance) of the insulation to be installed.

**1.4 STORAGE AND HANDLING:**

- A. Store insulation materials in weathertight enclosure.
- B. Protect insulation from damage from handling, weather and construction operations before, during, and after installation.

**1.5 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS:**

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by basic designation only.
- B. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
  - C270-10.....Mortar for Unit Masonry
  - C516-08.....Vermiculite Loose Fill Thermal Insulation
  - C549-06.....Perlite Loose Fill Insulation
  - C552-07.....Cellular Glass Thermal Insulation.
  - C553-08.....Mineral Fiber Blanket Thermal Insulation for  
Commercial and Industrial Applications
  - C578-10.....Rigid, Cellular Polystyrene Thermal Insulation
  - C591-09.....Unfaced Preformed Rigid Cellular  
Polyisocynurate Thermal Insulation

06-01-12

C612-10.....Mineral Fiber Block and Board Thermal  
Insulation  
C665-06.....Mineral Fiber Blanket Thermal Insulation for  
Light Frame Construction and Manufactured  
Housing  
C728-05 (R2010).....Perlite Thermal Insulation Board  
C954-10.....Steel Drill Screws for the Application of  
Gypsum Panel Products or Metal Plaster Base to  
Steel Studs From 0.033 (0.84 mm) inch to 0.112  
inch (2.84 mm) in thickness  
C1002-07.....Steel Self-Piercing Tapping Screws for the  
Application of Gypsum Panel Products or Metal  
Plaster Bases to Wood Studs or Steel Studs  
D312-00(R2006).....Asphalt Used in Roofing  
E84-10.....Surface Burning Characteristics of Building  
Materials  
F1667-11.....Driven Fasteners: Nails, Spikes and Staples.

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### **2.1 INSULATION - GENERAL:**

- A. Where thermal resistance ("R" value) is specified or shown for insulation, the thickness shown on the drawings is nominal. Use only insulation with actual thickness that is not less than that required to provide the thermal resistance specified.
- B. Where "R" value is not specified for insulation, use the thickness shown on the drawings.
- C. Where more than one type of insulation is specified, the type of insulation for each use is optional, except use only one type of insulation in any particular area.
- D. Insulation Products shall comply with following minimum content standards for recovered materials:

06-01-12

Material Type	Percent by Weight
Perlite composite board	23 percent post consumer recovered paper
Polyisocyanurate/polyurethane	
Rigid foam	9 percent recovered material
Foam-in-place	5 percent recovered material
Glass fiber reinforced	6 percent recovered material
Phenolic rigid foam	5 percent recovered material
Rock wool material	75 percent recovered material

The minimum-content standards are based on the weight (not the volume) of the material in the insulating core only.

## **2.5 ACOUSTICAL INSULATION:**

- A. Mineral Fiber boards: ASTM C553, Type II, flexible, or Type III, semirigid (4.5 pound nominal density).
- B. Mineral Fiber Batt or Blankets: ASTM C665. Maximum flame spread of 25 and smoke development of 450 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
- C. Thickness as shown; of widths and lengths to fit tight against framing.

## **2.9 FASTENERS:**

- A. Staples or Nails: ASTM F1667, zinc-coated, size and type best suited for purpose.
- B. Screws: ASTM C954 or C1002, size and length best suited for purpose with washer not less than 50 mm (two inches) in diameter.
- C. Impaling Pins: Steel pins with head not less than 50 mm (two inches) in diameter with adhesive for anchorage to substrate. Provide impaling pins of length to extend beyond insulation and retain cap washer when washer is placed on the pin.

## **2.10 ADHESIVE:**

- A. As recommended by the manufacturer of the insulation.
- B. Asphalt: ASTM D312, Type III or IV.
- C. Mortar: ASTM C270, Type 0.

## **2.11 TAPE:**

- A. Pressure sensitive adhesive on one face.
- B. Perm rating of not more than 0.50.

06-01-12

**PART 3 - EXECUTION**

**3.1 INSTALLATION - GENERAL**

- A. Install insulation with the vapor barrier facing the heated side, unless specified otherwise.
- B. Install rigid insulating units with joints close and flush, in regular courses and with cross joints broken.
- C. Install batt or blanket insulation with tight joints and filling framing void completely. Seal cuts, tears, and unlapped joints with tape.
- D. Fit insulation tight against adjoining construction and penetrations, unless specified otherwise.

**3.7 ACOUSTICAL INSULATION:**

- A. Fasten blanket insulation between metal studs and wall furring with continuous pressure sensitive tape along edges or adhesive.
- B. Pack insulation around door frames and windows and in cracks, expansion joints, control joints, door soffits and other voids. Pack behind outlets, around pipes, ducts, and services encased in wall or partition. Hold insulation in place with pressure sensitive tape or adhesive.
- C. Do not compress insulation below required thickness except where embedded items prevent required thickness.
- D. Where acoustical insulation is installed above suspended ceilings install blanket at right angles to the main runners or framing. Extend insulation over wall insulation systems not extending to structure above.
- E. Where semirigid insulation is used which is not full thickness of cavity, adhere to one side of cavity maintaining continuity of insulation and covering penetrations or embedments in insulation.

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**SECTION 07 53 23**  
**ETHYLENE-PROPYLENE-DIENE-MONOMER ROOFING**

**PART 1 GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

- A. Ethylene Propylene Diene Monomer (EPDM) sheet roofing ballasted to roof deck.
- B. Fire rated roof system.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Treated wood framing, blocking, and nailers: Section 06 10 00, ROUGH CARPENTRY.
- B. Gypsum Sheathing Board: Section 09 29 00, GYPSUM BOARD. Mechanical equipment supports: Section 23 34 00, HVAC FANS and Section 23 31 00, HVAC DUCTS AND CASINGS, Section 23 37 00, AIR OUTLETS AND INLETS.

**1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Approved applicator by the membrane roofing system manufacturer, and certified by the manufacturer as having the necessary expertise to install the specific system.
- B. Pre-Roofing Meeting:
  - 1. Upon completion of roof deck installation and prior to any roofing application, hold a pre-roofing meeting arranged by the Contractor and attended by the Roofing Inspector, Material Manufacturers Technical Representative, Roofing Applicator, Contractor, and Resident Engineer,
  - 2. Discuss specific expectations and responsibilities, construction procedures, specification requirements, application, environmental conditions, job and surface readiness, material storage, and protection.
  - 3. Inspect roof deck at this time to:
    - a. Verify that work of other trades which penetrates roof deck is completed.
    - b. Determine adequacy of deck anchorage, presence of foreign material, moisture and unlevel surfaces, or other conditions that would prevent application of roofing system from commencing or cause a roof failure.
    - c. Examine samples and installation instructions of manufacturer.
    - d. Perform pull out test of fasteners (See paragraph 3.2).

**1.4 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.

- B. Applicators approval certification by manufacturer.
- C. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Sheet membrane layout.
  - 2. Fastener pattern, layout, and spacing requirements.
  - 3. Termination details.
- D. Manufacturers installation instructions revised for project.
- E. Samples:
  - 1. Sheet membrane: One 150 mm (6 inch) square piece.
  - 2. Sheet flashing: One 150 mm (6 inch) square piece.
  - 3. Fasteners: Two, each type.
  - 4. Welded seam: Two 300 mm (12 inch) square samples of welded seams to represent quality of field welded seams.

#### **1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING**

- A. Deliver, store, and handle materials as specified by manufacturer.
- B. Store volatile materials separate from other materials with separation to prevent fire from damaging the work, or other materials.

#### **1.6 WARRANTY**

Roofing work subject to the terms of the Article "Warranty of Construction", FAR clause 52.246-21, except extend the warranty period to five years.

#### **1.7 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
  - A167-99(R2009).....Stainless and Heat-Resisting Chromium-Nickel Steel Plate, Sheet and Strip
  - B209-07.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate
  - D751-06.....Coated Fabrics
  - D2103-10.....Polyethylene Film and Sheeting
  - D2240-05(R2010).....Rubber Property - Durometer Hardness
  - D3884-09.....Abrasive Resistance of Textile Fabrics (Rotary Platform, Double-Head Method)
  - D4637-10.....EPDM Sheet Used in Single-Ply Roof Membrane
  - D4586-07.....Asphalt Roof Cement, Asbestos Free
  - E96-10.....Water Vapor Transmission of Materials
  - E108-10.....Fire Tests of Roof Coverings
  - G21-09.....Resistance of Synthetic Polymeric Materials to Fungi

- C. National Roofing Contractors Association (NRCA):  
Fifth Edition - 05.....The NRCA Roofing and Waterproofing Manual.
- D. Federal Specifications (Fed. Spec.)  
FF-S-107C(2).....Screws, Tapping and Drive  
FF-S-111D(1).....Screw, Wood  
UU-B-790A.....Building Paper, Vegetable Fiber (Kraft,  
Waterproofed, Water Repellent and Fire  
Resistant)
- E. Factory Mutual Engineering and Research Corporation (FM):  
Annual Issue.....Approval Guide Building Materials
- F. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc (UL):  
Annual Issue.....Building Materials Directory  
Annual Issue.....Fire Resistance Directory
- G. Warnock Hersey (WH):  
Annual Issue.....Certification Listings

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### **2.1 EPDM SHEET ROOFING**

- A. Conform to ASTM D4637, Type I, Grade 1, black color.
- B. Additional Properties:

PROPERTY	TEST METHOD	REQUIREMENT
Shore A Hardness	ASTM D2240	55 to 75 Durometer
Water Vapor Permeance	ASTM E96	Minimum 0.14 perms Water Method
Fungi Resistance	ASTM G21	After 21 days, no sustained growth or discoloration.
Fire Resistance	ASTM E108 Class A	No Combustion Beyond Flame/Heat Source

- C. Thickness:  
1. Use 1.14 mm (0.045-inch) thick sheet for ballasted system.
- D. Pipe Boots:  
1. Molded EDPM designed for flashing of round penetrations, 200 mm (8  
inch) minimum height.  
2. Color same as roof membrane.

### **2.2 EPDM FLASHING SHEET**

- A. Conform to ASTM D4637, Type I, Grade 1, Class U, unreinforced, color,  
same as roof membrane modified as specified for flashing.
- B. Self curing EPDM flashing, adaptable to irregular shapes and surfaces.
- C. Minimum thickness 1.5 mm (0.060-inch).

### **2.3 MISCELLANEOUS ROOFING MEMBRANE MATERIALS**

- A. Sheet roofing manufacturers specified products.
- B. Splice Adhesive: For roofing and flashing sheet.
- C. Lap Sealant: Liquid EPDM rubber for roofing sheet exposed lap edge.
- D. Bonding Adhesives: Neoprene, compatible with roofing membrane, flashing membrane, insulation, metals, concrete, and masonry for bonding roofing and flashing sheet to substrate.
- E. Fastener Sealer: One part elastomeric adhesive sealant.
- F. Temporary Closure Sealers (Night Sealant): Polyurethane two part sealer.
- G. Primers, Splice Tapes, Cleaners, and Butyl Rubber Seals: As specified by roof membrane manufacturer.
- H. Asphalt Roof Cement: ASTM D4586.

### **2.4 FASTENERS**

- A. Fasteners and washers required for securing sheet roofing to deck:
  - 1. Steel stress plate washers as required by sheet roofing manufacturer:
    - a. Coated against corrosion.
    - b. Separate or attached to fastener.
    - c. Approximately 50 mm (2 inch) diameter or 40 mm x 65 mm (1-1/2 by 2-1/2 inches) rectangular plate with rounded corners, minimum thickness 0.6 mm (0.023-inch).
  - 2. Fastening strip or batten strip for securing roof membrane to deck:
    - a. Stainless steel strip: ASTM A167 type 302 or 304, minimum 0.5 mm (0.018-inch) thick.
    - b. Aluminum strip: ASTM B209, minimum 2.4 mm (0.094-inch) thick.
    - c. Rounded corners on strips.
    - d. Form strips 38 mm (1-1/2 inches) wide, 3000 mm (10 feet) maximum length with 6 mm x 10 mm (1/4 by 3/8 inch) punched slotted holes at 100 mm (4 inch) centers; centered on width of strip. Punch holes 2 mm (1/16 inch) larger than fastener shank when shank is larger than 5 mm (3/16 inch).
  - 3. Steel decks: Screws; Fed Spec FF-S-107, hardened nylon screw or steel screw coated to resist corrosion, self drilling, anti-backout thread design. Minimum pullout resistance of 135 Kg (300 pounds), minimum thread penetration of 13 mm (1/2 inch).
  - 4. Gypsum, Insulating Concrete, and Structural Cement Fiber Decks: Diverging or hooking point fastener, anti-spin fitting; or specifically designed for anchorage to deck as recommended by roofing membrane manufacturer, coated to resist corrosion, minimum pullout resistance of 200 Kg (450 pounds).
  - 5. Concrete and Masonry Wall Surfaces:

- a. Nail penetration 13 mm (1/2 inch).
- 6. Wood:
  - a. Screws; Fed. Spec. FF-S-111, Type I, Style 2.5, coated to resist corrosion, length to provide 19 mm (3/4 inch) minimum penetration.
  - b. Nails: Barbed shank, galvanized.
- 7. Washers: Neoprene backed metal washer 28 mm (1-1/8 inch) minimum diameter.
- 8. To Sheet Metal: Self tapping screw; Fed. Spec. FF-S-107, 2 mm (No. 14), sheet metal screw, minimum thread penetration of 6 mm (1/4 inch); stainless steel.
- B. Pipe Compression Clamp or Drawband:
  - 1. Stainless steel or cadmium plated steel drawband.
  - 2. Worm drive clamp device.
- C. Surface mounted base flashing clamp strip:
  - 1. Stainless steel strip, ASTM A167, type 302 or 304, dead soft temper, minimum 0.5 mm (0.018-inch) thick.
  - 2. Aluminum strip: ASTM B209 24 mm (.094-inch) thick.
  - 3. For exposed location, form strips with 6 mm (1/4 inch) wide top edge bent out 45 degrees (for sealant) from 40 mm (1-1/2 inch) wide material; 2400 mm (8 feet) maximum length with slotted 6 mm x 10 mm (1/4 by 3/8-inch) holes punched at 200 mm (8 inch) centers, centered between bend and bottom edges.
  - 4. For locations covered by cap flashings, form strips 30 mm (1-1/4 inch) wide, 2400 mm (8 feet) maximum length with slotted holes 6 mm x 10 mm (1/4 by 3/8 inch) punched at 200 mm (8 inch) centers, centered on strip width.
- D. Fasteners and washers required for securing pavers together with straps and to walls or other anchorage.
  - 1. Straps for securing pavers together:
    - a. Stainless steel strap: ASTM A167, type 302 or 304, minimum 0.46 mm (0.018 inch) thick.
    - b. Aluminum strap: ASTM B209, minimum 2.39 mm (0.094 inch) thick.
    - c. Rounded corners on straps.
    - d. Form straps 38 mm 91-1/2 inches) wide, 3 m (10 feet) maximum length with 6 by 10 mm (1/4 by 3/8 inch) punched slotted holes at 100 mm (4 inch centers centered on width of strap. Punch hole size 2 mm (1/16 inch) larger than fastener shank when shank is thicker than 5 mm (3/16 inch).

## **2.5 VAPOR RETARDER OR SEPARATION SHEETS**

- A. Polyethylene film: ASTM D2103, 0.2 mm (6 mils) thick.

B. Building Paper: Fed. Spec. UU-B-790.

1. Water vapor resistance: Type I, Grade A, Style 4, reinforced.
2. Water vapor permeable: Type I, Grade D, Style 4, reinforced.

## **2.6 FLEXIBLE TUBING**

- A. Closed cell neoprene, butyl polyethylene, vinyl, or polyethylene tube or rod.
- B. Diameter approximately 1-1/2 times joint width.

## **2.9 BALLAST AND PAVERS**

A. Aggregate:

1. Conform to ASTM D1863.
2. Gradation conform to ASTM D448:
  - a. Size 2 for 146 kg/m<sup>2</sup> (30 pounds per square foot) or more.
  - b. Size 3 for 122 kg/m<sup>2</sup> (25 pounds per square foot) or more.
  - c. Size 5 for 73 kg/m<sup>2</sup> (15 pounds per square foot) or more.
  - d. Size 6 for 49 kg/m<sup>2</sup> (10 pounds per square foot) or more.

SPEC WRITER NOTE:

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### **3.1 GENERAL**

- A. Do not apply if deck will be used for subsequent work platform, storage of materials, or staging or scaffolding will be erected thereon unless protection provided to distribute loads less than one-half compression resistance of roofing system materials.
  1. Curbs, blocking, edge strips, and other components to which roofing and base flashing is attached in place ready to receive insulation and, roofing.
  2. Coordinate roof operation with sheet metal work and roof insulation work so that insulation and flashing are installed concurrently to permit continuous roofing operations.
  3. Complete installation of flashing, insulation, and roofing in the same day except for the area where temporary protection is required when work is stopped.
- B. Phased construction is not permitted. The complete installation of roofing system is required in the same day except for area where temporary protection is required when work is stopped. Complete installation includes pavers and ballast for ballasted systems.
- C. Dry out surfaces that become wet from any cause during progress of the work before roofing work is resumed.
- D. Apply materials only to dry substrates.

E. Except for temporary protection specified, do not apply materials during damp or rainy weather, during excessive wind conditions, nor while moisture (dew, snow, fog, ice, or frost) is present in any amount in or on the materials.

1. Do not apply materials to substrate having temperature of 4°C (40 degrees F) or less, or when materials applied with the roof require higher application temperature.
2. Do not apply materials when the temperature is below 4°C (40 degrees F).

F. Temporary Protection:

1. Install temporary protection consisting of a temporary seal and water cut-offs at the end of each day's work and when work is halted for an indefinite period or work is stopped when precipitation is imminent.
2. Temporarily seal exposed surfaces of insulation within the roofing membrane.
3. Do not leave insulation surfaces or edges exposed.
4. Use polyethylene film or building paper to separate roof sheet from bituminous materials.
5. Apply the temporary seal and water cut off by extending the roof membrane beyond the insulation and securely embedding the edge of the roof membrane in 6 mm (1/4 inch) thick by 50 mm (2 inches) wide strip of temporary closure sealant (night sealant) and weight edge with sandbags, to prevent displacement; space sandbags not over 2400 mm (8 foot) centers. Check daily to insure temporary seal remains watertight. Reseal open areas and weight down.
6. Before the work resumes, cut off and discard portions of the roof membrane in contact with roof cement or bituminous materials.
  - a. Cut not less than 150 mm (6 inches) back from bituminous coated edges or surfaces.
  - b. Remove temporary polyethylene film or building paper.
7. Remove and discard sandbags contaminated with bituminous products.
8. For roof areas that are to remain intact and that are subject to foot traffic and damage, provide temporary wood walkways with notches in sleepers to permit free drainage.
9. Provide 2 mm (6 mil) polyethylene sheeting or building paper cover over roofing membrane under temporary wood walkways and adjacent areas. Round all edges and corners of wood bearing on roof surface.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

B. Remove dirt, debris, and surface moisture. Cover or fill voids greater than 6 mm (1/4 inch) wide to provide solid support for roof membrane.

- C. Install separation sheet over bituminous material on deck surface lapping edges and ends 150 mm (6 inches) or as recommended by roof membrane manufacturer.
  - 1. Do not install of separation sheet beyond what can be covered by roofing membrane each day.
  - 2. Use polyethylene, or building paper, that will be compatible with seaming method.
  - 3. Insure separation sheet completely isolates bituminous materials from EPDM roofing membrane.
  - 4. Turn up at penetrations, or other surfaces where bituminous materials occur, to cover bituminous product.
  - 5. Turn down over edges of blocking at perimeters to cover blocking.

### **3.3 INSTALLATION OF ROOFING AND FLASHING**

- A. Do not allow the membrane to come in contact with surfaces contaminated with asphalt, coal tar, oil, grease, or other substances which are not compatible with EPDM roofing membrane.
- B. If possible, install the membrane so the sheets run perpendicular to the long dimension of the insulation boards.
- C. If possible, start at the low point of the roof and work towards the high point. Lap the sheets so the flow of water is not against the edges of the sheet.
- D. Position the membrane so it is free of buckles and wrinkles.
- E. Roll sheet out on deck; inspect for defects as sheet is being rolled out and remove defective areas:
  - 1. Allow 30 minutes for relaxing before proceeding.
  - 2. Lap edges and ends of sheets 75 mm (3 inches) or more as recommended by the manufacturer. Clean lap surfaces as specified by manufacturer.
  - 3. Adhesively splice laps. Apply pressure as required. Seam strength of laps as required by ASTM D4637.
  - 4. Check seams to ensure continuous adhesion and correct defects.
  - 5. Finish edges of laps with a continuous beveled bead of lap sealant to sheet edges to provide smooth transition as specified by manufacturer.
  - 6. Finish seams as the membrane is being installed (same day).
- I. Install flashings as the membrane is being installed (same day). If the flashing cannot be completely installed in one day, complete the installation until the flashing is in a watertight condition and provide temporary covers or seals.
- M. Installing EPDM Base Flashing and Pipe Flashing:

1. Install EPDM flashing membranes to pipes, walls or curbs to a height not less than 200 mm (8 inches) above roof surfaces and 100 mm (4 inches) on roof membranes. Install in accordance with NRCA manual:
    - a. Adhere flashing to pipe, wall or curb with bonding adhesive.
    - b. Form inside and outside corners of EPDM flashing membrane in accordance with NRCA manual (Fifth Edition). Form pipe flashing in accordance with NRCA manual (Fifth Edition).
    - c. Lap ends not less than 100 mm (4 inches).
    - d. Adhesively splice flashing membranes together and flashing membranes to roof membranes. Finish exposed edges with sealant as specified.
  2. Anchor top of flashing to walls or curbs with fasteners spaced not over 150 mm (6 inches) on center. Use surface mounted fastening strip with sealant on ducts. Use pipe clamps on pipes or other round penetrations.
  3. Apply sealant to top edge of flashing.
- O. Repairs to membrane and flashings:
1. Remove sections of EPDM sheet roofing or flashing that is creased wrinkled or fishmouthed.
  2. Cover removed areas, cuts and damaged areas with a patch extending 100 mm (4 inches) beyond damaged, cut, or removed area. Adhesively splice to roof membrane or flashing. Finish edge of lap with sealant as specified.

### **3.4 INSTALLATION OF BALLAST SYSTEM**

- A. Redistribute existing ballast around new penetrations to match existing conditions.

### **3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL**

- A. Examine and probe seams in the membrane and flashing in the presence of the Resident Engineer and Membrane Manufacturer's Inspector.
- B. Probe the edges of welded seams with a blunt tipped instrument. Use sufficient hand pressure to detect marginal bonds, voids, skips, and fishmouths.
- C. Cut 100 mm (4 inch) wide by 300 mm (12 inch) long samples through the seams where directed by the Resident Engineer.
1. Cut one sample for every 450 m (1500 linear feet) of seams.
  2. Cut the samples perpendicular to the longitudinal direction of the seams.
  3. Failure of the samples to maintain the standard of quality within a reasonable tolerance of the approved samples will be cause for rejection of the work.

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- D. Repair areas of welded seams where samples have been taken or marginal bond voids or skips occur.
- E. Repair fishmouths and wrinkles by cutting to lay flat and installing patch over cut area extending 100 mm (4 inches) beyond cut.

- - - E N D - - -

**SECTION 07 84 00**  
**FIRESTOPPING**

**PART 1 GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

- A. Closures of openings in walls, floors, and roof decks against penetration of flame, heat, and smoke or gases in fire resistant rated construction.
- B. Closure of openings in walls against penetration of gases or smoke in smoke partitions.
- C. Firestop Systems to be HILTI. Reference Specification Section 01 00 00. Work includes enclosure of unforeseen holes in existing floors, walls, or roof construction, not identified on the Construction Documents. Include Fire-stopping for an additional (44) penetrations.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- B. Spray applied fireproofing: Section 07 81 00, APPLIED FIREPROOFING
- C. Sealants and application: Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS.
- D. Fire and smoke damper assemblies in ductwork: Section 23 31 00, HVAC DUCTS AND CASINGS Section 23 37 00, AIR OUTLETS AND INLETS.

**1.3 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturers literature, data, and installation instructions for types of firestopping and smoke stopping used.
- C. List of FM, UL, or WH classification number of systems installed.
- D. Certified laboratory test reports for ASTM E814 tests for systems not listed by FM, UL, or WH proposed for use.

**1.4 DELIVERY AND STORAGE**

- A. Deliver materials in their original unopened containers with manufacturer's name and product identification.
- B. Store in a location providing protection from damage and exposure to the elements.

**1.5 WARRANTY**

Firestopping work subject to the terms of the Article "Warranty of Construction", FAR clause 52.246-21, except extend the warranty period to five years.

## **1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

FM, UL, or WH or other approved laboratory tested products will be acceptable.

## **1.7 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
  - E84-10.....Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials
  - E814-11.....Fire Tests of Through-Penetration Fire Stops
- C. Factory Mutual Engineering and Research Corporation (FM):
  - Annual Issue Approval Guide Building Materials
- D. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL):
  - Annual Issue Building Materials Directory
  - Annual Issue Fire Resistance Directory
  - 1479-10.....Fire Tests of Through-Penetration Firestops
- E. Warnock Hersey (WH):
  - Annual Issue Certification Listings

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### **2.1 FIRESTOP SYSTEMS**

- A. Firestop system to be HILTI Firestop Systems, Inc.
- B. Use either factory built (Firestop Devices) or field erected (through-Penetration Firestop Systems) to form a specific building system maintaining required integrity of the fire barrier and stop the passage of gases or smoke.
- C. Through-penetration firestop systems and firestop devices tested in accordance with ASTM E814 or UL 1479 using the "F" or "T" rating to maintain the same rating and integrity as the fire barrier being sealed. "T" ratings are not required for penetrations smaller than or equal to 100 mm (4 in) nominal pipe or 0.01 m<sup>2</sup> (16 sq. in.) in overall cross sectional area.
- D. Products requiring heat activation to seal an opening by its intumescence shall exhibit a demonstrated ability to function as designed to maintain the fire barrier.

- E. Firestop sealants used for firestopping or smoke sealing shall have following properties:
1. Contain no flammable or toxic solvents.
  2. Have no dangerous or flammable out gassing during the drying or curing of products.
  3. Water-resistant after drying or curing and unaffected by high humidity, condensation or transient water exposure.
  4. When used in exposed areas, shall be capable of being sanded and finished with similar surface treatments as used on the surrounding wall or floor surface.
- F. Firestopping system or devices used for penetrations by glass pipe, plastic pipe or conduits, unenclosed cables, or other non-metallic materials shall have following properties:
1. Classified for use with the particular type of penetrating material used.
  2. Penetrations containing loose electrical cables, computer data cables, and communications cables protected using firestopping systems that allow unrestricted cable changes without damage to the seal.
  3. Intumescent products which would expand to seal the opening and act as fire, smoke, toxic fumes, and, water sealant.
- G. Maximum flame spread of 25 and smoke development of 50 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
- H. FM, UL, or WH rated or tested by an approved laboratory in accordance with ASTM E814.
- I. Materials to be asbestos free.
- J. Firestop Selection Charts:

## Through-Penetration

Base material	Penetrating item	Fire rating (F rating)	Hilti product used	System number	Maximum annular space	See page
<b>&gt; Blank Openings</b>						
<b>C</b>	Blank Opening (Max. 6" diameter opening) (optional sleeve)	2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	C-AJ-0090	*	58
<b>G</b>	Cable bundle (various cables) (0 to 100% visual fill)	1 or 2 hr	CP 653 Speed Sleeve	W-L-3334	*	135
<b>&gt; Metal Pipe</b>						
<b>C</b>	Max. 10" steel or cast iron, max. 4" copper, steel conduit or EMT (includes Hollow Core Concrete)	3 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant (Top or underside)	C-AJ-1184	3-1/4"	60
<b>C</b>	Max. 30" steel, cast iron, max. 6" copper, steel conduit, or max. 4" EMT (optional sleeve)	3 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	C-AJ-1226	1-7/8"	61
<b>C</b>	Max. 4" steel, cast iron, copper, steel conduit, or EMT (optional sleeve)	2 or 3 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant or CP 604 Self-Leveling Firestop Sealant	C-AJ-1421	5-3/8"	62
<b>C</b>	Max. 30" steel, cast iron, max. 6" copper, steel conduit, or max. 4" EMT	3 hr	CP 604 Self-Leveling Firestop Sealant	C-AJ-1425	1-7/8"	63
<b>C</b>	Max. 8" steel or cast iron pipe, max. 4" copper pipe or tubing, max 6" steel conduit or max. 4" EMT (optional sleeve)	2 hr	CP 601S Elastomeric Firestop Sealant	C-AJ-1498	2"	64
<b>C</b>	Max. 6" steel, cast iron, copper, steel conduit, or max. 4" EMT (includes Concrete over Metal Deck)	2 hr	CP 680-P/M Cast-In Device	F-A-1016	*	90
<b>C</b>	Max. 30" steel, cast iron, max. 6" copper, steel conduit, or max. 4" EMT	1 or 2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	W-J-1067	2-1/4"	113
<b>G</b>	Max. 30" steel, cast iron, max. 6" copper, steel conduit, or max 4" EMT	1 or 2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	W-L-1054	2-1/4"	122
<b>G</b>	Max. 30" steel, cast iron, max. 6" copper, steel conduit, or max. 4" EMT (sleeved)	1 or 2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	W-L-1164	1-7/8"	123
<b>G</b>	Max. 8" steel, cast iron, max. 6" steel conduit, max 4" copper or EMT (Shaft Wall)	1 or 2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	W-L-1206	1-7/8"	124
<b>W</b>	Max. 6" steel, cast iron, steel conduit, max. 4" EMT, or max. 2" flexible steel conduit (Chase Wall Optional)	1 or 2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	F-C-1059	3/4"	104
<b>W</b>	Max. 4" steel, cast iron, copper, conduit, or EMT	1 hr	CP 606 Flexible Firestop Sealant	F-C-1106	7/8"	105

\* Refer to UL System.

**C** Concrete or concrete block

**G** Gypsum

**W** Wood

Base material	Penetrating Item	Fire rating (F rating)	Hilti product used	System number	Maximum annular space	See page
<b>&gt; Plastic and Glass Pipe</b>						
<b>C</b>	Max. 10" PVC, CPVC, max. 6" FRPP or ABS (closed or vented) (optional sleeve)	2 or 3 hr	CP 643N/644 Firestop Collar	C-AJ-2109	*	65
<b>C</b>	Max. 4" PVC, ABS, CPVC or FRPP (closed or vented) (optional pipe coupling)	3 hr	CP 648-E Firestop Wrap Strip with Retaining Collar	C-AJ-2336	1/2"	67
<b>C</b>	Max. 3" PVC, ABS, or CPVC (closed or vented)	3 hr	CP 648-E/S Firestop Wrap Strip	C-AJ-2342	*	69
<b>C</b>	Max. 2" PVC, CPVC, rigid non-metallic conduit (RNC) or cross-linked polyethylene (PEX) tubing (closed or vented) (optional sleeve)	2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	C-AJ-2567	*	71
<b>C</b>	Max. 6" PVC, CPVC, FRPP or ABS (closed or vented) (Hollow Core Concrete)	2 hr	CP 643N Firestop Collar	C-BJ-2021	1/2"	89
<b>C</b>	Max. 6" PVC, CPVC, FRPP, or ABS (closed or vented) (Concrete over Metal Deck)	2 hr	CP 643N Firestop Collar	F-A-2025	1-1/2"	93
<b>C</b>	Max. 6" PVC or CPVC (closed or vented) (includes Concrete over Metal Deck)	2 hr	CP 680-P Cast-In Device	F-A-2053	*	95
<b>C</b>	Max. 2" PVC or CPVC (closed or vented) (includes Concrete over Metal Deck)	2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	F-A-2058	1"	97
<b>G</b>	Max. 10" PVC, CPVC, ABS, FRPP, or max. 4" PVDF (closed or vented)	1 or 2 hr	CP 643N / CP 644 Firestop Collar	W-L-2078	1/2"	127
<b>G</b>	Max. 2" PVC, CPVC (or vented) (optional sleeve)	1 or 2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	W-L-2128	11/16"	129
<b>G</b>	Max. 4" PVC, CPVC, ABS or FRPP (closed or vented) (optional pipe coupling)	1 or 2 hr	CP 648-E Firestop Wrap Strip	W-L-2411	1/2"	130
<b>W</b>	Max. 2" ABS, PVC or CPVC	1 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	F-C-2142	5/8"	106
<b>W</b>	Max. 4" PVC, CPVC (closed or vented)	1 hr	CP 648-E Firestop Wrap Strip with Retaining Collar or CP 643N Firestop Collar	F-C-2232	1/2"	107
<b>&gt; Cables/Cable Trays</b>						
<b>C</b>	Cable bundle (various cables) (optional sleeve)	3 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	C-AJ-3095	*	72
<b>C</b>	Cable bundle (various cables) (optional sleeve)	3 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	C-AJ-3180	*	73
<b>C</b>	Cable bundle (various cables) (optional sleeve)	3 hr	CP 606 Flexible Firestop Sealant	C-AJ-3181	1-7/8"	74
<b>C</b>	Cable bundle (various cables) (optional steel or PVC sleeve)	3 hr	CP 618 Firestop Putty Stick	C-AJ-3208	1"	75
<b>C</b>	Cable bundle (various cables) (optional sleeve)	2 hr	CP 658T Firestop Plug	C-AJ-3216	3"	76
<b>C</b>	Cable Trays (various cables)	3 hr	FS 657 Fire Block	C-AJ-4035	4"	77
<b>C</b>	Cable Tray (various cables)	2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	C-AJ-4071	6"	78
<b>C</b>	Cable bundle (various cables) (concrete floor or concrete over metal deck)	3 hr	CP 680-P/M Cast-In Device	F-A-3033	*	98
<b>C</b>	Cable bundle (various cables) (optional sleeve)	2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant, CP 606 Flexible Firestop Sealant, CP 601S Elastomeric Firestop Sealant or CP 618 Firestop Putty Stick	W-J-3060	1"	115
<b>C</b>	Cable bundle (various cables) (optional sleeve)	2 hr	CP 658T Firestop Plug	W-J-3143	1"	116
<b>G</b>	Cable bundle (various cables) (optional sleeve)	1 or 2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant, CP 606 Flexible Firestop Sealant, CP 601S Elastomeric Firestop Sealant or CP 618 Firestop Putty Stick	W-L-3065	1"	132

\* Refer to UL System.

**C** Concrete or concrete block

**G** Gypsum

**W** Wood

Base material	Penetrating item	Fire rating (F rating)	Hilti product used	System number	Maximum annular space	See page
<b>&gt; Cables/Cable Trays (continued)</b>						
<b>G</b>	Cable bundle (various cables) (0 to 100% visual fill)	1 or 2 hr	CP 653 Speed Sleeve	W-L-3334	*	135
<b>G</b>	Cable tray (various cables)	1 or 2 hr	FS 657 Fire Block	W-L-4011	4"	137
<b>G</b>	Cable tray (various cables)	1 or 2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	W-L-4060	3"	138
<b>W</b>	Cable bundle (various cables) (chase wall optional)	1 hr	CP 606 Flexible Firestop Sealant	F-C-3074	1"	109
<b>&gt; Insulated Metal Pipe</b>						
<b>C</b>	Max. 2" steel with max. 1" glass fiber insulation	2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant, CP 601S Elastomeric Firestop Sealant, CP 606 Flexible Firestop Sealant, or CP 604 Self-Leveling Firestop Sealant	C-AJ-5048	3-1/16"	79
<b>C</b>	Max. 4" steel or copper with max. 3/4" AB/PVC insulation	3 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	C-AJ-5090	1-1/2"	80
<b>C</b>	Max. 12" steel, max. 6" copper with nom. 2" glass fiber or max. 2" calcium silicate	2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	C-AJ-5091	2-1/4"	81
<b>C</b>	Max. 4" steel or copper pipe with nom. 3/4" or 1" AB/PVC insulation (includes Concrete over Metal Deck)	2 hr	CP 680-P/M Cast-In Device	F-A-5015	*	99
<b>C</b>	Max. 4" steel or copper pipe with 1", 1-1/2" or 2" glass fiber insulation (includes Concrete over Metal Deck)	2 hr	CP 680-P/M Cast-In Device	F-A-5017	*	100
<b>C</b>	Max. 4" steel, EMT, or steel conduit, max. 2" Copper with 3/4" AB/PVC insulation	1 or 2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	W-J-5041	1-1/2"	117
<b>C</b>	Max. 12" steel, max. 6" copper, max. 4" steel conduit, EMT with maximum 2" glass-fiber insulation	1 or 2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	W-J-5042	1-1/2"	118
<b>G</b>	Max. 4" steel, steel conduit, EMT, or max. 2" copper with 3/4" AB/PVC insulation	1 or 2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	W-L-5028	1-1/2"	139
<b>G</b>	Max. 12" steel, max. 6" copper, max. 4" steel conduit or EMT with 1", 1-1/2" or 2" glass fiber insulation or max. 2" calcium silicate insulation	1 or 2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	W-L-5029	1-7/8"	140
<b>G</b>	Max. 10" steel, max. 4" copper pipe with max. 2" glass fiber insulation	1 or 2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	W-L-5096	*	141
<b>G</b>	Max. 2" steel, cast iron, ductile iron pipe or copper pipe or tubing with 2" glass-fiber pipe insulation (sleeved) (shaft wall)	2 hr	CP 648-E Firestop Wrap Strip	W-L-5244	13/16"	142
<b>G</b>	Max. 4" steel, cast iron, ductile iron pipe or copper pipe or tubing with 1-1/2" glass-fiber pipe insulation	1 or 2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant, CP 606 Flexible Firestop Sealant or CP 601S Elastomeric Firestop Sealant	W-L-5257	7/8"	144
<b>W</b>	Max. 4" steel, cast iron, or copper with 3/4" AB/PVC insulation (chase wall optional)	1 hr	CP 606 Flexible Firestop Sealant	F-C-5065	7/8"	110
<b>W</b>	Max. 4" steel, cast iron, or copper with 3/4" glass fiber insulation (chase wall optional)	1 hr	CP 606 Flexible Firestop Sealant	F-C-5066	7/8"	111
<b>&gt; Electrical Busways</b>						
<b>C</b>	Electrical Busway	3 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	C-AJ-6017	2"	82
<b>C</b>	Electrical Busway	2 hr	CP 604 Self Leveling Firestop Sealant	F-A-6002	6-1/2"	101

\* Refer to UL System.  
**C** Concrete or concrete block  
**G** Gypsum  
**W** Wood

Base material	Penetrating item	Fire rating (F rating)	Hilti product used	System number	Maximum annular space	See page
<b>&gt; Metal Ducts / Mechanical Support</b>						
<b>C</b>	Max. 20" spiral wound duct (min. 24 ga.) without damper or max. 12" spiral wound duct (min. 28 ga.) without damper	2 hr	CP 601S Elastmeric Firestop Sealant, CP 606 Flexible Firestop Sealant, CP 604 Self Leveling Firestop Sealant, or FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	C-AJ-7084	1-1/2"	83
<b>C</b>	Max. 30" x 30" sheet metal duct (without damper)	2 hr	FS-One Intumescent Firestop Sealant	C-AJ-7111	1-3/4"	84
<b>G</b>	Max. 100" x 100" sheet metal duct (without damper)		FS ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant or CP 606 Flexible Firestop Sealant	W-J-7109	2"	120
<b>W</b>	Max. 4" sheet metal duct without damper (chase wall optional)	1 hr	CP 606 Flexible Firestop Sealant	F-C-7025	1"	112
<b>&gt; Insulated Metal Ducts</b>						
<b>C</b>	Max. 100" x 100" sheet metal with 1-1/2" or 2" thick glass fiber duct insulation	2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	W-J-7112	2"	121
<b>G</b>	Max. 100" x 100" sheet metal duct (without damper) with 1-1/2" or 2" thick glass fiber duct insulation	1 or 2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	W-L-7156	2"	147
<b>&gt; Large Opening/Multiple Penetrations</b>						
<b>C</b>	Max. 12" steel, max. 4" copper, steel conduit or EMT	3 hr	CP 637 Firestop Mortar	C-AJ-1140	*	59
<b>C</b>	Non-Insulated steel, cast iron, copper, steel conduit or EMT, fiber optic raceways, or cable conduittrays	3 hr	FS 657 Fire Block	C-AJ-8110	*	85
<b>C</b>	Multiple insulated or non-insulated metallic pipes, conduits and cables (single or bundled)	2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	C-AJ-8143	12"	87
<b>C</b>	Max. 2" or 3" steel conduits, cast iron, steel or copper pipe or EMT (includes Concrete over Metal Deck) (max. penetrants = 2)	3 hr	CP 680-P/M Cast-In Device	F-A-1023	2"	92
<b>C</b>	Insulated or non-insulated metallic pipes, conduits and cables (single or bundled) in max. 30" x 48" opening	2 hr	CP 604 Self Leveling Firestop Sealant	F-A-8012	12"	102
<b>G</b>	Multiple max. 2" steel pipe, steel conduit or EMT	1 or 2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	W-L-1389	*	125
<b>G</b>	Multiple max. 4" steel pipe, steel conduit or EMT	1 or 2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	W-L-1408	*	126
<b>G</b>	Max. 2" steel, cast iron, conduit, EMT, flexible gas piping, or ENT, max. 4" cable bundle	1 or 2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	W-L-8071	*	148
<b>G</b>	Insulated or non-insulated metallic, non-metallic pipes, and cable bundle	1 or 2 hr	FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant	W-L-8079	*	150
<b>G</b>	Insulated or non-insulated metallic, non-metallic, cable bundles	1 or 2 hr	FS 657 Fire Block	W-L-8087	*	152
<b>&gt; Wall Opening Protective Materials</b>						
<b>G</b>	UL listed metallic or non-metallic outlet boxes	1 or 2 hr	CP 617 Firestop Putty Pads	CLIV	*	155

\* Refer to UL System.  
**C** Concrete or concrete block  
**G** Gypsum  
**W** Wood

## Joint


Base material	Type of joint — description	Fire rating (F rating)	Max. joint width (inches)	Movement capability	Hilti product used	System number	Sealant depth (inches)	See page
<b>&gt; Floor to floor, wall to floor and wall to wall joints</b>								
<b>C</b>	Concrete floor to floor joint	2 hr	3-1/2"	14%	CFS-SP WB/ CP 672	FF-D-1013	1/8"	157
<b>C</b>	Concrete or block wall to concrete over metal deck with optional use of spray-on fireproofing (parallel) (top-of-wall)	2 hr	1"	12.50%	CFS-SP WB/ CP 672	HW-D-0181	1/8"	164
<b>C</b>	Concrete or block wall to concrete floor or hollow core floor (Sealant only) (top of wall)	2 hr	1"	12.50%	CP 606	HW-D-0268	1/2"	168
<b>C</b>	Concrete or block wall perpendicular to concrete over metal deck with optional use of spray-on fireproofing (top of wall)	2 hr	3-1/2"	14%	CFS-SP WB/ CP 672	HW-D-1037	1/8"	170
<b>C</b>	Concrete or block wall to concrete floor	3 hr	3-1/4"	25%	CFS-SP WB/ CP 672	HW-D-1058	1/8"	171
<b>C</b>	Concrete or block wall to wall joint	2 hr	2"	12.50%	CFS-SP WB/ CP 672	WW-D-0017	1/8"	173
<b>C</b>	Concrete or block wall to wall joint (sealant only)	2 hr	1"	12.50%	CP 606	WW-D-0032	1/2"	174
<b>G</b>	Gypsum wall perpendicular to concrete over metal deck with optional use of spray-on fireproofing (includes roof deck) (top-of-wall)	1 or 2 hr	1"	50%	CFS-SP WB/ CP 672	HW-D-0042	1/8"	159
<b>G</b>	Gypsum wall perpendicular to concrete over metal deck (includes roof deck) (top-of-wall)	1 or 2 hr	3/4"	33%	CP 606	HW-D-0045	1/2"	161
<b>G</b>	Gypsum wall parallel to concrete over metal deck with optional use of spray-on fireproofing (includes roof deck) (top-of-wall)	1 or 2 hr	1"	50%	CFS-SP WB/ CP 672	HW-D-0049	1/8"	162
<b>G</b>	Gypsum wall parallel to concrete over metal deck with optional use of spray-on fireproofing (includes roof deck) (top-of-wall) (sealant only)	1 or 2 hr	3/4"	17%	CP 606	HW-D-0184	5/8"	165
<b>G</b>	Gypsum wall to underside of steel beam and concrete over metal deck with spray-on fireproofing (top-of-wall)	1 or 2 hr	1"	50%	CFS-SP WB/ CP 672	HW-D-0259	1/8"	166
<b>G</b>	Gypsum wall (cut to profile) perpendicular to concrete over metal deck with optional use of spray-on fireproofing (sealant only)(top-of-wall)	1 or 2 hr	3/4"	17%	CP 606	HW-D-0324	5/8"	169
<b>G</b>	Gypsum wall to underside of flat concrete	1 or 2 hr	2-1/2"	40%	CFS-SP WB/ CP 672	HW-D-1068	1/8"	172
<b>G</b>	Gypsum wall to wall joint	1 or 2 hr	2"	12.50%	CP 606	WW-D-0067	1/2"	175

\* Refer to ULL System.

**C** Concrete or concrete block




**G** Gypsum

**W** Wood

Base material	Type of joint — description	Fire rating (F rating)	Max. joint width (inches)	Movement capability	Hilti product used	System number	Sealant depth (inches)	See page
<b>&gt; Curtain Wall Joints</b>								
	Glass spandrel with aluminum framing	2 hr	6"	-	CFS-SP WB*/ CP 672/ CP 672 FC	HI/JS 20-05 (CEJ-127-P)	1/8"	176
	Concrete floor to glass or aluminum spandrel with aluminum framing	3 hr	8"	11.25% & 5%	CFS-SP WB*/ CP 672/ CP 672 FC	HI/BP 180-01 (CEJ-307-P)	1/8"	179
	Gypsum exterior with various façades with steel framing	2 hr	9"	0%	CFS-SP WB*/ CP 672/ CP 672 FC	HI/BP 120-03 (CEJ-421-P)	1/8"	183
	Concrete floor to glass, aluminum, or granite spandrel with aluminum framing	2 hr	8"	5%	CP 604	CW-D-2026	1/4"	187
	Glass Spandrel with Aluminum framing (vision glass at floor)	2-1/2 hr	8"	12.5% & 6.25%	CFS-SP WB*/ CP 672/ CP 672 FC	HI/BP 150-01	1/8"	190

\*At time of publication, CFS-SP WB systems were pending. Please visit [www.us.hilti.com/firestop](http://www.us.hilti.com/firestop) or call 1-800-879-8000 for more information.

\* Refer to UL System.

-  Concrete or concrete block
-  Gypsum
-  Wood

J. Engineering Judgements - For situations where custom drawings for firestopping assemblies are required to accommodate particular conditions/applications not identified in the HILTI Firestop Systems Installers Guide U.S. Volume 12, contractor to complete documentation on page 270 of the guide to request an engineering judgement from HILTI. Completed form(s) to be faxed to 918-254-1679.

## 2.2 SMOKE STOPPING IN SMOKE PARTITIONS

- A. Use silicone sealant in smoke partitions as specified in Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS.
- B. Use mineral fiber filler and bond breaker behind sealant.
- C. Sealants shall have a maximum flame spread of 25 and smoke developed of 50 when tested in accordance with E84.
- D. When used in exposed areas capable of being sanded and finished with similar surface treatments as used on the surrounding wall or floor surface.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXAMINATION

Submit product data and installation instructions, as required by article, submittals, after an on site examination of areas to receive firestopping.

### **3.2 PREPARATION**

- A. Remove dirt, grease, oil, loose materials, or other substances that prevent adherence and bonding or application of the firestopping or smoke stopping materials.
- B. Remove insulation on insulated pipe for a distance of 150 mm (six inches) on either side of the fire rated assembly prior to applying the firestopping materials unless the firestopping materials are tested and approved for use on insulated pipes.

### **3.3 INSTALLATION**

- A. Do not begin work until the specified material data and installation instructions of the proposed firestopping systems have been submitted and approved.
- B. Install firestopping systems with smoke stopping in accordance with FM, UL, WH, or other approved system details and installation instructions.
- C. Install smoke stopping seals in smoke partitions.

### **3.4 CLEAN-UP AND ACCEPTANCE OF WORK**

- A. As work on each floor is completed, remove materials, litter, and debris.
- B. Do not move materials and equipment to the next-scheduled work area until completed work is inspected and accepted by the Resident Engineer.
- C. Clean up spills of liquid type materials.

- - - E N D - - -

**SECTION 07 92 00**  
**JOINT SEALANTS**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION:**

Section covers all sealant and caulking materials and their application, wherever required for complete installation of building materials or systems.

**1.2 RELATED WORK:**

- A. Firestopping penetrations: Section 07 84 00, FIRESTOPPING.
- B. Glazing: Section 08 80 00, GLAZING.
- C. Sound rated gypsum partitions/sound sealants: Section 09 29 00, GYPSUM BOARD.
- D. Mechanical Work: Section 21 05 11, COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR FIRE SUPPRESSION Section 22 05 11, COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR PLUMBING Section 23 05 11, COMMON WORK RESULTS FOR HVAC AND STEAM GENERATION.

**1.3 QUALITY CONTROL:**

- A. Installer Qualifications: An experienced installer who has specialized in installing joint sealants similar in material, design, and extent to those indicated for this Project and whose work has resulted in joint-sealant installations with a record of successful in-service performance.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of joint sealant through one source from a single manufacturer.
- C. Product Testing: Obtain test results from a qualified testing agency based on testing current sealant formulations within a 12-month period.
  - 1. Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency qualified according to ASTM C1021.
  - 2. Test elastomeric joint sealants for compliance with requirements specified by reference to ASTM C920, and where applicable, to other standard test methods.
  - 4. Test other joint sealants for compliance with requirements indicated by referencing standard specifications and test methods.
- D. VOC: Acrylic latex and Silicon sealants shall have less than 50g/l VOC content.

**1.4 SUBMITTALS:**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.

- B. Manufacturer's installation instructions for each product used.
- C. Cured samples of exposed sealants for each color where required to match adjacent material.
- D. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Caulking compound
  - 2. Primers
  - 3. Sealing compound, each type, including compatibility when different sealants are in contact with each other.

**1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS:**

- A. Environmental Limitations:
  - 1. Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants under following conditions:
    - a. When ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by joint sealant manufacturer or are below 4.4 °C (40 °F).
    - b. When joint substrates are wet.
- B. Joint-Width Conditions:
  - 1. Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants where joint widths are less than those allowed by joint sealant manufacturer for applications indicated.
- C. Joint-Substrate Conditions:
  - 1. Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants until contaminants capable of interfering with adhesion are removed from joint substrates.

**1.6 DELIVERY, HANDLING, AND STORAGE:**

- A. Deliver materials in manufacturers' original unopened containers, with brand names, date of manufacture, shelf life, and material designation clearly marked thereon.
- B. Carefully handle and store to prevent inclusion of foreign materials.
- C. Do not subject to sustained temperatures exceeding 32° C (90° F) or less than 5° C (40° F).

**1.7 DEFINITIONS:**

- A. Definitions of terms in accordance with ASTM C717 and as specified.
- B. Back-up Rod: A type of sealant backing.
- C. Bond Breakers: A type of sealant backing.
- D. Filler: A sealant backing used behind a back-up rod.

**1.8 WARRANTY:**

- A. Warranty exterior sealing against leaks, adhesion, and cohesive failure, and subject to terms of "Warranty of Construction", FAR clause 52.246-21, except that warranty period shall be extended to two years.
- B. General Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Article shall not deprive Government of other rights Government may have under other provisions of Contract Documents and shall be in addition to, and run concurrent with, other warranties made by Contractor under requirements of Contract Documents.

**1.9 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS:**

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by basic designation only.
- B. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
  - C509-06.....Elastomeric Cellular Preformed Gasket and Sealing Material.
  - C612-10.....Mineral Fiber Block and Board Thermal Insulation.
  - C717-10.....Standard Terminology of Building Seals and Sealants.
  - C834-10.....Latex Sealants.
  - C919-08.....Use of Sealants in Acoustical Applications.
  - C920-10.....Elastomeric Joint Sealants.
  - C1021-08.....Laboratories Engaged in Testing of Building Sealants.
  - C1193-09.....Standard Guide for Use of Joint Sealants.
  - C1330-02 (R2007).....Cylindrical Sealant Backing for Use with Cold Liquid Applied Sealants.
  - D1056-07.....Specification for Flexible Cellular Materials—Sponge or Expanded Rubber.
  - E84-09.....Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials.
- C. Sealant, Waterproofing and Restoration Institute (SWRI).  
The Professionals' Guide

**PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

**2.1 SEALANTS:**

- A. S-1:

1. ASTM C920, polyurethane or polysulfide.
2. Type M.
3. Class 25.
4. Grade NS.
5. Shore A hardness of 20-40

B. S-2:

1. ASTM C920, polyurethane or polysulfide.
2. Type M.
3. Class 25.
4. Grade P.
5. Shore A hardness of 25-40.

C. S-3:

1. ASTM C920, polyurethane or polysulfide.
2. Type S.
3. Class 25, joint movement range of plus or minus 50 percent.
4. Grade NS.
5. Shore A hardness of 15-25.
6. Minimum elongation of 700 percent.

D. S-4:

1. ASTM C920 polyurethane or polysulfide.
2. Type S.
3. Class 25.
4. Grade NS.
5. Shore A hardness of 25-40.

E. S-5:

1. ASTM C920, polyurethane or polysulfide.
2. Type S.
3. Class 25.
4. Grade P.
5. Shore hardness of 15-45.

F. S-6:

1. ASTM C920, silicone, neutral cure.
2. Type S.
3. Class: Joint movement range of plus 100 percent to minus 50 percent.
4. Grade NS.
5. Shore A hardness of 15-20.
6. Minimum elongation of 1200 percent.

G. S-7:

1. ASTM C920, silicone, neutral cure.
2. Type S.
3. Class 25.
4. Grade NS.
5. Shore A hardness of 25-30.
6. Structural glazing application.

H. S-8:

1. ASTM C920, silicone, acetoxycure.
2. Type S.
3. Class 25.
4. Grade NS.
5. Shore A hardness of 25-30.
6. Structural glazing application.

I. S-9:

1. ASTM C920 silicone.
2. Type S.
3. Class 25.
4. Grade NS.
5. Shore A hardness of 25-30.
6. Non-yellowing, mildew resistant.

J. S-10:

1. ASTM C920, coal tar extended fuel resistance polyurethane.
2. Type M/S.
3. Class 25.
4. Grade P/NS.
5. Shore A hardness of 15-20.

K. S-11:

1. ASTM C920 polyurethane.
2. Type M/S.
3. Class 25.
4. Grade P/NS.
5. Shore A hardness of 35 to 50.

L. S-12:

1. ASTM C920, polyurethane.
2. Type M/S.
3. Class 25, joint movement range of plus or minus 50 percent.

- 4. Grade P/NS.
- 5. Shore A hardness of 25 to 50.

**2.2 CAULKING COMPOUND:**

- A. C-1: ASTM C834, acrylic latex.
- B. C-2: One component acoustical caulking, non drying, non hardening, synthetic rubber.

**2.3 COLOR:**

- A. Sealants used with exposed masonry shall match color of mortar joints.
- B. Sealants used with unpainted concrete shall match color of adjacent concrete.
- C. Color of sealants for other locations shall be light gray or aluminum, unless specified otherwise.
- D. Caulking shall be light gray or white, unless specified otherwise.

**2.4 JOINT SEALANT BACKING:**

- A. General: Provide sealant backings of material and type that are nonstaining; are compatible with joint substrates, sealants, primers, and other joint fillers; and are approved for applications indicated by sealant manufacturer based on field experience and laboratory testing.
- B. Cylindrical Sealant Backings: ASTM C1330, of type indicated below and of size and density to control sealant depth and otherwise contribute to producing optimum sealant performance:
  - 1. Type C: Closed-cell material with a surface skin.
- C. Elastomeric Tubing Sealant Backings: Neoprene, butyl, EPDM, or silicone tubing complying with ASTM D1056, nonabsorbent to water and gas, and capable of remaining resilient at temperatures down to minus 32° C (minus 26° F). Provide products with low compression set and of size and shape to provide a secondary seal, to control sealant depth, and otherwise contribute to optimum sealant performance.
- D. Bond-Breaker Tape: Polyethylene tape or other plastic tape recommended by sealant manufacturer for preventing sealant from adhering to rigid, inflexible joint-filler materials or joint surfaces at back of joint where such adhesion would result in sealant failure. Provide self-adhesive tape where applicable.

**2.5 FILLER:**

- A. Mineral fiber board: ASTM C612, Class 1.
- B. Thickness same as joint width.

C. Depth to fill void completely behind back-up rod.

**2.6 PRIMER:**

- A. As recommended by manufacturer of caulking or sealant material.
- B. Stain free type.

**2.7 CLEANERS-NON POUROUS SURFACES:**

Chemical cleaners acceptable to manufacturer of sealants and sealant backing material, free of oily residues and other substances capable of staining or harming joint substrates and adjacent non-porous surfaces and formulated to promote adhesion of sealant and substrates.

**PART 3 - EXECUTION**

**3.1 INSPECTION:**

- A. Inspect substrate surface for bond breaker contamination and unsound materials at adherent faces of sealant.
- B. Coordinate for repair and resolution of unsound substrate materials.
- C. Inspect for uniform joint widths and that dimensions are within tolerance established by sealant manufacturer.

**3.2 PREPARATIONS:**

- A. Prepare joints in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and SWRI.
- B. Clean surfaces of joint to receive caulking or sealants leaving joint dry to the touch, free from frost, moisture, grease, oil, wax, lacquer paint, or other foreign matter that would tend to destroy or impair adhesion.
  - 1. Clean porous joint substrate surfaces by brushing, grinding, blast cleaning, mechanical abrading, or a combination of these methods to produce a clean, sound substrate capable of developing optimum bond with joint sealants.
  - 2. Remove loose particles remaining from above cleaning operations by vacuuming or blowing out joints with oil-free compressed air. Porous joint surfaces include the following:
    - a. Concrete.
    - b. Masonry.
    - c. Unglazed surfaces of ceramic tile.
  - 3. Remove laitance and form-release agents from concrete.
  - 4. Clean nonporous surfaces with chemical cleaners or other means that do not stain, harm substrates, or leave residues capable of interfering with adhesion of joint sealants.
    - a. Metal.

- b. Glass.
- c. Porcelain enamel.
- d. Glazed surfaces of ceramic tile.
- C. Do not cut or damage joint edges.
- D. Apply masking tape to face of surfaces adjacent to joints before applying primers, caulking, or sealing compounds.
  - 1. Do not leave gaps between ends of sealant backings.
  - 2. Do not stretch, twist, puncture, or tear sealant backings.
  - 3. Remove absorbent sealant backings that have become wet before sealant application and replace them with dry materials.
- E. Apply primer to sides of joints wherever required by compound manufacturer's printed instructions.
  - 1. Apply primer prior to installation of back-up rod or bond breaker tape.
  - 2. Use brush or other approved means that will reach all parts of joints.
- F. Take all necessary steps to prevent three sided adhesion of sealants.

### **3.3 BACKING INSTALLATION:**

- A. Install back-up material, to form joints enclosed on three sides as required for specified depth of sealant.
- B. Where deep joints occur, install filler to fill space behind the back-up rod and position the rod at proper depth.
- C. Cut fillers installed by others to proper depth for installation of back-up rod and sealants.
- D. Install back-up rod, without puncturing the material, to a uniform depth, within plus or minus 3 mm (1/8 inch) for sealant depths specified.
- E. Where space for back-up rod does not exist, install bond breaker tape strip at bottom (or back) of joint so sealant bonds only to two opposing surfaces.
- F. Take all necessary steps to prevent three sided adhesion of sealants.

### **3.4 SEALANT DEPTHS AND GEOMETRY:**

- A. At widths up to 6 mm (1/4 inch), sealant depth equal to width.
- B. At widths over 6 mm (1/4 inch), sealant depth 1/2 of width up to 13 mm (1/2 inch) maximum depth at center of joint with sealant thickness at center of joint approximately 1/2 of depth at adhesion surface.

### **3.5 INSTALLATION:**

#### **A. General:**

1. Apply sealants and caulking only when ambient temperature is between 5° C and 38° C (40° and 100° F).
2. Do not use polysulfide base sealants where sealant may be exposed to fumes from bituminous materials, or where water vapor in continuous contact with cementitious materials may be present.
3. Do not use sealant type listed by manufacture as not suitable for use in locations specified.
4. Apply caulking and sealing compound in accordance with manufacturer's printed instructions.
5. Avoid dropping or smearing compound on adjacent surfaces.
6. Fill joints solidly with compound and finish compound smooth.
7. Tool joints to concave surface unless shown or specified otherwise.
8. Finish paving or floor joints flush unless joint is otherwise detailed.
9. Apply compounds with nozzle size to fit joint width.
10. Test sealants for compatibility with each other and substrate. Use only compatible sealant.

#### **B. For application of sealants, follow requirements of ASTM C1193 unless specified otherwise.**

#### **C. Where gypsum board partitions are of sound rated, fire rated, or smoke barrier construction, follow requirements of ASTM C919 only to seal all cut-outs and intersections with the adjoining construction unless specified otherwise.**

1. Apply a 6 mm (1/4 inch) minimum bead of sealant each side of runners (tracks), including those used at partition intersections with dissimilar wall construction.
2. Coordinate with application of gypsum board to install sealant immediately prior to application of gypsum board.
3. Partition intersections: Seal edges of face layer of gypsum board abutting intersecting partitions, before taping and finishing or application of veneer plaster-joint reinforcing.
4. Openings: Apply a 6 mm (1/4 inch) bead of sealant around all cut-outs to seal openings of electrical boxes, ducts, pipes and similar penetrations. To seal electrical boxes, seal sides and backs.

5. Control Joints: Before control joints are installed, apply sealant in back of control joint to reduce flanking path for sound through control joint.

### **3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL:**

- B. Inspect joints for complete fill, for absence of voids, and for joint configuration complying with specified requirements. Record results in a field adhesion test log.

### **3.7 CLEANING:**

- A. Fresh compound accidentally smeared on adjoining surfaces: Scrape off immediately and rub clean with a solvent as recommended by the caulking or sealant manufacturer.
- B. After filling and finishing joints, remove masking tape.
- C. Leave adjacent surfaces in a clean and unstained condition.

### **3.8 LOCATIONS:**

- C. Sanitary Joints:
  1. Walls to Plumbing Fixtures: Type S-9
  2. Counter Tops to Walls: Type S-9
  3. Pipe Penetrations: Type S-9
- E. High Temperature Joints over 204 degrees C (400 degrees F):
  1. Exhaust Pipes, Flues, Breech Stacks: Type S-7 or S-8
- F. Interior Caulking:
  1. Typical Narrow Joint 6 mm, (1/4 inch) or less at Walls and Adjacent Components: Types C-1 and C-2.
  2. Perimeter of Doors, Windows, Access Panels which Adjoin Concrete or Masonry Surfaces: Types C-1 and C-2.
  3. Joints at Masonry Walls and Columns, Piers, Concrete Walls or Exterior Walls: Types C-1 and C-2.
  4. Perimeter of Lead Faced Control Windows and Plaster or Gypsum Wallboard Walls: Types C-1 and C-2.
  5. Exposed Isolation Joints at Top of Full Height Walls: Types C-1 and C-2.
  6. Exposed Acoustical Joint at Sound Rated Partitions Type C-2.
  7. Concealed Acoustic Sealant Types S-4, C-1 and C-2.

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**SECTION 07 95 13**  
**EXPANSION JOINT COVER ASSEMBLIES**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

- A. Section specifies floor, wall building expansion joint assemblies.
- B. Types of assemblies:
  - Metal Plate Cover
  - Preformed Elastomeric Sealant Joint

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Steel Plate Expansion Joint Covers: Section 05 50 00, METAL FABRICATIONS.

**1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Project Conditions:
  - 1. Check actual locations of walls and other construction, to which work must fit, by accurate field measurements before fabrication.
  - 2. Show recorded measurements on final shop drawings.
- B. Fire tests performed by Factory Mutual, Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Warnock Hersey or other approved independent testing laboratory.

**1.4 DELIVERY STORAGE AND HANDLING**

- A. Take care in handling of materials so as not to injure finished surface and components.
- B. Store materials under cover in a dry and clean location off the ground.
- C. Remove materials which are damaged or otherwise not suitable for installation from job site and replace with acceptable materials.

**1.5 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Submit copies of manufacturer's current literature and data for each item specified.
  - 2. Clearly indicate movement capability of cover assemblies.
- C. Certificates: Material test reports from approved independent testing laboratory indicating and interpreting test results relative to compliance of fire-rated expansion joint assemblies with requirements specified.

**EXPANSION JOINT COVER ASSEMBLIES**

D. Shop Drawings:

1. Showing full extent of expansion joint cover assemblies; include large-scale details indicating profiles of each type of expansion joint cover assembly, splice joints between sections, joiners with other type assemblies, special end conditions, anchorages, fasteners, and relationship to adjoining work and finishes.
2. Include description of materials and finishes and installation instructions.

E. Samples:

1. Samples of each type and color of metal finish on metal of same thickness and alloy used in work.

**1.6 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Publications listed form part of this specification to extent referenced. Publications are referred to in text by basic designation only.
- B. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
- A36/A36M-08.....Structural Steel
- A167-99 (R2009).....Stainless and Heat-Resisting Chromium-Nickel  
Steel Plate, Sheet, and Strip
- A283/A283M-07.....Low and Intermediate Tensile Strength Carbon  
Steel Plates
- A786/A786M-05(R2009)....Rolled Steel Floor Plates
- B36/B36M-08.....Brass, Plate, Sheet, Strip, and Rolled Bar
- B121-01(R2006).....Leaded Brass Plate, Sheet, Strip and Rolled Bar
- B209M-07.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate  
(Metric)
- B221M-08.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars,  
Rods, Wire, Shapes, and Tubes (Metric)
- B455-10.....Copper-Zinc Lead Alloy (Leaded Brass) Extruded  
Shapes
- C864-05.....Dense Elastomeric Compression Seal Gaskets,  
Setting Blocks, and Spacers
- C920-11.....Elastomeric Joint Sealants
- D1187-97 (R2002).....Asphalt Base Emulsions for Use as Protective  
Coatings for Metal

EXPANSION JOINT COVER ASSEMBLIES

- D2287-96 (R2010).....Non-rigid Vinyl Chloride Polymer and Copolymer  
Molding and Extrusion Compounds
- E119-10.....Fire Tests of Building Construction and  
Materials
- E814-11.....Fire Tests of Through-Penetration Fire Stops
- C. Federal Specifications (Fed. Spec):
- TT-P-645B.....Primer, Paint, Zinc-Molybdate, Alkyd Type
- D. The National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers (NAAMM):
- AMP 500 Series.....Metal Finishes Manual.
- E. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):
- 251-06.....Tests of Fire Endurance of Building  
Construction and Materials
- F. Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL):
- 263-11.....Fire Tests of Building Construction and  
Materials

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### **2.1 MATERIALS**

- A. Stainless Steel: ASTM A167, Type 302 or 304.
- B. Structural Steel Shapes: ASTM A36.
- C. Steel Plate: ASTM A283, Grade C.
- D. Rolled Steel Floor Plate: ASTM A786.
- E. Aluminum:
1. Extruded: ASTM B221, alloy 6063-T5.
  2. Plate and Sheet: ASTM B209, alloy 6061-T6.
- F. Bronze:
1. Extruded: ASTM B455.
  2. Plate: ASTM B121.
- G. Brass: ASTM B36.
- H. Elastomeric Sealant:
1. ASTM C920, polyurethane.
  2. Type.
  3. Class 25.
  4. Grade P or NS.
  5. Shore A hardness 25, unless specified otherwise.
- I. Thermoplastic Rubber:

## **EXPANSION JOINT COVER ASSEMBLIES**

1. ASTM C864.
2. Dense Neoprene or other material standard with expansion joint manufacturers having the same physical properties.
- J. Vinyl Invertor Sealant Waterstops: Manufacturers' standard shapes and grade.
- K. Fire Barrier:
  1. Designed for indicated or required dynamic structural movement without material degradation or fatigue.
  2. Tested in maximum joint width condition as a component of an expansion joint cover assembly in accordance with UL 263 NFPA 251, or ASTM E119 and E814, including hose steam test at full-rated period.
- L. Zinc-Molybdate Primer: Fed. Spec. TT-P-645.
- M. Accessories:
  1. Manufacturer's standard anchors, fasteners, set screws, spaces, flexible secondary water stops or seals and filler materials, drain tubes, adhesive and other accessories as indicated or required for complete installations.
  2. Compatible with materials in contact.
  3. Water stops.

## **2.2 FABRICATION**

- A. General:
1. Use ceiling and wall expansion joint cover assemblies of same design as floor to wall and floor to floor expansion joint cover assemblies. Unless shown otherwise.
  2. Provide expansion joint cover assemblies of design, basic profile, materials and operation indicated required to accommodate joint size variations in adjacent surfaces, and as required for anticipated structural movement. Contractor to mill ridges smooth due to infection control requirements.
  3. Deliver to job site ready for use and fabricated in as large sections and assemblies as practical. Assemblies identical to submitted and reviewed shop drawings, samples and certificates.
  4. Furnish units in longest practicable lengths to minimize number of end joints. Provide mitered corners where joint changes directions or abuts other materials.

### **EXPANSION JOINT COVER ASSEMBLIES**

5. Include closure materials and transition pieces, tee-joints, corners, curbs, cross-connections and other assemblies.
6. Fire Performance Characteristics:
  - a. Provide expansion joint cover assemblies identical to those of assemblies whose fire resistance has been determined per ASTM E119 and E814, NFPA 251, or UL 263 including hose stream test at full-rated period.
  - b. Fire rating: Not less than rating of adjacent floor or wall construction.
7. Fire Barrier Systems:
  - a. Material to carry label of approved independent testing laboratory, and be subject to follow-up system for quality assurance.
  - b. Include thermal insulation where necessary, in accordance with above tests, with factory cut miters and transitions.
  - c. For joint widths up to and including 150 mm (six inches), supply barrier in lengths up to 15000 mm (50 feet) to eliminate field splicing.
  - d. For joint widths of seven inches and wider, supply barrier 3000 mm (10-foot) modules with overlapping ends for field splicing.
  - e. For joints within enclosed spaces such as chase walls, include 1 mm (0.032-inch) thick galvanized steel cover where conventional expansion joint cover is not used.
8. Seal Strip factory - formed and bonded to metal frames and anchor members.
9. Compression Seals: Prefabricate from thermoplastic rubber or dense neoprene to sizes and approximate profiles shown.

B. Floor-to-Floor Metal Plate Joints:

1. Frames on each side of joint designed to support cover plate of design shown.
  - a. Continuous frame designed to finish flush with adjacent floor of profile indicated with seating surface and raised floor rim to accommodate flooring.
  - b. Provide concealed bolt and steel anchors for embedment in concrete.

EXPANSION JOINT COVER ASSEMBLIES

- c. Designed for filler materials between raised rim of frame and edge of cover plate where shown.
- d. Frame and cover plates of some metal where exposed.
  - 1) Design cover plates to support 180 Kg (400 lbs) per 0.3 square meters (1-square foot).
  - 2) Cover plates free of rattle due to traffic.
  - 3) No gaps or budges occur on filler material during design movement of joint.
  - 4) Provide manufacturer's continuous standard flexible vinyl water stop under floor joint cover assemblies.
- C. Floor-to-Wall Metal Plate Joints:
  - 1. Provide one frame on floor side of joint only. Provide wall side frame where required by manufacturer's design.
  - 2. Angle Cover Plates: Provide angle cover plates for joints to wall with countersunk flat-head exposed fasteners for securing to wall unless shown otherwise.
  - 3. Space fasteners as recommended by manufacturer.
  - 4. Match cover of adjacent floor to floor cover.
- D. Interior Wall Joint Cover Assemblies:
  - 1. Surface Mounted Metal Cover Plates:
    - a. Concealed frame for fastening to wall on one sides of joint.
    - b. Extend cover to lap each side of joint and to permit free movement on one side.
    - c. Provide concealed attachment of cover t frame cover in close contact with adjacent finish wall surfaces.
    - d. Use angle cover plates at intersection of walls.
    - e. Use smooth surface cover plates matching floor plates.
    - f. Use expansion fire inserts in fire rated walls, rated same as hour rating of wall.

## 2.3 METAL FINISHES

### A. General:

#### EXPANSION JOINT COVER ASSEMBLIES

1. Apply finishes in factory after products are fabricated.
2. Protect finishes on exposed surfaces with protective covering before shipment.

B. Aluminum Finishes:

1. Finish letters and numbers for anodized aluminum are in accordance with the NAAMM AMP 501, Aluminum Association's Designation System).
  - a. Clear anodized finish: AA-C22A41 Chemically etched medium matte, clear anodic coating, Class I Architectural, 0.7 - mil thick.

**PART 3 EXECUTION**

**3.1 EXAMINATION**

- A. Manufacturer's representative shall make a thorough examination of surfaces receiving work of this section.
- B. Before starting installation, notify prime contractor of defects which would affect satisfactory completion of work.

**3.2 PREPARATION**

- A. Verify measurements and dimensions at job site and cooperate in coordination and scheduling of work with work of related trades.
- B. Give particular attention to installation of items embedded in concrete and masonry so as not to delay job progress.
- C. Provide templates to related trade for location of support and anchorage items.

**3.3 INSTALLATION**

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturers installation instructions unless specified otherwise.
- B. Provide anchorage devices and fasteners for securing expansion joint assemblies to in-place construction including threaded fasteners with drilled-in fasteners for masonry and concrete where anchoring members are not embedded in concrete. Provide metal fasteners of type and size to suit type of construction indicated and provide for secure attachment of expansion joint cover assemblies.
- C. Perform cutting, drilling and fitting required for installation of expansion joint cover assemblies.

- D. Install joint cover assemblies in true alignment and proper relationship to expansion joint opening and adjoining finished surfaces measured from established lines and levels.
- E. Allow for thermal expansion and contraction of metal to avoid buckling.
- F. Set floor covers at elevations flush with adjacent finished floor materials unless shown otherwise.
- G. Material and method of grouting floor frames set in prepared recesses in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- H. Locate wall, ceiling and soffit covers in continuous contact with adjacent surfaces. Securely attach in place with required accessories.
- I. Locate anchors at interval recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 75 mm (3-inches) from each ends, and, not more than 600 mm (24-inches) on centers.
- J. Maintain continuity of expansion joint cover assemblies with end joints held to a minimum and metal members aligned mechanically using splice joints.
- K. Cut and fit ends to produce joints that will accommodate thermal expansion and contraction of metal to avoid buckling of frames or plates.
- L. Flush Metal Cover Plates:
  - 1. Secure flexible filler between frames so that it will compress and expand.
  - 2. Adhere flexible filler materials to frames with adhesive or pressure-sensitive tape as recommended by manufacturer.
- M. Waterstops:
  - 1. Install in conjunction with floor joints and where shown, run continuously to prevent water damage to finish spaces.
  - 2. Provide seal with frame to prevent water leakage.
  - 3. Provide outlet tubes from waterstops to drain to prevent damage to finish spaces.
- N. Fire Barriers:
  - 1. Install in compliance with tested assembly.
  - 2. Install in floors and in fire rated walls.
  - 3. Use fire barrier sealant or caulk supplied with system.
- O. Sealants:

Install to prevent water and air infiltration.

EXPANSION JOINT COVER ASSEMBLIES

P. Vertical Exterior Extruded Thermoplastic Rubber.

1. Install side frames mounted on sealant or butyl caulk tape with appropriate anchors 600 mm (24 inches) on center complete with independent continuous PVC back seal.
2. Install primary seals retained in extruded aluminum side frames.

Q. Installation of Extruded Thermoplastic Rubber or Seals:

1. For straight sections, provide preformed seals in continuous lengths.
2. Vulcanize or heat-seal field splice joints to provide watertight joints using manufacturer's recommended procedures.

R. Installation of Preformed Elastomeric Sealant Joint:

1. Locate joint directly over joints in wall or floor substrates.
2. Full length shall be fastened to substrate using a construction adhesive.
3. Install flush or slightly below finish material.

**3.4 PROTECTION**

- A. Take proper precautions to protect the expansion joint covers from damage after they are in place.
- B. Cover floor joints with plywood where wheel traffic occurs.

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**SECTION 08 11 13  
HOLLOW METAL DOORS AND FRAMES**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

- A. This section specifies steel frames and related components.
- B. Terms relating to steel doors and frames as defined in ANSI A123.1 and as specified.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Frames fabricated of structural steel: Section 05 50 00, METAL FABRICATIONS.
- F. Door Hardware: Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE.
- G. Glazing and ballistic rated glazing: Section 08 80 00, GLAZING.
- M. Card readers and biometric devices: Section 28 13 00, ACCESS CONTROL.
- N. Intrusion Alarm: Section 28 16 11, INTRUSION DETECTION SYSTEM.
- O. Security Monitors: Section 28 51 00, SECURITY CONTROL CENTER.

**1.3 TESTING**

An independent testing laboratory shall perform testing.

**1.4 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturers Literature and Data:
  - 1. Fire rated doors and frames, showing conformance with NFPA 80 and Underwriters Laboratory, Inc., or Intertek Testing Services or Factory Mutual fire rating requirements.
  - 2. Sound rated doors, including test report from Testing Laboratory.

**1.5 SHIPMENT**

- A. Prior to shipment label each door and frame to show location, size, door swing and other pertinent information.
- B. Fasten temporary steel spreaders across the bottom of each door frame.

**1.6 STORAGE AND HANDLING**

- A. Store doors and frames at the site under cover.
- B. Protect from rust and damage during storage and erection until completion.

**1.7 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.

01-01-13

- B. Federal Specifications (Fed. Spec.):
  - L-S-125B.....Screening, Insect, Nonmetallic
- C. Door and Hardware Institute (DHI):
  - A115 Series.....Steel Door and Frame Preparation for Hardware,  
Series A115.1 through A115.17 (Dates Vary)
- D. Steel Door Institute (SDI):
  - 113-01 (R2006).....Thermal Transmittance of Steel Door and Frame  
Assemblies
  - 128-09.....Acoustical Performance for Steel Door and Frame  
Assemblies
- E. American National Standard Institute:
  - A250.8-2003 (R2008).....Specifications for Standard Steel Doors and  
Frames
- F. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
  - A167-99(R2009).....Stainless and Heat-Resisting Chromium-Nickel  
Steel Plate, Sheet, and Strip
  - A568/568-M-11.....Steel, Sheet, Carbon, and High-Strength, Low-  
alloy, Hot-Rolled and Cold-Rolled
  - A1008-10.....Steel, sheet, Cold-Rolled, Carbon, Structural,  
High Strength Low Alloy and High Strength Low  
Alloy with Improved Formability
  - B209/209M-10.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate
  - B221/221M-12.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars,  
Rods, Wire, Profiles and Tubes
  - D1621-10.....Compressive Properties of Rigid Cellular  
Plastics
  - D3656-07.....Insect Screening and Louver Cloth Woven from  
Vinyl Coated Glass Yarns
  - E90-09.....Laboratory Measurement of Airborne Sound  
Transmission Loss of Building Partitions
- G. The National Association Architectural Metal Manufacturers (NAAMM):
  - Metal Finishes Manual (AMP 500-06)
- H. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):
  - 80-13.....Fire Doors and Fire Windows
- I. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL):
  - Fire Resistance Directory
- J. Intertek Testing Services (ITS):

Certifications Listings...Latest Edition

K. Factory Mutual System (FM):

Approval Guide

**PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

**2.1 MATERIALS**

- A. Stainless Steel: ASTM A167, Type 302 or 304; finish, NAAMM Number 4.
- B. Sheet Steel: ASTM A1008, cold-rolled for panels (face sheets) of doors.
- C. Anchors, Fastenings and Accessories: Fastenings anchors, clips connecting members and sleeves from zinc coated steel.
- D. Insect Screening: ASTM D3656, 18 by 18 regular mesh.
- E. Aluminum Sheet: ASTM B209/209M.
- F. Aluminum, Extruded: ASTM B221/221M.
- G. Prime Paint: Paint that meets or exceeds the requirements of A250.8.

**2.2 FABRICATION GENERAL**

A. GENERAL:

- 1. Follow ANSI A250.8 for fabrication of standard steel doors, except as specified otherwise. Doors to receive hardware specified in Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE. Tolerances as per ANSI A250.8. Thickness, 44 mm (1-3/4 inches), unless otherwise shown.
- 2. Close top edge of exterior doors flush and seal to prevent water intrusion.
- 3. When vertical steel stiffeners are used for core construction, fill spaces between stiffeners with mineral fiber insulation.

**2.3 METAL FRAMES**

A. General:

- 1. ANSI A250.8, 1.3 mm (0.053 inch) thick sheet steel, types and styles as shown or scheduled.
- 2. Frames for exterior doors: Fabricate from 1.7 mm (0.067 inch) thick galvanized steel conforming to ASTM A525.
- 3. Frames for labeled fire rated doors.
  - a. Comply with NFPA 80. Test by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., Inchcape Testing Services, or Factory Mutual.
  - b. Fire rated labels of approving laboratory permanently attached to frames as evidence of conformance with these requirements. Provide labels of metal or engraved stamp, with raised or incised markings.
- 4. All door frames to be filled with grout completely.

01-01-13

6. Frames for doors specified to have automatic door operators;  
Security doors (Type 36); service window: minimum 1.7 mm (0.067  
inch) thick.

7. Knocked-down frames are not acceptable.

B. Reinforcement and Covers:

1. ANSI A250.8 for, minimum thickness of steel reinforcement welded to  
back of frames.

C. Frame Anchors:

1. Floor anchors:

- a. Where floor fills occur, provide extension type floor anchors to  
compensate for depth of fill.
- b. At bottom of jamb use 1.3 mm (0.053 inch) thick steel clip angles  
welded to jamb and drilled to receive two 6 mm (1/4 inch) floor  
bolts. Use 50 mm x 50 mm (2 inch by 2 inch) 9 mm by (3/8 inch)  
clip angle for lead lined frames, drilled for 9 mm (3/8 inch)  
floor bolts.
- c. Where mullions occur, provide 2.3 mm (0.093 inch) thick steel  
channel anchors, drilled for two 6 mm (1/4 inch) floor bolts and  
frame anchor screws.
- d. Where sill sections occur, provide continuous 1 mm (0.042 inch)  
thick steel rough bucks drilled for 6 mm (1/4 inch) floor bolts  
and frame anchor screws. Space floor bolts at 50 mm (24 inches)  
on center.

2. Jamb anchors:

- a. Locate anchors on jambs near top and bottom of each frame, and at  
intermediate points not over 600 mm (24 inches) apart, except for  
fire rated framespace anchors as required by labeling  
authority.
- b. Form jamb anchors of not less than 1 mm (0.042 inch) thick steel  
unless otherwise specified.
- c. Anchors set in masonry: Use adjustable anchors designed for  
friction fit against the frame and for extension into the masonry  
not less than 250 mm (10 inches). Use one of following type:
  - 1) Wire loop type of 5 mm (3/16 inch) diameter wire.
  - 2) T-shape or strap and stirrup type of corrugated or perforated  
sheet steel.

- d. Anchors for stud partitions: Either weld to frame or use lock-in snap-in type. Provide tabs for securing anchor to the sides of the studs.
- e. Anchors for frames set in prepared openings:
  - 1) Steel pipe spacers with 6 mm (1/4 inch) inside diameter welded to plate reinforcing at jamb stops or hat shaped formed strap spacers, 50 mm (2 inches) wide, welded to jamb near stop.
  - 2) Drill jamb stop and strap spacers for 6 mm (1/4 inch) flat head bolts to pass thru frame and spacers.
  - 3) Two piece frames: Subframe or rough buck drilled for 6 mm (1/4 inch) bolts.
- f. Anchors for observation windows and other continuous frames set in stud partitions.
  - 1) In addition to jamb anchors, weld clip anchors to sills and heads of continuous frames over 1200 mm (4 feet) long.
  - 2) Anchors spaced 600 mm (24 inches) on centers maximum.
- g. Modify frame anchors to fit special frame and wall construction and provide special anchors where shown or required.

## **2.4 SHOP PAINTING**

ANSI A250.8.

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### **3.1 INSTALLATION**

- A. Plumb, align and brace frames securely until permanent anchors are set.
  - 1. Use triangular bracing near each corner on both sides of frames with temporary wood spreaders at midpoint.
  - 2. Use wood spreaders at bottom of frame if the shipping spreader is removed.
  - 3. Protect frame from accidental abuse.
  - 4. Where construction will permit concealment, leave the shipping spreaders in place after installation, otherwise remove the spreaders after the frames are set and anchored.
  - 5. Remove wood spreaders and braces only after the walls are built and jamb anchors are secured.
- B. Floor Anchors:
  - 1. Anchor the bottom of door frames to floor with two 6 mm (1/4 inch) diameter expansion bolts. Use 9 mm (3/8 inch) bolts on lead lined frames.

01-01-13

2. Power actuated drive pins may be used to secure frame anchors to concrete floors.

C. Jamb Anchors:

1. Anchors in masonry walls: Embed anchors in mortar. Fill space between frame and masonry wall with grout or mortar as walls are built.
2. Coat frame back with a bituminous coating prior to lining of grout filling in masonry walls.
3. Secure anchors to sides of studs with two fasteners through anchor tabs. Use steel drill screws to steel studs.
4. Frames set in prepared openings of masonry or concrete: Expansion bolt to wall with 6 mm (1/4 inch) expansion bolts through spacers. Where subframes or rough bucks are used, 6 mm (1/4 inch) expansion bolts on 600 mm (24 inch) centers or power activated drive pins 600 mm (24 inches) on centers. Secure two piece frames to subframe or rough buck with machine screws on both faces.

- D. Install anchors for labeled fire rated doors to provide rating as required.

- E. Frames for Sound Rated Doors: Coordinate to line frames for sound rated doors with insulation.

**F. OVERHEAD BRACING (LEAD LINED FRAMES): WHERE JAMB EXTENSIONS EXTEND TO STRUCTURE ABOVE, ANCHOR CLIP ANGLES WITH NOT LESS THAN TWO, 9 MM (3/8 INCH) EXPANSION BOLTS OR POWER ACTUATED DRIVE PINS TO CONCRETE SLAB. WELD TO STEEL OVERHEAD MEMBERS. 3.2 INSTALLATION OF DOORS AND APPLICATION OF HARDWARE**

Install doors and hardware as specified in Sections Section 08 14 00, WOOD DOORS Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE.

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10-01-12

**SECTION 08 14 00**  
**INTERIOR WOOD DOORS**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

- A. This section specifies interior flush doors with prefinish, prefit option.
- B. Section includes fire rated and smoke doors.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Metal door frames: Section 08 11 13, HOLLOW METAL DOORS AND FRAMES.
- B. Door hardware including hardware location (height): Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE.
- C. Installation of doors and hardware: Section 08 11 13, HOLLOW METAL DOORS AND FRAMES, Section 08 14 00, WOOD DOORS, or Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE.
- D. Glazing and ballistic rated glazing: Section 08 80 00, GLAZING.
- E. Card readers and biometric devices: Section 28 13 00, ACCESS CONTROL
- F. Intrusion alarm: Section 28 16 11, INTRUSION DETECTION SYSTEM
- G. Security monitors: Section 28 51 00, SECURITY CONTROL CENTER

**1.3 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Samples:
  - 1. Corner section of flush veneered door 300 mm (12 inches) square, showing details of construction, labeled to show grade and type number and conformance to specified standard.
- C. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Show every door in project and schedule location in building.
  - 2. Indicate type, grade, finish and size; include detail of glazing and pertinent details.
  - 3. Provide information concerning specific requirements not included in the manufacturer's literature and data submittal.
- D. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 2. Labeled fire rated doors showing conformance with NFPA 80.
- E. Laboratory Test Reports:
  - 1. Screw holding capacity test report in accordance with WDMA T.M.10.
  - 2. Split resistance test report in accordance with WDMA T.M.5.
  - 3. Cycle/Slam test report in accordance with WDMA T.M.7.

10-01-12

4. Hinge-Loading test report in accordance with WDMA T.M.8.

#### **1.4 WARRANTY**

A. Doors are subject to terms of Article titled "Warranty of Construction", FAR clause 52.246-21, except that warranty shall be as follows:

1. For interior doors, manufacturer's warranty for lifetime of original installation.

#### **1.5 DELIVERY AND STORAGE**

A. Factory seal doors and accessories in minimum of 6 mill polyethylene bags or cardboard packages which shall remain unbroken during delivery and storage.

B. Store in accordance with WDMA I.S.1-A, Job Site Information.

C. Label package for door opening where used.

#### **1.6 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

Publications listed below form a part of this specification to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by basic designation only.

B. Window and Door Manufacturers Association (WDMA):

I.S.1A-11.....Architectural Wood Flush Doors

I.S.4-09.....Water-Repellent Preservative Non-Pressure  
Treatment for Millwork

I.S.6A-11.....Architectural Wood Stile and Rail Doors

T.M.6-08.....Adhesive (Glue Bond) Durability Test Method

T.M.7-08.....Cycle-Slam Test Method

T.M.8-08.....Hinge Loading Test Method

T.M.10-08.....Screwholding Test Method

C. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):

80-10.....Protection of Buildings from Exterior Fire

252-08.....Fire Tests of Door Assemblies

D. ASTM International (ASTM):

E90-09.....Laboratory Measurements of Airborne Sound  
Transmission Loss

### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

#### **2.1 FLUSH DOORS**

A. General:

1. Meet requirements of WDMA I.S.1-A, SLC-5, Extra Heavy Duty.

2. Adhesive: Type II

10-01-12

3. Thickness: 45 mm (1-3/4 inches) unless otherwise shown or specified.
4. All Doors to be Stave Core Doors.

B. Face Veneer:

1. In accordance with WDMA I.S.1-A.
2. Door Face Veneer shall be rotary cut birch.
3. For transparent finishes:
  - a. A grade face veneer standard optional.
  - b. Match face veneers for doors for uniform effect of color and grain at joints.
  - c. Door edges shall be same species as door face veneer except maple may be used for stile face veneer on birch doors.
  - e. In existing buildings, where doors are required to have transparent finish, use wood species and grade of face veneers to match adjacent existing doors.
4. For painted finishes: Custom Grade, mill option close grained hardwood, premium or medium density overlay. Do not use Lauan.
5. Factory sand doors for finishing.

C. Wood for stops, louvers, muntins and moldings of flush doors required to have transparent finish:

1. Solid Wood of same species as face veneer, except maple may be used on birch doors.
2. Glazing:
  - a. On non-labeled doors use applied wood stops nailed tight on room side and attached on opposite side with flathead, countersunk wood screws, spaced approximately 125 mm (5 inches) on centers.
  - b. Use stainless steel or dull chrome plated brass screws for exterior doors.

E. Fire rated wood doors:

1. Fire Performance Rating:
  - a. "B" label, 1-1/2 hours.
  - b. "C" label, 3/4 hour.
2. Labels:
  - a. Doors shall conform to the requirements of ASTM E2074, or NFPA 252, and, carry an identifying label from a qualified testing and inspection agency for class of door or opening shown designating fire performance rating.

10-01-12

- b. Metal labels with raised or incised markings.
- 3. Performance Criteria for Stiles of doors utilizing standard mortise leaf hinges:
  - a. Hinge Loading: WDMA T.M.8. Average of 10 test samples for Extra Heavy Duty doors.
  - b. Direct screw withdrawal: WDMA T.M.10 for Extra Heavy Duty doors. Average of 10 test samples using a steel, fully threaded #12 wood screw.
  - c. Cycle Slam: 1,000,000 cycles with no loose hinge screws or other visible signs of failure when tested in accordance with WDMA T.M.7.
- 4. Additional Hardware Reinforcement:
  - a. Provide fire rated doors with hardware reinforcement blocking.
  - b. Size of lock blocks as required to secure hardware specified.
  - c. Top, bottom and intermediate rail blocks shall measure not less than 125 mm (five inches) minimum by full core width.
  - d. Reinforcement blocking in compliance with manufacturer's labeling requirements.
  - e. Mineral material similar to core is not acceptable.
- 5. Other Core Components: Manufacturer's standard as allowed by the labeling requirements.
- 6. Provide steel frame approved for use in labeled doors for vision panels.
- 7. Provide steel astragal on pair of doors.
- F. Smoke Barrier Doors:
  - 1. For glazed openings use steel frames approved for use in labeled doors.
  - 2. Provide a steel astragal on one leaf of pairs of doors, including double egress doors.

### **2.3 PREFINISH, PREFIT OPTION**

- A. Flush doors may be factory machined to receive hardware, bevels, undercuts, cutouts, accessories and fitting for frame.
- B. Factory fitting to conform to specification for shop and field fitting, including factory application of sealer to edge and routings.
- C. Flush doors to receive transparent finish (in addition to being prefit) shall be factory finished as follows:

10-01-12

1. WDMA I.S.1-A Section F-3 specification for System TR-4, Conversion Varnish or System TR-5, Catalyzed Vinyl.

#### **2.4 IDENTIFICATION MARK:**

- A. On top edge of door.
- B. Either a stamp, brand or other indelible mark, giving manufacturer's name, door's trade name, construction of door, code date of manufacture and quality.
- C. Accompanied by either of the following additional requirements:
  1. An identification mark or a separate certification including name of inspection organization.
  2. Identification of standards for door, including glue type.
  3. Identification of veneer and quality certification.
  4. Identification of preservative treatment for stile and rail doors.

#### **2.5 SEALING:**

Give top and bottom edge of doors two coats of catalyzed polyurethane or water resistant sealer before sealing in shipping containers.

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### **3.1 DOOR PREPARATION**

- A. Field, shop or factory preparation: Do not violate the qualified testing and inspection agency label requirements for fire rated doors.
- B. Clearances between Doors and Frames and Floors:
  1. Maximum 3 mm (1/8 inch) clearance at the jambs, heads, and meeting stiles, and a 19 mm (3/4 inch) clearance at bottom, except as otherwise specified.
  2. Maximum clearance at bottom of sound rated doors, light-proofed doors, doors to operating rooms, and doors designated to be fitted with mechanical seal: 10 mm (3/8 inch).
- C. Provide cutouts for special details required and specified.
- D. Rout doors for hardware using templates and location heights specified in Section, 08 71 00 DOOR HARDWARE.
- E. Fit doors to frame, bevel lock edge of doors 3 mm (1/8 inch) for each 50 mm (two inches) of door thickness
- F. Immediately after fitting and cutting of doors for hardware, seal cut edges of doors with two coats of water resistant sealer.
- G. Finish surfaces, including both faces, top and bottom and edges of the doors smooth to touch.

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VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

10-01-12

H. Apply a steel astragal on the opposite side of active door on pairs of fire rated doors.

I. Apply a steel astragal to meeting style of active leaf of pair of doors or double egress smoke doors.

### **3.2 INSTALLATION OF DOORS APPLICATION OF HARDWARE**

Install doors and hardware as specified in this Section.

### **3.3 DOOR PROTECTION**

A. As door installation is completed, place polyethylene bag or cardboard shipping container over door and tape in place.

B. Provide protective covering over knobs and handles in addition to covering door.

C. Maintain covering in good condition until removal is approved by Resident Engineer.

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**SECTION 08 31 13  
ACCESS DOORS AND FRAMES**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION:**

Section specifies access doors or panels.

**1.2 RELATED WORK:**

- A. Lock Cylinders: Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE.
- B. Access doors in acoustical ceilings: Section 09 51 00, ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS.
- C. Locations of access doors for duct work cleanouts: Section 23 31 00, HVAC DUCTS AND CASINGS Section 23 37 00, AIR OUTLETS AND INLETS .

**1.3 SUBMITTALS:**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Shop Drawings: Access doors, each type, showing construction, location and installation details.
- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data: Access doors, each type.

**1.4 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in the text by basic designation only.
- B. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
  - A167-99(R-2009).....Stainless and Heat-Resisting Chromium-Nickel Steel Plate, Sheet and Strip
  - A1008-10.....Steel Sheet, Cold-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High Strength Low-Alloy
- C. American Welding Society (AWS):
  - D1.3-08.....Structural Welding Code Sheet Steel
- D. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):
  - 80-10.....Fire Doors and Windows
- E. The National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers (NAAMM):
  - AMP 500 Series.....Metal Finishes Manual
- F. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL):
  - Fire Resistance Directory

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### **2.1 FABRICATION, GENERAL**

- A. Fabricate components to be straight, square, flat and in same plane where required.
  - 1. Slightly round exposed edges and without burrs, snags and sharp edges.
  - 2. Exposed welds continuous and ground smooth.
  - 3. Weld in accordance with AWS D1.3.
- B. Number of locks and non-continuous hinges as required to maintain alignment of panel with frame. For fire rated doors, use hinges and locks as required by fire test.
- C. Provide anchors or make provisions in frame for anchoring to adjacent construction. Provide size, number and location of anchors on four sides to secure access door in opening. Provide anchors as required by fire test.

### **2.2 ACCESS DOORS, FIRE RATED:**

- A. Shall meet requirements for "B" label 1-1/2 hours with maximum temperature rise of 120 degree C (250 degrees F).
- B. Comply with NFPA 80 and have Underwriters Laboratories Inc., or other nationally recognized laboratory label for Class B opening.
- C. Door Panel: Form of 0.9 mm (0.0359 inch) thick steel sheet, insulated sandwich type construction.
- D. Frame: Form of 1.5 mm (0.0598 inch) thick steel sheet of depth and configuration to suit material and type of construction where installed. Provide frame flange at perimeter where installed in concrete masonry or gypsum board openings.
  - 1. Weld exposed joints in flange and grind smooth.
  - 2. Provide frame flange at perimeter where installed in concrete masonry or gypsum board.
- E. Automatic Closing Device: Provide automatic closing device for door.
- F. Hinge: Continuous steel hinge with stainless steel pin.
- G. Lock:
  - 1. Self-latching, with provision for fitting flush a standard screw-in type lock cylinder. Lock cylinder specified in Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE.
  - 2. Provide latch release device operable from inside of door. Mortise case in door.

**2.3 ACCESS DOORS, FLUSH PANEL (NON-FIRE RATED):**

A. Door Panel:

1. Form of 1.9 mm (0.0747 inch) thick steel sheet.
2. Reinforce to maintain flat surface.

B. Frame:

1. Form of 1.5 mm (0.0598 inch) thick steel sheet of depth and configuration to suit material and type of construction where installed.
2. Provide surface mounted units having frame flange at perimeter where installed in concrete, masonry, or gypsum board construction.
3. Weld exposed joints in flange and grind smooth.

C. Hinge:

1. Concealed spring hinge to allow panel to open 175 degrees.
2. Provide removable hinge pin to allow removal of panel from frame.

D. Lock:

1. Flush, screwdriver operated cam lock.

**2.4 ACCESS DOOR, RECESSED PANEL (NON-FIRE RATED):**

A. Door Panel:

1. Form of 1.2 mm (0.0478 inch) thick steel sheet to form a 25 mm (one inch) deep recessed pan to accommodate the installation of acoustical units or other materials where shown in walls and ceiling.
2. Reinforce as required to prevent sagging.

B. Frame:

1. Form of 1.5 mm (0.0598 inch) thick steel sheet of depth and configuration to suit installation in suspension system of ceiling or wall framing.
2. Extend sides of frame to protect edge of acoustical units when panel is in open position.
3. Provide shims, bushings, clips and other devices necessary for installation.

C. Hinge: Continuous steel hinge with stainless steel pin or concealed hinge.

D. Lock:

1. Flush screwdriver operated cam lock.
2. Provide sleeve of plastic or stainless steel grommet to protect hole made in acoustical unit for screwdriver access to lock.

**2.5 FINISH:**

- A. Provide in accordance with NAAMM AMP 500 series on exposed surfaces.
- B. Steel Surfaces: Baked-on prime coat over a protective phosphate coating.
- C. Stainless Steel: No. 4 for exposed surfaces.

**2.6 SIZE:**

Minimum 600 mm (24 inches) square door unless otherwise shown or required to suit opening in suspension system of ceiling.

**PART 3 - EXECUTION**

**3.1 LOCATION:**

- A. Provide access panels or doors wherever any valves, traps, dampers, cleanouts, and other control items of mechanical, electrical and conveyor work are concealed in wall or partition, or are above ceiling of gypsum board or plaster.
- B. Use fire rated doors in fire rated partitions and ceilings.
- C. Use flush panels in partitions and gypsum board or plaster ceilings, except lay-in acoustical panel ceilings or upward access acoustical tile ceilings.

**3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL:**

- A. Install access doors in openings to have sides vertical in wall installations, and parallel to ceiling suspension grid or side walls when installed in ceiling.
- B. Set frames so that edge of frames without flanges will finish flush with surrounding finish surfaces.
- C. Set frames with flanges to overlap opening and so that face will be uniformly spaced from the finish surface.
- D. Set recessed panel access doors recessed so that face of surrounding materials will finish on the same plane, when finish in door is installed.

**3.3 ANCHORAGE:**

- A. Secure frames to adjacent construction using anchors attached to frames or by use of bolts or screws through the frame members.
- B. Type, size and number of anchoring device suitable for the material surrounding the opening, maintain alignment, and resist displacement during normal use of access door.
- C. Anchors for fire rated access doors shall meet requirements of applicable fire test.

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10-11

**3.4 ADJUSTMENT:**

- A. Adjust hardware so that door panel will open freely.
- B. Adjust door when closed so door panel is centered in the frame.

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02-01-13

**SECTION 08 35 00**  
**SIDE-FOLDING GRILLES OPEN DESIGN**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 SUMMARY**

- A. Section Includes: Aluminum, manually operated, side-folding grilles.
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. 05 50 00 Metal Fabrications. Structural support for track.
  - 2. 06 10 00 Rough Carpentry. Structural support for track.
  - 3. 08 31 00 Access Doors and Panels. Access doors.
  - 4. 08 70 00 Hardware. Masterkeyed cylinders.

**1.2 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Reference Section 01 33 22 Submittal Procedures; submit the following items:
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Product Data.
  - 2. Shop Drawings: Details of construction, accessories and hardware, supporting brackets for motors, location, and ratings of motors, and safety devices. Include special conditions not detailed in Product Data. Show interface with adjacent work08 31 00 Access Doors and Panels.
  - 3. Quality Assurance/Control Submittals:
    - a. Provide proof of manufacturer and installer qualifications see 1.3 below.
    - b. Provide manufacturer's installation instructions.
  - 4. Closeout Submittals:
    - a. Operation and Maintenance Manual.
    - b. Certificate stating that installed materials comply with this specification.

**1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Qualifications:
  - 1. Manufacturer Qualifications: Minimum of five years' experience in producing side-folding grilles of the type specified.
  - 2. Installer Qualifications: Manufacturer's approval.

**1.4 DELIVERY STORAGE AND HANDLING**

SIDE FOLDING GRILLS  
08 35 00-1

02-01-13

- A. Reference Section 01 66 00 Product Storage and Handling Requirements.
- B. Follow manufacturer's instructions.

#### **1.5 DESIGN / PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Stacking:
  - 1. Minimum stacking shall be 1.05 inches/linear foot (87.5 mm/meter) of opening plus 3.5 inches (89 mm) for each locking member.
  - 2. Grille support must be designed to carry the weight of a fully stacked door at any point along its length. Support is to carry the total weight / the total stacking and is express as lbs. per linear ft.
- B. Lintel Deflection: Accommodate deflection of lintel to prevent damage to components, deterioration of seals, or movement between door frame and perimeter framing.
- C. Thermal Movement: Design sections to permit thermal expansion and contraction of components to match perimeter opening construction.

#### **1.6 WARRANTY**

- A. Standard Warranty: Two years from date of shipment against defects in material and workmanship.
- B. Maintenance: Submit for owner's consideration and acceptance of a maintenance service agreement for installed products.

### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

#### **2.1 MANUFACTURER**

- A. Basis of design: Cornell Iron Works, Inc., Crestwood Industrial Park, Mountaintop, PA 18707. Telephone: (800) 233-8366, Fax: (800) 526-0841.
- B. Model: ESG32 - GlideGard
- C. Or Equal

#### **2.2 MATERIALS**

- A. Curtain:
  - 1. Vertical Tubes: 5/16 inch (8 mm) diameter, 6063 T5 aluminum alloy, 3.5 inches (89 mm) on center.

02-01-13

2. Tube Spacers: 7/16 inch (11 mm) outside diameter [PVC] [aluminum] tubes to maintain horizontal chain spacing.
3. Horizontal Bars: Aluminum bars, 6 inches x 3/4 inch (152 mm x 19 mm), Bars to be vertically spaced at [12 inches (305 mm) o.c.] [9 inches (229 mm) o.c.] [6 inches (152 mm) o.c.] [3 inches (76 mm) o.c.] in a [brick] [straight] pattern.
4. Hinge Panels: 2 inch (51 mm) high continuous interlocking aluminum panels at the top and bottom of the closure.
5. Leading End Member: 1 5/16 x 2 3/8 x 1/8 inch (33 x 60 x 3 mm) thick extruded aluminum tube with recess for attaching curtain sections.
  - a. Provide concealed masterkeyable, cylinder operated hook-bolt #7 member with lock operable from [both sides of curtain] [public side of curtain; thumbturn cylinder lock operable from tenant side of curtain] that engages a full height wall channel. Provide rubber bumper at the edge of the locking member.
6. Intermediate Member(s): 1 5/16 x 2 3/8 x 1/8 inch (33 x 60 x 3 mm) thick extruded aluminum tube with recess for attaching curtain sections.
  - a. Provide concealed masterkeyable, cylinder operated, bottom ratcheted rod #3 member with lock operable from [both sides of curtain] [public side of curtain] [tenant side of curtain]. Supply dustproof floor sockets for all drop bolts. Provide rubber bumper at the edge of the locking member.
7. Trailing End Member: 1 5/16 x 2 3/8 x 1/8 inch (33 x 60 x 3 mm) thick extruded aluminum tube with recess for attaching curtain sections.
  - a. Provide #8 fixed end member.
- B. Trolleys: 1 1/8 inch (29 mm) diameter nylon tired ball bearing wheels; two wheel assembly at each hanger; three wheel assembly at all vertical members.
- C. Track: 1.3 x 1.8 inch (33 x 46 mm) thick extruded aluminum section with continuous recess for splice tongues and pins.

02-01-13

1. Provide curve track section with radius as indicated on drawings.

D. Finishes: White paint

## 2.3 ACCESSORIES

### A. Pocket Door(s):

1. Door
  - a. Material: A36 HR steel
  - b. Thickness: USS 12-gauge
  - c. Finish: Phosphate treatment followed by a baked-on polyester powder coat, color selected from manufacturer's standard color range, minimum 32 colors, as selected by Architect
  - d. Size as indicated on drawings
2. Frame
  - a. Material: A36 HR steel
  - b. Thickness: USS 12-gauge
  - c. Finish: Phosphate treatment followed by a baked-on polyester powder coat, color selected from manufacturer's standard color range, minimum 32 colors, as selected by Architect
  - d. Overlaps opening 2" (50.8 mm) with a 5/8" (15.9 mm) projection off wall.
3. Hinges: 3" (76.2 mm) non-mortise type
4. Lock: 1" (25.4 mm) security mortise cylinder

## 2.4 FABRICATION

- A. Fabricate with every fourth vertical rod as a hanger rod. Provide tube spacers at each hanger rod to maintain chain spacing.
- B. Hinge Panels: Continuous rows between top two and bottom two chain sets.
- C. Intermediate Members: Spacing not to exceed 10 feet (3.05 M) on center and located at each curve.
- D. Bi-Parting Grilles: Attach strike channel to appropriate curtain section.

## 2.5 OPERATION

- A. Manual push-pull.

02-01-13

**PART - 3 - EXECUTION**

**3.1 EXAMINATION**

- a. Examine header substrates upon which side-folding grilles will be installed and verify conditions are in accordance with approved shop drawings. Header, floor or sill to be level across entire grille opening.
- b. Coordinate with responsible entity to perform corrective work on unsatisfactory substrates and floor or sill levels.
- c. Commencement of work by installer is acceptance of substrate.

**3.2 INSTALLATION:**

- a. General: Install side-folding grille with necessary hardware, anchors, inserts, hangers and supports.
- b. Follow manufacturer's installation instructions.

**3.3 ADJUSTING:**

- a. Following completion of installation, including related work by others, lubricate, test, and adjust side-folding grilles for ease of operation.

**3.4 CLEANING:**

- a. Clean surfaces soiled by work as recommended by manufacturer.
- b. Remove surplus materials and debris from the site.

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03-01-12

**SECTION 08 71 00**  
**DOOR HARDWARE**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

- A. Door hardware and related items necessary for complete installation and operation of doors.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Caulking: Section 07 92 00 JOINT SEALANTS.
- B. Application of Hardware: Section 08 14 00, WOOD DOORS Section 08 11 13, HOLLOW METAL DOORS AND FRAMES Section 08 33 00, COILING DOORS AND GRILLES Section 08 71 13, AUTOMATIC DOOR OPERATORS Section 08 71 13.11, LOW ENERGY DOOR OPERATORS
- C. Painting: Section 09 91 00, PAINTING.
- D. Card Readers: Section 28 13 11, PHYSICAL ACCESS CONTROL SYSTEMS.
- E. Electrical: Division 26, ELECTRICAL.
- F. Fire Detection: Section 28 31 00, FIRE DETECTION AND ALARM.

**1.3 GENERAL**

- A. All hardware shall comply with UFAS, (Uniform Federal Accessible Standards) unless specified otherwise.
- B. Provide rated door hardware assemblies where required by most current version of the International Building Code (IBC).
- C. Hardware for Labeled Fire Doors and Exit Doors: Conform to requirements of NFPA 80 for labeled fire doors and to NFPA 101 for exit doors, as well as to other requirements specified. Provide hardware listed by UL, except where heavier materials, large size, or better grades are specified herein under paragraph HARDWARE SETS. In lieu of UL labeling and listing, test reports from a nationally recognized testing agency may be submitted showing that hardware has been tested in accordance with UL test methods and that it conforms to NFPA requirements.
- D. Hardware for application on metal and wood doors and frames shall be made to standard templates. Furnish templates to the fabricator of these items in sufficient time so as not to delay the construction.
- E. The following items shall be of the same manufacturer, except as otherwise specified:
  - 1. Mortise locksets.
  - 2. Hinges for hollow metal and wood doors.
  - 3. Surface applied overhead door closers.

03-01-12

4. Exit devices.
5. Floor closers.

#### 1.4 WARRANTY

- A. Automatic door operators shall be subject to the terms of FAR Clause 52.246-21, except that the Warranty period shall be two years in lieu of one year for all items except as noted below:
1. Locks, latchsets, and panic hardware: 5 years.
  2. Door closers and continuous hinges: 10 years.

#### 1.5 MAINTENANCE MANUALS

- A. In accordance with Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS Article titled "INSTRUCTIONS", furnish maintenance manuals and instructions on all door hardware. Provide installation instructions with the submittal documentation.

#### 1.6 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittals shall be in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES. Submit 6 copies of the schedule per Section 01 33 23. Submit 2 final copies of the final approved schedules to VAMC Locksmith as record copies (VISN Locksmith if the VAMC does not have a locksmith).
- B. Hardware Schedule: Prepare and submit hardware schedule in the following form:

Hardware Item	Quantity	Size	Reference Publication Type No.	Finish	Mfr. Name and Catalog No.	Key Control Symbols	UL Mark (if fire rated and listed)	ANSI/BHMA Finish Designation

- C. Samples and Manufacturers' Literature:

1. Samples: All hardware items (proposed for the project) that have not been previously approved by Builders Hardware Manufacturers Association shall be submitted for approval. Tag and mark all items with manufacturer's name, catalog number and project number.

03-01-12

2. Samples are not required for hardware listed in the specifications by manufacturer's catalog number, if the contractor proposes to use the manufacturer's product specified.

D. Certificate of Compliance and Test Reports: Submit certificates that hardware conforms to the requirements specified herein. Certificates shall be accompanied by copies of reports as referenced. The testing shall have been conducted either in the manufacturer's plant and certified by an independent testing laboratory or conducted in an independent laboratory, within four years of submittal of reports for approval.

#### **1.7 DELIVERY AND MARKING**

A. Deliver items of hardware to job site in their original containers, complete with necessary appurtenances including screws, keys, and instructions. Tag one of each different item of hardware and deliver to Resident Engineer for reference purposes. Tag shall identify items by Project Specification number and manufacturer's catalog number. These items shall remain on file in Resident Engineer's office until all other similar items have been installed in project, at which time the Resident Engineer will deliver items on file to Contractor for installation in predetermined locations on the project.

#### **1.8 PREINSTALLATION MEETING**

A. Convene a preinstallation meeting not less than 30 days before start of installation of door hardware. Require attendance of parties directly affecting work of this section, including Contractor and Installer, Architect, Project Engineer and VA Locksmith, Hardware Consultant, and Hardware Manufacturer's Representative. Review the following:

1. Inspection of door hardware.
2. Job and surface readiness.
3. Coordination with other work.
4. Protection of hardware surfaces.
5. Substrate surface protection.
6. Installation.
7. Adjusting.
8. Repair.
9. Field quality control.
10. Cleaning.

03-01-12

## **1.9 INSTRUCTIONS**

A. Hardware Set Symbols on Drawings: Except for protective plates, door stops, mates, thresholds and the like specified herein, hardware requirements for each door are indicated on drawings by symbols. Symbols for hardware sets consist of letters (e.g., "HW") followed by a number. Each number designates a set of hardware items applicable to a door type.

B. Keying: All cylinders shall be keyed into existing Medeco Keymark X4.. Provide removable core cylinders that are removable only with a special key or tool without disassembly of knob or lockset. Cylinders shall be 6 7 pin type. Keying information shall be furnished at a later date by the COR.

C. Keying: A new Great Grandmaster key shall be established for this project. The key system shall be small format (Best size and profile) removable core type as previously described. The key blanks shall be protected by a utility patent with a minimum seven years remaining on the patent from the start of construction, and protected by contract-controlled distribution. The manufacturer shall furnish code pattern listings in both paper and electronic formats so keys may be reproduced by code.; provide electronic format in file type required by project's key control software. The manufacturer shall design the new key system with the capacity to rekey the existing system and also provide for 25 percent expansion capability beyond this requirement. Submit a keying chart for approval showing proposed keying layout and listing expansion capacity.

1. Keying information will be furnished to the Contractor by the Resident Engineer.
2. Supply information regarding key control of cylinder locks to manufacturers of equipment having cylinder type locks. Notify Resident Engineer immediately when and to whom keys or keying information is supplied. Return all such keys to the Resident Engineer.

## **1.10 COORDINATION AND INSTALLATION**

A. Prior to the start of the hardware installation, the General Contractor shall schedule and conduct a pre-installation meeting with the hardware supplier and the manufacturer representative whom supplied the commercial locks, the exit devices, the door

03-01-12

controls/closers, etc.. The purpose is to coordinate materials and techniques, and sequence complex hardware items and systems installation. Proper and correct installation and adjustment of hardware is to be reviewed. Meeting to convene at least one week prior to commencement of hardware installation and the Owner needs to be notified of date and time. Written documentation of date, attendees and participants is to be provided to architect and owner for record.

- B. Prior to owner's occupancy, the general contractor shall schedule and conduct a post-installation meeting with the hardware supplier and the manufacturer representative who supplied the commercial locks, the exit devices, the door controls/closers, etc. for review of the installation of devices.

#### 1.11 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only. In text, hardware items are referred to by series, types, etc., listed in such specifications and standards, except as otherwise specified.
- B. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
- F883-04.....Padlocks
- E2180-07.....Standard Test Method for Determining the  
Activity of Incorporated Antimicrobial Agent(s)  
In Polymeric or Hydrophobic Materials
- C. American National Standards Institute/Builders Hardware Manufacturers Association (ANSI/BHMA):
- A156.1-06.....Butts and Hinges
- A156.2-03.....Bored and Pre-assembled Locks and Latches
- A156.3-08.....Exit Devices, Coordinators, and Auto Flush  
Bolts
- A156.4-08.....Door Controls (Closers)
- A156.5-01.....Auxiliary Locks and Associated Products
- A156.6-05.....Architectural Door Trim
- A156.8-05.....Door Controls-Overhead Stops and Holders
- A156.12-05 .....Interconnected Locks and Latches
- A156.13-05.....Mortise Locks and Latches Series 1000

03-01-12

- A156.14-07 .....Sliding and Folding Door Hardware
- A156.15-06.....Release Devices-Closer Holder, Electromagnetic  
and Electromechanical
- A156.16-08.....Auxiliary Hardware
- A156.17-04 .....Self-Closing Hinges and Pivots
- A156.18-06.....Materials and Finishes
- A156.20-06 .....Strap and Tee Hinges, and Hasps
- A156.21-09.....Thresholds
- A156.22-05.....Door Gasketing and Edge Seal Systems
- A156.23-04.....Electromagnetic Locks
- A156.24-03.....Delayed Egress Locking Systems
- A156.25-07 .....Electrified Locking Devices
- A156.26-06.....Continuous Hinges
- A156.28-07 .....Master Keying Systems
- A156.29-07 .....Exit Locks and Alarms
- A156.30-03 .....High Security Cylinders
- A156.31-07 .....Electric Strikes and Frame Mounted Actuators
- A250.8-03.....Standard Steel Doors and Frames
- D. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):
  - 80-10.....Fire Doors and Fire Windows
  - 101-09.....Life Safety Code
- E. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL):
  - Building Materials Directory (2008)

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### **2.1 BUTT HINGES**

- A. MANUFACTURER: Hager BB1168, minimum 2 ball-bearing
- B. ANSI A156.1. Provide only three-knuckle hinges, except five-knuckle where the required hinge type is not available in a three-knuckle version (e.g., some types of swing-clear hinges). The following types of butt hinges shall be used for the types of doors listed, except where otherwise specified:
  - 1. Exterior Doors: Type A2112/A5112 for doors 900 mm (3 feet) wide or less and Type A2111/A5111 for doors over 900 mm (3 feet) wide. Hinges for exterior outswing doors shall have non-removable pins. Hinges for exterior fire-rated doors shall be of stainless steel material.

03-01-12

2. Interior Doors: Type A8112/A5112 for doors 900 mm (3 feet) wide or less and Type A8111/A5111 for doors over 900 mm (3 feet) wide. Hinges for doors exposed to high humidity areas (shower rooms, toilet rooms, kitchens, janitor rooms, etc. shall be of stainless steel material.

C. Provide quantity and size of hinges per door leaf as follows:

1. Doors up to 1210 mm (4 feet) high: 2 hinges.
2. Doors 1210 mm (4 feet) to 2260 mm (7 feet 5 inches) high: 3 hinges minimum.
3. Doors greater than 2260 mm (7 feet 5 inches) high: 4 hinges.
4. Doors up to 900 mm (3 feet) wide, standard weight: 114 mm x 114 mm (4-1/2 inches x 4-1/2 inches) hinges.
5. Doors over 900 mm (3 feet) to 1065 mm (3 feet 6 inches) wide, standard weight: 127 mm x 114 mm (5 inches x 4-1/2 inches).
6. Doors over 1065 mm (3 feet 6 inches) to 1210 mm (4 feet), heavy weight: 127 mm x 114 mm (5 inches x 4-1/2 inches).
7. Provide heavy-weight hinges where specified.
8. At doors weighing 330 kg (150 lbs.) or more, furnish 127 mm (5 inch) high hinges.

D. See Articles "MISCELLANEOUS HARDWARE" and "HARDWARE SETS" for pivots and hinges other than butts specified above and continuous hinges specified below.

## 2.2 CONTINUOUS HINGES

A. MANUFACTURER: Hager

B. ANSI/BHMA A156.26, Grade 1-600.

1. Listed under Category N in BHMA's "Certified Product Directory."

C. General: Minimum 0.120-inch- (3.0-mm-) thick, hinge leaves with minimum overall width of 4 inches (102 mm); fabricated to full height of door and frame and to template screw locations; with components finished after milling and drilling are complete

D. Continuous, Barrel-Type Hinges: Hinge with knuckles formed around a Teflon-coated 6.35mm (0.25-inch) minimum diameter pin that extends entire length of hinge.

1. Base Metal for Exterior Hinges: Stainless steel.
2. Base Metal for Interior Hinges: Stainless steel.
3. Base Metal for Hinges for Fire-Rated Assemblies: Stainless steel.

03-01-12

4. Provide with non-removable pin (hospital tip option) at lockable outswing doors.
5. Where required to clear adjacent casing, trim, and wall conditions and allow full door swing, provide wide throw hinges of minimum width required.
6. Provide with manufacturer's cut-outs for separate mortised power transfers and/or mortised automatic door bottoms where they occur.
7. Where thru-wire power transfers are integral to the hinge, provide hinge with easily removable portion to allow easy access to wiring connections.
8. Where models are specified that provide an integral wrap-around edge guard for the hinge edge of the door, provide manufacturer's adjustable threaded stud and machine screw mechanism to allow the door to be adjusted within the wrap-around edge guard.

### **2.3 DOOR CLOSING DEVICES**

- A. Closing devices shall be products of one manufacturer for each type specified.

### **2.4 OVERHEAD CLOSERS**

- A. MANUFACTURER: LCN 4040/4040H
- B. Conform to ANSI A156.4, Grade 1.
- C. Closers shall conform to the following:
  1. The closer shall have minimum 50 percent adjustable closing force over minimum value for that closer and have adjustable hydraulic back check effective between 60 degrees and 85 degrees of door opening.
  2. Where specified, closer shall have hold-open feature.
  3. Size Requirements: Provide multi-size closers, sizes 1 through 6, except where multi-size closer is not available for the required application.
  4. Material of closer body shall be forged or cast.
  5. Arm and brackets for closers shall be steel, malleable iron or high strength ductile cast iron.
  6. Where closers are exposed to the exterior or are mounted in rooms that experience high humidity, provide closer body and arm assembly of stainless steel material.
  7. Closers shall have full size metal cover; plastic covers will not be accepted.

03-01-12

8. Closers shall have adjustable hydraulic back-check, separate valves for closing and latching speed, adjustable back-check positioning valve, and adjustable delayed action valve.
9. Provide closers with any accessories required for the mounting application, including (but not limited to) drop plates, special soffit plates, spacers for heavy-duty parallel arm fifth screws, bull-nose or other regular arm brackets, longer or shorter arm assemblies, and special factory templating. Provide special arms, drop plates, and templating as needed to allow mounting at doors with overhead stops and/or holders.
10. Closer arms or backcheck valve shall not be used to stop the door from overswing, except in applications where a separate wall, floor, or overhead stop cannot be used.
11. Provide parallel arm closers with heavy duty rigid arm.
12. Where closers are to be installed on the push side of the door, provide parallel arm type except where conditions require use of top jamb arm.
13. Provide all surface closers with the same body attachment screw pattern for ease of replacement and maintenance.
14. All closers shall have a 1 ½" (38mm) minimum piston diameter.

## **2.6 DOOR STOPS**

- A. Conform to ANSI A156.16.
- B. Provide door stops wherever an opened door or any item of hardware thereon would strike a wall, column, equipment or other parts of building construction. For concrete, masonry or quarry tile construction, use lead expansion shields for mounting door stops.
- C. Where cylindrical locks with turn pieces or pushbuttons occur, equip wall bumpers Type L02251 (rubber pads having concave face) to receive turn piece or button.
- D. Provide floor stops (Type L02141 or L02161 in office areas; Type L02121 x 3 screws into floor elsewhere. Wall bumpers, where used, must be installed to impact the trim or the door within the leading half of its width. Floor stops, where used, must be installed within 4-inches of the wall face and impact the door within the leading half of its width.
- E. Where drywall partitions occur, use floor stops, Type L02141 or L02161 in office areas, Type L02121 elsewhere.

03-01-12

- F. Provide stop Type L02011, as applicable for exterior doors. At outswing doors where stop can be installed in concrete, provide stop mated to concrete anchor set in 76mm (3-inch) core-drilled hole and filled with quick-setting cement.
- G. Omit stops where floor mounted door holders are required and where automatic operated doors occur.
- H. Provide appropriate roller bumper for each set of doors (except where closet doors occur) where two doors would interfere with each other in swinging.
- I. Provide appropriate door mounted stop on doors in individual toilets where floor or wall mounted stops cannot be used.
- J. Provide overhead surface applied stop Type C02541, ANSI A156.8 on patient toilet doors in bedrooms where toilet door could come in contact with the bedroom door.
- K. Provide door stops on doors where combination closer magnetic holders are specified, except where wall stops cannot be used or where floor stops cannot be installed within 4-inches of the wall.
- L. Where the specified wall or floor stop cannot be used, provide concealed overhead stops (surface-mounted where concealed cannot be used).

## **2.7 OVERHEAD DOOR STOPS AND HOLDERS**

- A. Conform to ANSI Standard A156.8. Overhead holders shall be of sizes recommended by holder manufacturer for each width of door. Set overhead holders for 110 degree opening, unless limited by building construction or equipment. Provide Grade 1 overhead concealed slide type: stop-only at rated doors and security doors, hold-open type with exposed hold-open on/off control at all other doors requiring overhead door stops.

## **2.8 FLOOR DOOR HOLDERS**

- A. Conform to ANSI Standard A156.16. Provide extension strikes for Types L01301 and L01311 holders where necessary.

## **2.9 LOCKS AND LATCHES**

- A. MANUFACTURER: Best Lock
  - 1. Best Cylindrical and Mortise Lock Set with Medeco 7-pin interchangeable cylindrical cores (Model 33N700006).
- B. Conform to ANSI A156.2. Locks and latches for doors 45 mm (1-3/4 inch) thick or over shall have beveled fronts. Lock cylinders shall have not

03-01-12

less than seven pins. Cylinders for all locksets shall be removable core type. Cylinders shall be furnished with construction removable cores and construction master keys. Cylinder shall be removable by special key or tool. Construct all cores so that they will be interchangeable into the core housings of all mortise locks, rim locks, cylindrical locks, and any other type lock included in the Great Grand Master Key System. Disassembly of lever or lockset shall not be required to remove core from lockset. All locksets or latches on double doors with fire label shall have latch bolt with 19 mm (3/4 inch) throw, unless shorter throw allowed by the door manufacturer's fire label. Provide temporary keying device or construction core of allow opening and closing during construction and prior to the installation of final cores.

- C. In addition to above requirements, locks and latches shall comply with following requirements:
1. Mortise Lock and Latch Sets: Conform to ANSI/BHMA A156.13. Mortise locksets shall be series 1000, minimum Grade 2. All locksets and latchsets, except on designated doors in Psychiatric (Mental Health) areas, shall have lever handles fabricated from cast stainless steel. Provide sectional (lever x rose) lever design matching [Best 15J]. No substitute lever material shall be accepted. All locks and latchsets shall be furnished with 122.55 mm (4-7/8-inch) curved lip strike and wrought box. At outswing pairs with overlapping astragals, provide flat lip strip with 21mm (7/8-inch) lip-to-center dimension. Lock function F02 shall be furnished with emergency tools/keys for emergency entrance. All lock cases installed on lead lined doors shall be lead lined before applying final hardware finish. Furnish armored fronts for all mortise locks. Where mortise locks are installed in high-humidity locations or where exposed to the exterior on both sides of the opening, provide non-ferrous mortise lock case.
  2. Cylindrical Lock and Latch Sets: levers shall meet ADA (Americans with Disabilities Act) requirements. Cylindrical locksets shall be series 4000 Grade I. All locks and latchsets shall be furnished with 122.55 mm (4-7/8-inch) curved lip strike and wrought box. At outswing pairs with overlapping astragals, provide flat lip strip with 21mm (7/8-inch) lip-to-center dimension. Provide lever design

03-01-12

- to match design selected by Architect or to match existing lever design. Where two turn pieces are specified for lock F76, turn piece on inside knob shall lock and unlock inside knob, and turn piece on outside knob shall unlock outside knob when inside knob is in the locked position. (This function is intended to allow emergency entry into these rooms without an emergency key or any special tool.)
3. Auxiliary locks shall be as specified under hardware sets and conform to ANSI A156.5.
  4. Locks on designated doors in Psychiatric (Mental Health) areas shall be paddle type with arrow projection covers and be UL Listed. Provide these locks with paddle in the down position on both sides of the door. Locks shall be fabricated of wrought stainless steel.
  5. Privacy locks in non-mental-health patient rooms shall have an inside thumbturn for privacy and an outside thumbturn for emergency entrance. Single occupancy patient privacy doors shall typically swing out; where such doors cannot swing out, provide center-pivoted doors with rescue hardware (see HW-2B).

## **2.12 ELECTRIC STRIKES**

- A. ANSI/ BHMA A156.31 Grade 1.
- B. General: Use fail-secure electric strikes at fire-rated doors.

## **2.13 KEYS**

- A. Stamp all keys with change number and key set symbol. Furnish keys in quantities as follows:

<b>Locks/Keys</b>	<b>Quantity</b>
Cylinder locks	2 keys each
Cylinder lock change key blanks	100 each different key way
Master-keyed sets	6 keys each
Grand Master sets	6 keys each
Great Grand Master set	5 keys
Control key	2 keys

- B. Psychiatric keys shall be cut so that first two bittings closest to the key shoulder are shallow to provide greater strength at point of greatest torque.

#### **2.14 KEY CABINET**

- A. ANSI Standard A156.5. Provide key cabinet made of cold rolled, 1.2 mm (0.0478 inch) thick furniture steel electro-welded. Doors shall have "no sag" continuous brass-pin piano type hinge and be equipped with chrome plated locking door handles, hook cam and mechanical pushbutton door lock. Key Cabinet and Key Control System shall accommodate all keys for this project plus 25 percent. Provide minimum number of multiple cabinets where a single cabinet of largest size will not accommodate the required number of keys.
- B. Key tags shall consist of two sets: Permanent self-locking and loan key snaphook type with tag colors as follows: Red fiber marker of the permanent self-locking type approximately 32 mm (1-1/4 inch) in diameter engraved with the legend "FILE KEY MUST NOT BE LOANED." Also furnish for each hook a white cloverleaf keymarker with snap-hooks engraved with the legend "LOAN KEY."
- C. The manufacturer of the lock cylinders and locks shall attach a key tag to keys of each lock cylinder and shall mark thereon the respective item number and key change number. Provide each group of keys in a key gathering envelope (supplied by Key Cabinet Manufacturer) in which the lock manufacturer shall include the following information: Item number, key change number and door number. The contractor shall furnish the Key Cabinet Manufacturer the hardware and keying schedules and change keys.
- D. The Key Cabinet Manufacturer shall set up a three-way cross index system, including master keys, listing the keys alphabetically, the hooks numerically and the key changes numerically on different colored index cards. Index cards shall be typewritten and inserted in a durable binder. Attach the keys to the two sets of numbered tags supplied with the cabinet. (The permanent tag and the loan key tag). Instruct the owner in proper use of the system. Install cabinet as directed by the Resident Engineer.

#### **2.15 ARMOR PLATES, KICK PLATES, MOP PLATES AND DOOR EDGING**

- A. Conform to ANSI Standard A156.6.
- B. Provide protective plates, and door edging as specified below:
  - 1. Kick plates, mop plates and armor plates of metal, Type J100 series.
  - 2. Provide kick plates and mop plates where specified. Kick plates shall be 254 mm (10 inches) or 305 mm (12 inches) high. Mop plates

03-01-12

- shall be 152 mm (6 inches) high. Both kick and mop plates shall be minimum 1.27 mm (0.050 inches) thick. Provide kick and mop plates beveled on all 4 edges (B4E). On push side of doors where jamb stop extends to floor, make kick plates 38 mm (1-1/2 inches) less than width of door, except pairs of metal doors which shall have plates 25 mm (1 inch) less than width of each door. Extend all other kick and mop plates to within 6 mm (1/4 inch) of each edge of doors. Kick and mop plates shall butt astragals. For jamb stop requirements, see specification sections pertaining to door frames.
3. Kick plates and/or mop plates are not required on following door sides:
    - a. Armor plate side of doors;
    - b. Exterior side of exterior doors;
    - c. Closet side of closet doors;
    - d. Both sides of aluminum entrance doors.
  4. Armor plates for doors are listed under Article "Hardware Sets".

Armor plates shall be thickness as noted in the hardware set, 875 mm (35 inches) high and 38 mm (1-1/2 inches) less than width of doors, except on pairs of metal doors. Provide armor plates beveled on all 4 edges (B4E). Plates on pairs of metal doors shall be 25 mm (1 inch) less than width of each door. Where top of intermediate rail of door is less than 875 mm (35 inches) from door bottom, extend armor plates to within 13 mm (1/2 inch) of top of intermediate rail. On doors equipped with panic devices, extend armor plates to within 13 mm (1/2 inch) of panic bolt push bar.
  5. Where louver or grille occurs in lower portion of doors, substitute stretcher plate and kick plate in place of armor plate. Size of stretcher plate and kick plate shall be 254 mm (10 inches) high.
  6. Provide stainless steel edge guards where so specified at wood doors. Provide mortised type instead of surface type except where door construction and/or ratings will not allow. Provide edge guards of bevel and thickness to match wood door. Provide edge guards with factory cut-outs for door hardware that must be installed through or extend through the edge guard. Provide full-height edge guards except where door rating does not allow; in such cases, provide edge guards to height of bottom of typical lockset

03-01-12

armor front. Forward edge guards to wood door manufacturer for factory installation on doors.

## **2.16 EXIT DEVICES**

- A. MANUFACTURER: Von Duprin
- B. Conform to ANSI Standard A156.3. Exit devices shall be Grade 1; type and function are specified in hardware sets. Provide flush with finished floor strikes for vertical rod exit devices in interior of building. Trim shall have cast satin stainless steel lever handles of design similar to locksets, unless otherwise specified. Provide key cylinders for keyed operating trim and, where specified, cylinder dogging.
- C. Surface vertical rod panics shall only be provided less bottom rod; provide fire pins as required by exit device and door fire labels. Do not provide surface vertical rod panics at exterior doors.
- D. Concealed vertical rod panics shall be provided less bottom rod at interior doors, unless lockable or otherwise specified; provide fire pins as required by exit device and door fire labels. Where concealed vertical rod panics are specified at exterior doors, provide with both top and bottom rods.
- E. Where removable mullions are specified at pairs with rim panic devices, provide mullion with key-removable feature.
- F. At non-rated openings with panic hardware, provide panic hardware with key cylinder dogging feature.
- G. Exit devices for fire doors shall comply with Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., requirements for Fire Exit Hardware. Submit proof of compliance.

## **2.17 FLUSH BOLTS (LEVER EXTENSION)**

- A. Conform to ANSI A156.16. Flush bolts shall be Type L24081 unless otherwise specified. Furnish proper dustproof strikes conforming to ANSI A156.16, for flush bolts required on lower part of doors.
- B. Lever extension manual flush bolts shall only be used at non-fire-rated pairs for rooms only accessed by maintenance personnel.
- C. Face plates for cylindrical strikes shall be rectangular and not less than 25 mm by 63 mm (1 inch by 2-1/2 inches).
- D. Friction-fit cylindrical dustproof strikes with circular face plate may be used only where metal thresholds occur.

03-01-12

- E. Provide extension rods for top bolt where door height exceeds 2184 mm (7 feet 2 inches).

#### **2.18 FLUSH BOLTS (AUTOMATIC)**

- A. Conform to ANSI A156.3. Dimension of flush bolts shall conform to ANSI A115. Bolts shall conform to Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., requirements for fire door hardware. Flush bolts shall automatically latch and unlatch. Furnish dustproof strikes conforming to ANSI A156.16 for bottom flushbolt. Face plates for dustproof strike shall be rectangular and not less than 38 mm by 90 mm (1-1/2 by 3-1/2 inches).
- B. At interior doors, provide auto flush bolts less bottom bolt, unless otherwise specified, except at wood pairs with fire-rating greater than 20 minutes; provide fire pins as required by auto flush bolt and door fire labels.

#### **2.19 DOOR PULLS WITH PLATES**

- A. Conform to ANSI A156.6. Pull Type J401, 152 mm (6 inches) high by 19 mm (3/4 inches) diameter with plate Type J302, 90 mm by 350 mm (3-1/2 inches by 14 inches), unless otherwise specified. Provide pull with projection of 70 mm (2 3/4 inches) and a clearance of 51 mm (2 inches). Cut plates of door pull plate for cylinders, or turn pieces where required.

#### **2.20 PUSH PLATES**

- A. Conform to ANSI A156.6. Metal, Type J302, 200 mm (8 inches) wide by 350 mm (14 inches) high. Provide metal Type J302 plates 100 mm (4 inches wide by 350 mm (14 inches) high) where push plates are specified for doors with stiles less than 200 mm (8 inches) wide. Cut plates for cylinders, and turn pieces where required.

#### **2.21 COMBINATION PUSH AND PULL PLATES**

- A. Conform to ANSI 156.6. Type J303, stainless steel 3 mm (1/8 inch) thick, 80 mm (3-1/3 inches) wide by 800 mm (16 inches) high), top and bottom edges shall be rounded. Secure plates to wood doors with 38 mm (1-1/2 inch) long No. 12 wood screws. Cut plates for turn pieces, and cylinders where required. Pull shall be mounted down.

#### **2.22 COORDINATORS**

- A. Conform to ANSI A156.16. Coordinators, when specified for fire doors, shall comply with Underwriters Laboratories, Inc., requirements for fire door hardware. Coordinator may be omitted on exterior pairs of doors where either door will close independently regardless of the

03-01-12

position of the other door. Coordinator may be omitted on interior pairs of non-labeled open where open back strike is used. Open back strike shall not be used on labeled doors. Paint coordinators to match door frames, unless coordinators are plated. Provide bar type coordinators, except where gravity coordinators are required at acoustic pairs. For bar type coordinators, provide filler bars for full width and, as required, brackets for push-side surface mounted closers, overhead stops, and vertical rod panic strikes.

## **2.23 THRESHOLDS**

- A. Conform to ANSI A156.21, mill finish extruded aluminum, except as otherwise specified. In existing construction, thresholds shall be installed in a bed of sealant with ¼-20 stainless steel machine screws and expansion shields. In new construction, embed aluminum anchors coated with epoxy in concrete to secure thresholds. Furnish thresholds for the full width of the openings.
- B. For thresholds at elevators entrances see other sections of specifications.
- C. At exterior doors and any interior doors exposed to moisture, provide threshold with non-slip abrasive finish.
- D. Provide with miter returns where threshold extends more than 12 mm (0.5 inch) from frame face.

## **2.24 AUTOMATIC DOOR BOTTOM SEAL AND RUBBER GASKET FOR LIGHT PROOF OR SOUND CONTROL DOORS**

- A. Conform to ANSI A156.22. Provide mortise or under-door type, except where not practical. For mortise automatic door bottoms, provide type specific for door construction (wood or metal).

## **2.25 WEATHERSTRIPS (FOR EXTERIOR DOORS)**

- A. Conform to ANSI A156.22. Air leakage shall not to exceed 0.50 CFM per foot of crack length ( $0.000774\text{m}^3/\text{s/m}$ ).

## **2.26 MISCELLANEOUS HARDWARE**

- A. Access Doors (including Sheet Metal, Screen and Woven Wire Mesh Types): Except for fire-rated doors and doors to Temperature Control Cabinets, equip each single or double metal access door with Lock Type E76213, conforming to ANSI A156.5. Key locks as directed. Ship lock prepaid to the door manufacturer. Hinges shall be provided by door manufacturer.
- B. Cylinders for Various Partitions and Doors: Key cylinders same as entrance doors of area in which partitions and door occur,. Provide

03-01-12

cylinders to operate locking devices where specified for following partitions and doors:

1. Folding doors and partitions.
2. Wicket door (in roll-up door assemblies).
3. Slide-up doors.
4. Swing-up doors.
5. Fire-rated access doors-Engineer's key set.
6. Doors from corridor to electromagnetic shielded room.
7. Day gate on vault door.

C. Mutes: Conform to ANSI A156.16. Provide door mutes or door silencers Type L03011 or L03021, depending on frame material, of white or light gray color, on each steel or wood door frame, except at fire-rated frames, lead-lined frames and frames for sound-resistant, lightproof and electromagnetically shielded doors. Furnish 3 mutes for single doors and 2 mutes for each pair of doors, except double-acting doors. Provide 4 mutes or silencers for frames for each Dutch type door. Provide 2 mutes for each edge of sliding door which would contact door frame.

**2.27 PADLOCKS FOR VARIOUS DOORS, GATES AND HATCHES (NOT USED)**

**2.28 THERMOSTATIC TEMPERATURE CONTROL VALVE CABINETS (NOT USED)**

**2.29 HINGED WIRE GUARDS (FOR WINDOWS, DOORS AND TRANSOMS) AND WIRE PARTITION DOORS (NOT USED)**

**2.30 FINISHES**

- A. Exposed surfaces of hardware shall have ANSI A156.18, finishes as specified below. Finishes on all hinges, pivots, closers, thresholds, etc., shall be as specified below under "Miscellaneous Finishes." For field painting (final coat) of ferrous hardware, see Section 09 91 00, PAINTING.
- B. 626 or 630: All surfaces on exterior and interior of buildings, except where other finishes are specified.
- C. Miscellaneous Finishes:
1. Hinges --exterior doors: 626 or 630.
  2. Hinges --interior doors: 652 or 630.
  3. Pivots: Match door trim.
  4. Door Closers: Factory applied paint finish. Dull or Satin Aluminum color.
  5. Thresholds: Mill finish aluminum.

03-01-12

6. Cover plates for floor hinges and pivots: 630.
  7. Other primed steel hardware: 600.
- D. Hardware Finishes for Existing Buildings: U.S. Standard finishes shall match finishes of hardware in (similar) existing spaces
- E. Special Finish: Exposed surfaces of hardware for dark bronze anodized aluminum doors shall have oxidized oil rubbed bronze finish (dark bronze) finish on door closers shall closely match doors.
- F. Anti-microbial Coating: All hand-operated hardware (levers, pulls, push bars, push plates, paddles, and panic bars) shall be provided with an anti-microbial/anti-fungal coating that has passed ASTM E2180 tests. Coating to consist of ionic silver (Ag+). Silver ions surround bacterial cells, inhibiting growth of bacteria, mold, and mildew by blockading food and respiration supplies.

## **2.31 BASE METALS**

- A. Apply specified U.S. Standard finishes on different base metals as following:

<b>Finish</b>	<b>Base Metal</b>
652	Steel
626	Brass or bronze
630	Stainless steel

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### **3.1 HARDWARE HEIGHTS**

- A. For existing buildings locate hardware on doors at heights to match existing hardware. The Contractor shall visit the site, verify location of existing hardware and submit locations to VA Resident Engineer for approval.
- B. Hardware Heights from Finished Floor:
1. Exit devices centerline of strike (where applicable) 1024 mm (40-5/16 inches).
  2. Locksets and latch sets centerline of strike 1024 mm (40-5/16 inches).
  3. Deadlocks centerline of strike 1219 mm (48 inches).
  4. Hospital arm pull 1168 mm (46 inches) to centerline of bottom supporting bracket.
  5. Centerline of door pulls to be 1016 mm (40 inches).

03-01-12

6. Push plates and push-pull shall be 1270 mm (50 inches) to top of plate.
7. Push-pull latch to be 1024 mm (40-5/16 inches) to centerline of strike.
8. Locate other hardware at standard commercial heights. Locate push and pull plates to prevent conflict with other hardware.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Closer devices, including those with hold-open features, shall be equipped and mounted to provide maximum door opening permitted by building construction or equipment. Closers shall be mounted on side of door inside rooms, inside stairs, and away from corridors // except security bedroom, bathroom and anteroom doors which shall have closer installed parallel arm on exterior side of doors. //. At exterior doors, closers shall be mounted on interior side. Where closers are mounted on doors they shall be mounted with sex nuts and bolts; foot shall be fastened to frame with machine screws.

B. Hinge Size Requirements:

Door Thickness	Door Width	Hinge Height
45 mm (1-3/4 inch)	900 mm (3 feet) and less	113 mm (4-1/2 inches)
45 mm (1-3/4 inch)	Over 900 mm (3 feet) but not more than 1200 mm (4 feet)	125 mm (5 inches)
35 mm (1-3/8 inch) (hollow core wood doors)	Not over 1200 mm (4 feet)	113 mm (4-1/2 inches)

- C. Hinge leaves shall be sufficiently wide to allow doors to swing clear of door frame trim and surrounding conditions.
- D. Where new hinges are specified for new doors in existing frames or existing doors in new frames, sizes of new hinges shall match sizes of existing hinges; or, contractor may reuse existing hinges provided hinges are restored to satisfactory operating condition as approved by Resident Engineer. Existing hinges shall not be reused on door openings having new doors and new frames. Coordinate preparation for hinge cut-outs and screw-hole locations on doors and frames.
- E. Hinges Required Per Door:

Doors 1500 mm (5 ft) or less in height	2 butts
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Doors over 1500 mm (5 ft) high and not over 2280 mm (7 ft 6 in) high	3 butts
Doors over 2280 mm (7 feet 6 inches) high	4 butts
Dutch type doors	4 butts
Doors with spring hinges 1370 mm (4 feet 6 inches) high or less	2 butts
Doors with spring hinges over 1370 mm (4 feet 6 inches)	3 butts

- F. Fastenings: Suitable size and type and shall harmonize with hardware as to material and finish. Provide machine screws and lead expansion shields to secure hardware to concrete, ceramic or quarry floor tile, or solid masonry. Fiber or rawl plugs and adhesives are not permitted. All fastenings exposed to weather shall be of nonferrous metal.
- G. After locks have been installed; show in presence of Resident Engineer that keys operate their respective locks in accordance with keying requirements. (All keys, Master Key level and above shall be sent Registered Mail to the Medical Center Director along with the bitting list. Also a copy of the invoice shall be sent to the Resident Engineer for his records.) Installation of locks which do not meet specified keying requirements shall be considered sufficient justification for rejection and replacement of all locks installed on project.

### 3.3 FINAL INSPECTION

- A. Installer to provide letter to VA Resident/Project Engineer that upon completion, installer has visited the Project and has accomplished the following:
1. Re-adjust hardware.
  2. Evaluate maintenance procedures and recommend changes or additions, and instruct VA personnel.
  3. Identify items that have deteriorated or failed.
  4. Submit written report identifying problems.

### 3.4 DEMONSTRATION

- A. Demonstrate efficacy of mechanical hardware and electrical, and electronic hardware systems, including adjustment and maintenance procedures, to satisfaction of Resident/Project Engineer and VA Locksmith.

03-01-12

### 3.5 HARDWARE SETS

A. Following sets of hardware correspond to hardware symbols shown on drawings. Only those hardware sets that are shown on drawings will be required. Disregard hardware sets listed in specifications but not shown on drawings.

a) Manufacturer's Abbreviations:

1. IV - Ives
2. HA - Hager
3. VD - Von Duprin
4. BE - Stanley Security Solutions Inc (BE)
5. GJ - Glynn-Johnson
6. SH - Schlage Electronic Security
7. SU - Securitron
8. MC - Medeco
9. RO - Rockwood
10. LC - LCN Closers
11. RF - Rixson
12. PE - Pemko
13. HS - HES

### 3.6 Hardware Schedule

#### Set: 1.0

3 Hinge	BB1279 4-1/2" x 4-1/2"	652	HA
1 Storeroom Lock	45H7D 15J L/C	626	BE
1 Mortise Cylinder	10N0200 P GGMK	626	MC
1 Surface Overhead Stop	9-X36	630	RF
1 Smoke Seal set H & J	S88D		PE

#### Set: 1.1

3 Hinge	BB1279 4-1/2" x 4-1/2"	652	HA
1 Storeroom Lock	45H7D 15J L/C TAC/O	626	BE
1 Mortise Cylinder	10N0200 P GGMK	626	MC
1 Surface Overhead Stop	9-X36	630	RF

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VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

03-01-12

1 Smoke Seal set H & J	S88D		PE
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**Set: 1.2**

3 Hinge	BB1168 5" x 4-1/2"	652	HA
1 Storeroom Lock	45H7D 15J L/C	626	BE
1 Mortise Cylinder	10N0200 P GGMK	626	MC
1 Door Closer	4040XP MC EDA-w/62G	689	LC
1 Kickplate	K1050 10" high 4BE CSK	630	RO
1 Wall Stop	400	626	RO
1 Smoke Seal set H & J	S88D		PE

**Set: 1.3**

3 Hinge	BB1279 4-1/2" x 4-1/2"	652	HA
1 Storeroom Lock	45H7D 15J L/C TAC/O	626	BE
1 Mortise Cylinder	10N0200 P GGMK	626	MC
1 Wall Stop	400	626	RO
1 Smoke Seal set H & J	S88D		PE

**Set: 1.4**

3 Hinge	BB1279 4-1/2" x 4-1/2"	652	HA
1 Storeroom Lock	45H7D 15J L/C TAC/O	626	BE
1 Mortise Cylinder	10N0200 P GGMK	626	MC
1 Door Closer	4040XP MC SCUSH	689	LC
1 Smoke Seal set H & J	S88D		PE

**Set: 2.0**

2 Continuous Hinge	790-900 83"	630	HA
1 Magnetic Lock	M450 450/490-ATS/LED	628	SH
1 Surface Vert Rod Exit	9827EO LBR	626	VD
1 Push Plate	70C	630	RO
2 Door Closer	4040XP MC EDA-w/62G	689	LC
2 Kickplate	K1050 10" high 4BE CSK	630	RO
2 Edge Guard	305	630	RO
2 Wall Stop	400	626	RO
1 Smoke Seal set H & J	S88D		PE
1 Meeting stile smoke seal	S772D		PE

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VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

03-01-12

1 Push Button	623GR-EX	626	SH
1 Wiring Diagram	WD-SYSPK		
1 Power Supply	PS904		SH

Notes: Electrically operated opening. Door leading into corridor 10A07 is normally locked by magnetic lock. Egress at all times thru other leaf of double egress doors or on door with magnetic by request to exit device by security contractor or by redundant exit switch located in corridor 10A07. Entry into corridor 10A07 by presenting valid proximity card to card reader will temporarily unlock magnetic lock. In the event of a power failure, active door will be unlocked- FAIL SAFE and other leaf of double egress opening remains latched with 'exit only' panic device.

**Set: 3.0**

2 Continuous Hinge	790-900 83"	630	HA
2 Push Plate	70C	630	RO
2 Pull Plate	110x70C	630	RO
2 Door Closer	4040XP MC EDA-w/62G	689	LC
2 Armor Plate	K1050 35" 4BE CSK	630	RO
2 Edge Guard	305	630	RO
2 Wall Stop	400	626	RO
1 Smoke Seal set H & J	S88D		PE
1 Meeting stile smoke seal	S772D		PE

**Set: 4.0**

1 Continuous Hinge	790-900 83"	630	HA
1 Continuous Hinge	790-900 83" EPT	630	HA
1 Electric Power Transfer	EPT10	628	VD
1 Surface Vert Rod Exit	9827EO LBR	626	VD
1 Surface Vert Rod Exit	9827L LBR E 996L(Std)	626	VD
1 Rim Cylinder	10N0400H P GGMK	626	MC
2 Door Closer	4040XP MC EDA-w/62G	689	LC
2 Armor Plate	K1050 35" 4BE CSK	630	RO
2 Wall Stop	400	626	RO
1 Smoke Seal set H & J	S88D		PE
1 Meeting stile smoke seal	S772D		PE
1 Wiring Diagram	WD-SYSPK		

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111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

03-01-12

1 Card reader	6125 Series (By security contractor)	
HD		
1 Power Supply	PS914 900-2Q	VD

Notes: Electrically operated opening: Door(s) normally closed latched and locked. Free egress at all times. Entry by mechanical key or by presenting valid card key to card reader which will temporarily unlock outside lever handle. Upon loss of power door is locked- FAIL SECURE.

**Set: 5.0**

3 Hinge	BB1279 4-1/2" x 4-1/2"	652	HA
1 Office Lock	45H7A 15J L/C	626	BE
1 Mortise Cylinder	10N0200 P GG MK	626	MC
1 Wall Stop	400	626	RO
1 Smoke Seal set H & J	S88D		PE

**Set: 5.1**

3 Hinge	BB1168 5" x 4-1/2"	652	HA
1 Office Lock	45H7A 15J L/C	626	BE
1 Mortise Cylinder	10N0200 P GG MK	626	MC
1 Wall Stop	400	626	RO
1 Smoke Seal set H & J	S88D		PE

**Set: 5.2**

3 Hinge	BB1279 4-1/2" x 4-1/2"	652	HA
1 Office Lock	45H7A 15J L/C	626	BE
1 Mortise Cylinder	10N0200 P GG MK	626	MC
1 Door Closer	4040XP MC SCUSH	689	LC
1 Kickplate	K1050 10" high 4BE CSK	630	RO
1 Smoke Seal set H & J	S88D		PE

**Set: 6.0**

3 Hinge	BB1279 4-1/2" x 4-1/2"	652	HA
1 Storeroom Lock	45H7D 15J L/C	626	BE

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111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

03-01-12

1 Mortise Cylinder	10N0200 P GGMK	626	MC
1 Door Closer	4040XP MC EDA-w/62G	689	LC
1 Kickplate	K1050 10" high 4BE CSK	630	RO
1 Wall Stop	400	626	RO
1 Electric Strike	6211	630	VD
1 Wiring Diagram	WD-SYSPK		
1 Card reader	6125(By security contractor)		HD
1 Power Supply	PS902		VD

Notes: Electrically controlled opening. Door normally closed and locked. Egress allowed at all times. Entry by mechanical key or by presenting valid proximity card to card reader which will temporarily disengage the electric strike allowing the door to be pushed or pulled open. Upon loss of power, door will remain locked. FAIL SECURE

**Set: 6.1**

3 Hinge	BB1168 5" x 4-1/2"	652	HA
1 Storeroom Lock	45H7D 15J L/C	626	BE
1 Mortise Cylinder	10N0200 P GGMK	626	MC
1 Door Closer	4040XP MC EDA-w/62G	689	LC
1 Kickplate	K1050 10" high 4BE CSK	630	RO
1 Wall Stop	400	626	RO
1 Electric Strike	6211	630	VD
1 Wiring Diagram	WD-SYSPK		
1 Card reader	6125(By security contractor)		HD
1 Power Supply	PS902		VD

Notes: Electrically controlled opening. Door normally closed and locked. Egress allowed at all times. Entry by mechanical key or by presenting valid proximity card to card reader which will temporarily disengage the electric strike allowing the door to be pushed or pulled open. Upon loss of power, door will remain locked. FAIL SECURE

**Set: 6.2**

3 Hinge	BB1279 4-1/2" x 4-1/2"	652	HA
1 Storeroom Lock	45H7D 15J L/C	626	BE
1 Mortise Cylinder	10N0200 P GGMK	626	MC
1 Door Closer	4040XP MC SCUSH	689	LC

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI VA MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

03-01-12

1 Kickplate	K1050 10" high 4BE CSK	630	RO
1 Wall Stop	400	626	RO
1 Electric Strike	6211	630	VD
1 Wiring Diagram	WD-SYSPK		
1 Card reader	6125(By security contractor)		HD
1 Power Supply	PS902		VD

Notes: Electrically controlled opening. Door normally closed and locked.  
Egress allowed at all times. Entry by mechanical key or by presenting valid  
proximity card to card reader which will temporarily disengage the electric  
strike allowing the door to be pushed or pulled open. Upon loss of power,  
door will remain locked. FAIL SECURE

**Set: 7.0**

3 Hinge	BB1279 4-1/2" x 4-1/2"	652	HA
1 Passage Set	45H0N 15J	626	BE
1 Door Closer	4040XP MC EDA-w/62G	689	LC
1 Kickplate	K1050 10" high 4BE CSK	630	RO
1 Mop Plate	K1050 6" high 4BE CSK	630	RO
1 Wall Stop	400	626	RO
1 Smoke Seal set H & J	S88D		PE

**Set: 8.0**

3 Hinge	BB1168 5" x 4-1/2"	652	HA
1 Classroom Lock	45H7R 15J L/C	626	BE
1 Mortise Cylinder	10N0200 P GG MK	626	MC
1 Door Closer	4040XP MC SCUSH	689	LC
1 Kickplate	K1050 10" high 4BE CSK	630	RO
1 Smoke Seal set H & J	S88D		PE

**Set: 8.1**

3 Hinge	BB1279 4-1/2" x 4-1/2"	652	HA
1 Classroom Lock	45H7R 15J L/C	626	BE
1 Mortise Cylinder	10N0200 P GG MK	626	MC
1 Door Closer	4040XP MC SCUSH	689	LC

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI VA MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

03-01-12

1 Kickplate	K1050 10" high 4BE CSK	630	RO
1 Smoke Seal set H & J	S88D		PE

**Set: 9.0**

6 Hinge	BB1168 5" x 4-1/2"	652	HA
1 Constant latching Flushbolt Set	FB61P	630	IV
1 Dust Proof Strike	DP1	626	IV
1 Privacy Set	45H0L 15J	626	BE
1 Door Closer	4040XP MC SCUSH	689	LC
2 Kickplate	K1050 10" high 4BE CSK	630	RO
1 Wall Stop	400	626	RO
1 Smoke Seal set H & J	S88D		PE
1 Meeting stile smoke seal	S772D		PE

**Set: 10.0**

6 Hinge	BB1168 5" x 4-1/2"	652	HA
1 Electric Power Transfer	EPT10	628	VD
1 Constant latching Flushbolt Set	FB61P	630	IV
1 Dust Proof Strike	DP1	626	IV
1 Hospital latch	HL6-9080	626	GJ
1 Mortise Cylinder	10N0200 P GG MK	626	MC
1 Door Closer	4040XP MC SCUSH	689	LC
2 Armor Plate	K1050 35" 4BE CSK	630	RO
2 Edge Guard	305	630	RO
1 Wall Stop	400	626	RO
1 Electric Strike	6211	630	VD
1 Wiring Diagram	WD-SYSPK		
1 Card reader	6125(By security contractor)		HD
1 Power Supply	PS902		VD

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MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

03-01-12

Notes: Electrically controlled opening. Door normally closed and locked.  
Egress allowed at all times. Entry by mechanical key or by presenting valid  
proximity card to card reader (provided by others) which will temporarily  
disengage the electric strike allowing the door to be pushed or pulled open.  
Upon loss of power, door will remain locked. FAIL SECURE

**Set: 11.0**

1 Mortise Cylinder	10N0200 P GGMK	626	MC
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Notes: Balance of hardware by demountable partition manufacturer  
GC to coordinate hardware supplied and cylinder compatibility shown with  
locking mechanisms provided by others.

**Set: 11.1**

1 Hardware	All hardware by others		CO
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Notes: GC to provide temporary doors, frame & hardware for use during  
construction for infectious control

**Set: 12.0**

6 Hinge	BB1279 4-1/2" x 4-1/2"	652	HA
1 Automatic Flush Bolt Set	FB41P	630	IV
1 Dust Proof Strike	DP1	626	IV
1 Coordinator w/ Filler	COR72 Series	628	IV
2 Mounting Bracket	MB Series	689	IV
1 Storeroom Lock	45H7D 15J L/C	626	BE
1 Mortise Cylinder	10N0200 P GGMK	626	MC
2 Door Closer	4040XP MC SCUSH	689	LC
2 Kickplate	K1050 10" high 4BE CSK	630	RO
2 Wall Stop	400	626	RO
1 Smoke Seal set H & J	S88D		PE
1 Meeting stile smoke seal	S772D		PE

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI VA MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

03-01-12

**Set: 13.0**

3 Hinge	BB1168 5" x 4-1/2"	652	HA
1 Fire Rated Rim Exit (passage)	98L-BE-F 996L-BE	626	VD
1 Door Closer	4040XP MC EDA-w/62G	689	LC
1 Kickplate	K1050 10" high 4BE CSK	630	RO
1 Wall Stop	400	626	RO
1 Smoke Seal set H & J	S88D		PE

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10-01-12

**SECTION 08 80 00**  
**GLAZING**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

This section specifies glass, plastic, related glazing materials and accessories. Glazing products specified apply to factory or field glazed items.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

A. Factory glazed by manufacturer in following units:

1. Sound resistant doors: Section 08 11 13, HOLLOW METAL DOORS AND FRAMES, and Section 08 14 00, WOOD DOORS.
2. Mirrors: Section 10 28 00, TOILET, BATH, AND LAUNDRY ACCESSORIES.
3. Section 10 22 19, MOVABLE PARTITION SYSTEMS
4. Section 28 13 11, PHYSICAL ACCESS CONTROL SYSTEMS.
5. Section 28 16 11, INTRUSION DETECTION SYSTEM.

**1.3 LABELS**

A. Temporary labels:

1. Provide temporary label on each light of glass identifying manufacturer or brand and glass type, quality and nominal thickness.
2. Label in accordance with NFRC (National Fenestration Rating Council) label requirements.
3. Temporary labels shall remain intact until glass is approved by Resident Engineer.

B. Permanent labels:

1. Locate in corner for each pane.
2. Label in accordance with ANSI Z97.1 and SGCC (Safety Glass Certification Council) label requirements.
  - a. Tempered glass.
  - b. Laminated glass or have certificate for panes without permanent label.
  - c. Organic coated glass.

**1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS**

A. Glass Thickness:

1. Thicknesses listed are minimum. Coordinate thicknesses with framing system manufacturers.

10-01-12

### **1.5 SUBMITTALS**

- A. In accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Certificates:
  - 2. Certificate on shading coefficient.
  - 3. Certificate on "R" value when value is specified.
- C. Warranty: Submit written guaranty, conforming to General Condition requirements, and to "Warranty of Construction" Article in this Section.
- D. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Glass, each kind required.
  - 2. Insulating glass units.
  - 3. Transparent (one-way vision glass) mirrors.
  - 4. Elastic compound for metal sash glazing.
  - 5. Putty, for wood sash glazing.
  - 6. Glazing cushion.
  - 7. Sealing compound.
- E. Samples:
  - 1. Size: 150 mm by 150 mm (6 inches by 6 inches).
  - 2. Tinted glass.
  - 3. Reflective glass.
  - 4. Transparent (one-way vision glass) mirrors.
- F. Preconstruction Adhesion and Compatibility Test Report: Submit glazing sealant manufacturer's test report indicating glazing sealants were tested for adhesion to glass and glazing channel substrates and for compatibility with glass and other glazing materials.

### **1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING**

- A. Delivery: Schedule delivery to coincide with glazing schedules so minimum handling of crates is required. Do not open crates except as required for inspection for shipping damage.
- B. Storage: Store cases according to printed instructions on case, in areas least subject to traffic or falling objects. Keep storage area clean and dry.
- C. Handling: Unpack cases following printed instructions on case. Stack individual windows on edge leaned slightly against upright supports with separators between each.

10-01-12

D. Protect laminated security glazing units against face and edge damage during entire sequence of fabrication, handling, and delivery to installation location. Provide protective covering on exposed faces of glazing plastics, and mark inside as "INTERIOR FACE" or "PROTECTED FACE":

1. Treat security glazing as fragile merchandise, and packaged and shipped in export wood cases with width end in upright position and blocked together in a mass. Storage and handling shall comply with Manufacturer's directions and as required to prevent edge damage or other damage to glazing resulting from effects of moisture, condensation, temperature changes, direct exposure to sun, other environmental conditions, and contact with chemical solvents.
2. Protect sealed-air-space insulating glazing units from exposure to abnormal pressure changes, as could result from substantial changes in altitude during delivery by air freight. Provide temporary breather tubes which do not nullify applicable warranties on hermetic seals.
3. Temporary protections: The glass front and polycarbonate back of glazing shall be temporarily protected with compatible, peelable, heat-resistant film which will be peeled for inspections and re-applied and finally removed after doors and windows are installed at destination. Since many adhesives will attack polycarbonate, the film used on exposed polycarbonate surfaces shall be approved and applied by manufacturer.
4. Edge protection: To cushion and protect glass clad, polycarbonate, and Noviflex edges from contamination or foreign matter, the four edges shall be sealed the depth of glazing with continuous standard-thickness Santoprene tape. Alternatively, continuous channel shaped extrusion of Santoprene shall be used, with flanges extending into face sides of glazing.
5. Protect "Constant Temperature" units including every unit where glass sheet is directly laminated to or directly sealed with metal-tube type spacer bar to polycarbonate sheet, from exposures to ambient temperatures outside the range of 16 to 24 C, during the fabricating, handling, shipping, storing, installation, and subsequent protection of glazing.

10-01-12

## 1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS

Field Measurements: Field measure openings before ordering tempered glass products. Be responsible for proper fit of field measured products.

## 1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Warranty: Conform to terms of "Warranty of Construction", FAR clause 52.246-21, except extend warranty period for the following:
1. Bullet resistive plastic material to remain visibly clear without discoloration for 10 years.
  2. Insulating glass units to remain sealed for 10 years.
  3. Laminated glass units to remain laminated for 5 years.
  4. Polycarbonate to remain clear and ultraviolet light stabilized for 5 years.
  5. Insulating plastic to not have more than 6 percent decrease in light transmission and be ultraviolet light stabilized for 10 years.

## 1.9 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by basic designation only.
- B. American National Standards Institute (ANSI):
- Z97.1-09.....Safety Glazing Material Used in Building -  
Safety Performance Specifications and Methods  
of Test.
- C. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
- C542-05.....Lock-Strip Gaskets
- C716-06.....Installing Lock-Strip Gaskets and Infill  
Glazing Materials.
- C794-10.....Adhesion-in-Peel of Elastomeric Joint Sealants
- C864-05.....Dense Elastomeric Compression Seal Gaskets,  
Setting Blocks, and Spacers
- C920-11.....Elastomeric Joint Sealants
- C964-07.....Standard Guide for Lock-Strip Gasket Glazing
- C1036-06.....Flat Glass
- C1048-12.....Heat-Treated Flat Glass-Kind HS, Kind FT Coated  
and Uncoated Glass.
- C1376-10.....Pyrolytic and Vacuum Deposition Coatings on  
Flat Glass

10-01-12

- D635-10.....Rate of Burning and/or Extent and Time of  
Burning of Self-Supporting Plastic in a  
Horizontal Position
- D4802-10.....Poly (Methyl Methacrylate) Acrylic Plastic  
Sheet
- E84-10.....Surface Burning Characteristics of Building  
Materials
- E119-10.....Standard Test Methods for Fire Test of Building  
Construction and Material
- E2190-10.....Insulating Glass Unit
- D. Commercial Item Description (CID):  
A-A-59502.....Plastic Sheet, Polycarbonate
- E. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR):  
16 CFR 1201 - Safety Standard for Architectural Glazing Materials; 2010
- F. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):  
80-13.....Fire Doors and Windows.  
252-12.....Standard Method of Fire Test of Door Assemblies  
257-12.....Standard on Fire Test for Window and Glass  
Block Assemblies
- G. National Fenestration Rating Council (NFRC)
- H. Safety Glazing Certification Council (SGCC) 2012:  
Certified Products Directory (Issued Semi-Annually).
- I. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL):  
752-11.....Bullet-Resisting Equipment.
- J. Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC):  
4-010-01-2012.....DOD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for  
Buildings
- K. Glass Association of North America (GANA):  
Glazing Manual (Latest Edition)  
Sealant Manual (2009)
- L. American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE):  
ASCE 7-10.....Wind Load Provisions

## **PART 2 - PRODUCT**

### **SPEC WRITER NOTES:**

#### **2.1 GLASS**

- A. Use thickness stated unless specified otherwise in assemblies.  
q3.

10-01-12

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## **2.2 HEAT-TREATED GLASS**

6 mm (1/4 inch).

### **B. Clear Tempered Glass (GL-1):**

1. ASTM C1048, Kind FT, Condition A, Type I, Class 1, Quality q3.
2. Thickness, 6 mm (1/4 inch).

## **2.3 COATED GLASS**

### **A. Transparent Mirror -One-Way-Vision Glass (GL-2):**

1. ASTM C1036, Type I, Class 1, Quality q2 or Class 3, Quality q3; Grey Glass.
2. Thickness, 6 mm (1/4 inch).
3. Coated one face with a hard adherent reflective film of chromium or other coating of proven equivalent durability.
4. Visible light transmittance; eight percent, plus or minus two percent.
5. Visible reflectance; sixty percent, plus or minus five percent.
6. Light ratio; mirror side 10 or more; observer side one or less.
7. Assemble with coating covered and protected with a layer of clear glass not less than 3 mm (1/8 inch) thick.
8. Clean interface glass prior to assembly.
9. Tape edge to seal interface and hold panes together.

## **2.4 GLAZING ACCESSORIES**

### **A. As required to supplement the accessories provided with the items to be glazed and to provide a complete installation. Ferrous metal accessories exposed in the finished work shall have a finish that will not corrode or stain while in service.**

### **B. Setting Blocks: ASTM C864:**

1. Channel shape; having 6 mm (1/4 inch) internal depth.
2. Shore a hardness of 80 to 90 Durometer.
3. Block lengths: 50 mm (two inches) except 100 to 150 mm (four to six inches) for insulating glass.
4. Block width: Approximately 1.6 mm (1/16 inch) less than the full width of the rabbet.

10-01-12

5. Block thickness: Minimum 4.8 mm (3/16 inch). Thickness sized for rabbet depth as required.

C. Spacers: ASTM C864:

1. Channel shape having a 6 mm (1/4 inch) internal depth.
2. Flanges not less 2.4 mm (3/32 inch) thick and web 3 mm (1/8 inch) thick.
3. Lengths: One to 25 to 76 mm (one to three inches).
4. Shore A hardness of 40 to 50 Durometer.

D. Sealing Tapes:

1. Semi-solid polymeric based material exhibiting pressure-sensitive adhesion and withstanding exposure to sunlight, moisture, heat, cold, and aging.
2. Shape, size and degree of softness and strength suitable for use in glazing application to prevent water infiltration.

E. Spring Steel Spacer: Galvanized steel wire or strip designed to position glazing in channel or rabbeted sash with stops.

F. Glazing Clips: Galvanized steel spring wire designed to hold glass in position in rabbeted sash without stops.

G. Glazing Points (Sprigs): NOT USED

H. Glazing Gaskets: ASTM C864:

1. Firm dense wedge shape for locking in sash.
2. Soft, closed cell with locking key for sash key.
3. Flanges may terminate above the glazing-beads or terminate flush with top of beads.

I. Lock-Strip Glazing Gaskets: ASTM C542, shape, size, and mounting as indicated.

J. Glazing Sealants: ASTM C920, silicone neutral cure:

1. Type S.
2. Class 25
3. Grade NS.
4. Shore A hardness of 25 to 30 Durometer.

K. Structural Sealant: NOT USED

L. Neoprene, EPDM, or Vinyl Glazing Gasket: ASTM C864.

1. Channel shape; flanges may terminate above the glazing channel or flush with the top of the channel.
2. Designed for dry glazing.

10-01-12

M. Color:

1. Color of glazing compounds, gaskets, and sealants used for aluminum color frames shall match color of the finished aluminum and be nonstaining.
2. Color of other glazing compounds, gaskets, and sealants which will be exposed in the finished work and unpainted shall be black, gray, or neutral color.

N. Smoke Removal Unit Targets: Adhesive targets affixed to glass to identify glass units intended for removal for smoke control. Comply with requirements of local Fire Department.

**PART 3 - EXECUTION**

**3.1 EXAMINATION**

A. Verification of Conditions:

1. Examine openings for glass and glazing units; determine they are proper size; plumb; square; and level before installation is started.
2. Verify that glazing openings conform with details, dimensions and tolerances indicated on manufacturer's approved shop drawings.

B. Advise Contractor of conditions which may adversely affect glass and glazing unit installation, prior to commencement of installation: Do not proceed with installation until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

C. Verify that wash down of adjacent masonry is completed prior to erection of glass and glazing units to prevent damage to glass and glazing units by cleaning materials.

**3.2 PREPARATION**

- A. For sealant glazing, prepare glazing surfaces in accordance with GANA-02 Sealant Manual.
- B. Determine glazing unit size and edge clearances by measuring the actual unit to receive the glazing.
- C. Shop fabricate and cut glass with smooth, straight edges of full size required by openings to provide GANA recommended edge clearances.
- D. Verify that components used are compatible.
- E. Clean and dry glazing surfaces.
- F. Prime surfaces scheduled to receive sealants, as determined by preconstruction sealant-substrate testing.

10-01-12

### **3.3 INSTALLATION - GENERAL**

- A. Install in accordance with GANA-01 Glazing Manual and GANA-02 Sealant Manual unless specified otherwise.
- B. Glaze in accordance with recommendations of glazing and framing manufacturers, and as required to meet the Performance Test Requirements specified in other applicable sections of specifications.
- C. Set glazing without bending, twisting, or forcing of units.
- D. Do not allow glass to rest on or contact any framing member.
- E. Glaze doors and operable sash, in a securely fixed or closed and locked position, until sealant, glazing compound, or putty has thoroughly set.
- F. Patterned Glass: NOT USED
- G. Tempered Glass: Install with roller distortions in horizontal position unless otherwise directed.
- H. Transparent (One-Way Vision Glass) Mirror: Use continuous channel glazing gasket.
- I. Plastic: NOT USED
- J. Laminated Glass: NOT USED
- K. Insulating Glass Units: NOT USED
- L. Fire Resistant Glass:
  - 1. Wire glass: Glaze in accordance with NFPA 80.
  - 2. Other fire resistant glass: Glaze in accordance with UL design requirements.
- M. Bullet Resisting Material: NOT USED

### **3.4 INSTALLATION - DRY METHOD (TAPE AND GASKET SPLINE GLAZING)**

- A. Cut glazing tape to length; install on glazing pane. Seal corners by butting and sealing junctions with butyl sealant.
- B. Place setting blocks at 1/4 points with edge block no more than 150 mm (6 inches) from corners.
- C. Rest glazing on setting blocks and push against fixed stop with sufficient pressure to attain full contact.
- D. Install removable stops without displacing glazing spline. Exert pressure for full continuous contact.
- E. Do not exceed edge pressures stipulated by glass manufacturers for installing glass lites.
- F. Trim protruding tape edge.

10-01-12

**3.5 INSTALLATION - WET/DRY METHOD (PREFORMED TAPE AND SEALANT): NOT USED**

**3.6 INSTALLATION - WET METHOD (SEALANT AND SEALANT): NOT USED**

**3.7 INSTALLATION - EXTERIOR BUTT GLAZED METHOD (SEALANT ONLY): NOT USED**

**3.8 INSTALLATION - INTERIOR WET/DRY METHOD (TAPE AND SEALANT): NOT USED**

**3.9 INSTALLATION - INTERIOR WET METHOD (COMPOUND AND COMPOUND): NOT USED**

**3.10 INSTALLATION - REGLAZING HISTORIC FRAMING: NOT USED**

**3.11 REPLACEMENT AND CLEANING**

- A. Clean new glass surfaces removing temporary labels, paint spots, and defacement after approval by Resident Engineer.
- B. Replace cracked, broken, and imperfect glass, or glass which has been installed improperly.
- C. Leave glass, putty, and other setting material in clean, whole, and acceptable condition.

**3.12 PROTECTION**

Protect finished surfaces from damage during erection, and after completion of work. Strippable plastic coatings on colored anodized finish are not acceptable.

**3.13 GLAZING SCHEDULE**

- A. Tempered Glass: (GL-1)
  - 1. Install clear wire glass in interior fire rated or labeled doors and windows.
  - 2. Install clear wire glass in exterior windows and doors indicated to receive wire glass.
- B. Transparent Mirror -One-Way-Vision Glass: (GL-2)
  - 1. Install in observation windows within MOVABLE PARTITION SYSTEMS where indicated.
- D. Clear Glass: NOT USED
- E. Tinted Glass: NOT USED
- F. Insulating Glass: NOT USED
- G. Laminated Glass: NOT USED
- H. Bullet Resisting Assembly: NOT USED
- I. Pattern Glass (obscure): NOT USED
- J. Spandrel Glass: NOT USED

- - - E N D - - -

**SECTION 09 22 16**  
**NON-STRUCTURAL METAL FRAMING**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

This section specifies steel studs wall systems, ceiling or soffit suspended or furred framing, wall furring, fasteners, and accessories for the screw attachment of gypsum board, plaster bases or other building boards.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Load bearing framing: Section 05 40 00, COLD-FORMED METAL FRAMING.
- B. Support for wall mounted items: Section 05 50 00, METAL FABRICATIONS.
- D. Ceiling suspension systems for acoustical tile or panels and lay in gypsum board panels: Section 09 51 00, ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS Section 09 29 00, GYPSUM BOARD.

**1.3 TERMINOLOGY**

- A. Description of terms shall be in accordance with ASTM C754, ASTM C11, ASTM C841 and as specified.
- B. Underside of Structure Overhead: In spaces where steel trusses or bar joists are shown, the underside of structure overhead shall be the underside of the floor or roof construction supported by beams, trusses, or bar joists. In interstitial spaces with walk-on floors the underside of the walk-on floor is the underside of structure overhead.
- C. Thickness of steel specified is the minimum bare (uncoated) steel thickness.

**1.4 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Studs, runners and accessories.
  - 2. Hanger inserts.
  - 3. Channels (Rolled steel).
  - 4. Furring channels.
  - 5. Screws, clips and other fasteners.
- C. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Typical ceiling suspension system.
  - 2. Typical metal stud and furring construction system including details around openings and corner details.
  - 3. Typical shaft wall assembly

4. Typical fire rated assembly and column fireproofing showing details of construction same as that used in fire rating test.

D. Test Results: Fire rating test designation, each fire rating required for each assembly.

#### **1.5 DELIVERY, IDENTIFICATION, HANDLING AND STORAGE**

In accordance with the requirements of ASTM C754.

#### **1.6 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.

B. American Society For Testing And Materials (ASTM)

A123-09.....Zinc (Hot-dip Galvanized) Coatings on Iron and Steel Products

A653/A653M-09.....Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process

A641-09.....Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Carbon Steel Wire

C11-10.....Terminology Relating to Gypsum and Related Building Materials and Systems

C635-07.....Manufacture, Performance, and Testing of Metal Suspension System for Acoustical Tile and Lay-in Panel Ceilings

C636-06.....Installation of Metal Ceiling Suspension Systems for Acoustical Tile and Lay-in Panels

C645-09.....Non-Structural Steel Framing Members

C754-09.....Installation of Steel Framing Members to Receive Screw-Attached Gypsum Panel Products

C841-03(R2008).....Installation of Interior Lathing and Furring

C954-07.....Steel Drill Screws for the Application of Gypsum Panel Products or Metal Plaster Bases to Steel Studs from 0.033 in. (0.84 mm) to 0.112 in. (2.84 mm) in Thickness

C1002-07.....Steel Self-Piercing Tapping Screws for the Application of Gypsum Panel Products or Metal Plaster Bases to Wood Studs or Steel Studs

E580-09.....Application of Ceiling Suspension Systems for Acoustical Tile and Lay-in Panels in Areas Requiring Moderate Seismic Restraint.

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### **2.1 PROTECTIVE COATING**

Galvanize steel studs, runners (track), rigid (hat section) furring channels, "Z" shaped furring channels, and resilient furring channels, with coating designation of G-60 minimum, per ASTM 123.

### **2.2 STEEL STUDS AND RUNNERS (TRACK)**

- A. ASTM C645, modified for thickness specified and sizes as shown.
  - 1. Use ASTM A525 steel, 0.9 mm (0.0346-inch) thick bare metal (33 mil).
  - 2. Runners same thickness as studs.
- B. Provide not less than two cutouts in web of each stud, approximately 300 mm (12 inches) from each end, and intermediate cutouts on approximately 600 mm (24-inch) centers.
- C. Doubled studs for openings and studs for supporting concrete backer-board.
- D. Studs 3600 mm (12 feet) or less in length shall be in one piece.
- E. Shaft Wall Framing:
  - 1. Conform to rated wall construction.
  - 2. C-H Studs.
  - 3. E Studs.
  - 4. J Runners.
  - 5. Steel Jamb-Strut.

### **2.3 FURRING CHANNELS**

- A. Rigid furring channels (hat shape): ASTM C645.
- B. Resilient furring channels:
  - 1. Not less than 0.45 mm (0.0179-inch) thick bare metal.
  - 2. Semi-hat shape, only one flange for anchorage with channel web leg slotted on anchorage side, channel web leg on other side stiffens fastener surface but shall not contact anchorage surface other channel leg is attached to.
- C. "Z" Furring Channels:
  - 1. Not less than 0.45 mm (0.0179-inch)-thick bare metal, with 32 mm (1-1/4 inch) and 19 mm (3/4-inch) flanges.
  - 2. Web furring depth to suit thickness of insulation with slotted perforations.
- D. Rolled Steel Channels: ASTM C754, cold rolled; or, ASTM C841, cold rolled.

### **2.4 FASTENERS, CLIPS, AND OTHER METAL ACCESSORIES**

- A. ASTM C754, except as otherwise specified.

- B. For fire rated construction: Type and size same as used in fire rating test.
- C. Fasteners for steel studs thicker than 0.84 mm (0.033-inch) thick. Use ASTM C954 steel drill screws of size and type recommended by the manufacturer of the material being fastened.
- D. Clips: ASTM C841 (paragraph 6.11), manufacturer's standard items. Clips used in lieu of tie wire shall have holding power equivalent to that provided by the tie wire for the specific application.
- E. Concrete ceiling hanger inserts (anchorage for hanger wire and hanger straps): Steel, zinc-coated (galvanized), manufacturers standard items, designed to support twice the hanger loads imposed and the type of hanger used.
- F. Tie Wire and Hanger Wire:
  - 1. ASTM A641, soft temper, Class 1 coating.
  - 2. Gage (diameter) as specified in ASTM C754 or ASTM C841.
- G. Attachments for Wall Furring:
  - 1. Manufacturers standard items fabricated from zinc-coated (galvanized) steel sheet.
  - 2. For concrete or masonry walls: Metal slots with adjustable inserts or adjustable wall furring brackets. Spacers may be fabricated from 1 mm (0.0396-inch) thick galvanized steel with corrugated edges.
- H. Power Actuated Fasteners: Type and size as recommended by the manufacturer of the material being fastened.

## **2.5 SUSPENDED CEILING SYSTEM FOR GYPSUM BOARD (OPTION)**

- A. Conform to ASTM C635, heavy duty, with not less than 35 mm (1-3/8 inch) wide knurled capped flange face designed for screw attachment of gypsum board.
- B. Wall track channel with 35 mm (1-3/8 inch) wide flange.

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### **3.1 INSTALLATION CRITERIA**

- A. Where fire rated construction is required for walls, partitions, columns, beams and floor-ceiling assemblies, the construction shall be same as that used in fire rating test.
- B. Construction requirements for fire rated assemblies and materials shall be as shown and specified, the provisions of the Scope paragraph (1.2) of ASTM C754 and ASTM C841 regarding details of construction shall not apply.

### **3.2 INSTALLING STUDS**

- A. Install studs in accordance with ASTM C754, except as otherwise shown or specified.
- B. Space studs not more than 610 mm (24 inches) on center.
- C. Cut studs 6 mm to 9 mm (1/4 to 3/8-inch) less than floor to underside of structure overhead when extended to underside of structure overhead.
- D. Where studs are shown to terminate above suspended ceilings, provide bracing as shown or extend studs to underside of structure overhead.
- E. Extend studs to underside of structure overhead for fire, rated partitions, smoke partitions, shafts, and sound rated partitions
- G. Openings:
  - 1. Frame jambs of openings in stud partitions and furring with two studs placed back to back or as shown.
  - 2. Fasten back to back studs together with 9 mm (3/8-inch) long Type S pan head screws at not less than 600 mm (two feet) on center, staggered along webs.
  - 3. Studs fastened flange to flange shall have splice plates on both sides approximately 50 X 75 mm (2 by 3 inches) screwed to each stud with two screws in each stud. Locate splice plates at 600 mm (24 inches) on center between runner tracks.
- H. Fastening Studs:
  - 1. Fasten studs located adjacent to partition intersections, corners and studs at jambs of openings to flange of runner tracks with two screws through each end of each stud and flange of runner.
  - 2. Do not fasten studs to top runner track when studs extend to underside of structure overhead.
- I. Chase Wall Partitions:
  - 1. Locate cross braces for chase wall partitions to permit the installation of pipes, conduits, carriers and similar items.
  - 2. Use studs or runners as cross bracing not less than 63 mm (2-1/2 inches wide).
- J. Form control joint, with double studs spaced 13 mm (1/2-inch) apart.

### **3.3 INSTALLING WALL FURRING FOR FINISH APPLIED TO ONE SIDE ONLY**

- A. In accordance with ASTM C754, or ASTM C841 except as otherwise specified or shown.
- B. Wall furring-Stud System:
  - 1. Framed with 63 mm (2-1/2 inch) or narrower studs, 600 mm (24 inches) on center.

2. Brace as specified in ASTM C754 for Wall Furring-Stud System or brace with sections or runners or studs placed horizontally at not less than three foot vertical intervals on side without finish.
  3. Securely fasten braces to each stud with two Type S pan head screws at each bearing.
- C. Direct attachment to masonry or concrete; rigid channels or "Z" channels:
1. Install rigid (hat section) furring channels at 600 mm (24 inches) on center, horizontally or vertically.
  2. Install "Z" furring channels vertically spaced not more than 600 mm (24 inches) on center.
  3. At corners where rigid furring channels are positioned horizontally, provide mitered joints in furring channels.
  4. Ends of spliced furring channels shall be nested not less than 200 mm (8 inches).
  5. Fasten furring channels to walls with power-actuated drive pins or hardened steel concrete nails. Where channels are spliced, provide two fasteners in each flange.
  6. Locate furring channels at interior and exterior corners in accordance with wall finish material manufacturers printed erection instructions. Locate "Z" channels within 100 mm (4 inches) of corner.
- D. Installing Wall Furring-Bracket System: Space furring channels not more than 400 mm (16 inches) on center.

### **3.4 INSTALLING SUPPORTS REQUIRED BY OTHER TRADES**

- A. Provide for attachment and support of electrical outlets, plumbing, laboratory or heating fixtures, recessed type plumbing fixture accessories, access panel frames, wall bumpers, wood seats, toilet stall partitions, dressing booth partitions, urinal screens, chalkboards, tackboards, wall-hung casework, handrail brackets, recessed fire extinguisher cabinets and other items like auto door buttons and auto door operators supported by stud construction.
- B. Provide additional studs where required. Install metal backing plates, or special metal shapes as required, securely fastened to metal studs.

### **3.5 INSTALLING SHAFT WALL SYSTEM**

- A. Conform to UL Design No. U438 for two-hour fire rating. B. Position J runners at floor and ceiling with the short leg toward finish side of wall. Securely attach runners to structural supports with power driven fasteners at both ends and 600 mm (24 inches) on center.
- C. After liner panels have been erected, cut C-H studs and E studs, from 9 mm (3/8-inch) to not more than 13 mm (1/2-inch) less than

floor-to-ceiling height. Install C-H studs between liner panels with liner panels inserted in the groove.

- D. Install full-length steel E studs over shaft wall line at intersections, corners, hinged door jambs, columns, and both sides of closure panels.
- E. Suitably frame all openings to maintain structural support for wall:
  - 1. Provide necessary liner fillers and shims to conform to label frame requirements.
  - 2. Frame openings cut within a liner panel with E studs around perimeter.
  - 3. Frame openings with vertical E studs at jambs, horizontal J runner at head and sill.
- F. Elevator Shafts:
  - 1. Frame elevator door frames with 0.87 mm (0.0341-inch) thick J strut or J stud jambs having 75 mm (three-inch) long legs on the shaft side.
  - 2. Protrusions including fasteners other than flange of shaft wall framing system or offsets from vertical alignments more than 3 mm (1/8-inch) are not permitted unless shown.
  - 3. Align shaft walls for plumb vertical flush alignment from top to bottom of shaft.

### **3.6 INSTALLING FURRED AND SUSPENDED CEILINGS OR SOFFITS**

- A. Install furred and suspended ceilings or soffits in accordance with ASTM C754 or ASTM C841 except as otherwise specified or shown for screw attached gypsum board ceilings and for plaster ceilings or soffits.
  - 1. Space framing at 400 mm (16-inch) centers for metal lath anchorage.
  - 2. Space framing at 600 mm (24-inch) centers for gypsum board anchorage.
- B. New exposed concrete slabs:
  - 1. Use metal inserts required for attachment and support of hangers or hanger wires with tied wire loops for embedding in concrete.
  - 2. Furnish for installation under Division 3, CONCRETE.
  - 3. Suspended ceilings under concrete rib construction shall have runner channels at right angles to ribs and be supported from ribs with hangers at ends and at 1200 mm (48-inch) maximum intervals along channels. Stagger hangers at alternate channels.
- C. Concrete slabs on steel decking composite construction:
  - 1. Use pull down tabs when available.
  - 2. Use power activated fasteners when direct attachment to structural framing can not be accomplished.
- D. Where bar joists or beams are more than 1200 mm (48 inches) apart, provide intermediate hangers so that spacing between supports does not

exceed 1200 mm (48 inches). Use clips, bolts, or wire ties for direct attachment to steel framing.

- E. Existing concrete construction exposed or concrete on steel decking:
  - 1. Use power actuated fasteners either eye pin, threaded studs or drive pins for type of hanger attachment required.
  - 2. Install fasteners at approximate mid height of concrete beams or joists. Do not install in bottom of beams or joists.
- F. Steel decking without concrete topping:
  - 1. Do not fasten to steel decking 0.76 mm (0.0299-inch) or thinner.
  - 2. Toggle bolt to decking 0.9 mm (0.0359-inch) or thicker only where anchorage to steel framing is not possible.
- G. Installing suspended ceiling system for gypsum board (ASTM C635 Option):
  - 1. Install only for ceilings to receive screw attached gypsum board.
  - 2. Install in accordance with ASTM C636.
    - a. Install main runners spaced 1200 mm (48 inches) on center.
    - b. Install 1200 mm (four foot) tees not over 600 mm (24 inches) on center; locate for edge support of gypsum board.
    - c. Install wall track channel at perimeter.
- H. Installing Ceiling Bracing System:
  - 1. Construct bracing of 38 mm (1-1/2 inch) channels for lengths up to 2400 mm (8 feet) and 50 mm (2 inch) channels for lengths over 2400 mm (8 feet) with ends bent to form surfaces for anchorage to carrying channels and over head construction. Lap channels not less than 600 mm (2 feet) at midpoint back to back. Screw or bolt lap together with two fasteners.
  - 2. Install bracing at an approximate 45 degree angle to carrying channels and structure overhead; secure as specified to structure overhead with two fasteners and to carrying channels with two fasteners or wire ties.

### 3.7 TOLERANCES

- A. Fastening surface for application of subsequent materials shall not vary more than 3 mm (1/8-inch) from the layout line.
- B. Plumb and align vertical members within 3 mm (1/8-inch.)
- C. Level or align ceilings within 3 mm (1/8-inch.)

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02-01-13

**SECTION 09 29 00**  
**GYPSUM BOARD**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

This section specifies installation and finishing of gypsum board.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Installation of steel framing members for walls, partitions, furring, soffits, and ceilings: Section 05 40 00, COLD-FORMED METAL FRAMING, and Section 09 22 16, NON-STRUCTURAL METAL FRAMING.
- B. Sound deadening board: Section 07 21 13, THERMAL INSULATION.
- C. Acoustical Sealants: Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS.
- D. Lay in gypsum board ceiling panels: Section 09 51 00, ACOUSTICAL CEILING.

**1.3 TERMINOLOGY**

- A. Definitions and description of terms shall be in accordance with ASTM C11, C840, and as specified.
- B. Underside of Structure Overhead: In spaces where steel trusses or bar joists are shown, the underside of structure overhead shall be the underside of the floor or roof construction supported by the trusses or bar joists.
- C. "Yoked": Gypsum board cut out for opening with no joint at the opening (along door jamb or above the door).

**1.4 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Cornerbead and edge trim.
  - 2. Finishing materials.
  - 3. Laminating adhesive.
  - 4. Gypsum board, each type.
- C. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Typical gypsum board installation, showing corner details, edge trim details and the like.
  - 2. Typical sound rated assembly, showing treatment at perimeter of partitions and penetrations at gypsum board.
  - 3. Typical shaft wall assembly.
  - 4. Typical fire rated assembly and column fireproofing, indicating details of construction same as that used in fire rating test.
- D. Samples:

02-01-13

1. Cornerbead.
2. Edge trim.
3. Control joints.

E. Test Results:

1. Fire rating test, each fire rating required for each assembly.
2. Sound rating test.

**1.5 DELIVERY, IDENTIFICATION, HANDLING AND STORAGE**

In accordance with the requirements of ASTM C840.

**1.6 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS**

In accordance with the requirements of ASTM C840.

**1.7 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.

- B. American Society for Testing And Materials (ASTM):

C11-08.....Terminology Relating to Gypsum and Related  
Building Materials and Systems

C475-02.....Joint Compound and Joint Tape for Finishing  
Gypsum Board

C840-08.....Application and Finishing of Gypsum Board

C919-08.....Sealants in Acoustical Applications

C954-07.....Steel Drill Screws for the Application of Gypsum  
Board or Metal Plaster Bases to Steel Stud from  
0.033 in. (0.84mm) to 0.112 in. (2.84mm) in  
thickness

C1002-07.....Steel Self-Piercing Tapping Screws for the  
Application of Gypsum Panel Products or Metal  
Plaster Bases to Wood Studs or Steel Studs

C1047-05.....Accessories for Gypsum Wallboard and Gypsum  
Veneer Base

C1177-06.....Glass Mat Gypsum Substrate for Use as Sheathing

C1658-06.....Glass Mat Gypsum Panels

C1396-06.....Gypsum Board

E84-08.....Surface Burning Characteristics of Building  
Materials

- C. Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL):

Latest Edition.....Fire Resistance Directory

- D. Inchcape Testing Services (ITS):

Latest Editions.....Certification Listings

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### **2.1 GYPSUM BOARD**

- A. Gypsum Board: ASTM C1396, Type X, 16 mm (5/8 inch) thick unless shown otherwise. Shall contain a minimum of 20 percent recycled gypsum.
- B. Water Resistant Gypsum Backing Board: ASTM C620, Type X, 16 mm (5/8 inch) thick.
- C. Gypsum cores shall contain maximum percentage of post industrial recycled gypsum content available in the area (a minimum of 95 percent post industrial recycled gypsum content). Paper facings shall contain 100 percent post-consumer recycled paper content.

### **2.2 GYPSUM SHEATHING BOARD**

- A. ASTM C1396, Type X, water-resistant core, 16 mm (5/8 inch) thick.
- B. ASTM C1177, Type X.

### **2.3 ACCESSORIES**

- A. ASTM C1047, except form of 0.39 mm (0.015 inch) thick zinc coated steel sheet or rigid PVC plastic.
- B. Flanges not less than 22 mm (7/8 inch) wide with punchouts or deformations as required to provide compound bond.

### **2.4 FASTENERS**

- A. ASTM C1002 and ASTM C840, except as otherwise specified.
- B. ASTM C954, for steel studs thicker than 0.04 mm (0.33 inch).
- C. Select screws of size and type recommended by the manufacturer of the material being fastened.
- D. For fire rated construction, type and size same as used in fire rating test.
- E. Clips: Zinc-coated (galvanized) steel; gypsum board manufacturer's standard items.

### **2.5 FINISHING MATERIALS AND LAMINATING ADHESIVE**

ASTM C475 and ASTM C840. Free of antifreeze, vinyl adhesives, preservatives, biocides and other VOC. Adhesive shall contain a maximum VOC content of 50 g/l.

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### **3.1 GYPSUM BOARD HEIGHTS**

- A. Extend all layers of gypsum board from floor to underside of structure overhead on following partitions and furring:
  - 1. Two sides of partitions:
    - a. Fire rated partitions.
    - b. Smoke partitions.
    - c. Sound rated partitions.

02-01-13

- d. Full height partitions shown (FHP).
- e. Corridor partitions.
- 2. One side of partitions or furring:
  - a. Inside of exterior wall furring or stud construction.
  - b. Room side of room without suspended ceilings.
  - c. Furring for pipes and duct shafts, except where fire rated shaft wall construction is shown.
- 3. Extend all layers of gypsum board construction used for fireproofing of columns from floor to underside of structure overhead, unless shown otherwise.
- B. In locations other than those specified, extend gypsum board from floor to heights as follows:
  - 1. Not less than 100 mm (4 inches) above suspended acoustical ceilings.
  - 2. At ceiling of suspended gypsum board ceilings.
  - 3. At existing ceilings.

### **3.2 INSTALLING GYPSUM BOARD**

- A. Coordinate installation of gypsum board with other trades and related work.
- B. Install gypsum board in accordance with ASTM C840, except as otherwise specified.
- C. Moisture and Mold-Resistant Assemblies: Provide and install moisture and mold-resistant glass mat gypsum wallboard products with moisture-resistant surfaces complying with ASTM C1658 where shown and in locations which might be subject to moisture exposure during construction.
- D. Use gypsum boards in maximum practical lengths to minimize number of end joints.
- E. Bring gypsum board into contact, but do not force into place.
- F. Ceilings:
  - 1. For single-ply construction, use perpendicular application.
  - 2. For two-ply assemblies:
    - a. Use perpendicular application.
    - b. Apply face ply of gypsum board so that joints of face ply do not occur at joints of base ply with joints over framing members.
- G. Walls (Except Shaft Walls):
  - 1. When gypsum board is installed parallel to framing members, space fasteners 300 mm (12 inches) on center in field of the board, and 200 mm (8 inches) on center along edges.

02-01-13

2. When gypsum board is installed perpendicular to framing members, space fasteners 300 mm (12 inches) on center in field and along edges.
3. Stagger screws on abutting edges or ends.
4. For single-ply construction, apply gypsum board with long dimension either parallel or perpendicular to framing members as required to minimize number of joints except gypsum board shall be applied vertically over "Z" furring channels.
5. For two-ply gypsum board assemblies, apply base ply of gypsum board to assure minimum number of joints in face layer. Apply face ply of wallboard to base ply so that joints of face ply do not occur at joints of base ply with joints over framing members.
6. For three-ply gypsum board assemblies, apply plies in same manner as for two-ply assemblies, except that heads of fasteners need only be driven flush with surface for first and second plies. Apply third ply of wallboard in same manner as second ply of two-ply assembly, except use fasteners of sufficient length enough to have the same penetration into framing members as required for two-ply assemblies.
7. No offset in exposed face of walls and partitions will be permitted because of single-ply and two-ply or three-ply application requirements.
8. Installing Two Layer Assembly Over Sound Deadening Board:
  - a. Apply face layer of wallboard vertically with joints staggered from joints in sound deadening board over framing members.
  - b. Fasten face layer with screw, of sufficient length to secure to framing, spaced 300 mm (12 inches) on center around perimeter, and 400 mm (16 inches) on center in the field.
- H. Acoustical or Sound Rated Partitions, Fire and Smoke Partitions:
  1. Cut gypsum board for a space approximately 3 mm to 6 mm (1/8 to 1/4 inch) wide around partition perimeter.
  2. Coordinate for application of caulking or sealants to space prior to taping and finishing.
  3. For sound rated partitions, use sealing compound (ASTM C919) to fill the annular spaces between all receptacle boxes and the partition finish material through which the boxes protrude to seal all holes and/or openings on the back and sides of the boxes. STC minimum values as shown.
- I. Electrical and Telecommunications Boxes:
  1. Seal annular spaces between electrical and telecommunications receptacle boxes and gypsum board partitions.

02-01-13

J. Accessories:

1. Set accessories plumb, level and true to line, neatly mitered at corners and intersections, and securely attach to supporting surfaces as specified.
2. Install in one piece, without the limits of the longest commercially available lengths.
3. Corner Beads:
  - a. Install at all vertical and horizontal external corners and where shown.
  - b. Use screws only. Do not use crimping tool.
4. Edge Trim (casings Beads):
  - a. At both sides of expansion and control joints unless shown otherwise.
  - b. Where gypsum board terminates against dissimilar materials and at perimeter of openings, except where covered by flanges, casings or permanently built-in equipment.
  - c. Where gypsum board surfaces of non-load bearing assemblies abut load bearing members.
  - d. Where shown.

**3.3 INSTALLING GYPSUM SHEATHING**

- A. Install in accordance with ASTM C840, except as otherwise specified or shown.
- B. Use screws of sufficient length to secure sheathing to framing.
- C. Space screws 9 mm (3/8 inch) from ends and edges of sheathing and 200 mm (8 inches) on center. Space screws a maximum of 200 mm (8 inches) on center on intermediate framing members.
- D. Apply 600 mm by 2400 mm (2 foot by 8 foot) sheathing boards horizontally with tongue edge up.
- E. Apply 1200 mm by 2400 mm or 2700 mm (4 ft. by 8 ft. or 9 foot) gypsum sheathing boards vertically with edges over framing.

**3.4 CAVITY SHAFT WALL: NOT USED**

**3.5 FINISHING OF GYPSUM BOARD**

- A. Finish joints, edges, corners, and fastener heads in accordance with ASTM C840. Use Level 4 finish for all finished areas open to public view.
- B. Before proceeding with installation of finishing materials, assure the following:
  1. Gypsum board is fastened and held close to framing or furring.
  2. Fastening heads in gypsum board are slightly below surface in dimple formed by driving tool.

02-01-13

- C. Finish joints, fasteners, and all openings, including openings around penetrations, on that part of the gypsum board extending above suspended ceilings to seal surface of non decorated smoke barrier, fire rated gypsum board construction. After the installation of hanger rods, hanger wires, supports, equipment, conduits, piping and similar work, seal remaining openings and maintain the integrity of the smoke barrier, fire rated construction Sanding is not required of non decorated surfaces.

### **3.6 REPAIRS**

- A. After taping and finishing has been completed, and before decoration, repair all damaged and defective work, including nondecorated surfaces.
- B. Patch holes or openings 13 mm (1/2 inch) or less in diameter, or equivalent size, with a setting type finishing compound or patching plaster.
- C. Repair holes or openings over 13 mm (1/2 inch) diameter, or equivalent size, with 16 mm (5/8 inch) thick gypsum board secured in such a manner as to provide solid substrate equivalent to undamaged surface.
- D. Tape and refinish scratched, abraded or damaged finish surfaces including cracks and joints in non decorated surface to provide // smoke tight construction fire protection equivalent to the fire rated construction.

### **3.7 UNACCESSIBLE CEILINGS**

Access doors are needed to access electrical and mechanical equipment above the ceiling. These doors should be locked to prevent unauthorized access and secured to ceiling using tamper resistant fasteners.

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05-01-12

**SECTION 09 30 13**  
**CERAMIC/PORCELAIN TILING**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

This section specifies ceramic and porcelain tile, tile backer board.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Sealing of joints where specified: Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS.
- B. Color, texture and pattern of field tile and trim shapes, size of field tile, and color of grout specified: See drawings.
- D. Metal and resilient edge strips at joints with new resilient flooring, Section 09 65 19, RESILIENT TILE FLOORING Section 09 68 00, CARPETING

**1.3 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Samples:
  - 1. Base tile, each type, each color, each size.
  - 2. Mosaic floor tile panels, 225 mm by 225 mm (9 inches by 9 inches), each type, color, size and pattern.
  - 3. Porcelain tile, each type, color, patterns and size.
  - 4. Wall (or wainscot) tile, each color, size and pattern.
  - 5. Trim shapes, bullnose cap and cove including bullnose cap and base pieces at internal and external corners of vertical surfaces, each type, color, and size.
- C. Product Data:
  - 1. Ceramic and porcelain tile, marked to show each type, size, and shape required.
  - 2. Chemical resistant mortar and grout (Epoxy and Furan).
  - 3. Cementitious backer unit.
  - 4. Dry-set Portland cement mortar and grout.
  - 5. Divider strip.
  - 6. Elastomeric membrane and bond coat.
  - 7. Reinforcing tape.
  - 8. Leveling compound.
  - 9. Latex-Portland cement mortar and grout.
  - 10. Commercial Portland cement grout.
  - 11. Organic adhesive.
  - 12. Slip resistant tile.
  - 13. Waterproofing isolation membrane.
  - 14. Fasteners.
- D. Certification:

05-01-12

1. Master grade, ANSI A137.1.
2. Manufacturer's certificates indicating that the following materials comply with specification requirements:
  - a. Chemical resistant mortar and grout (epoxy and furan).
  - b. Modified epoxy emulsion.
  - c. Commercial Portland cement grout.
  - d. Cementitious backer unit.
  - e. Dry-set Portland cement mortar and grout.
  - f. Elastomeric membrane and bond coat.
  - g. Reinforcing tape.
  - h. Latex-Portland cement mortar and grout.
  - i. Leveling compound.
  - j. Organic adhesive.
  - k. Waterproof isolation membrane.
  - l. Factory mounted tile suitability for application in wet area specified under 2.1, A, 3 with list of successful in-service performance locations.

#### **1.4 DELIVERY AND STORAGE**

- A. Deliver materials in containers with labels legible and intact and grade-seals unbroken.
- B. Store material to prevent damage or contamination.

#### **1.5 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by basic designation only.
- B. American National Standards Institute (ANSI):
  - A108.1A-11.....Installation of Ceramic Tile in the Wet-Set Method with Portland Cement Mortar
  - A108.1B-11.....Installation of Ceramic Tile on a Cured Portland Cement Mortar Setting Bed with dry-Set or latex-Portland Cement Mortar
  - A108.1C-11.....Contractors Option; Installation of Ceramic Tile in the Wet-Set method with Portland Cement Mortar or Installation of Ceramic Tile on a Cured Portland Cement Mortar Setting Bed with Dry-Set or Latex-Portland Cement Mortar
  - A137.1-08.....Ceramic Tile
- C. American Society For Testing And Materials (ASTM):
  - A185-07.....Steel Welded Wire Fabric, Plain, for Concrete Reinforcing

05-01-12

C109/C109M-11.....Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength of  
Hydraulic Cement Mortars (Using 2 inch. or [50-  
mm] Cube Specimens)

C241-09.....Abrasion Resistance of Stone Subjected to Foot  
Traffic

C348-08.....Standard Test Method for Flexural Strength of  
Hydraulic-Cement Mortars

C627-10.....Evaluating Ceramic Floor Tile Installation  
Systems Using the Robinson-Type Floor Tester

C954-11.....Steel Drill Screws for the Application of Gypsum  
Board on Metal Plaster Base to Steel Studs from  
0.033 in (0.84 mm) to 0.112 in (2.84 mm) in  
thickness

C979-10.....Pigments for Integrally Colored Concrete

C1002-07.....Steel Self-Piercing Tapping Screws for the  
Application of Panel Products

C1027-09.....Determining "Visible Abrasion Resistance on  
Glazed Ceramic Tile"

C1028-07.....Determining the Static Coefficient of Friction  
of Ceramic Tile and Other Like Surfaces by the  
Horizontal Dynamometer Pull Meter Method

C1127-09.....Standard Guide for Use of High Solids Content,  
Cold Liquid-Applied Elastomeric Waterproofing  
Membrane with an Integral Wearing Surface

C1178/C1178M-11.....Standard Specification for Coated Glass Mat  
Water-Resistant Gypsum Backing Panel

C1325-08.....Non-Asbestos Fiber-Mat Reinforced Cementitious  
Backer Units

D4397-10.....Standard Specification for Polyethylene Sheeting  
for Construction, Industrial and Agricultural  
Applications

D5109-99(R2004).....Standard Test Methods for Copper-Clad  
Thermosetting Laminates for Printed Wiring  
Boards

D. Marble Institute of America (MIA): Design Manual III-2007

E. Tile Council of America, Inc. (TCA):

2007.....Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### **2.1 TILE**

A. Comply with ANSI A137.1, Standard Grade, except as modified:

05-01-12

1. Inspection procedures listed under the Appendix of ANSI A137.1.
2. Abrasion Resistance Classification:
  - a. Tested in accordance with values listed in Table 1, ASTM C 1027.
  - b. Class V, 12000 revolutions for floors in Corridors, Kitchens, Storage including Refrigerated Rooms
  - c. Class IV, 6000 revolutions for remaining areas.
3. Slip Resistant Tile for Floors:
  - a. Coefficient of friction, when tested in accordance with ASTM C1028, required for level of performance:
    - 1) Not less than 0.7 (wet condition) for bathing areas.
    - 2) Not less than 0.8 on ramps for wet and dry conditions.
    - 3) Not less than 0.6, except 0.8 on ramps as stated above, for wet and dry conditions for other areas.
  - b. Tile Having Abrasive Grains:
    1. Unglazed Ceramic Mosaic Tile: Abrasive grains throughout body of the tile.
    2. Quarry Tile: Abrasive grains uniformly embedded in face at rate of approximately 7.5 percent of surface area.
4. Mosaic tile may be mounted or joined together by a resinous bonding material along tile edges.
5. Do not use back mounted tiles in showers unless certified by manufacturer as noted in paragraph 1.3.D.
6. Factory Blending: For tile with color variations, within the ranges selected during sample submittals blend tile in the factory and package so tile units taken from one package show the same range in colors as those taken from other packages and match approved samples.
7. Factory-Applied Temporary Protective Coating:
  - a. Protect exposed face surfaces (top surface) of tile against adherence of mortar and grout by pre-coating with a continuous film of petroleum paraffin wax, applied hot.
  - b. Do not coat unexposed tile surfaces.
  - c. Pre-wax tiles set or grouted with latex modified mortars.
- B. Unglazed Ceramic Mosaic Tile: Nominal 6 mm (1/4 inch) thick with cushion edges.
- c. Trim Shapes:
  1. Conform to applicable requirements of adjoining floor and wall tile.
  2. Use slip resistant trim shapes for horizontal surfaces of showers // congregate baths, natatorium, hydrotherapy, therapeutic pool, //

05-01-12

- overflow ledges, recessed steps, shower curbs, drying area curbs, and seats.
3. Use trim shapes sizes conforming to size of adjoining field wall tile unless detailed or specified otherwise.
  4. Internal and External Corners:
    - a. Square internal and external corner joints are not acceptable.
    - b. External corners including edges: Use bullnose shapes.
    - c. Internal corners: Use cove shapes.
    - d. Base to floor internal corners: Use special shapes providing integral cove vertical and horizontal joint.
    - e. Base to floor external corners: Use special shapes providing bullnose vertical edge with integral cove horizontal joint. Use stop at bottom of openings having bullnose return to wall.
    - f. Wall top edge internal corners: Use special shapes providing integral cove vertical joint with bullnose top edge.
    - g. Wall top edge external corners: Use special shapes providing bullnose vertical and horizontal joint edge.
    - h. For unglazed ceramic mosaic and glazed wall tile installed in Portland cement mortar setting bed, use cove and bullnose shapes as applicable. When ceramic mosaic wall and base tile is required, use C Series cove and bullnose shapes.
    - i. For unglazed ceramic mosaic and glazed wall tile installed in dry-set Portland cement mortar, latex-Portland cement mortar, and organic adhesive (thin set methods), use cove and surface bullnose shapes as applicable.
    - j. For quarry tile work, use cove and bullnose shapes as applicable.
    - k. Provide cove and bullnose shapes where shown, and required to complete tile work.

## **2.2 CEMENTITIOUS BACKER UNITS**

- A. Use in showers or wet areas.
- B. ASTM C1325.
- C. Use Cementitious backer units in maximum available lengths.

## **2.3 JOINT MATERIALS FOR CEMENTITIOUS BACKER UNITS**

- A. Reinforcing Tape: Vinyl coated woven glass fiber mesh tape, open weave, 50 mm (2 inches) wide. Tape with pressure sensitive adhesive backing will not be permitted.
- B. Tape Embedding Material: Latex-Portland cement mortar complying with ANSI A108.1.
- C. Joint material, including reinforcing tape, and tape embedding material, shall be as specifically recommended by the backer unit manufacturer.

05-01-12

## **2.4 FASTENERS**

- A. Screws for Cementitious Backer Units.
  - 1. Standard screws for gypsum board are not acceptable.
  - 2. Minimum 11 mm (7/16 inch) diameter head, corrosion resistant coated, with washers.
  - 3. ASTM C954 for steel 1 mm (0.033 inch) thick.
  - 4. ASTM C1002 for steel framing less than 0.0329 inch thick.
- B. Washers: Galvanized steel, 13 mm (1/2 inch) minimum diameter.

## **2.5 GLASS MAT WATER RESISTANT GYPSUM BACKER BOARD**

Confirm to ASTM C1178/C1178M, Optional System for Cementitious Backer Units.

## **2.6 SETTING MATERIALS OR BOND COATS**

- A. Conform to TCA Handbook for Ceramic Tile Installation.
- B. Portland Cement Mortar: ANSI A108.1.
- C. Latex-Portland Cement Mortar: ANSI A108.1.
  - 1. For wall applications, provide non-sagging, latex-Portland cement mortar complying with ANSI A108.1.
  - 2. Prepackaged Dry-Mortar Mix: Factory-prepared mixture of Portland cement; dry, redispersible, ethylene vinyl acetate additive; and other ingredients to which only water needs to be added at Project site.
- D. Dry-Set Portland Cement Mortar: ANSI A108.1. For wall applications, provide non-sagging, latex-Portland cement mortar complying with ANSI A108.4.
- E. Organic Adhesives: ANSI A108.1, Type 1.
- F. Chemical-Resistant Bond Coat:
  - 1. Epoxy Resin Type: ANSI A108.1.
  - 2. Furan Resin Type: ANSI A108.1.
- G. Elastomeric Waterproofing Membrane and Bond Coat:
  - 1. TCA F122-02.
  - 2. ANSI A108.1.
  - 3. One component polyurethane, liquid applied material having the following additional physical properties:
    - a. Hardness: Shore "A" between 40-60.
    - b. Elongation: Between 300-600 percent.
    - c. Tensile strength: Between 40-60 psig.
    - d. No volatile compounds.
  - 4. Coal tar modified urethanes are not acceptable.
- H. Waterproofing Isolation Membrane:
  - 1. Sheet System TCA F122-02.

05-01-12

2. Optional System to elastomeric waterproof membrane.
3. Composite sheet consisting of ASTM D5109, Type II, Grade I Chlorinated Polyethylene (CM) sheet reinforced on both sides with a non-woven polyester fiber.
4. Designed for use in wet areas as an isolation and positive waterproofing membranes for thin-set bonding of sheet to substrate and thin-set bonding of ceramic and porcelain tile or marble to sheet. Suited for both horizontal and vertical applications.
5. Conform to the following additional physical properties:

Property	Units	Results	Test Method
Hardness Shore A	Points	70-80	ASTM D2240 (10 Second Reading)
Shrinkage	Percent	5 maximum	ASTM D1204
Brittleness		No crack remains flexible at temperature-37 degrees C (-25 degrees F)	ASTM D2497 13 mm (1/2- inch) Mandrel Bend
Retention of Properties after Heat Aging	Percent of original	80 Tensile 80 Breaking 80 Elongation	ASTM D3045, 90 degrees C (194 degrees F) for 168 hours

6. Manufacturer's standard sheet size with prefabricated or preformed inside and outside corners.
7. Sheet manufacturer's solvent welding liquid or xylene and edge sealant.

## 2.7 GROUTING MATERIALS

### A. Coloring Pigments:

1. Pure mineral pigments, limeproof and nonfading, complying with ASTM C979.
2. Add coloring pigments to grout by the manufacturer.
3. Job colored grout is not acceptable.
4. Use is required in Commercial Portland Cement Grout, Dry-Set Grout, and Latex-Portland Cement Grout.

### B. White Portland Cement Grout:

1. ANSI A108.1.
2. Use one part white Portland cement to one part white sand passing a number 30 screen.
3. Color additive not permitted.

### C. Commercial Portland Cement Grout: ANSI A108.1 color as specified.

05-01-12

- D. Dry-Set Grout: ANSI A108.1 color as specified.
- E. Latex-Portland Cement Grout: ANSI A108.1 color as specified.
  - 1. Unsanded grout mixture for joints 3.2 mm (1/8 inch) and narrower.
  - 2. Sanded grout mixture for joints 3.2 mm (1/8 inch) and wider.
- F. Chemical-Resistant Grout:
  - 1. Epoxy grout, ANSI A108.1.
  - 2. Furan grout, ANSI A108.1.

## **2.8 PATCHING AND LEVELING COMPOUND**

- A. Portland cement base, polymer-modified, self-leveling compound, manufactured specifically for resurfacing and leveling concrete floors. Products containing gypsum are not acceptable.
- B. Shall have minimum following physical properties:
  - 1. Compressive strength - 25 MPa (3500 psig) per ASTM C109/C109M.
  - 2. Flexural strength - 7 MPa (1000 psig) per ASTM C348 (28 day value).
  - 3. Tensile strength - 600 psi per ANSI 118.7.
  - 4. Density - 1.9.
- C. Capable of being applied in layers up to 38 mm (1-1/2 inches) thick without fillers and up to 100 mm (four inches) thick with fillers, being brought to a feather edge, and being trowelled to a smooth finish.
- D. Primers, fillers, and reinforcement as required by manufacturer for application and substrate condition.
- E. Ready for use in 48 hours after application.

## **2.9 MARBLE: NOT USED**

## **2.10 METAL DIVIDER STRIPS: NOT USED**

## **2.11 WATER**

Clean, potable and free from salts and other injurious elements to mortar and grout materials.

## **2.12 CLEANING COMPOUNDS**

- A. Specifically designed for cleaning masonry and concrete and which will not prevent bond of subsequent tile setting materials including patching and leveling compounds and elastomeric waterproofing membrane and coat.
- B. Materials containing acid or caustic material not acceptable.

## **2.13 FLOOR MORTAR BED REINFORCING**

ASTM A185 welded wire fabric without backing, MW3 x MW3 (2 x 2-W0.5 x W0.5).

## **2.14 POLYETHYLENE SHEET**

- A. Polyethylene sheet conforming to ASTM D4397.
- B. Nominal thickness: 0.15 mm (six mils).
- C. Use sheet width to minimize joints.

05-01-12

## **2.15 PROTECTIVE COATING**

- A. Permatect coating (Permatect Microguard Inorganic Protective Barrier), applied to all floor and wall tile surfaces.

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### **3.1 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Maintain ambient temperature of work areas at not less than 16 degree C (60 degrees F), without interruption, for not less than 24 hours before installation and not less than three days after installation.
- B. Maintain higher temperatures for a longer period of time where required by manufacturer's recommendation and ANSI Specifications for installation.
- C. Do not install tile when the temperature is above 38 degrees C (100 degrees F).
- D. Do not install materials when the temperature of the substrate is below 16 degrees C (60 degrees F).
- E. Do not allow temperature to fall below 10 degrees C (50 degrees F) after fourth day of completion of tile work.

### **3.2 ALLOWABLE TOLERANCE**

- A. Variation in plane of sub-floor, including concrete fills leveling compounds and mortar beds:
  - 1. Not more than 1 in 500 (1/4 inch in 10 feet) from required elevation where Portland cement mortar setting bed is used.
  - 2. Not more than 1 in 1000 (1/8 inch in 10 feet) where dry-set Portland cement, and latex-Portland cement mortar setting beds and chemical-resistant bond coats are used.
- B. Variation in Plane of Wall Surfaces:
  - 1. Not more than 1 in 400 (1/4 inch in eight feet) from required plane where Portland cement mortar setting bed is used.
  - 2. Not more than 1 in 800 (1/8 inch in eight feet) where dry-set or latex-Portland cement mortar or organic adhesive setting materials is used.

### **3.3 SURFACE PREPARATION**

- A. Cleaning New Concrete or Masonry:
  - 1. Chip out loose material, clean off all oil, grease dirt, adhesives, curing compounds, and other deterrents to bonding by mechanical method, or by using products specifically designed for cleaning concrete and masonry.
  - 2. Use self-contained power blast cleaning systems to remove curing compounds and steel trowel finish from concrete slabs where ceramic

05-01-12

tile will be installed directly on concrete surface with thin-set materials.

3. Steam cleaning or the use of acids and solvents for cleaning will not be permitted.

B. Patching and Leveling:

1. Mix and apply patching and leveling compound in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
2. Fill holes and cracks and align concrete floors that are out of required plane with patching and leveling compound.
  - a. Thickness of compound as required to bring finish tile system to elevation shown.
  - b. Float finish c. At substrate expansion, isolation, and other moving joints, allow joint of same width to continue through underlayment.
3. Apply patching and leveling compound to concrete and masonry wall surfaces that are out of required plane.
4. Apply leveling coats of material compatible with wall surface and tile setting material to wall surfaces, other than concrete and masonry that are out of required plane.

C. Mortar Bed for Slopes to Drains:

1. Slope compound to drain where drains are shown.
2. Install mortar bed in depressed slab sloped to drains not less than 1 in 200 (1/16 inch per foot).
3. Allow not less than 50 mm (2 inch) depression at edge of depressed slab.
4. Screed for slope to drain and float finish.
5. Cure mortar bed for not less than seven days. Do not use curing compounds or coatings.

D. Additional preparation of concrete floors for tile set with epoxy, or furan-resin shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's printed instructions.

E. Cleavage Membrane:

1. Install polythene sheet as cleavage membrane in depressed slab when waterproof membrane is not scheduled or indicated.
2. Turn up at edge of depressed floor slab to top of floor.

F. Walls:

1. In showers or other wet areas cover studs with polyethylene sheet.
2. Apply patching and leveling compound to concrete and masonry surfaces that are out of required plane.

05-01-12

3. Apply leveling coats of material compatible with wall surface and tile setting material to wall surfaces, other than concrete and masonry that are out of required plane.
4. Apply metal lath to framing in accordance with ANSI A108.1:
  - a. Use fasteners specified in paragraph "Fasteners." Use washers when lath opening is larger than screw head.
  - b. Apply scratch and leveling coats to metal lath in accordance with ANSI A108.1.C.
  - c. Total thickness of scratch and leveling coats:
    - 1) Apply 9 mm to 16 mm (3/8 inch to 5/8 inch) thick over solid backing.
    - 2) 16 mm to 19 mm (5/8 to 3/4 inch) thick on metal lath over studs.
    - 3) Where wainscots are required to finish flush with wall surface above, adjust thickness required for flush finish.
  - d. Apply scratch and leveling coats more than 19 mm (3/4 inch) thick in two coats.

G. Existing Floors and Walls:

1. Remove existing composition floor finishes and adhesive. Prepare surface by grinding, chipping, self-contained power blast cleaning or other suitable mechanical methods to completely expose uncontaminated concrete or masonry surfaces. Follow safety requirements of ANSI A10.20.
2. Remove existing concrete fill or topping to structural slab. Clean and level the substrate for new setting bed and waterproof membrane or cleavage membrane.
3. Where new tile bases are required to finish flush with plaster above or where they are extensions of similar bases in conjunction with existing floor tiles cut channel in floor slab and expose rough wall construction sufficiently to accommodate new tile base and setting material.

**3.4 CEMENTITIOUS BACKER UNITS: NOT USED**

**3.5 GLASS MAT WATER-RESISTANT GYPSUM BACKER BOARD**

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. TCA Systems W245-01.
- B. Treat joints with tape and latex-Portland cement mortar or adhesive.

05-01-12

**3.6 MARBLE: NOT USED**

**3.7 METAL DIVIDER STRIPS: NOT USED**

**3.8 CERAMIC TILE - GENERAL**

- A. Comply with ANSI A108 series of tile installation standards in "Specifications for Installation of Ceramic Tile" applicable to methods of installation.
- B. Comply with TCA Installation Guidelines:
- C. Installing Mortar Beds for Floors:
  - 1. Install mortar bed to not damage cleavage or waterproof membrane; 32 mm (1-1/2 inch) minimum thickness.
  - 2. Install floor mortar bed reinforcing centered in mortar fill.
  - 3. Screed finish to level plane or slope to drains where shown, float finish.
  - 4. For thin set systems cure mortar bed not less than seven days. Do not use curing compounds or coatings.
  - 5. For tile set with Portland cement paste over plastic mortar bed coordinate to set tile before mortar bed sets.
- D. Setting Beds or Bond Coats:
  - 1. Set wall tile installed over concrete or masonry in dry-set Portland cement mortar, or latex-Portland cement mortar, ANSI 108.1B. and TCA System W211-02, W221-02 or W222-02.
  - 2. Set trim shapes in same material specified for setting adjoining tile.
- E. Workmanship:
  - 1. Lay out tile work so that no tile less than one-half full size is used. Make all cuts on the outer edge of the field.
  - 2. Set tile firmly in place with finish surfaces in true planes. Align tile flush with adjacent tile unless shown otherwise.
  - 3. Form intersections and returns accurately.
  - 4. Cut and drill tile neatly without marring surface.
  - 5. Cut edges of tile abutting penetrations, finish, or built-in items:
    - a. Fit tile closely around electrical outlets, piping, fixtures and fittings, so that plates, escutcheons, collars and flanges will overlap cut edge of tile.
    - b. Seal tile joints water tight as specified in Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS, around electrical outlets, piping fixtures and fittings before cover plates and escutcheons are set in place.

05-01-12

6. Completed work shall be free from hollow sounding areas and loose, cracked or defective tile.
7. Remove and reset tiles that are out of plane or misaligned.
8. Floors:
  - a. Extend floor tile beneath casework and equipment, except those units mounted in wall recesses.
  - b. Align finish surface of new tile work flush with other and existing adjoining floor finish where shown.
  - c. In areas where floor drains occur, slope to drains where shown.
  - d. Shove and vibrate tiles over 200 mm (8 inches) square to achieve full support of bond coat.
9. Walls:
  - a. Cover walls and partitions, including pilasters, furred areas, and freestanding columns from floor to ceiling, or from floor to nominal wainscot heights shown with tile.
  - b. Finish reveals of openings with tile, except where other finish materials are shown or specified.
  - c. At window openings, provide tile stools and reveals, except where other finish materials are shown or specified.
  - d. Finish wall surfaces behind and at sides of casework and equipment, except those units mounted in wall recesses, with same tile as scheduled for room proper.
10. Joints:
  - a. Keep all joints in line, straight, level, perpendicular and of even width unless shown otherwise.
  - b. Make joints 2 mm (1/16 inch) wide for glazed wall tile and mosaic tile work.
  - c. Make joints in quarry tile work not less than 6 mm (1/4 inch) nor more than 9 mm (3/8 inch) wide. Finish joints flush with surface of tile.
  - d. Make joints in Paver tile, porcelain type; maximum 3 mm (1/8 inch) wide.
11. Back Buttering: For installations indicated below, obtain 100 percent mortar coverage by complying with applicable special requirements for back buttering of tile in referenced ANSI A108 series of tile installation standards:
  - a. Tile wall installations in wet areas, including showers, tub enclosures, laundries and swimming pools.
  - b. Tile installed with chemical-resistant mortars and grouts.

05-01-12

- c. Tile wall installations composed of tiles 200 by 200 mm (8 by 8 inches or larger).
- d. Exterior tile wall installations.

### **3.9 CERAMIC AND PORCELAIN TILE INSTALLED WITH ELASTOMERIC BOND COAT:NOT USED**

#### **3.10 GROUTING**

A. Grout Type and Location:

- 1. Grout for glazed wall and base tile, paver tile and unglazed mosaic tile Portland cement grout, latex-Portland cement grout, dry-set grout, or commercial Portland cement grout.

B. Workmanship:

- 1. Install and cure grout in accordance with the applicable standard.
- 2. Portland Cement grout: ANSI A108.1.
- 3. Epoxy Grout: ANSI A108.1.
- 4. Furan and Commercial Portland Cement Grout: ANSI A108.1 and in accordance with the manufacturer's printed instructions.
- 5. Dry-set grout: ANSI A108.1.

#### **3.11 MOVEMENT JOINTS**

- A. Prepare tile expansion, isolation, construction and contraction joints for installation of sealant. Refer to Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS.
- B. TCA details EJ 171-02.
- C. At expansion joints, rake out joint full depth of tile and setting bed and mortar bed. Do not cut waterproof or isolation membrane.
- D. Rake out grout at joints between tile and at toe of base, not less than 6 mm (1/4 inch) deep.

#### **3.12 CLEANING**

- A. Thoroughly sponge and wash tile. Polish glazed surfaces with clean dry cloths.
- B. Methods and materials used shall not damage or impair appearance of tile surfaces.
- C. The use of acid or acid cleaners on glazed tile surfaces is prohibited.
- D. Clean tile grouted with epoxy, furan and commercial Portland cement grout and tile set in elastomeric bond coat as recommended by the manufacturer of the grout and bond coat.

#### **3.13 PROTECTION**

- A. Keep traffic off tile floor, until grout and setting material is firmly set and cured.
- B. Where traffic occurs over tile floor, cover tile floor with not less than 9 mm (3/8 inch) thick plywood, wood particle board, or hardboard

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI VA MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

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05-01-12

securely taped in place. Do not remove protective cover until time for  
final inspection. Clean tile of any tape, adhesive and stains.

**3.14 TESTING FINISH FLOOR**

- A. Test floors in accordance with ASTM C627 to show compliance with codes 1  
through 10.
- B. Test kitchen and storage rooms.

- - - E N D - - -

**SECTION 09 51 00**  
**ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS**

**PART 1- GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

- A. Metal ceiling suspension system for acoustical ceilings.
- B. Acoustical units.
- C. Adhesive application.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Color, pattern, and location of each type of acoustical unit:  
See drawings.

**1.3 SUBMITTAL**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Samples:
  - 1. Acoustical units, each type, with label indicating conformance to specification requirements, including units specified to match existing.
  - 2. Colored markers for units providing access.
- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Ceiling suspension system, each type, showing complete details of installation, including suspension system specified to match existing and upward access system details for concealed grid systems.
  - 2. Acoustical units, each type
- D. Manufacturer's Certificates: Acoustical units, each type, in accordance with specification requirements.

**1.4 DEFINITIONS**

- A. Standard definitions as defined in ASTM C634.
- B. Terminology as defined in ASTM E1264.

**1.5 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in the text by basic designation only.
- B. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
  - A641/A641M-03.....Zinc-coated (Galvanized) Carbon Steel Wire
  - A653/A653M-07.....Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process
  - C423-07.....Sound Absorption and Sound Absorption Coefficients by the Reverberation Room Method

- C634-02 (E2007).....Standard Terminology Relating to Environmental  
Acoustics
- C635-04.....Metal Suspension Systems for Acoustical Tile and  
Lay-in Panel Ceilings
- C636-06.....Installation of Metal Ceiling Suspension Systems  
for Acoustical Tile and Lay-in Panels
- E84-07.....Surface Burning Characteristics of Building  
Materials
- E119-07.....Fire Tests of Building Construction and  
Materials
- E413-04.....Classification for Rating Sound Insulation.
- E580-06.....Application of Ceiling Suspension Systems for  
Acoustical Tile and Lay-in Panels in Areas  
Requiring Seismic Restraint
- E1264-(R2005).....Classification for Acoustical Ceiling Products

## **PART 2- PRODUCTS**

### **2.1 METAL SUSPENSION SYSTEM**

- A. ASTM C635, heavy-duty system, except as otherwise specified.
1. Ceiling suspension system members may be fabricated from either of the following unless specified otherwise.
    - a. Galvanized cold-rolled steel, bonderized.
    - b. Extruded aluminum.
    - c. Fire resistant plastic (glass fiber) having a flame spread and smoke developed rating of not more than 25 when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
  2. Use same construction for cross runners as main runners. Use of lighter-duty sections for cross runners is not acceptable.
  3. Use aluminum suspension in kitchens and aluminum or fire resistant plastic in toilets adjacent to shower areas, hydrotherapy, and swimming pools.
- B. Exposed grid suspension system for support of lay-in panels:
1. Exposed grid width not less than 22 mm (7/8 inch) with not less than 8 mm (5/16 inch) panel bearing surface.
  2. Fabricate wall molding and other special molding from the same material with same exposed width and finish as the exposed grid members.
  3. On exposed metal surfaces apply baked-on enamel flat texture finish in color to match adjacent acoustical units unless specified otherwise.

C. Concealed grid suspension system for support of mineral base acoustical tile:

1. Concealed grid upward access suspension system to provide an initial opening of 300 mm by 600 mm (12 by 24 inches) and for removal of adjacent runners and tile without the use of special tools, and without damage to suspension system and acoustical tile.
2. Minimum flange width of 22 mm (7/8 inch) except for access hook and angle.
3. Minimum flange width of 11 mm (7/16 inch) for access hook and angle.

D. Suspension system for support of Metal Type V, VI, and VII tiles:

Concealed grid type having runners designed for the snap-in attachment of metal tile (pans).

## **2.2 PERIMETER SEAL**

- A. Vinyl, polyethylene or polyurethane open cell sponge material having density of 1.3 plus or minus 10 percent, compression set less than 10 percent with pressure sensitive adhesive coating on one side.
- B. Thickness as required to fill voids between back of wall molding and finish wall.
- C. Not less than 9 mm (3/8 inch) wide strip.

## **2.3 WIRE**

- A. ASTM A641.
- B. For wire hangers: Minimum diameter 2.68 mm (0.1055 inch).
- C. For bracing wires: Minimum diameter 3.43 mm (0.1350 inch).

## **2.4 ANCHORS AND INSERTS**

- A. Use anchors or inserts to support twice the loads imposed by hangers attached thereto.
- B. Hanger Inserts:
  1. Fabricate inserts from steel, zinc-coated (galvanized after fabrication).
  2. Nailing type option for wood forms:
    - a. Upper portion designed for anchorage in concrete and positioning lower portion below surface of concrete approximately 25 mm (one inch).
    - b. Lower portion provided with not less than 8 mm (5/16 inch) hole to permit attachment of hangers.
  3. Flush ceiling insert type:
    - a. Designed to provide a shell covered opening over a wire loop to permit attachment of hangers and keep concrete out of insert recess.

- b. Insert opening inside shell approximately 16 mm (5/8 inch) wide by 9 mm (3/8 inch) high over top of wire.
  - c. Wire 5 mm (3/16 inch) diameter with length to provide positive hooked anchorage in concrete.
- C. Clips:
- 1. Galvanized steel.
  - 2. Designed to clamp to steel beam or bar joists, or secure framing member together.
  - 3. Designed to rigidly secure framing members together.
  - 4. Designed to sustain twice the loads imposed by hangers or items supported.
- D. Tile Splines: ASTM C635.

## 2.5 CARRYING CHANNELS FOR SECONDARY FRAMING

- A. Fabricate from cold-rolled or hot-rolled steel, black asphaltic paint finish, free of rust.
- B. Weighing not less than the following, per 300 m (per thousand linear feet):

Size mm	Size Inches	Cold-rolled		Hot-rolled	
		Kg	Pound	Kg	Pound
38	1 1/2	215.4	475	508	1120
50	2	267.6	590	571.5	1260

## 2.6 ADHESIVE

- A. ASTM D1779, having flame spread index of 25 or less when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
- B. Developing minimum strength of 7 kg/m<sup>2</sup> (one psi) of contact surface 48 hours after installation in temperature of 21 °C (70 °F).

## 2.7 ACOUSTICAL UNITS

- A. General:
  - 1. Ceiling Tile shall meet minimum 37% bio-based content in accordance with USDA Bio-Preferred Product requirements.
  - 2. ASTM E1264, weighing 3.6 kg/m<sup>2</sup> (3/4 psf) minimum for mineral fiber panels or tile.
  - 3. Class A Flame Spread: ASTM 84
  - 4. Minimum NRC (Noise Reduction Coefficient): 0.55 unless specified otherwise: ASTM C423.
  - 5. Minimum CAC (Ceiling Attenuation Class): 40-44 range unless specified otherwise: ASTM E413.

6. Manufacturers standard finish, minimum Light Reflectance (LR) coefficient of 0.75 on the exposed surfaces, except as specified otherwise.
7. Lay-in panels: Sizes as shown, with square edges.
- B. Type III Units - Mineral base with water-based painted finish less than 10 g/l VOC, Form 2 - Water felted, minimum 16 mm (5/8 inch) thick. Mineral base to contain minimum 65 percent recycled content.
- C. Type IV Units - Mineral base with membrane-faced overlay, Form 2 - Water felted, minimum 16 mm (5/8 inch) thick. Apply over the paint coat on the face of the unit a poly (vinyl) chloride overspray having a flame spread index of 25 or less when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
- H. Type III-A Units - Mineral base with painted finish.
  1. Form 1, modular, cast or molded.
  2. Minimum NRC of 0.75.
  3. Minimum thickness of 19 mm (3/4 inch) and weight of 4.9 Kg/sq m (one pound per square foot).

## 2.9 ACCESS IDENTIFICATION

- A. Markers:
  1. Use colored markers with pressure sensitive adhesive on one side.
  2. Make colored markers of paper or plastic, 6 to 9 mm (1/4 to 3/8 inch) in diameter.
- B. Use markers of the same diameter throughout building.
- C. Color Code: Use following color markers for service identification:

Color.....	Service
Red.....	Sprinkler System: Valves and Controls
Green.....	Domestic Water: Valves and Controls
Yellow.....	Chilled Water and Heating Water
Orange.....	Ductwork: Fire Dampers
Blue.....	Ductwork: Dampers and Controls
Black.....	Gas: Laboratory, Medical, Air and Vacuum

## PART 3 EXECUTION

### 3.1 CEILING TREATMENT

- A. Treatment of ceilings shall include sides and soffits of ceiling beams, furred work 600 mm (24 inches) wide and over, and vertical surfaces at changes in ceiling heights unless otherwise shown. Install acoustic tiles after wet finishes have been installed and solvents have cured.
- B. Lay out acoustical units symmetrically about center lines of each room or space unless shown otherwise on reflected ceiling plan.
- C. Moldings:

1. Install metal wall molding at perimeter of room, column, or edge at vertical surfaces.
2. Install special shaped molding at changes in ceiling heights and at other breaks in ceiling construction to support acoustical units and to conceal their edges.

D. Perimeter Seal:

1. Install perimeter seal between vertical leg of wall molding and finish wall, partition, and other vertical surfaces.
2. Install perimeter seal to finish flush with exposed faces of horizontal legs of wall molding.

E. Existing ceiling:

1. Where extension of existing ceilings occur, match existing.
2. Where acoustical units are salvaged and reinstalled or joined, use salvaged units within a space. Do not mix new and salvaged units within a space which results in contrast between old and new acoustic units.
3. Comply with specifications for new acoustical units for new units required to match appearance of existing units.

### **3.2 CEILING SUSPENSION SYSTEM INSTALLATION**

A. General:

1. Install metal suspension system for acoustical tile and lay-in panels in accordance with ASTM C636, except as specified otherwise.
2. Use direct or indirect hung suspension system or combination thereof as defined in ASTM C635.
3. Support a maximum area of 1.48 m<sup>2</sup> (16 sf) of ceiling per hanger.
4. Prevent deflection in excess of 1/360 of span of cross runner and main runner.
5. Provide extra hangers, minimum of one hanger at each corner of each item of mechanical, electrical and miscellaneous equipment supported by ceiling suspension system not having separate support or hangers.
6. Provide not less than 100 mm (4 inch) clearance from the exposed face of the acoustical units to the underside of ducts, pipe, conduit, secondary suspension channels, concrete beams or joists; and steel beam or bar joist unless furred system is shown,
7. Use main runners not less than 1200 mm (48 inches) in length.
8. Install hanger wires vertically. Angled wires are not acceptable except for seismic restraint bracing wires.

B. Anchorage to Structure:

1. Concrete:

- a. Install hanger inserts and wire loops required for support of hanger // and bracing // wire in concrete forms before concrete is placed. Install hanger wires with looped ends through steel deck if steel deck does not have attachment device.
  - b. Use eye pins or threaded studs with screw-on eyes in existing or already placed concrete structures to support hanger // and bracing // wire. Install in sides of concrete beams or joists at mid height.
2. Steel:
- a. When steel framing does not permit installation of hanger wires at spacing required, install carrying channels for attachment of hanger wires.
    - (1) Size and space carrying channels to insure that the maximum deflection specified will not be exceeded.
    - (2) Attach hangers to steel carrying channels, spaced four feet on center, unless area supported or deflection exceeds the amount specified.
  - b. Attach carrying channels to the bottom flange of steel beams spaced not 1200 mm (4 feet) on center before fire proofing is installed. Weld or use steel clips to attach to beam to develop full strength of carrying channel.
  - c. Attach hangers to bottom chord of bar joists or to carrying channels installed between the bar joists when hanger spacing prevents anchorage to joist. Rest carrying channels on top of the bottom chord of the bar joists, and securely wire tie or clip to joist.
- B. Direct Hung Suspension System:
1. As illustrated in ASTM C635.
  2. Support main runners by hanger wires attached directly to the structure overhead.
  3. Maximum spacing of hangers, 1200 mm (4 feet) on centers unless interference occurs by mechanical systems. Use indirect hung suspension system where not possible to maintain hanger spacing.
- C. Indirect Hung Suspension System:
1. As illustrated in ASTM C635.
  2. Space carrying channels for indirect hung suspension system not more than 1200 mm (4 feet) on center. Space hangers for carrying channels not more than 2400 mm (8 feet) on center or for carrying channels less than 1200 mm (4 feet) on center so as to insure that specified requirements are not exceeded.

3. Support main runners by specially designed clips attached to carrying channels.

### **3.3 ACOUSTICAL UNIT INSTALLATION**

- A. Cut acoustic units for perimeter borders and penetrations to fit tight against penetration for joint not concealed by molding.
- B. Install lay-in acoustic panels in exposed grid with not less than 6 mm (1/4 inch) bearing at edges on supports.
  1. Install tile to lay level and in full contact with exposed grid.
  2. Replace cracked, broken, stained, dirty, or tile not cut for minimum bearing.
- C. Tile in concealed grid upward access suspension system:
  1. Install acoustical tile with joints close, straight and true to line, and with exposed surfaces level and flush at joints.
  2. Make corners and arises full, and without worn or broken places.
  3. Locate acoustical units providing access as specified under Article, ACCESS.
- D. Adhesive applied tile:
  1. Condition of surface shall be in accordance with ASTM D1779, Note 1, Cleanliness of Surface, and Note 4, Rigidity of Base Surface.
  2. Size or seal surface as recommended by manufacturer of adhesive and allow to dry before installing units.
- E. Markers:
  1. Install markers of color code specified to identify the various concealed piping, mechanical, and plumbing systems.
  2. Attach colored markers to exposed grid on opposite sides of the units providing access.
  3. Attach marker on exposed ceiling surface of upward access acoustical unit.

### **3.5 CLEAN-UP AND COMPLETION**

- A. Replace damaged, discolored, dirty, cracked and broken acoustical units.
- B. Leave finished work free from defects.

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**SECTION 09 65 13**  
**RESILIENT BASE AND ACCESSORIES**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

This section specifies the installation of vinyl or rubber base.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Color and texture: See drawings.
- B. Integral base with sheet flooring: Section 09 65 16, RESILIENT SHEET FLOORING.

**1.3 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.
  - 2. Base and stair material manufacturer's recommendations for adhesives.
  - 3. Application and installation instructions.
- C. Samples:
  - 1. Base: 150 mm (6 inches) long, each type and color.
  - 2. Sheet Rubber Flooring: 300 mm (12 inches) square.
  - 3. Adhesive: Literature indicating each type.

**1.4 DELIVERY**

- A. Deliver materials to the site in original sealed packages or containers, clearly marked with the manufacturer's name or brand, type and color, production run number and date of manufacture.
- B. Materials from containers which have been distorted, damaged or opened prior to installation will be rejected.

**1.5 STORAGE**

- A. Store materials in weather tight and dry storage facility.
- B. Protect material from damage by handling and construction operations before, during, and after installation.

**1.6 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. The publication listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
  - F1344-10.....Rubber Floor Tile
  - F1859-10.....Rubber Sheet Floor Covering without Backing
  - F1860-10.....Rubber Sheet Floor Covering with Backing
  - F1861-08.....Resilient Wall Base

C. Federal Specifications (Fed. Spec.):

RR-T-650E.....Treads, Metallic and Non-Metallic, Nonskid

**PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

**2.1 GENERAL**

Use only products by the same manufacturer and from the same production run.

**2.2 RESILIENT BASE**

- A. ASTM F1861, 3 mm (1/8 inch) thick, 100 mm (4 inches) high, Thermoplastics, Group 2-layered. Style B-cove.
- B. Where carpet occurs, use Style A-straight.
- C. Use only one type of base throughout.

**2.3 RESILIENT TREADS: NOT USED**

**2.4 SHEET RUBBER FLOORING**

- A. ASTM F1344, F1859 or F1860, 900 mm (36 inches) wide, 3 mm (1/8 inch) thick, smooth face, material by the same manufacturer as the rubber treads, color and pattern to match treads.
- B. Use for stair landings.
- C. Use rubber flooring made with a minimum of 90% consumer rubber where possible.

**2.5 PRIMER (FOR CONCRETE FLOORS)**

As recommended by the adhesive and tile manufacturer.

**2.6 LEVELING COMPOUND (FOR CONCRETE FLOORS)**

Provide products with latex or polyvinyl acetate resins in the mix.

**2.7 ADHESIVES**

- A. Use products recommended by the material manufacturer for the conditions of use.
- B. Use low-VOC adhesive during installation. Water based adhesive with low VOC is preferred over solvent based adhesive.

**PART 3 - EXECUTION**

**3.1 PROJECT CONDITIONS**

- A. Maintain temperature of materials above 21° C (70 °F), for 48 hours before installation.
- B. Maintain temperature of rooms where work occurs, between 21° C and 27° C (70°F and 80°F) for at least 48 hours, before, during, and after installation.
- C. Do not install materials until building is permanently enclosed and wet construction is complete, dry, and cured.

### **3.2 INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS**

- A. The respective manufacturer's instructions for application and installation will be considered for use when approved by the Resident Engineer.
- B. Submit proposed installation deviation from this specification to the Resident Engineer indicating the differences in the method of installation.
- C. The Resident Engineer reserves the right to have test portions of material installation removed to check for non-uniform adhesion and spotty adhesive coverage.

### **3.3 PREPARATION**

- A. Examine surfaces on which material is to be installed.
- B. Fill cracks, pits, and dents with leveling compound.
- C. Level to 3 mm (1/8 inch) maximum variations.
- D. Do not use adhesive for leveling or filling.
- E. Grind, sand, or cut away protrusions; grind high spots.
- F. Clean substrate area of oil, grease, dust, paint, and deleterious substances.
- G. Substrate area dry and cured. Perform manufacturer's recommended bond and moisture test.
- H. Preparation of existing installation:
  - 1. Remove existing base and stair treads including adhesive.
  - 2. Do not use solvents to remove adhesives.
  - 3. Prepare substrate as specified.

### **3.4 BASE INSTALLATION**

- A. Location:
  - 1. Unless otherwise specified or shown, where base is scheduled, install base over toe space of base of casework, lockers, laboratory, pharmacy furniture island cabinets and where other equipment occurs.
  - 2. Extend base scheduled for room into adjacent closet, alcoves, and around columns.
- B. Application:
  - 1. Apply adhesive uniformly with no bare spots.
  - 2. Set base with joints aligned and butted to touch for entire height.
  - 3. Before starting installation, layout base material to provide the minimum number of joints with no strip less than 600 mm (24 inches) length.
    - a. Short pieces to save material will not be permitted.

- b. Locate joints as remote from corners as the material lengths or the wall configuration will permit.
- C. Form corners and end stops as follows:
  - 1. Score back of outside corner.
  - 2. Score face of inside corner and notch cove.
- D. Roll base for complete adhesion.

### **3.5 NOT USED**

### **3.6 SHEET RUBBER INSTALLATION.**

- A. Prepare surfaces to receive sheet rubber in accordance with applicable portions of paragraph, preparation.
- B. Layout of Sheet Rubber:
  - 1. Use minimum number of joints compatible with material direction and symmetrical joint location.
  - 2. Where sheet rubber intersect vertical stair members, other sheets, stair treads, and other resilient materials at the floor landings, material shall touch for the entire length within 5 mils (0.005 inch).
  - 3. Install sheet rubber on floors and intermediate landings where resilient stair treads are installed; center joint with other flooring material under doors.
- C. Application:
  - 1. Apply adhesive uniformly with no bare spots.
  - 2. Roll sheet rubber to assure adhesion.

### **3.7 CLEANING AND PROTECTION**

- A. Clean all exposed surfaces of base and adjoining areas of adhesive spatter before it sets.
- B. Keep traffic off resilient material for at least 72 hours after installation.
- C. Clean and polish materials in the following order:
  - 1. After two weeks, scrub resilient base, sheet rubber and treads materials with a minimum amount of water and a mild detergent. Leave surfaces clean and free of detergent residue. Polish resilient base to a gloss finish.
  - 2. Do not polish tread and sheet rubber materials.
- D. When construction traffic is anticipated, cover tread materials with reinforced kraft paper and plywood or hardboard properly secured and maintained until removal is directed by the Resident Engineer.
- E. Where protective materials are removed and immediately prior to acceptance, replace damaged materials and re-clean resilient materials.

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI VA MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

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Damaged materials are defined as having cuts, gouges, scrapes or tears  
and not fully adhered.

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**SECTION 09 65 16**  
**RESILIENT SHEET FLOORING**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

- A. This Section specifies the installation of sheet flooring with backing and integral cove base.
- B. Grades of resilient sheet vinyl floor covering without backing having vinyl plastic wearlayer with backing.
- C. Installation of sheet flooring including following:
  - 1. Heat welded seams.
  - 2. Integral cove base: Installed at intersection of floor and vertical surfaces.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- B. Color, pattern and texture: See drawings.
- D. Resilient base including over base of lockers, equipment and casework: Section 09 65 13, RESILIENT BASE AND ACCESSORIES.

**1.3 QUALITY CONTROL-QUALIFICATIONS:**

- A. The Contracting Officer shall approve products or service of proposed manufacturer, suppliers, and installers, and the Contractor shall submit certification that:
  - 1. Heat welded seaming is manufacturer's prescribed method of installation.
  - 2. Installer is approved by manufacturer of materials and has technical qualifications, experience, trained personnel, and facilities to install specified items.
  - 3. Manufacturer's product submitted has been in satisfactory operation, on three installations similar and equivalent in size to this project for three years. Submit list of installations.
- B. The sheet vinyl floor coverings shall meet fire performance characteristics as determined by testing products, per ASTM test method, indicated below by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL) or another recognized testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. Critical Radiant Flux: 0.45 watts per sq. cm or more, Class I, per ASTM E648.
  - 2. Smoke Density: Less than 450 per ASTM E662.
- C. The floor covering manufacturer shall certify that products supplied for installation comply with local regulations controlling use of volatile organic compounds (VOC's).

#### **1.4 SUBMITTALS**

- A. In accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES, submit following:
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of resilient material and accessories to be provided.
  - 2. Resilient material manufacturer's recommendations for adhesives, weld rods, sealants, and underlayment.
  - 3. Application and installation instructions.
- C. Samples:
  - 1. Sheet material, 38 mm by 300 mm (1-1/2 inch by 12 inch), of each color and pattern with a welded seam using proposed welding rod 300 mm (12 inches) square for each type, pattern and color.
  - 2. Cap strip and fillet strip, 300 mm (12 inches) for integral base.
  - 3. Shop Drawings and Certificates: Layout of joints showing patterns where joints are expressed, and type and location of obscure type joints. Indicate orientation of directional patterns.
  - 4. Certificates: Quality Control Certificate Submittals and lists specified in paragraph, QUALIFICATIONS.
  - 5. Edge strips: 150 mm (6 inches) long each type.
  - 6. Adhesive, underlayment and primer: Pint container, each type.

#### **1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS**

- A. Maintain temperature of floor materials and room, where work occurs, above 18 ° C (65 °F) and below 38 °C (100 °F) for 48 hours before, during and for 48 hours after installation. After above period, room temperature shall not fall below 13 °C (55 °F).
- B. Construction in or near areas to receive flooring work shall be complete, dry and cured. Do not install resilient flooring over slabs until they have been cured and are sufficiently dry to achieve a bond with adhesive. Follow flooring manufacturer's recommendations for bond and moisture testing.
- C. Building shall be permanently enclosed. Schedule construction so that floor receives no construction traffic when completed.

#### **1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING**

- A. Deliver materials to site in original sealed packages or containers; labeled for identification with manufacturer's name and brand.
- B. Deliver sheet flooring full width roll, completely enclosed in factory wrap, clearly marked with the manufacturer's number, type and color, production run number and manufacture date.

- C. Store materials in weathertight and dry storage facility. Protect from damage due to handling, weather, and construction operations before, during and after installation. Store sheet flooring on end with ambient temperatures maintained as recommended by manufacturer.
- D. Store sheet flooring on end.
- E. Move sheet vinyl floor coverings and installation accessories into spaces where they will be installed at least 48 hours in advance of installation.

#### **1.7 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by basic designation only.
- B. American Society For Testing Materials (ASTM):
  - E648-09.....Critical Radiant Flux of Floor-Covering Systems Using a Radiant Energy Source.
  - E662-09.....Specific Optical Density of Smoke Generated by Solid Materials.
  - F710-08.....Practice for Preparing Concrete Floors and Other Monolithic Floors to Receive Resilient Flooring.
  - F1303-04.....Sheet Vinyl Floor Covering with Backing.
  - F1869-04.....Moisture Vapor Emission Rate of Concrete Subfloor using Anhydrous Calcium Chloride
  - F1913-04.....Sheet Vinyl Flooring without Backing
  - F2170-09.....Determining Relative Humidity in Concrete Floor Slabs using In-situ Probes
- C. Resilient Floor Covering Institute (RFCI):
  - Recommended Work Practices for Removal of Resilient Floor Coverings.

#### **1.8 SCHEDULING**

Interior finish work such as plastering, drywall finishing, concrete, terrazzo, ceiling work, and painting work shall be complete and dry before installation. Mechanical, electrical, and other work above ceiling line shall be completed. Heating, ventilating, and air conditioning systems shall be installed and operating in order to maintain temperature and humidity requirements.

#### **1.9 WARRANTY:**

Submit written warranty, in accordance with FAR clause 52.246-21, Warranty of Construction requirements except that warranty period shall be extended to include two (2) years.

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### **2.1 SHEET VINYL FLOOR COVERINGS**

- A. Sheet Vinyl Floor Coverings: Smooth face, minimum thickness nominal 2 mm (0.08 inch). Sheet flooring shall conform to ASTM F1913 and material requirements specified in ASTM F1303, Type II, Grade 1, backing classification not applicable. Foam backed sheet flooring is not acceptable.
- B. Size: Provide maximum size sheet vinyl material produced by manufacturer to provide minimum number of joints. Minimum size width acceptable - 1200 mm (48 inches).
- C. Each color and pattern of sheet flooring shall be of same production run.

### **2.2 WELDING ROD:**

Product of floor covering manufacturer in color shall match field color of sheet vinyl covering.

### **2.3 APPLICATION MATERIALS AND ACCESSORIES**

- A. Floor and Base Adhesive: Type recommended by sheet flooring material manufacturer for conditions of use.
- B. Mastic Underlayment (for concrete floors): Provide products with latex or polyvinyl acetate resins in mix. Condition to be corrected shall determine type of underlayment selected for use.
- C. Base Accessories:
  - 1. Fillet Strip: 19 mm (3/4 inch) radius fillet strip compatible with resilient sheet material.
  - 2. Cap Strip: Extruded flanged zero edge vinyl reducer strip approximately 25 mm (one inch) exposed height with 13 mm (1/2 inch) flange.

### **2.4 SHEET FLOORING**

- A. ASTM F1303, Type II, Grade 1, except for backing requirements. Foam backed sheet flooring is not acceptable.
- B. Minimum nominal thickness 2 mm (0.08 inch); 1800 mm (6 ft) minimum width.
- C. Critical Radiant Flux: 0.45 watts per sq.cm or more, Class I, per ASTM E648.
- D. Smoke density: less than 450 per ASTM E662.
- E. Color and pattern of sheet flooring of the same production run.

### **2.5 ADHESIVES**

Water resistant type recommended by the sheet flooring manufacturer for the conditions of use. VOC not to exceed 50g/L

## **2.6 BASE CAP STRIP AND COVE STRIP**

- A. Extruded vinyl compatible with the sheet flooring.
- B. Cap strip "J" shape with feathered edge flange approximately 25 mm (one inch) wide; top designed to receive sheet flooring with 13 mm (1/2 inch) flange lapping top of flooring
- C. Cove strip 70 mm (2-3/4 inch) radius.
- D. When door frames with hospital stops are installed, a 6" cove base will be used.

## **2.7 LEVELING COMPOUND (FOR CONCRETE FLOORS)**

Provide cementitious products with latex or polyvinyl acetate resins in the mix.

## **2.8 PRIMER (FOR CONCRETE SUBFLOORS)**

As recommended by the adhesive or sheet flooring manufacturer.

## **2.9 EDGE STRIPS**

- A. Extruded aluminum, mill finish, mechanically cleaned.
- B. 28 mm (1-1/8 inch) wide, 6 mm (1/4 inch) thick, bevel one edge to 3 mm (1/8 inch) thick.
- C. Drill and counter sink edge strips for flat head screws. Space holes near ends and approximately 225 mm (9 inches) on center in between.

## **2.10 SEALANT**

- A. As specified in Section 07 92 00, JOINT SEALANTS.
- B. Compatible with sheet flooring.

# **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

## **3.1 PROJECT CONDITIONS**

- A. Maintain temperature of sheet flooring above 36 °C (65 °F), for 48 hours before installation.
- B. Maintain temperature of rooms where sheet flooring work occurs above 36 °C (65 °F), for 48 hours, before installation and during installation.
- C. After installation, maintain temperature at or above 36 °C (65 °F.)
- D. Building is permanently enclosed.
- E. Wet construction in or near areas to receive sheet flooring is complete, dry and cured.

## **3.2 SUBFLOOR PREPARATION**

- A. Concrete Subfloors: Verify that concrete slabs comply with ASTM F710.
  - 1. Installer shall examine surfaces on which resilient sheet flooring is to be installed, and shall advise Contractor, in writing, of areas which are unacceptable for installation of flooring material.  
Installer shall advise Contractor which methods are to be used to

- correct conditions that will impair proper installation. Installation shall not proceed until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
2. Slab substrates dry, free of curing compounds, sealers, hardeners, and other materials which would interfere with bonding of adhesive. Determine adhesion and dryness characteristics by performing bond and moisture tests recommended by Resilient Floor Covering Institute recommendations in manual RFCI-MRP.
- B. Broom or vacuum clean substrates to be covered by sheet vinyl floor coverings immediately before installation. Following cleaning, examine substrates to determine if there is visually any evidence of moisture, alkaline salts, carbonation, or dust.
- C. Primer: If recommended by flooring manufacturer, prior to application of adhesive, apply concrete slab primer in accordance with manufacturer's directions.
- D. Correct conditions which will impair proper installation, including trowel marks, pits, dents, protrusions, cracks or joints.
- E. Fill cracks, joints, depressions, and other irregularities in concrete with leveling compound.
1. Do not use adhesive for filling or leveling purposes.
  2. Do not use leveling compound to correct imperfections which can be corrected by spot grinding.
  3. Trowel to smooth surface free of trowel marks, pits, dents, protrusions, cracks or joint lines.
- F. Clean floor of oil, paint, dust and deleterious substances. Leave floor dry and cured free of residue from existing curing or cleaning agents.
- G. Moisture Testing: Perform moisture and pH test as recommended by the flooring and adhesive manufacturers. Perform test locations starting on the deepest part of the concrete structure. Proceed with installation only after concrete substrates meet or exceed the manufacturer's requirements. In the absence of specific guidance from the flooring or adhesive manufacturer the following requirements are to be met:
1. Perform moisture vapor emission tests in accordance with ASTM F1869. Proceed with installation only after substrates have a maximum moisture-vapor-emission rate of 1.36 kg of water/92.9 sq. m (3lb of water/1000 sq. ft.) in 24 hours.
  2. Perform concrete internal relative humidity testing using situ probes in accordance with ASTM F2170. Proceed with installation only after concrete reaches maximum 75 percent relative humidity level measurement.

H. Preparation shall include the removal of existing resilient floor and existing adhesive. Do not use solvents to remove adhesives. Coordinate with Asbestos Abatement Section if asbestos abatement procedures will be involved.

### **3.3 INSTALLATION OF FLOORING**

- A. Install work in strict compliance with manufacturer's instructions and approved layout drawings.
- B. Maintain uniformity of sheet vinyl floor covering direction and avoid cross seams.
- C. Arrange for a minimum number of seams and place them in inconspicuous and low traffic areas, but in no case less than 150 mm (6 inches) away from parallel joints in flooring substrates.
- D. Match edges of resilient floor coverings for color shading and pattern at seams.
- E. Where resilient sheet flooring abuts other flooring material floors shall finish level.
- F. Extend sheet vinyl floor coverings into toe spaces, door reveals, closets, and similar openings.
- G. Inform the Resident Engineer of conflicts between this section and the manufacturer's instructions or recommendations for auxiliary materials, or installation methods, before proceeding.
- H. Install sheet in full coverage adhesives.
  - 1. Air pockets or loose edges will not be accepted.
  - 2. Trim sheet materials to touch in the length of intersection at pipes and vertical projections; seal joints at pipe with waterproof cement or sealant.
- I. Keep joints to a minimum; avoid small filler pieces or strips.
- J. Follow manufacturer's recommendations for seams at butt joints. Do not leave any open joints that would be readily visible from a standing position.
- K. Follow manufacturer's recommendations regarding pattern match, if applicable.
- L. Installation of Edge Strips:
  - 1. Locate edge strips under center lines of doors unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Set aluminum strips in adhesive, anchor with lead anchors and stainless steel Phillips screws.
- M. Integral Cove Base Installation:
  - 1. Set preformed fillet strip to receive base.

2. Install the base with adhesive, terminate expose edge with the cap strip.
3. Form internal and external corners to the geometric shape generated by the cove at either straight or radius corners.
4. Solvent weld joints as specified for the flooring. Seal cap strip to wall with an adhesive type sealant.
5. Unless otherwise specified or shown where sheet flooring is scheduled, provide integral base at intersection of floor and vertical surfaces. Provide sheet flooring and base scheduled for room on floors and walls under and behind areas where casework, laboratory and pharmacy furniture and other equipment occurs, except where mounted in wall recesses.

### **3.4 INSTALLATION OF INTEGRAL COVED BASE**

- A. Set preformed cove to receive base. Install base material with adhesive and terminate exposed edge with cap strip. Integral base shall be 150 mm (6 inches) high.
- B. Internal and external corners shall be formed to geometric shape generated by cove at either square or radius corners.

### **3.5 WELDING**

- A. Heat weld all joints of flooring and base using equipment and procedures recommended by flooring manufacturer.
- B. Welding shall consist of routing joint, inserting a welding rod into routed space, and terminally fusing into a homogeneous joint.
- C. Upon completion of welding, surface across joint shall finish flush, free from voids, and recessed or raised areas.
- D. Fusion of Material: Joint shall be fused a minimum of 65 percent through thickness of material, and after welding shall meet specified characteristics for flooring.

### **3.6 CLEANING**

- A. Clean small adhesive marks during application of sheet flooring and base before adhesive sets, excessive adhesive smearing will not be accepted.
- B. Remove visible adhesive and other surface blemishes using methods and cleaner recommended by floor covering manufacturers.
- C. Clean and polish materials per flooring manufacturer's written recommendations.
- D. Vacuum floor thoroughly.
- E. Do not wash floor until after period recommended by floor covering manufacturer and then prepare in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

- F. Upon completion, Resident Engineer shall inspect floor and base to ascertain that work was done in accordance with manufacturer's printed instructions.
- G. Perform initial maintenance according to flooring manufacturer's written recommendations.
- H. Perform Nora ProClean process to remove factory protective coating.
- I. Provide alternate process to Nora HighShine process as follows:
  - 1. Lightly mop or spray floor to wet surface - do not soak.
  - 2. Utilize repeated back and forth passes over area. Rewet when odor of rubber is unacceptable to VA, but do not soak.
  - 3. Continue until highly reflective shine is achieved, typically with 10 to 20 passes.

**3.7 PROTECTION:**

- A. Protect installed flooring as recommended by flooring manufacturer against damage from rolling loads, other trades, or placement of fixtures and furnishings.
- B. Keep traffic off sheet flooring for 24 hours after installation.
- C. Where construction traffic is anticipated, cover sheet flooring with reinforced kraft paper properly secured and maintained until removal is authorized by the Resident Engineer.
- D. Where protective materials are removed and immediately prior to acceptance, repair any damage, re-clean sheet flooring, lightly re-apply polish and buff floor.

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**SECTION 09 65 19**  
**RESILIENT TILE FLOORING**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

This section specifies the installation of solid vinyl tile flooring, vinyl composition tile flooring, rubber tile flooring, and accessories.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Color and pattern and location in room finish schedule: See drawings.
- B. Resilient Base: Section 09 65 13, RESILIENT BASE AND ACCESSORIES.

**1.3 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Description of each product.
  - 2. Resilient material manufacturers recommendations for adhesives, underlayment, primers and polish.
  - 3. Application and installation instructions.
- C. Samples:
  - 1. Tile: 300 mm by 300 mm (12 inches by 12 inches) for each type, pattern and color.
  - 2. Edge Strips: 150 mm (6 inches) long, each type.
  - 3. Feature Strips: 150 mm (6 inches) long.
- D. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Layout of patterns shown on the drawings.
  - 2. Edge strip locations showing types and detail cross sections.
- E. Test Reports:
  - 1. Abrasion resistance: Depth of wear for each tile type and color and volume loss of tile, certified by independent laboratory.
  - 2. Tested per ASTM F510.

**1.4 DELIVERY**

- A. Deliver materials to the site in original sealed packages or containers, clearly marked with the manufacturer's name or brand, type and color, production run number and date of manufacture.
- B. Materials from containers which have been distorted, damaged or opened prior to installation will be rejected.

**1.5 STORAGE**

- A. Store materials in weathertight and dry storage facility.
- B. Protect from damage from handling, water, and temperature.

## 1.6 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
  - D4078-02 (2008).....Water Emulsion Floor Finish
  - E648-10.....Critical Radiant Flux of Floor Covering Systems  
Using a Radiant Energy Source
  - E662-09.....Specific Optical Density of Smoke Generated by  
Solid Materials
  - E1155-96 (R2008).....Determining Floor Flatness and Floor Levelness  
Numbers
  - F510-93 (R 2008).....Resistance to Abrasion of Resilient Floor  
Coverings Using an Abrader with a Grit Feed  
Method
  - F710-08.....Preparing Concrete Floors to Receive Resilient  
Flooring
  - F1066-04 (R2010).....Vinyl Composition Floor Tile
  - F1344-10.....Rubber Floor Tile
  - F1700-04 (R2010).....Solid Vinyl Floor Tile
- C. Resilient Floor Covering Institute (RFCI):
  - IP #2.....Installation Practice for Vinyl Composition Tile  
(VCT)
- D. Federal Specifications (Fed. Spec.):
  - SS-T-312.....Tile Floor: Asphalt, Rubber, Vinyl and Vinyl  
Composition

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 GENERAL

- A. Furnish product type, materials of the same production run and meeting following criteria.
- B. Use adhesives, underlayment, primers and polish recommended by the floor resilient material manufacturer.
- C. Critical Radiant Flux: 0.45 watts per sq. cm or more, Class I, per ASTM E 648.
- D. Smoke density: Less than 450 per ASTM E662.

### 2.2 VINYL COMPOSITION TILE

- A. ASTM F1066, Composition 1, Class I (solid color, 300 mm (12 inches) square, 3 mm (1/8 inch) thick.
- B. Color and pattern uniformly distributed throughout thickness.

### **2.3 SOLID VINYL-TILE**

- A. ASTM F1700, 300 mm (12 by 12 inches) square, 3 mm (1/8 inch) thick, homogenous throughout.
- B. Color and Pattern uniformly distributed throughout thickness.
- C. Where solid vinyl tiles are specified, seek products with recycled content.

### **2.4 RUBBER TILE**

- A. ASTM F1344, Class 1, homogenous rubber tile, B, through mottled, 300 mm (12 inches) square, 3 mm (1/8 inch) thick.
- B. Color and pattern uniformly distributed throughout tile.
- C. Molded pattern wearing surface base thickness 3 mm (1/8 inch) thick.
- D. Where rubber tile is used provide tiles with a minimum of 90% post consumer rubber.

### **2.5 ADHESIVES**

- A. Comply with applicable regulations regarding toxic and hazardous materials Green Seal (GS-36) for commercial adhesive.
- B. Use low-VOC adhesive during installation. Water based is preferred over solvent based adhesives.

### **2.6 PRIMER (FOR CONCRETE SUBFLOORS)**

As recommended by the adhesive and tile manufacturer.

### **2.7 LEVELING COMPOUND (FOR CONCRETE FLOORS)**

- A. Provide cementitious products with latex or polyvinyl acetate resins in the mix.
- B. Determine the type of underlayment selected for use by the condition to be corrected.

### **2.8 POLISH AND CLEANERS**

- A. Cleaners RFCI CL-1.
- B. Polish: ASTM D4078.

### **2.9 EDGE STRIPS**

- A. 28 mm (1-1/8 inch) wide unless shown otherwise.
- B. Bevel from maximum thickness to minimum thickness for flush joint unless shown otherwise.
- C. Extruded aluminum, mill finish, mechanically cleaned:
  - 1. Drill and counter sink edge strip for flat head screws.
  - 2. Space holes near ends and approximately 225 mm (9 inches) on center between.
- D. Resilient Edge Strip or Reducer Strip: Fed. Specs. SS-T-312, Solid vinyl.

## **2.10 SCREWS**

Stainless steel flat head screw.

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### **3.1 PROJECT CONDITIONS**

- A. Maintain temperature of materials a minimum of 22 °C (70 °F,) for 48 hours before installation.
- B. Maintain temperature of rooms where work occurs between 21 °C and 27 °C (70 °F and 80 °F), for at least 48 hours, before, during and after installation.
- C. Do not install flooring until building is permanently enclosed and wet construction in or near areas to receive tile materials is complete, dry and cured.

### **3.2 SUBFLOOR PREPARATION**

- A. Verify that concrete slabs comply with ASTM F710. At existing slabs, determine levelness by F-number method in accordance with ASTM E1155. Overall value shall not exceed as follows:  
FF30/FL20
- B. Correct conditions which will impair proper installation.
- C. Fill cracks, joints and other irregularities in concrete with leveling compound:
  - 1. Do not use adhesive for filling or leveling purposes.
  - 2. Do not use leveling compound to correct imperfections which can be corrected by spot grinding.
  - 3. Trowel to smooth surface free of trowel marks, pits, dents, protrusions, cracks or joints.
- D. Clean floor of oil, paint, dust, and deleterious substances: Leave floor dry and cured free of residue from existing curing or cleaning agents.
- E. Concrete Subfloor Testing:  
Determine Adhesion and dryness of the floor by bond and moisture tests as recommended by RFCI manual MRP.
- F. Perform additional subfloor preparation to obtain satisfactory adherence of flooring if subfloor test patches allows easy removal of tile.
- G. Prime the concrete subfloor if the primer will seal slab conditions that would inhibit bonding, or if priming is recommended by the tile or adhesive manufacturers.
- H. Preparation of existing installation shall include the removal of existing resilient floor and existing adhesive. Do not use solvents to remove adhesives.

### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Install in accordance with manufacturer's instructions for application and installation unless specified otherwise.
- B. Mix tile from at least two containers. An apparent line either of shades or pattern variance will not be accepted.
- C. Tile Layout:
  - 1. If layout is not shown on drawings, lay tile symmetrically about center of room or space with joints aligned.
  - 2. No tile shall be less than 150 mm (6 inches) and of equal width at walls.
  - 3. Place tile pattern in the same direction; do not alternate tiles.
- D. Trim tiles to touch for the length of intersections at pipes and vertical projections, seal joints at pipes with waterproof cement.
- E. Application:
  - 1. Apply adhesive uniformly with no bare spots.
    - a. Conform to RFC1-TM-6 for joint tightness and for corner intersection unless layout pattern shows random corner intersection.
    - b. More than 5 percent of the joints not touching will not be accepted.
  - 2. Roll tile floor with a minimum 45 kg (100 pound) roller. No exceptions.
  - 3. The Resident Engineer may have test tiles removed to check for non-uniform adhesion, spotty adhesive coverage, and ease of removal. Install new tile for broken removed tile.
- F. Installation of Edge Strips:
  - 1. Locate edge strips under center line of doors unless otherwise shown.
  - 2. Set resilient edge strips in adhesive. Anchor metal edge strips with anchors and screws specified.
  - 3. Where tile edge is exposed, butt edge strip to touch along tile edge.
  - 4. Where thin set ceramic tile abuts resilient tile, set edge strip against floor file and against the ceramic tile edge.

### 3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean adhesive marks on exposed surfaces during the application of resilient materials before the adhesive sets. Exposed adhesive is not acceptable.
- B. Keep traffic off resilient material for a minimum 72 hours after installation.
- C. Clean and polish materials in the following order:
  - 1. For the first two weeks sweep and damp mopped only.

2. After two weeks, scrub resilient materials with a minimum amount of water and a mild detergent. Leave surface clean and free of detergent residue.
3. Apply polish to the floors in accordance with the polish manufacturer's instructions.
- D. When construction traffic occurs over tile, cover resilient materials with reinforced kraft paper properly secured and maintained until removal is directed by Resident Engineer. At entrances and where wheeled vehicles or carts are used, cover tile with plywood, hardboard, or particle board over paper, secured and maintained until removal is directed by Resident Engineer.
- E. When protective materials are removed and immediately prior to acceptance, replace any damage tile, re-clean resilient materials, lightly re-apply polish and buff floors.

### 3.6 LOCATION

- A. Unless otherwise specified or shown, install tile flooring, on floor under areas where casework, laboratory and pharmacy furniture and other equipment occurs, except where mounted in wall recesses.
- B. Extend tile flooring for room into adjacent closets and alcoves.

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**SECTION 09 68 00**  
**CARPETING**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

Section specifies carpet, edge strips, adhesives, and other items required for complete installation.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Color and texture of carpet and edge strip: See drawings.
- B. Resilient wall base: Section 09 65 13, RESILIENT BASE AND ACCESSORIES.

**1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Carpet installed by mechanics certified by the Floor Covering Installation Board.
- B. Certify and label the carpet that it has been tested and meets criteria of CRI IAQ Carpet Testing Program for indoor air quality.

**1.4 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Product Data:
  - 1. Manufacturer's catalog data and printed documentation stating physical characteristics, durability, resistance to fading and flame resistance characteristics for each type of carpet material and installation accessory.
  - 2. Manufacturer's printed installation instructions for the carpet, including preparation of installation substrate, seaming techniques and recommended adhesives and tapes.
  - 3. Manufacturer's certificate verifying carpet containing recycled materials include percentage of recycled materials as specified.
- C. Samples:
  - 1. Carpet: "Production Quality" samples 300 x 300 mm (12 x 12 inches) of carpets, showing quality, pattern and color indicated on drawings.
  - 2. Floor Edge Strip (Molding): 150 mm (6 inches) long of each color and type specified.
  - 3. Base Edge Strip (Molding): 150 mm (6 inches) long of each color specified.
- D. Shop Drawings: Installers layout plan showing seams and cuts for sheet carpet and carpet module.
- E. Maintenance Data: Carpet manufacturer's maintenance instructions describing recommended type of cleaning equipment and material, spotting and cleaning methods and cleaning cycles.

### **1.5 DELIVERY AND STORAGE**

- A. Deliver carpet in manufacturer's original wrappings and packages clearly labeled with manufacturer's name, brand, name, size, dye lot number and related information.
- B. Deliver adhesives in containers clearly labeled with manufacturer's name, brand name, number, installation instructions, safety instructions and flash points.
- C. Store in a clean, dry, well ventilated area, protected from damage and soiling. Maintain storage space at a temperature above 16 degrees C (60 degrees F) for 2 days prior to installation.

### **1.6 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS**

Areas in which carpeting is to be installed shall be maintained at a temperature above 16 degrees C (60 degrees F) for 2 days before installation, during installation and for 2 days after installation. A minimum temperature of 13 degrees C (55 degrees F) shall be maintained thereafter for the duration of the contract. Traffic or movement of furniture or equipment in carpeted area shall not be permitted for 24 hours after installation. Other work which would damage the carpet shall be completed prior to installation of carpet.

### **1.7 WARRANTY**

Carpet and installation subject to terms of "Warranty of Construction" FAR clause 52.246-21, except that warranty period is extended to two years.

### **1.8 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Publication listed below form a part of this specification to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by basic designation only.
- B. American National Standards Institute (ANSI):  
ANSI/NSF 140-10.....Sustainable Carpet Assessment Standard
- C. American Association of Textile Chemists and Colorists (AATCC):  
AATCC 16-04.....Colorfastness to Light  
AATCC 129-10.....Colorfastness to Ozone in the Atmosphere under High Humidities  
AATCC 134-11.....Electric Static Propensity of Carpets  
AATCC 165-08.....Colorfastness to Crocking: Textile Floor  
Conerings-AATCC Crockmeter Method
- D. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):  
ASTM D1335-05.....Tuft Bind of Pile Yarn Floor Coverings

ASTM D3278-96 (R2004)...Flash Point of Liquids by Small Scale Closed-Cup  
Apparatus

ASTM D5116-10.....Determinations of Organic Emissions from Indoor  
Materials/Products

ASTM D5252-05.....Operation of the Hexapod Tumble Drum Tester

ASTM D5417-05.....Operation of the Vettermann Drum Tester

ASTM E648-10.....Critical Radiant Flux of Floor-Covering Systems  
Using a Radiant Heat Energy Source

E. The Carpet and Rug Institute (CRI):

CRI 104-11.....Installation of Commercial Carpet

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### **2.1 CARPET**

A. Physical Characteristics:

1. Carpet free of visual blemishes, streaks, poorly dyed areas, fuzzing of pile yarn, spots or stains and other physical and manufacturing defects.
2. Manufacturers standard construction commercial carpet:
  - a. Broadloom; maximum width to minimum use
  - b. Modular Tile: 660 mm (24 inches) square tile.
3. Provide static control to permanently control static build upto less than 2.0 kV when tested at 20 percent relative humidity and 21 degrees C (70 degrees F) in accordance with AATCC 134.
4. Pile Height: Maximum 3.25 mm (0.10 inch).
5. Pile Fiber: Nylon with recycled content 25 percent minimum branded (federally registered trademark).
6. Pile Type: Level Loop.
7. Backing materials: Manufacturer's unitary backing designed for glue-down installation using recovered materials.
8. Appearance Retention Rating (ARR): Carpet shall be tested and have the minimum 3.5-4.0 Severe ARR when tested in accordance with either the ASTM D 5252 (Hexapod) or ASTM D 5417 (Vettermann) test methods using the number of cycles for short and long term tests as specified.
9. Tuft Bind: Minimum force of 40 N (10 lb) required to pull a tuft or loop free from carpet backing. Test per ASTM D1335.
10. Colorfastness to Crocking: Dry and wet crocking and water bleed, comply with AATCC 165 Color Transference Chart for colors, minimum class 4 rating.
11. Colorfastness to Ozone: Comply with AATCC 129, minimum rating of 4 on the AATCC color transfer chart.

12. Delamination Strength: Minimum of 440 N/m (2.5 lb/inch) between secondary backing.
13. Flammability and Critical Radiant Flux Requirements:
  - a. Test Carpet in accordance with ASTM E 648.
  - b. Class I: Not less than 0.45 watts per square centimeter.
  - c. Class II: Not less than 0.22 watts per square centimeter.
  - d. Carpet in corridors, exits and Medical Facilities: Class I.
14. Density: Average Pile Yarn Density (APYD):
  - a. Corridors, lobbies, entrances, common areas or multipurpose rooms, open offices, waiting areas and dining areas: Minimum APYD 6000.
  - b. Other areas: Minimum APYD 4000.
15. VOC Limits: Use carpet and carpet adhesive that comply with the following limits for VOC content when tested according to ASTM D 5116:
  - a. Carpet, Total VOCs: 0.5 mg/sq.m x hr.
  - b. Carpet, 4-PC (4-Phenylcyclohexene): 0.05 mg/sq.m x hr.
  - c. Carpet, Formaldehyde: 0.05 mg/sq.m x hr.
  - d. Carpet, Styrene: 0.4 mg/sq.m x hr.
  - e. Adhesive, Total VOCs: 10.00 mg/sq.m x hr.
  - f. Adhesive, Formaldehyde: 0.05 mg/sq.m x hr.
  - g. Adhesive, 2-Ethyl-1-Hexanol: 3.00 mg/sq.m x hr.
- B. Shall meet platinum level of ANSI/NSF 140.
- C. Color, Texture, and Pattern: As indicated on drawings.

## **2.2 ADHESIVE AND CONCRETE PRIMER**

- A. Waterproof, resistant to cleaning solutions, steam and water, nonflammable, complies with air-quality standards as specified.  
Adhesives flashpoint minimum 60 degrees C (140 degrees F), complies with ASTM D 3278.
- B. Seam Adhesives: Waterproof, non-flammable and non-staining.

## **2.3 SEAMING TAPE**

- A. Permanently resistant to carpet cleaning solutions, steam, and water.
- B. Recommended by carpet manufacturer.

## **2.4 EDGE STRIPS (MOLDING)**

- A. Metal:
  1. Hammered surface aluminum, pinless, clamp down type designed for the carpet being installed.
  2. Floor flange not less than 38 mm (1-1/2 inches) wide, face not less than 16 mm (5/8 inch) wide.
  3. Finish: Clear anodic coating unless specified otherwise.

B. Vinyl Edge Strip:

1. Beveled floor flange minimum 50 mm (2 inches) wide.
2. Beveled surface to finish flush with carpet for tight joint and other side to floor finish.
3. Color as specified in on drawings:
  1. Vinyl "J" strip wall flange minimum of 38 mm (1-1/2 inches) wide with cap beveled from wall to finish flush with carpet being installed.
  2. Color as specified on drawings.

**2.5 LEVELING COMPOUND (FOR CONCRETE FLOORS)**

- A. Provide Portland cement bases polymer modifier with latex or polyvinyl acetate resin manufactured specifically for resurfacing and leveling concrete floors. Products containing gypsum are not acceptable.
- B. Determine the type of underlayment selected for use by condition to be corrected.

**PART 3 - EXECUTION**

**3.1 SURFACE PREPARATION**

- A. Examine surfaces on which carpeting is to be installed.
- B. Clean floor of oil, waxy films, paint, dust and deleterious substances that prevent adhesion, leave floor dry and cured, free of residue from curing or cleaning agents and existing carpet materials.
- C. Correct conditions which will impair proper installation, including trowel marks, pits, dents, protrusions, cracks or joints.
- D. Fill cracks, joints depressions, and other irregularities in concrete with leveling compound.
  1. Do not use adhesive for filling or leveling purposes.
  2. Do not use leveling compound to correct imperfections which can be corrected by spot grinding.
  3. Trowel to smooth surface free of trowel marks, pits, dents, protrusions, cracks or joint lines.
- E. Test new concrete subfloor prior to adhesive application for moisture and surface alkalinity per CRI 104 Section 6.3.1 or per ASTM E1907.

**3.2 CARPET INSTALLTION**

- A. Do not install carpet until work of other trades including painting is complete and dry.
- B. Install in accordance with CRI 104 direct glue down installation.
  1. Relax carpet in accordance with Section 6.4.
  2. Comply with indoor air quality recommendations noted in Section 6.5.
  3. Maintain temperature in accordance with Section 15.3.

- C. Secure carpet to subfloor of spaces with adhesive applied as recommended by carpet manufacturer.
- D. Follow carpet manufacturer's recommendations for matching pattern and texture directions.
- E. Cut openings in carpet where required for installing equipment, pipes, outlets, and penetrations.
  - 1. Bind or seal cut edge of sheet carpet and replace flanges or plates.
  - 2. Use additional adhesive to secure carpets around pipes and other vertical projections.
- G. Broadloom Carpet:
  - 1. Install per CRI 104, Section 8.
  - 2. Lay broadloom carpet lengthwise in longest dimension of space, with minimum seams, uniformly spaced to provide a tight smooth finish, free from movement when subjected to traffic.
  - 3. Use tape-seaming method to join sheet carpet edges. Do not leave visible seams.
- H. Carpet Modules:
  - 1. Install per CRI 104, Section 13, Adhesive Application.
  - 2. Lay carpet modules with pile in same direction unless specified otherwise.
  - 3. Install carpet modules so that cleaning methods and solutions do not cause dislocation of modules.
  - 4. Lay carpet modules uniformly to provide tight flush joints free from movement when subject to traffic.

### **3.3 EDGE STRIPS INSTALLATION**

- A. Install edge strips over exposed carpet edges adjacent to uncarpeted finish flooring.
- B. Anchor metal strips to floor with suitable fasteners. Apply adhesive to edge strips, insert carpet into lip and press it down over carpet.
- C. Anchor vinyl edge strip to floor with adhesive apply adhesive to edge strip and insert carpet into lip and press lip down over carpet.

### **3.4 PROTECTION AND CLEANING**

- A. Remove waste, fasteners and other cuttings from carpet floors.
- B. Vacuum carpet and provide suitable protection. Do not use polyethylene film.
- C. Do not permit traffic on carpeted surfaces for at least 48 hours after installation. Protect the carpet in accordance with CRI 104.
- D. Do not move furniture or equipment on unprotected carpeted surfaces.
- E. Just before final acceptance of work, remove protection and vacuum carpet clean.

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI VA MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

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**SECTION 09 72 16**  
**VINYL-COATED FABRIC WALL COVERINGS**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

Section specifies vinyl coated fabric wallcovering and installation.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Color, pattern, type, direction of hanging and areas to receive wallcovering: As scheduled on Architectural Drawing A400, SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES.
- B. SECTION 10 22 19 MOVABLE PARTITION SYSTEMS
- C. SECTION 10 22 26 PAIRED OPERABLE PARTITIONS

**1.3 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Samples:
  - 1. Each type and pattern as specified in Section 09 06 00, SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES.
  - 2. Size: Full width of mill run.
- C. Manufacturer's Certificates:
  - 1. Compliance with CFFA W-101D.
  - 2. Wallcovering manufacturer's approval of adhesive.
- D. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Primer and adhesive.
  - 2. Installation instructions.
  - 3. Maintenance instructions, including recommended materials and methods for maintaining wallcovering with precautions in use of cleaning material.

**1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Finish one complete space with each type (color and pattern) of wallcovering showing specified colors and patterns.
- B. Use approved sample spaces as a standard for work throughout the project.

**1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING**

- A. Deliver in original unopened containers bearing the manufacturer's name, brand name, and product designation.
- B. Store in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Handle to prevent damage to material.

## **1.6 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. Chemical Fabrics and Film Association, Inc., (CFFA):  
2575-96(R2011).....Vinyl Coated Fabric Wallcovering
- C. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)  
G21-09.....Determining Resistance of Synthetic Polymeric  
Materials to Fungi

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### **2.1 VINYL COATED FABRIC WALLCOVERING**

- A. Comply with CFFA-2575.
- B. Fungi Resistance: ASTM G21, rating of 0.
- C. Factory-applied clear delustered polyvinyl-fluoride (PVF) coating:
  - 1. Minimum 0.0125 mm (1/2 mil) thickness.
  - 2. Do not include PVF coating weight in minimum total weight.
  - 3. Fire hazard classification with PVF coating: Class A unless specified otherwise.
- D. Type III (Heavy Duty).

### **2.2 ADHESIVE**

- A. Use only water-based adhesive having volatile organic compounds not more than 50 g/l.
- B. Vermin and mildew resistant.

#### **SPEC WRITER NOTES:**

- 1. Edge guards are not desired. Preferred installation is corner to corner or break that does not leave edge exposed to potential mechanical damage.
- 2. Detail edge guard wainscot cap or trim if used.
- 3. Coordinate with Section 09 06 00, SCHEDULE FOR FINISHES.

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### **3.1 JOB CONDITIONS**

- A. Temperatures:
  - 1. Do not perform work until surfaces and materials have been maintained at minimum of 60 °F. for three days before work begins.
  - 2. Maintain minimum temperatures of 60 °F. until adhesives are dried or cured.
- B. Lighting:
  - 1. Do not proceed unless a minimum lighting level of 15 candlepower per square foot occurs.

2. Measure light level at mid-height of wall.

C. Ventilation:

1. Provide uniform continuous ventilation in space.

2. Ventilate for a time for not less than complete drying or curing of adhesive.

D. Protect other surfaces from damage which may be caused by this work.

E. Remove waste from building daily.

**3.2 SURFACE CONDITION**

A. Inspect surfaces to receive wallcoverings to assure that:

1. Patches and repairs are completed.

2. Surface are clean, smooth and prime painted.

B. Do not proceed until discovered defects have been corrected by other trades and surfaces are ready to receive wallcovering.

C. Carefully remove electrical outlet and switch plates, mechanical diffusers, escutcheons, registers, surface hardware, fittings and fastenings, prior to starting work.

D. Carefully store items for reinstallation.

//E. Install Edge Guard or Trim:

1. Locate where shown or specified.

2. Run edge guards from top of base to ceiling or wainscot cap in continuous length.

3. Run wainscot cap trim level unless shown otherwise.

4. Install as specified by manufacturer of edge guard or trim, in adhesive.

5. Smooth adhesive edge. Do not leave adhesive exposed to view.

6. Leave ready to receive wallcovering. //

**3.3 APPLICATION OF ADHESIVE**

A. Mix and apply adhesives in accordance with manufacturer's directions.

B. Prevent adhesive from getting on face of wallcovering.

C. Apply adhesive to wallcovering back.

**3.4 WALLCOVERING INSTALLATION**

A. Use wallcovering of same batch or run in an area. Use fabric rolls in consecutive numerical sequence of manufacture.

B. Install material completely adhered, smooth, clean, without wrinkles, air pockets, gaps or overlaps.

C. Extend wallcovering continuous behind non-built-in casework and other items which are close to but not bolted to or touching the walls.

D. Install wallcovering before installation of resilient base. Extend wallcovering not more than 6 mm (1/4 inch) below top of resilient base.

- E. Install panels consecutively in order in which they are cut from the roll including filling spaces above or below windows, doors, or similar penetrations.
- F. Do not install horizontal seams.
- G. Except on match patterns, hang fabric by reversing alternate strips, except as recommended by the manufacturer.
- H. Cutting:
  - 1. Cut on a work table with a straight edge.
  - 2. Joints or seams that are not cut clean are unacceptable.
  - 3. Trim additional selvage to achieve a color and pattern match at seams. Overlapped seams are not allowed.
  - 4. Do not double cut seams on wall unless specified.
  - 5. If double cutting on the wall is necessary, place a three inch strip of Type I wallcovering under pasted edge.
    - a. Do not cut into wall surface.
    - b. After cutting, remove strip and excess adhesive from seam before proceeding to next seam.
    - c. Smooth down seam in adhesive for tight bond and joint.
- I. Trim strip-matched patterns, which are not factory pre-trimmed.
- J. Inside Corners:
  - 1. Wrap wallcovering around corner.
  - 2. Do not seam within 50 mm (2 inches) of inside corners.
  - 3. Double cut seam.
- K. Outside Corners:
  - 1. Wrap wallcovering around corner.
  - 2. Do not seam within 150 mm (6 inches) of outside corners.
  - 3. Double cut seam.

### **3.5 PATCHING**

- A. Replace surface damaged wallcovering in a space as specified for new work:
  - 1. Replace full height of surface.
  - 2. Replace from break in plane to break in plane when same batch or run is not used. Double cut seams.
  - 3. Adjoining differential colors from separate batches or runs are not acceptable.
- B. Correct loose or raised seams with adhesives to lay flat with tight bonded joint as specified for new work.

### **3.5 CLEANING AND INSTALLING TEMPORARY REMOVED ITEMS**

- A. Remove adhesive from wallcovering as work proceeds.

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI VA MEDICAL CENTER  
MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

11-11

- B. Remove adhesives where spilled, splashed or splattered on wallcoverings or adjacent surfaces in a manner not to damage surface from which it is removed.
- C. Reinstall previously removed electrical outlet and switch plates, mechanical diffusers, escutcheons, registers, surface hardware, fittings and fastenings.

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06-01-12

**SECTION 09 91 00**  
**PAINTING**

**PART 1-GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

- A. Section specifies field painting.
- B. Section specifies prime coats which may be applied in shop under other sections.
- C. Painting includes shellacs, stains, varnishes, coatings specified, and striping or markers and identity markings.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals: Division 05 - METALS, Division 08 - OPENINGS, Division 10 - SPECIALTIES, Division 11 - EQUIPMENT, Division 12 - FURNISHINGS, Division 13 - SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION, Division 14 - CONVEYING EQUIPMENT, Division 21 - FIRE SUPPRESSION, Division 22 - PLUMBING, Division 23 - HEATING, VENTILATION AND AIR-CONDITIONING, Division 26 - ELECTRICAL, Division 27 - COMMUNICATIONS, and Division 28 - ELECTRONIC SAFETY AND SECURITY sections.

**1.3 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:  
Before work is started, or sample panels are prepared, submit manufacturer's literature, the current Master Painters Institute (MPI) "Approved Product List" indicating brand label, product name and product code as of the date of contract award, will be used to determine compliance with the submittal requirements of this specification. The Contractor may choose to use subsequent MPI "Approved Product List", however, only one list may be used for the entire contract and each coating system is to be from a single manufacturer. All coats on a particular substrate must be from a single manufacturer. No variation from the MPI "Approved Product List" where applicable is acceptable.
- C. Sample Panels:
  - 1. After painters' materials have been approved and before work is started submit sample panels showing each type of finish and color specified.
  - 2. Panels to show color: Composition board, 100 by 250 by 3 mm (4 inch by 10 inch by 1/8 inch).
  - 3. Attach labels to panel stating the following:
    - a. Federal Specification Number or manufacturers name and product number of paints used.

06-01-12

- b. Product type and color.
- c. Formula for paint color.
- d. Name of project.
- 4. Strips showing not less than 50 mm (2 inch) wide strips of undercoats and 100 mm (4 inch) wide strip of finish coat.
- D. Sample of identity markers if used.
- E. Manufacturers' Certificates indicating compliance with specified requirements:
  - 1. Manufacturer's paint substituted for Federal Specification paints meets or exceeds performance of paint specified.
  - 2. High temperature aluminum paint.
  - 3. Epoxy coating.
  - 4. Intumescent clear coating or fire retardant paint.
  - 5. Plastic floor coating.

#### **1.4 DELIVERY AND STORAGE**

- A. Deliver materials to site in manufacturer's sealed container marked to show following:
  - 1. Name of manufacturer.
  - 2. Product type.
  - 3. Batch number.
  - 4. Instructions for use.
  - 5. Safety precautions.
- B. In addition to manufacturer's label, provide a label legibly printed as following:
  - 1. Federal Specification Number, where applicable, and name of material.
  - 2. Surface upon which material is to be applied.
  - 3. If paint or other coating, state coat types; prime, body or finish.
- C. Maintain space for storage, and handling of painting materials and equipment in a neat and orderly condition to prevent spontaneous combustion from occurring or igniting adjacent items.
- D. Store materials at site at least 24 hours before using, at a temperature between 18 and 30 degrees C (65 and 85 degrees F).

#### **1.5 MOCK-UP PANEL**

- A. Before starting application of water paint mixtures, apply paint as specified to an area, not to exceed 9 m<sup>2</sup> (100 ft<sup>2</sup>), selected by Resident Engineer.
- B. Finish and texture approved by COR will be used as a standard of quality for remainder of work.

06-01-12

## 1.6 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Publications are referenced in the text by basic designation only.
- B. American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH):  
ACGIH TLV-BKLT-2012.....Threshold Limit Values (TLV) for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs)  
ACGIH TLV-DOC-2012.....Documentation of Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices, (Seventh Edition)
- C. American National Standards Institute (ANSI):  
A13.1-07.....Scheme for the Identification of Piping Systems
- D. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):  
D260-86.....Boiled Linseed Oil
- E. Commercial Item Description (CID):  
A-A-1555.....Water Paint, Powder (Cementitious, White and Colors) (WPC) (cancelled)  
A-A-3120.....Paint, For Swimming Pools (RF) (cancelled)
- F. Federal Specifications (Fed Spec):  
TT-P-1411A.....Paint, Copolymer-Resin, Cementitious (For Waterproofing Concrete and Masonry Walls) (CEP)
- G. Master Painters Institute (MPI):  
No. 4-12.....Interior/ Exterior Latex Block Filler  
  
No. 43-12.....Interior Satin Latex, MPI Gloss Level 4  
No. 45-12.....Interior Primer Sealer  
  
No. 50-12.....Interior Latex Primer Sealer  
No. 51-12.....Interior Alkyd, Eggshell, MPI Gloss Level 3  
No. 52-12.....Interior Latex, MPI Gloss Level 3 (LE)  
No. 54-12.....Interior Latex, Semi-Gloss, MPI Gloss Level 5 (LE)  
No. 141-12.....Interior High Performance Latex (SG) MPI Gloss Level 5

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. All paint is to be Benjamin Moore.

06-01-12

- A. Identity markers options:
  - 1. Pressure sensitive vinyl markers.
- F. Interior/Exterior Latex Block Filler: MPI 4.
- B. Interior Satin Latex: MPI 43.
- C. Interior Primer Sealer: MPI 45.
- D. Interior Alkyd, Semi-Gloss (AK): MPI 47.
- E. Interior Latex Primer Sealer: MPI 50.

## **2.2 PAINT PROPERTIES**

- A. Use ready-mixed (including colors), except two component epoxies, polyurethanes, polyesters, paints having metallic powders packaged separately and paints requiring specified additives.
- B. Where no requirements are given in the referenced specifications for primers, use primers with pigment and vehicle, compatible with substrate and finish coats specified.

## **2.3 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS/QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Paint materials shall conform to the restrictions of the local Environmental and Toxic Control jurisdiction.
  - 1. Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC): VOC content of paint materials shall not exceed 10g/l for interior latex paints/primers and 50g/l for exterior latex paints and primers.
  - 2. Lead-Base Paint:
    - a. Comply with Section 410 of the Lead-Based Paint Poisoning Prevention Act, as amended, and with implementing regulations promulgated by Secretary of Housing and Urban Development.
    - b. Regulations concerning prohibition against use of lead-based paint in federal and federally assisted construction, or rehabilitation of residential structures are set forth in Subpart F, Title 24, Code of Federal Regulations, Department of Housing and Urban Development.
    - c. For lead-paint removal, see Section 02 83 33.13, LEAD-BASED PAINT REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL.
  - 3. Asbestos: Materials shall not contain asbestos.
  - 4. Chromate, Cadmium, Mercury, and Silica: Materials shall not contain zinc-chromate, strontium-chromate, Cadmium, mercury or mercury compounds or free crystalline silica.
  - 5. Human Carcinogens: Materials shall not contain any of the ACGIH-BKLT and ACGHI-DOC confirmed or suspected human carcinogens.
  - 6. Use high performance acrylic paints in place of alkyd paints, where possible.

06-01-12

7. VOC content for solvent-based paints shall not exceed 250g/l and shall not be formulated with more than one percent aromatic hydro carbons by weight.

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### **3.1 JOB CONDITIONS**

- A. Safety: Observe required safety regulations and manufacturer's warning and instructions for storage, handling and application of painting materials.
  1. Take necessary precautions to protect personnel and property from hazards due to falls, injuries, toxic fumes, fire, explosion, or other harm.
  2. Deposit soiled cleaning rags and waste materials in metal containers approved for that purpose. Dispose of such items off the site at end of each days work.
- B. Atmospheric and Surface Conditions:
  1. Do not apply coating when air or substrate conditions are:
    - a. Less than 3 degrees C (5 degrees F) above dew point.
    - b. Below 10 degrees C (50 degrees F) or over 35 degrees C (95 degrees F), unless specifically pre-approved by the Contracting Officer and the product manufacturer. Under no circumstances shall application conditions exceed manufacturer recommendations.
  2. Maintain interior temperatures until paint dries hard.
  3. Do no exterior painting when it is windy and dusty.
  4. Do not paint in direct sunlight or on surfaces that the sun will soon warm.
  5. Apply only on clean, dry and frost free surfaces except as follows:
    - a. Apply water thinned acrylic and cementitious paints to damp (not wet) surfaces where allowed by manufacturer's printed instructions.
    - b. Dampened with a fine mist of water on hot dry days concrete and masonry surfaces to which water thinned acrylic and cementitious paints are applied to prevent excessive suction and to cool surface.
  6. Varnishing:
    - a. Apply in clean areas and in still air.
    - b. Before varnishing vacuum and dust area.
    - c. Immediately before varnishing wipe down surfaces with a tack rag.

#### **3.2 SURFACE PREPARATION**

- A. Method of surface preparation is optional, provided results of finish painting produce solid even color and texture specified with no overlays.

06-01-12

B. General:

1. Remove prefinished items not to be painted such as lighting fixtures, escutcheon plates, hardware, trim, and similar items for reinstallation after paint is dried.
2. Remove items for reinstallation and complete painting of such items and adjacent areas when item or adjacent surface is not accessible or finish is different.
3. See other sections of specifications for specified surface conditions and prime coat.
4. Clean surfaces for painting with materials and methods compatible with substrate and specified finish. Remove any residue remaining from cleaning agents used. Do not use solvents, acid, or steam on concrete and masonry.

finished items with paint as recommended by manufacturer of item.

G. Gypsum Plaster and Gypsum Board:

1. Remove efflorescence, loose and chalking plaster or finishing materials.
2. Remove dust, dirt, and other deterrents to paint adhesion.
3. Fill holes, cracks, and other depressions with CID-A-A-1272A [Plaster, Gypsum (Spackling Compound) finished flush with adjacent surface, with texture to match texture of adjacent surface. Patch holes over 25 mm (1-inch) in diameter as specified in Section for plaster or gypsum board.

**3.3 PAINT PREPARATION**

- A. Thoroughly mix painting materials to ensure uniformity of color, complete dispersion of pigment and uniform composition.
- B. Do not thin unless necessary for application and when finish paint is used for body and prime coats. Use materials and quantities for thinning as specified in manufacturer's printed instructions.
- C. Remove paint skins, then strain paint through commercial paint strainer to remove lumps and other particles.
- D. Mix two component and two part paint and those requiring additives in such a manner as to uniformly blend as specified in manufacturer's printed instructions unless specified otherwise.
- E. For tinting required to produce exact shades specified, use color pigment recommended by the paint manufacturer.

**3.4 APPLICATION**

- A. Start of surface preparation or painting will be construed as acceptance of the surface as satisfactory for the application of materials.

06-01-12

- B. Unless otherwise specified, apply paint in three coats; prime, body, and finish. When two coats applied to prime coat are the same, first coat applied over primer is body coat and second coat is finish coat.
- C. Apply each coat evenly and cover substrate completely.
- D. Allow not less than 48 hours between application of succeeding coats, except as allowed by manufacturer's printed instructions, and approved by COR.
- E. Finish surfaces to show solid even color, free from runs, lumps, brushmarks, laps, holidays, or other defects.
- F. Apply by brush, roller or spray, except as otherwise specified.
- G. Do not spray paint in existing occupied spaces unless approved by COR, except in spaces sealed from existing occupied spaces.
  - 1. Apply painting materials specifically required by manufacturer to be applied by spraying.
  - 2. In areas, where paint is applied by spray, mask or enclose with polyethylene, or similar air tight material with edges and seams continuously sealed including items specified in WORK NOT PAINTED, motors, controls, telephone, and electrical equipment, fronts of sterilizes and other recessed equipment and similar prefinished items.
- I. Do not paint in closed position operable items such as access doors and panels, window sashes, overhead doors, and similar items except overhead roll-up doors and shutters.

### 3.5 PRIME PAINTING

- A. After surface preparation prime surfaces before application of body and finish coats, except as otherwise specified.
- B. Spot prime and apply body coat to damaged and abraded painted surfaces before applying succeeding coats.
- C. Additional field applied prime coats over shop or factory applied prime coats are not required except for exterior exposed steel apply an additional prime coat.
  - .  
: MPI 95 (Fast Drying Metal Primer) .
- D. Gypsum Board:
  - 1. Primer: MPI 50 (Interior Latex Primer Sealer) except use MPI 45 (Interior Primer Sealer) in shower and bathrooms.
- K. Concrete Floors: MPI 68 (Interior/ Exterior Latex Porch & Floor Paint, Gloss).

06-01-12

### **3.6 EXTERIOR FINISHES: NOT USED**

### **3.7 INTERIOR FINISHES**

- A. Apply following finish coats over prime coats in spaces or on surfaces indicated on room finish schedule.
- B. Metal Work:
  - 1. Apply to exposed surfaces.
  - 2. Omit body and finish coats on surfaces concealed after installation except electrical conduit containing conductors over 600 volts.
  - 3. Ferrous Metal, Galvanized Metal, and Other Metals Scheduled:
    - a. Apply two coats of MPI 47 (Interior Alkyd, Semi-Gloss (AK)) unless specified otherwise.
    - b. Two coats of MPI 51 (Interior Alkyd, Eggshell (AK)).
- C. Gypsum Board:
  - 1. One coat of MPI 45 (Interior Primer Sealer).
  - 2. Two coats of finish indicated in 09 06 05 MATERIALS SCHEDULE
- F. Wood:
  - 1. Sanding:
    - a. Use 220-grit sandpaper.
    - b. Sand sealers and varnish between coats.
    - c. Sand enough to scarify surface to assure good adhesion of subsequent coats, to level roughly applied sealer and varnish, and to knock off "whiskers" of any raised grain as well as dust particles.
  - 2. Sealers:
    - a. Apply sealers specified except sealer may be omitted where pigmented, penetrating, or wiping stains containing resins are used.
    - b. Allow manufacturer's recommended drying time before sanding, but not less than 24 hours or 36 hours in damp or muggy weather.
    - c. Sand as specified.
  - 3. Transparent Finishes on Wood Except Floors.
    - a. Stain Finish:
      - 1) One coat of MPI 90 (Interior Wood Stain, Semi-Transparent (WS)).
      - 2) Use wood stain of type and color required to achieve finish specified. Do not use varnish type stains.
    - b. Varnish Finish:
      - 2) Two coats of MPI 57 (Varnish, Interior, Polyurethane, Oil Modified, Clear Satin).
- G. Concrete Floors: One coat of MPI 68 (Interior/ Exterior Latex Porch & Floor Paint, Gloss (FE)).
- H. Miscellaneous:
  - 1. Apply where indicated on room finish schedule.

06-01-12

2. MPI 1 (Aluminum Paint): Two coats of aluminum paint.

### **3.8 REFINISHING EXISTING PAINTED SURFACES**

- A. Clean, patch and repair existing surfaces as specified under surface preparation.
- B. Remove and reinstall items as specified under surface preparation.
- C. Remove existing finishes or apply separation coats to prevent non compatible coatings from having contact.
- D. Patched or Replaced Areas in Surfaces and Components: Apply spot prime and body coats as specified for new work to repaired areas or replaced components.
- E. Except where scheduled for complete painting apply finish coat over plane surface to nearest break in plane, such as corner, reveal, or frame.
- F. Refinish areas as specified for new work to match adjoining work unless specified or scheduled otherwise.
- G. Coat knots and pitch streaks showing through old finish with MPI 36 (Knot Sealer) before refinishing.
- H. Sand or dull glossy surfaces prior to painting.
- I. Sand existing coatings to a feather edge so that transition between new and existing finish will not show in finished work.

### **3.9 PAINT COLOR**

- A. Color and gloss of finish coats is indicated on room finish schedule.
- B. For additional requirements regarding color see Articles, REFINISHING EXISTING PAINTED SURFACE and MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL FIELD PAINTING SCHEDULE.
- C. Coat Colors:
  - 1. Color of priming coat: Lighter than body coat.
  - 2. Color of body coat: Lighter than finish coat.
  - 3. Color prime and body coats to not show through the finish coat and to mask surface imperfections or contrasts.
- D. Painting, Caulking, Closures, and Fillers Adjacent to Casework:
  - 1. Paint to match color of casework where casework has a paint finish.
  - 2. Paint to match color of wall where casework is stainless steel, plastic laminate, or varnished wood.

### **3.10 MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL WORK FIELD PAINTING SCHEDULE**

- A. Field painting of mechanical and electrical consists of cleaning, touching-up abraded shop prime coats, and applying prime, body and finish coats to materials and equipment if not factory finished in space scheduled to be finished.

06-01-12

- B. In spaces not scheduled to be finish painted, paint as specified under paragraph H, colors.
- C. Paint various systems specified in Division 02 - EXISTING CONDITIONS, Division 21 - FIRE SUPPRESSION, Division 22 - PLUMBING, Division 23 - HEATING, VENTILATION AND AIR-CONDITIONING, Division 26 - ELECTRICAL, Division 27 - COMMUNICATIONS, and Division 28 - ELECTRONIC SAFETY AND SECURITY.
- D. Paint after tests have been completed.
- E. Omit prime coat from factory prime-coated items.
- F. Finish painting of mechanical and electrical equipment is not required when located in interstitial spaces, above suspended ceilings, in concealed areas such as pipe and electric closets, pipe basements, pipe tunnels, trenches, attics, roof spaces, shafts and furred spaces except on electrical conduit containing feeders 600 volts or more.
- G. Omit field painting of items specified in paragraph, Building and Structural WORK NOT PAINTED.
- H. Color:
  - 1. Paint items having no color specified to match surrounding surfaces.
  - 2. Paint colors as specified in room finish schedule except for following:
    - a. White .....Exterior unfinished surfaces of enameled plumbing fixtures. Insulation coverings on breeching and uptake inside boiler house, drums and drum-heads, oil heaters, condensate tanks and condensate piping.
    - b. Gray: .....Heating, ventilating, air conditioning and refrigeration equipment (except as required to match surrounding surfaces), and water and sewage treatment equipment and sewage ejection equipment.
    - c. Aluminum Color: Ferrous metal on outside of boilers and in connection with boiler settings including supporting doors and door frames and fuel oil burning equipment, and steam generation system (bare piping, fittings, hangers, supports, valves, traps and miscellaneous iron work in contact with pipe).
    - d. Federal Safety Red: Exposed fire protection piping hydrants, post indicators, electrical conducts containing fire alarm control wiring, and fire alarm equipment.
    - e. Federal Safety Orange: .Entire lengths of electrical conduits containing feeders 600 volts or more.
    - f. Color to match brickwork sheet metal covering on breeching outside of exterior wall of boiler house.

06-01-12

I. Apply paint systems on properly prepared and primed surface as follows:

1. Interior Locations:

- a. Apply two coats of MPI 47 (Interior Alkyd, Semi-Gloss (AK)) to following items:

- 1) Metal under 94 degrees C (200 degrees F) of items such as bare piping, fittings, hangers and supports.
- 2) Equipment and systems such as hinged covers and frames for control cabinets and boxes, cast-iron radiators, electric conduits and panel boards.
- 3) Heating, ventilating, air conditioning, plumbing equipment, and machinery having shop prime coat and not factory finished.

- b. Paint electrical conduits containing cables rated 600 volts or more using two coats of MPI 9 (Exterior Alkyd Enamel (EO)) in the Federal Safety Orange color in exposed and concealed spaces full length of conduit.

3. Other exposed locations:

- a. Metal surfaces, except aluminum, of cooling towers exposed to view, including connected pipes, rails, and ladders: Two coats of MPI 1 (Aluminum Paint (AP)).
- b. Cloth jackets of insulation of ducts and pipes in connection with plumbing, air conditioning, ventilating refrigeration and heating systems: One coat of MPI 50 (Interior Latex Primer Sealer) and one coat of MPI 11 (Exterior Latex Semi-Gloss (AE)).

**3.11 BUILDING AND STRUCTURAL WORK FIELD PAINTING**

A. Painting and finishing of interior and exterior work except as specified under paragraph 3.11 B.

1. Painting and finishing of new and existing work including colors and gloss of finish selected is indicated on room finish schedule.
2. Painting of disturbed, damaged and repaired or patched surfaces when entire space is not scheduled for complete repainting or refinishing.
3. Painting of ferrous metal and galvanized metal.
4. Identity painting and safety painting.

B. Building and Structural Work not Painted:

1. Prefinished items:

- a. Casework, doors, elevator entrances and cabs, metal panels, wall covering, and similar items specified factory finished under other sections.
- b. Factory finished equipment and pre-engineered metal building components such as metal roof and wall panels.

2. Finished surfaces:

06-01-12

- a. Hardware except ferrous metal.
- b. Anodized aluminum, stainless steel, chromium plating, copper, and brass, except as otherwise specified.
- c. Signs, fixtures, and other similar items integrally finished.
- 3. Concealed surfaces:
  - a. Inside dumbwaiter, elevator and duct shafts, interstitial spaces, pipe basements, crawl spaces, pipe tunnels, above ceilings, attics, except as otherwise specified.
  - b. Inside walls or other spaces behind access doors or panels.
  - c. Surfaces concealed behind permanently installed casework and equipment.
- 4. Moving and operating parts:
  - a. Shafts, chains, gears, mechanical and electrical operators, linkages, and sprinkler heads, and sensing devices.
  - b. Tracks for overhead or coiling doors, shutters, and grilles.
- 5. Labels:
  - a. Code required label, such as Underwriters Laboratories Inc., Inchcape Testing Services, Inc., or Factory Mutual Research Corporation.
  - b. Identification plates, instruction plates, performance rating, and nomenclature.
- 6. Galvanized metal:
  - a. Exterior chain link fence and gates, corrugated metal areaways, and gratings.
  - b. Gas Storage Racks.
  - c. Except where specifically specified to be painted.
- 7. Metal safety treads and nosings.
- 8. Gaskets.
- 12. Structural steel to receive sprayed-on fire proofing.
- 13. Ceilings, walls, columns in interstitial spaces.
- 14. Ceilings, walls, and columns in pipe basements.
- 15. Wood Shingles.

### **3.12 IDENTITY PAINTING SCHEDULE**

- A. Identify designated service in accordance with ANSI A13.1, unless specified otherwise, on exposed piping, piping above removable ceilings, piping in accessible pipe spaces, interstitial spaces, and piping behind access panels.
  - 1. Legend may be identified using 2.1 G options or by stencil applications.

06-01-12

2. Apply legends adjacent to changes in direction, on branches, where pipes pass through walls or floors, adjacent to operating accessories such as valves, regulators, strainers and cleanouts a minimum of 12 000 mm (40 feet) apart on straight runs of piping. Identification next to plumbing fixtures is not required.
3. Locate Legends clearly visible from operating position.
4. Use arrow to indicate direction of flow.
  - a. Indicate direction of flow on each side of wall or floor that pipe passes through.
  - b. Indicate direction of flow a minimum of 6,000 mm (20 feet) apart on straight runs of piping.
5. Identify pipe contents with sufficient additional details such as temperature, pressure, and contents to identify possible hazard. Insert working pressure shown on drawings where asterisk appears for High, Medium, and Low Pressure designations as follows:
  - a. High Pressure - 414 kPa (60 psig) and above.
  - b. Medium Pressure - 104 to 413 kPa (15 to 59 psig).
  - c. Low Pressure - 103 kPa (14 psig) and below.
  - d. Add Fuel oil grade numbers.
6. Legend name in full or in abbreviated form as follows:

PIPING	COLOR OF EXPOSED PIPING	COLOR OF BACKGROUND	COLOR OF LETTERS	LEGEND BBREVIATIONS
Blow-off		Yellow	Black	Blow-off
Boiler Feedwater		Yellow	Black	Blr Feed
A/C Condenser Water Supply		Green	White	A/C Cond Wtr Sup
A/C Condenser Water Return		Green	White	A/C Cond Wtr Ret
Chilled Water Supply		Green	White	Ch. Wtr Sup
Chilled Water Return		Green	White	Ch. Wtr Ret
Shop Compressed Air		Yellow	Black	Shop Air
Air-Instrument Controls		Green	White	Air-Inst Cont
Drain Line		Green	White	Drain
Emergency Shower		Green	White	Emg Shower
High Pressure Steam		Yellow	Black	H.P. _____*
High Pressure Condensate Return		Yellow	Black	H.P. Ret _____*
Medium Pressure Steam		Yellow	Black	M. P. Stm _____*
Medium Pressure Condensate Return		Yellow	Black	M.P. Ret _____*
Low Pressure Steam		Yellow	Black	L.P. Stm _____*

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06-01-12

Low Pressure Condensate Return	Yellow	Black	L.P. Ret _____*	
High Temperature Water Supply	Yellow	Black	H. Temp Wtr Sup	
High Temperature Water Return	Yellow	Black	H. Temp Wtr Ret	
Hot Water Heating Supply	Yellow	Black	H. W. Htg Sup	
Hot Water Heating Return	Yellow	Black	H. W. Htg Ret	
Gravity Condensate Return	Yellow	Black	Gravity Cond Ret	
Pumped Condensate Return	Yellow	Black	Pumped Cond Ret	
Vacuum Condensate Return	Yellow	Black	Vac Cond Ret	
Fuel Oil - Grade	Green	White	Fuel Oil-Grade ____*	
Boiler Water Sampling	Yellow	Black	Sample	
Chemical Feed	Yellow	Black	Chem Feed	
Continuous Blow-Down	Yellow	Black	Cont. B D	
Pumped Condensate	Black		Pump Cond	
Pump Recirculating	Yellow	Black	Pump-Recirc.	
Vent Line	Yellow	Black	Vent	
Alkali	Yellow	Black	Alk	
Bleach	Yellow	Black	Bleach	
Detergent	Yellow	Black	Det	
Liquid Supply	Yellow	Black	Liq Sup	
Reuse Water	Yellow	Black	Reuse Wtr	
Cold Water (Domestic)	White	Green	White	C.W. Dom
Hot Water (Domestic)				
Supply	White	Yellow	Black	H.W. Dom
Return	White	Yellow	Black	H.W. Dom Ret
Tempered Water	White	Yellow	Black	Temp. Wtr
Ice Water				
Supply	White	Green	White	Ice Wtr
Return	White	Green	White	Ice Wtr Ret
Reagent Grade Water		Green	White	RG
Reverse Osmosis		Green	White	RO
Sanitary Waste		Green	White	San Waste
Sanitary Vent		Green	White	San Vent
Storm Drainage		Green	White	St Drain
Pump Drainage		Green	White	Pump Disch
Chemical Resistant Pipe				
Waste		Yellow	Black	Acid Waste
Vent		Yellow	Black	Acid Vent
Atmospheric Vent		Green	White	ATV

06-01-12

Silver Recovery	Green	White	Silver Rec
Oral Evacuation	Green	White	Oral Evac
Fuel Gas	Yellow	Black	Gas
Fire Protection Water			
Exposed piping	Red		
Sprinkler	Red	White	Auto Spr
Standpipe	Red	White	Stand
Sprinkler	Red	White	Drain

7. See Sections for methods of identification, legends, and abbreviations of the following:

- a. Regular compressed air lines: Section 22 15 00, GENERAL SERVICE COMPRESSED-AIR SYSTEMS.
- b. Dental compressed air lines: Section 22 61 13.74, DENTAL COMPRESSED-AIR PIPING / Section 22 61 19.74, DENTAL COMPRESSED-AIR EQUIPMENT.
- c. Laboratory gas and vacuum lines: Section 22 62 00, VACUUM SYSTEMS FOR LABORATORY AND HEALTHCARE FACILITIES / Section 22 63 00, GAS SYSTEMS FOR LABORATORY AND HEALTHCARE FACILITIES.
- d. Oral evacuation lines: Section 22 62 19.74, DENTAL VACUUM AND EVACUATION EQUIPMENT.
- e. Medical Gases and vacuum lines: Section 22 62 00, VACUUM SYSTEMS FOR LABORATORY AND HEALTHCARE FACILITIES / Section 22 63 00, GAS SYSTEMS FOR LABORATORY AND HEALTHCARE FACILITIES.

B. Fire and Smoke Partitions:

1. Identify partitions above ceilings on both sides of partitions except within shafts in letters not less than 64 mm (2 1/2 inches) high.
2. Stenciled message: "SMOKE BARRIER" or, "FIRE BARRIER" as applicable.
3. Locate not more than 6100 mm (20 feet) on center on corridor sides of partitions, and with a least one message per room on room side of partition.
4. Use semigloss paint of color that contrasts with color of substrate.

**3.14 PROTECTION CLEAN UP, AND TOUCH-UP**

- A. Protect work from paint droppings and spattering by use of masking, drop cloths, removal of items or by other approved methods.
- B. Upon completion, clean paint from hardware, glass and other surfaces and items not required to be painted of paint drops or smears.
- C. Before final inspection, touch-up or refinished in a manner to produce solid even color and finish texture, free from defects in work which was damaged or discolored.

06-01-12

- - - E N D - - -

## APPENDIX

Coordinate the following abbreviations used in Section 09 91 00, PAINTING, with other Sections, and other COATING SECTIONS listed. Use the same abbreviation and terms consistently.

Paint or coating    Abbreviation

Acrylic Emulsion    AE (MPI 10 - flat/MPI 11 - semigloss/MPI 119 - gloss)

Alkyd Flat    Ak (MPI 49)

Alkyd Gloss Enamel    G (MPI 48)

Alkyd Semigloss Enamel    SG (MPI 47)

Aluminum Paint    AP (MPI 1)

Cementitious Paint    CEP (TT-P-1411)

Exterior Latex    EL??(MPI 10 / 11 / 119)??

Exterior Oil    EO (MPI 9 - gloss/MPI 8 - flat/MPI 94 - semigloss)

Epoxy Coating    EC (MPI 77 - walls, floors/MPI 108 - CMU, concrete)

Fire Retardant Paint    FR (MPI 67)

Fire Retardant Coating (Clear)    FC (MPI 66, intumescent type)

Floor Enamel    FE (MPI 27 - gloss/MPI 59 - eggshell)

Heat Resistant Paint    HR (MPI 22)

Latex Emulsion    LE (MPI 53, flat/MPI 52, eggshell/MPI 54, semigloss/MPI 114, gloss Level 6

Latex Flat    LF (MPI 138)

Latex Gloss    LG (MPI 114)

Latex Semigloss    SG (MPI 141)

Latex Low Luster    LL (MPI 139)

Plastic Floor Coating    PL

Polyurethane Varnish    PV (MPI 31 - gloss/MPI 71 - flat)

Rubber Paint    RF (CID-A-A-3120 - Paint for Swimming Pools (RF)).

Water Paint, Cement    WPC (CID-A-A-1555 - Water Paint, Powder).

Wood Stain    WS (MPI 90)

Verify abbreviations used in the following coating sections:

Section 09 96 59, HIGH-BUILD GLAZED COATINGS    GC

Section 09 94 19, MULTICOLOR INTERIOR FINISHING    MC

- - - E N D - - -

**SECTION 10 13 00**  
**DISPLAY CASES**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.01 description of work**

- A. This section includes recessed trophy and display cases

**1.02 REFERENCED STANDARDS**

- A. ASTM E84
- B. ASTM B221

**1.03 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Shop drawings: Identifying all parts by name and material and showing design, construction, installation, anchorage and relation to adjacent construction.
- B. Product data: provide technical data for materials specified. Include material safety data Sheets, when applicable.
- C. Samples:
  - 1. Manufacturer's color charts.
  - 2. Composition samples of material and trim to illustrate finish, color and texture.
- D. Manufacturer's instructions: provide manufacturer's installation instructions.

**1.04 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE**

- A. Include data on regular cleaning, stain removal, and precautions.

**1.05 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Conform to applicable code for flame/smoke rating in tackboards in accordance with ASTM e84.

**1.06 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Manufacturer shall be a firm engaged in the manufacture of display cases in the United States.
- B. Manufacturer shall have a minimum of 5 years experience in the manufacture of display cases.

**1.07 FIELD CONDITIONS**

- A. Field measure prior to preparation of shop drawings and fabrication to ensure proper fit.

## **1.08 WARRANTY**

A. Submit a standard warranty, stating that when installed in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations, with guarantee for one year against defects in materials and workmanship. Guarantee does not cover normal wear and tear, improper handling, any misuse, or any defects caused by vandalism or subsequent abuse. Guarantee covers replacement of defective material but does not include cost of removal or reinstallation.

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### **2.01 MANUFACTURERS**

A. Design Basis: recessed display and trophy cases - 1370 series and 390 series - as manufactured by Claridge Products and Equipment, Inc., Harrison, Arkansas. Phone: 870-743-2200; Toll Free 800-434-4610; FAX: 870-743-1908

B. Or Equal

### **2.02 MATERIALS**

A. Recessed trophy and display case fronts

1. Tackable Back Panels: (Designer fabric)
2. Size 1370 Series: 4' X 4'.
3. Housing: Extruded aluminum
4. Perimeter Trim: Extruded aluminum perimeter trim with a 2" Radius.
5. Inside Depth: Inside case depth (6")

B. Glass doors: 3/16" tempered sliding glass doors that slide on ball bearing rollers; fitted with plunger-type locks)fitted with flat key tumbler locks.

C. Glass Shelves: Three adjustable glass shelves furnished with brackets and shelf standards. Shelf Width - 6-inch wide.

D. Metal Trim and Accessories: Provide aluminum extrusions. Trim shall be heavy gauge extruded aluminum and shall meet or exceed astm b221 alloy standards. Finish to be etched and anodized satin finish.

F. Box: low pressure laminate 6" deep.

G. Shop Assembly: provide factory assembled cases to requirements indicated on shop drawings.

H. Units shall be of dimensions shown in details and in accordance with manufacturer's shop drawings.

**PART 3 - EXECUTION**

**3.01 PROJECT CONDITIONS**

- A. Verify before installation that interior moisture and temperature approximate normal occupied conditions.
- B. Verify that wall surfaces are prepared and ready to receive cases.

**3.02 INSTALLATION**

- A. Deliver cases KD to be reassembled on job.
- B. Follow manufacturer's instructions for storage and handling of units before installation.
- C. Install level and plumb, in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

**3.03 ADJUST AND CLEAN**

- A. Verify that all accessories are installed as required for each unit.
- B. At completion of work, clean glass surfaces, back panels and trim, in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations, leaving all materials ready for use.

- - - END - - -

**SECTION 10 14 00**  
**SIGNAGE**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

- A. This section specifies interior signage for room numbers, directional signs, code required signs, specialty equipment, fire extinguishers, telephone identification signs and temporary interior signs to match hospitals standards.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Electrical: Related Electrical Specification Sections.
- B. Lighted EXIT signs for egress purposes are specified under Division 26, ELECTRICAL.
- C. Section 10 13 00, DIRECTORIES and Section 10 14 00, SIGNAGE.

**1.3 MANUFACTURER'S QUALIFICATIONS**

Sign manufacturer shall provide evidence that they regularly and presently manufactures signs similar to those specified in this section as one of their principal products.

**1.4 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 00, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES.
- B. Samples: Sign panels and frames, with letters and symbols, each type. Submit 2 sets. One set of samples will be retained by Resident Engineer, other returned to Contractor.
  - 1. Sign Panel, 200 mm x 250 mm (8 inches x 10 inches), with letters.
  - 2. Color samples of each color, 150 mm x 150 mm (6 inches x 6 inches). Show anticipated range of color and texture.
  - 3. Sample of typeface, arrow and symbols in a typical full size layout.
- C. Manufacturer's Literature:
  - 1. Showing the methods and procedures proposed for the concealed anchorage of the signage system to each surface type.
  - 2. Manufacturer's printed specifications, anchorage details, installation and maintenance instructions.
- D. Samples: Sign location plan, showing location, type and total number of signs required.
- E. Shop Drawings: Scaled for manufacture and fabrication of sign types. Identify materials, show joints, welds, anchorage, accessory items, mounting and finishes.
- F. Full size layout patterns for dimensional letters.

### **1.5 DELIVERY AND STORAGE**

- A. Deliver materials to job in manufacturer's original sealed containers with brand name marked thereon. Protect materials from damage.
- B. Package to prevent damage or deterioration during shipment, handling, storage and installation. Maintain protective covering in place and in good repair until removal is necessary.
- C. Deliver signs only when the site and mounting services are ready for installation work to proceed.
- D. Store products in dry condition inside enclosed facilities.

### **1.6 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
  - B209-07.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Sheet and Plate
  - B221-08.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Shapes, and tubes.
- C. Federal Specifications (Fed Spec):
  - MIL-PRF-8184F.....Plastic Sheet, Acrylic, Modified.
  - MIL-P-46144C.....Plastic Sheet, Polycarbonate

### **1.7 MINIMUM SIGN REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Permanent Rooms and Spaces:
  - 1. Tactile and Braille Characters, raised minimum 0.793 mm (1/32 in). Characters shall be accompanied by Grade 2 Braille.
  - 2. Type Styles: Characters shall be uppercase, Helvetica Medium, Helvetica Medium Condensed and Helvetica Regular.
  - 3. Character Height: Minimum 16 mm (5/8 in) high, Maximum 50 mm (2 in).
  - 4. Symbols (Pictograms): Equivalent written description shall be placed directly below symbol, outside of symbol's background field. Border dimensions of symbol background shall be minimum 150 mm (6 in) high.
  - 5. Finish and Contrast: Characters and background shall be eggshell, matte or other non-glare finish with adequate contrast with background.
  - 6. Mounting Location and Height: As shown. Mounted on wall adjacent to the latch side of the door and to avoid door swing and protruding objects.
- B. Overhead Signs:

1. Type Styles: As shown. Characters shall have a width-to-height ratio between 3:5 and 1:1. Characters shall have a stroke width-to-height ratio of between 1:5 and 1:10.
2. Character Height: minimum 75 mm (3 in) high for overhead signs. As shown, for directional signs.
3. Finish and Contrast: Same as for signs of permanent rooms and spaces.
4. Mounting Location and Height: As shown.

#### **1.8 COLORS AND FINISHES:**

See sign schedule on drawings.

### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

#### **2.1 GENERAL**

- A. Signs complete with lettering, framing and related components for a complete installation.
- B. Provide graphics items as completed units produced by a single manufacturer, including necessary mounting accessories, fittings and fastenings.
- C. The Sign Contractor, by commencing work of this section, assumes overall responsibility, as part of his warranty of work, to assure that assemblies, components and parts shown or required within the work of the section, comply with the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall further warrant: That all components, specified or required to satisfactorily complete the installation are compatible with each other and with conditions of installations.
- D. Manufacturers: 290 Sign Systems, or VA approved equal that will interchange exactly with the existing 290 Sign Systems signs.

#### **2.2 PRODUCTS**

- A. Aluminum:
  1. Sheet and Plate: ASTM B209.
  2. Extrusions and Tubing: ASTM B221.
- B. Cast Acrylic Sheet: MIL-PRF-8184F; Type II, class 1, Water white non-glare optically clear. Matt finish water white clear acrylic shall not be acceptable.
- C. Polycarbonate: MIL-P-46144C; Type I, class 1.
- D. Vinyl: 0.1 mm thick machine cut, having a pressure sensitive adhesive and integral colors.
- E. Electrical Signs:
  1. General: Furnish and install all lighting, electrical components, fixtures and lamps ready for use in accordance with the sign type drawings, details and specifications.

2. Refer to Electrical Specifications Section, Division 26, ELECTRICAL, to verify line voltages for sign locations that require electrical signs.
3. Quality Control: Installed electrical components and sign installations are to bear the label and certification of Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc., and are to comply with National Electrical Code as well as applicable federal, state and local codes for installation techniques, fabrication methods and general product safety.
4. Ballast and Lighting Fixtures: See Electrical Specifications.

### **2.3 SIGN STANDARDS**

#### **A. Topography:**

1. Type Style: Helvetica Medium and Helvetica Medium Condensed. Initial caps or all caps as indicated in Sign Message Schedule.
2. Arrow: See graphic standards in drawings.
3. Letter spacing: See graphic standards on drawings.
4. Letter spacing: See graphic standards on drawings.
5. All text, arrows, and symbols to be provided in size, colors, typefaces and letter spacing shown. Text shall be a true, clean, accurate reproduction of typeface(s) shown. Text shown in drawings are for layout purposes only; final text for signs is listed in Sign Message Schedule.

#### **B. Project Colors and Finishes: See sign schedule on drawings.**

### **2.4 SIGN TYPES**

#### **A. General:**

1. The interior sign system is comprised of sign types families that are identified by a letter and number which identify a particular group of signs. An additional number identifies a specific type of sign within that family.

#### **a. IN indicates a component construction based sign.**

1. The exterior sign system shall be comprised of sign types families that are identified by a letter and number which identify a particular group of signs. An additional number identifies a specific type of sign within that family.

#### **B. Interchangeable Component System:**

1. Sign Type Families: 03, 04, 05, 06, 07, 08, 09 10, 11 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17.
2. Interior sign system capable of being arranged in a variety of configurations with a minimum of attachments, devices and connectors.

- a. Interchangeable nature of the system shall allow for changes of graphic components of the installed sign, without changing sign in its entirety.
  - b. Component Sign System is comprised of the following primary components:
    - 1) Rail Back utilizing horizontal rails, spaced to allow for uniform, modular sizing of sign types.
    - 2) Rail Insert mounted to back of Copy Panels to allow for attachment to Rail Back.
    - 3) Copy Panels, made of a variety of materials to allow for different graphic needs.
    - 4) End Caps which interlock to Rail Back to enclose and secure changeable Copy Panels.
    - 5) Joiners and Accent Joiners connect separate Rail Backs together.
    - 6) Top Accent Bars which provide decorative trim cap that encloses the top of sign or can connect the sign to a Type 03 Room Number Sign.
  - c. Rail Back, Rail Insert and End Caps in anodized extruded aluminum to allow for tight tolerances and consistent quality of fit and finish.
  - d. Signs in system shall be convertible in the field to allow for enlargement from one size to another in height and width through use of Joiners or Accent Joiners, which connect Rail Back panels together blindly, providing a butt joint between Copy Panels. Accent Joiners shall connect Rail Backs together with a visible 3 mm (1/8") horizontal rib, flush to the adjacent copy insert surfaces.
  - e. Sign configurations shall vary in width from 225 mm (9 inches) to 2050 mm (80 inches), and have height dimensions of 50 mm (2 inches), 75 mm (3 inches), 150 mm (6 inches), 225 mm (9 inches) and 300 mm (12 inches). Height shall be increased beyond 300 mm (12 inches), by repeating height module in full or in part.
3. Rail Back functions as internal structural member of sign using 6063T5 extruded aluminum and anodized black.
- a. Shall accept an extruded aluminum or plastic insert on one sign or on both sides, depending upon sign type.
  - b. Shall be convertible in field to allow for connection to other Rail Back panels, so that additive changes can be made to sign unit.

- c. Rail shall allow for a variety of mounting devices including wall mounting for screw-on applications, using pressure sensitive tape, freestanding mount, ceiling mount and other mounting devices as needed.
- 4. Rail Insert functions as a mounting device for Copy Panels on to the Rail Back. The Rail Insert mounts to the back of the Copy Panel with adhesive suitable for use with the particular copy insert material.
  - a. Shall allow Copy Panels to slide or snap into the horizontal Rail Back for ease of changeability.
  - b. Shall mount to the back of the Copy Panel with adhesive suitable for use with particular Copy Panel material.
- 5. Copy Panels shall accept various forms of copy and graphics, and attaches to the Rail Back with the Rail Insert. Copy Panels shall be either ABS plastic with integral color or an acrylic lacquer finish; photo polymer; or, acrylic.
  - a. Interchangeable by sliding horizontally from either side of sign, and to other signs in system of equal or greater width or height.
  - b. Cleanable without use of special chemicals or cleaning solutions.
  - c. Copy Insert Materials.
    - 1) ABS Inserts - 2.3 mm (.090 inches) extruded ABS plastic core with .07 mm (.003 inches) acrylic cap bonded during extrusion/texturing process. Pressure bonded to extruded Rail Insert using adhesive. Background color is either integral or painted in acrylic lacquer. ABS inserts finished in a chromium industries #HM335RA texture pattern to prevent glare.
    - 2) Photo polymer Inserts - 3 mm (.125 inches) phenolic photo polymer with raised copy etched to 2.3 mm (.0937 inches), bonded to an ABS plastic or extruded aluminum insert with adhesive. Background color is painted in acrylic enamel.
    - 3) Changeable Paper/ Insert Holder - Extruded insert holder with integral Rail Insert for connection with structural back panel in 6063T5 aluminum with a black anodized finish. Inserts into holder are paper with a clear 0.7 mm (.030 inches) textured cover. Background color is painted in acrylic lacquer.
    - 4) Acrylic - 2 mm (.080 inches) non-glare acrylic. Pressure bonded to extruded Rail Insert using adhesive. Background color is painted in acrylic lacquer or acrylic enamel.
    - 5) Extruded 6063T5 aluminum with a black anodized finish Insert Holder with integral Rail Insert for connection with Structural Back Panel to hold a 0.7 mm (.030 inches) textured

polycarbonate insert and a Sliding Tile which mounts in the Inset Holder and slides horizontally.

- 6) End Caps - Extruded using 6063T5 aluminum with a black anodized. End Caps interlock with Rail Back with clips to form an integral unit, enclosing and securing the changeable Copy Panels, without requiring tools for assembly.
  - a) Shall be interchangeable to either end of sign and to other signs in the system of equal height.
  - b) Mechanical fasteners can be added to the End Caps that will secure it to Rail Back to make sign tamper resistant.
- 7) Joiners - Extruded using 6063T5 aluminum with a black anodized finish. Rail Joiners connect Rail Backs together blindly, providing a butt joint between Copy Inserts.
- 8) Accent Joiners - Extruded using 6063T5 aluminum with a mirror polished finish. Joiner shall connect Rail Backs together with a visible 3 mm (.125 inches) horizontal rib, flush to the adjacent Copy Panel surfaces.
- 9) Top Accent Rail - Extruded using 6063T5 aluminum with a mirror polished finish. Rail shall provide 3 mm (.125 inches) high decorative trim cap, which butts flush to adjacent Copy Panel and encloses top of Rail Back and Copy Panel.
- 10) Typography
  - a) Vinyl First Surface Copy (non-tactile) - Applied Vinyl copy.
  - b) Subsurface Copy Inserts - Textured 1 mm (.030 inches) clear polycarbonate face with subsurface applied Vinyl copy. Face shall be back sprayed with paint and laminated to an extruded aluminum carrier insert.
  - c) Integral Tactile Copy Inserts - phenolic photo polymer etched with 2.3 mm (.0937 inches) raised copy.
  - d) Silk-screened First Surface Copy (non-tactile) - Injection molded or extruded ABS plastic or aluminum insert with first surface applied enamel silk-screened copy.

C. Sign Type Family 01, 02.01 thru 02.05, 08, 09 and 20:

1. All text and graphics are to be first surface silk-screened.
2. IN-01.12 & IN-01.13: Refer to Sign Type 03 specification for tactile and Braille portion of sign.
3. IN-02.4: All text and graphics are to be first surface vinyl letters.
4. IN-01.1: Preparation of artwork for reproduction of "fire and emergency evacuation maps" is by manufacturer.

D. Sign Type Families 03:

1. Tactile sign is to be made from a material that provides for letters, numbers and Braille to be integral with sign plaque material such as: photosensitive polyamide resin, etched metal, sandblasted phenolic or embossed material. Do not apply letters, numbers and Braille with adhesive.
2. Numbers, letters and Braille to be raised 0.793 mm (.0312 inches) from the background surface. The draft of the letters, numbers and Braille to be tapered, vertical and clean.
3. Braille dots are to conform with standard dimensions for literary Braille; (a) Dot base diameter: 1.5 mm (.059 inches) (b) Inter-dot spacing: 2.3 mm (.090 inches) (c) Horizontal separation between cells: 6.0 mm (.241 inches) (d) Vertical separation between cells: 10.0 mm (.395 inches)
4. Entire assembly is painted in specified color. After painting, apply white or other specified color to surface of the numbers and letters. Entire sign is to have a protective clear coat sealant applied.
5. Complete sign is to have an eggshell finish (11 to 19 degree on a 60 degree glossmeter).

E. Sign Type Family 04 and 11:

1. All text and graphics are to be first surface applied vinyl letters.
2. IN-04: When a Type IN-04 is to be mounted under a Type IN03, a connecting Accent Joiner is to be used to create a singular integrated sign.

F. Sign Type 05:

1. Text if added to Copy Insert module to be first surface applied vinyl letters.

G. Sign Type Family 06 and 07:

1. All text and graphics are to be first surface applied vinyl letters except for under sliding tile.
2. Protect text, which is covered by sliding tile, so tile does not wear away letters.

H. Sign Type Family 10:

1. Pocket depth is to be 0.3 mm (.0150 inches).

I. Sign Type Family 12 and 13:

1. All text and graphics are to be first surface applied vinyl letters.
2. IN-12: Provide felt, cork or similar material on bottom of desk mounting bracket to protect counter surfaces.

J. Sign Type Family 14, 15, and 16:

1. All text and graphics are to be first surface applied vinyl letters.

2. IN-14.06: When added to top of IN-14.01, IN-14.04, or IN-14.05 a connecting Accent Joiner is to be used to create a singular integrated sign.
3. Ceiling mounted signs required mounting hardware on the sign that allows for sign disconnection, removal and reinstallation and reconnection.

K. Sign Type Family 17:

1. All text and graphics are to be first surface applied vinyl letters.
2. IN-17: Directory constructed using elements of the Component System.

L. Sign Type Family 18:

1. All text and graphics are to be first surface applied stylus cut vinyl letters.
2. Provide in specified typeface, color and spacing, with each message or message group on a single quick release backing sheet.

M. Sign Type Family 19:

1. Dimensional letters are mill or laser cut acrylic in the size and thickness noted in the drawings.
2. Draft of letters is perpendicular to letters face.
3. All corners such as where a letter stem and bar intersect are to be square so the letter form is accurately reproduced.
4. Paint letters with acrylic polyurethane in specified color and finish.

N. Sign Type Family (See Specialty Signs Section) 21:

1. IN-21.01: 57 mm (2.25 inches) polished aluminum tube mounted to weighted 356 mm (14 inches) diameter polished aluminum base. Sign bracket to hold a 6 mm (.25 inches) sign plaque.
2. IN-21.02: 57 mm (2.25 inches) polished aluminum tube vertical support mounted to a weighted polished 57 mm (2.25 inches) aluminum tubular base. Rail Back mechanically connected to vertical supports with Copy Panel attached to front and back.
3. IN-21.03 & 21.04: IN-21.02: 57 mm (2.25 inches) polished aluminum tube vertical support mounted to a weighted polished 57 mm (2.25 inches) aluminum tubular base. Rail Back mechanically connected to vertical supports with hinged locking glass door. Black felt covered changeable letter board or tan vinyl impregnated cork tack surface as background within case.

O. Sign Type Family 22:

1. IN-22.01: Extruded aluminum clip anodized black containing rollers to pinch and release paper. End caps are black plastic.

2. IN-22.02: Patient Information holder constructed of 18 gauge formed sheet metal painted in specified color. Polished aluminum connecting rods and buttons. Button covers for mounting screws are to permanently attach and securely conceal screws.

P. Temporary Interior Signs:

1. Fabricated from 50 kg (110 pound) matte finished white paper cut to 100 mm (4 inch) wide by 300 mm (12 inch) long. Punched 3 mm (.125 inch) hole with edge of hole spaced 13 mm (.5 inch) in from edge and centered on 100 mm (4 inch) side. Reinforce hole on both sides with suitable material that prevents tie from pulling through hole. Ties are steel wire 0.3 mm (0.120 inch) thick attached to tag with twist leaving 150 mm (6 inch) long free ends.
2. Mark architectural room number on sign, with broad felt marker in clearly legible numbers or letters that identify room, corridor or space as shown on floor plans.
3. Install temporary signs to all rooms that have a room, corridor or space number. Attach to door frame, door knob or door pull.
  - a. Doors that do not require signs are: corridor doors in corridor with same number, folding doors or partitions, toilet doors, bathroom doors within and between rooms, closet doors within rooms, communicating doors in partitions between rooms with corridor entrance doors.
  - b. Replace and missing damaged or illegible signs.

## 2.5 FABRICATION

- A. Design components to allow for expansion and contraction for a minimum material temperature range of 56 °C (100 °F), without causing buckling, excessive opening of joints or over stressing of adhesives, welds and fasteners.
- B. Form work to required shapes and sizes, with true curve lines and angles. Provide necessary rebates, lugs and brackets for assembly of units. Use concealed fasteners whenever and wherever possible.
- C. Shop fabricate so far as practicable. Joints fastened flush to conceal reinforcement, or welded where thickness or section permits.
- D. Contact surfaces of connected members be true. Assembled so joints will be tight and practically unnoticeable, without use of filling compound.
- E. Signs shall have fine, even texture and be flat and sound. Lines and miters sharp, arises unbroken, profiles accurate and ornament true to pattern. Plane surfaces be smooth flat and without oil-canning, free of rack and twist. Maximum variation from plane of surface plus or minus 0.3 mm (0.015 inches). Restore texture to filed or cut areas.

- F. Level or straighten wrought work. Members shall have sharp lines and angles and smooth surfaces.
- G. Extruded members to be free from extrusion marks. Square turns and corners sharp, curves true.
- H. Drill holes for bolts and screws. Conceal fastenings where possible. Exposed ends and edges mill smooth, with corners slightly rounded. Form joints exposed to weather to exclude water.
- I. Finish hollow signs with matching material on all faces, tops, bottoms and ends. Edge joints tightly mitered to give appearance of solid material.
- J. All painted surfaces properly primed. Finish coating of paint to have complete coverage with no light or thin applications allowing substrate or primer to show. Finished surface smooth, free of scratches, gouges, drips, bubbles, thickness variations, foreign matter and other imperfections.
- K. Movable parts, including hardware, are to be cleaned and adjusted to operate as designed without binding or deformation of members. Doors and covers centered in opening or frame. All contact surfaces fit tight and even without forcing or warping components.
- L. Pre-assemble items in shop to greatest extent possible to minimize field splicing and assembly. Disassemble units only as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Clearly mark units for re-assembly and coordinated installation.
- M. No signs are to be manufactured until final sign message schedule and location review has been completed by the Resident Engineer & forwarded to contractor.

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### **3.1 INSTALLATION**

- A. Protect products against damage during field handling and installation. Protect adjacent existing and newly placed construction, landscaping and finishes as necessary to prevent damage during installation. Paint and touch up any exposed fasteners and connecting hardware to match color and finish of surrounding surface.
- B. Mount signs in proper alignment, level and plumb according to the sign location plan and the dimensions given on elevation and sign location drawings. Where otherwise not dimensioned, signs shall be installed where best suited to provide a consistent appearance throughout the project. When exact position, angle, height or location is in doubt, contact Resident Engineer for clarification.

- C. Contractor shall be responsible for all signs that are damaged, lost or stolen while materials are on the job site and up until the completion and final acceptance of the job.
- D. Remove or correct signs or installation work Resident Engineer determines as unsafe or as an unsafe condition.
- E. At completion of sign installation, clean exposed sign surfaces. Clean and repair any adjoining surfaces and landscaping that became soiled or damaged as a result of installation of signs.
- F. Locate signs as shown on the Sign Location Plans.
- G. Certain signs may be installed on glass. A blank glass back up is required to be placed on opposite side of glass exactly behind sign being installed. This blank glass back up is to be the same size as sign being installed.
- H. Contractor will be responsible for verifying that behind each sign location there are no utility lines that will be affected by installation of signs. Any damage during installation of signs to utilities will be the sole responsibility of the Contractor to correct and repair.
- I. Furnish inserts and anchoring devices which must be set in concrete or other material for installation of signs. Provide setting drawings, templates, instructions and directions for installation of anchorage devices which may involve other trades.

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05-01-12

**SECTION 10 21 13  
TOILET COMPARTMENTS**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

This section specifies solid phenolic toilet partitions, and urinal screens.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Grab bars and toilet tissue holders: Section 10 28 00, TOILET, BATH, AND LAUNDRY ACCESSORIES.

**1.3 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Samples: Prime coat of paint on 150 mm (six-inch) square of metal panel with baked enamel finish coat over half of panel.
- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data: Specified items indicating all hardware and fittings, material, finish, and latching.
- D. Shop Drawings: Construction details at 1/2 scale, showing installation details, anchoring and leveling devices.
- E. Manufacturer's certificate, attesting that zinc-coatings conform to specified requirements.

**1.4 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. Federal Specifications (Fed. Spec.):  
FF-B-575C.....Bolt, Hexagon and Square
- C. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR):  
40 CFR 247.....Comprehensive Procurement Guidelines for  
Products Containing Recovered Materials
- D. Commercial Item Descriptions (CID):  
A-A-1925.....Shield, Expansion (Nail Anchors)  
A-A-60003.....Partitions, Toilet, Complete

**PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

**2.1 TOILET PARTITIONS:**

- A. Solid phenolic: water resistant; graffiti resistant; non-absorbent; contain a minimum 30 percent post consumer recycled plastic; Class C flame spread rating.
- B. Conform to Fed. CID A-A-60003, except as modified herein.
- C. Fabricate to dimensions shown or specified.

05-01-12

D. Toilet Enclosures:

1. Type 1, Style A (Floor supported).
2. Reinforce panels shown to receive toilet tissue holders or grab bars.
3. Upper pivots and lower hinges adjustable to hold doors open 30 degrees.
4. Latching devices and hinges for handicap compartments shall comply with ADA requirements.
5. Keeper:
  - a. U-slot to engage bar of throw latch.
  - b. Combined with rubber bumper stop.
6. Wheelchair Toilets:
  - a. Upper pivots and lower hinges to hold out swinging doors in closed position.
  - b. Provide U-type doors pulls, approximately 100 mm (four inches) long on pull side.
7. Finish:
  - a. Finish 1 (solid phenolic) Manufactured finish, color selected from manufactures standard colors

E. Urinal Screens:

1. Type III, Style E (wall hung), finish 2 or 3.
  - a. With integral flanges and continuous, full height wall anchor plate.
  - b. Option: Full height U-Type bracket.
  - c. Wall anchor plate drilled for 4 anchors on both sides of screen.
2. Screen 600 mm (24 inches) wide and 1060 mm (42 inches high).

**2.2 FASTENERS**

- A. Partition Fasteners: CID A-A-60003.
- B. Use expansion bolts, CID A-A-60003, for anchoring to solid masonry or concrete.
- C. Use toggle bolts, CID A-A-60003, for anchoring to hollow masonry or stud framed walls.
- D. Use steel bolts FS-B-575, for anchoring pilasters to overhead steel supports.

**PART 3 - EXECUTION**

**3.1 INSTALLATION**

- A. General:
  1. Install in rigid manner, straight, plumb and with all horizontal lines level.
  2. Conceal evidence of drilling, cutting and fitting in finish work.

05-01-12

3. Use hex-bolts for through-bolting.
4. Adjust hardware and leave in freely working order.
5. Clean finished surfaces and leave free of imperfections.

B. Panels and Pilasters:

1. Support panels, except urinal screens, and pilaster abutting building walls near top and bottom by stirrup supports secured to partitions with through-bolts.
2. Secure stirrups to walls with two suitable anchoring devices for each stirrup.
3. Secure panels to faces of pilaster near top and bottom with stirrup supports, through-bolted to panels and machine screwed to each pilaster.
4. Secure edges of panels to edges of pilasters near top and bottom with "U" shaped brackets.

C. Urinal Screens:

1. Anchor urinal screen flange to walls with minimum of four bolts both side of panel.
2. Space anchors at top and bottom and equally in between.

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**SECTION 10 21 23**  
**CUBICLE CURTAIN TRACKS**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

This section specifies cubicle curtain track (C.C.T.)

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

Steel shapes for suspending track assembly: Section 05 50 00, METAL FABRICATIONS and Section 09 51 00, ACOUSTICAL CEILINGS.

**1.3 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Samples:
  - One 300 mm (12 inch) long piece of cubicle curtain track with carrier access and end stop.
- C. Shop Drawings: Showing layout of tracks and method of anchorage.
- D. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - Cubicle curtain track.

**1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING**

- A. Deliver material in original package marked to identify the contents, brand name, and the name of the manufacturer or supplier.
- B. Store in dry and protected location. Store so as to not bend or warp the tracks.
- C. Do not open packages until contents are needed for installation, unless verification inspection is required.

**1.5 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
  - B221-08.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Shapes, and Tubes.
  - B456-03(R2009).....Electrodeposited Coatings for Copper Plus Nickel Plus Chromium and Nickel Plus Chromium
- C. The National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers (NAAMM):
  - AMP 500 Series.....Metal Finishes Manual

**PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

**2.1 CUBICLE CURTAIN TRACKS**

- A. Cubicle Curtain Tracks to be: InPro Ultra Cube Track CE800, clean anidized.

1. Provide ball and chain CE9038.
- B. Surface mounted:
  1. Channel Tracks (Surface Mounted Type): Extruded aluminum, ASTM B221, alloy 6063, temper T5 or T6, channel shaped, with smooth inside raceway for curtain carriers.
- C. Curtain Carriers: Nylon or delrin carriers, with either nylon or delrin wheels on metal, delrin, or nylon axles. Equip each carrier with either stainless steel, chromium plated brass or steel hooks with swivel, or nickel chromium plated brass or stainless steel bead chain and hook assembly, or delrin carriers may have moulded on delrin hooks. Hook for bead chain may be the same material and finish as the bead chain or may be chromium plated steel. Provide 2.2 carriers for every 300 mm (onefoot) of each section of each track length, plus one additional carrier.
- D. End Stop Connectors, Ceiling Flanges and Other Accessories: Fabricate from the same material with the same finish as the tracks or from nylon.
- E. Hangers and Fittings: Fabricate from the same material with the same finish as the tracks. Hangers may be round or square for channel tracks and round for tubular tracks. Design fittings to be compatible with design of tracks and to safely transmit the track load to the hangers.
- F. At end of each section of track, make provision for insertion and removal of carriers. Design to prevent accidental removal of carrier. Any operating mechanism shall be removable with common tools.

## **2.2 INTRAVENOUS SUPPORT ASSEMBLY: NOT USED**

## **2.3 FASTENERS**

- A. Exposed Fasteners, Screws and Bolts: Stainless steel or chromium/nickel plated brass.
- B. Concealed Fasteners, Screws and Bolts: Hot-dip galvanized (except in high moisture areas use stainless steel).
- C. Metal Clips: Anchor curtain tracks to structure above.

## **2.4 FINISHES**

- A. Aluminum: Chemically etched medium matte, with clear anodic coating, Class II Architectural, 0.4 mils thick.
- B. Chrome/Nickel Plating: Satin or polished finish as specified, ASTM B546, minimum thickness of chromium plate as follows:
  1. 0.2 mil on copper alloys.
  2. 0.4 mil on steel.
- C. Stainless Steel: No. 4 in accordance with NAAMM Metal Finishes Manual.

## **2.5 FABRICATION**

- A. Weld and grind smooth joints of fabricated components.
- B. Form tracks and bends of lengths that will produce the minimum number of joints. Make track sections up to 4800 mm (16 feet) without joints. Form corner bend on a 300 mm (12 inch) radius.
- C. Provide steel anchor plates, supports, and anchors for securing components to building construction.
- D. Form flat surface without distortion.
- E. Shop assemble components and package complete with anchors and fittings.

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### **3.1 INSTALLATION**

- A. Install tracks after finish painting and ceiling finishing operations are complete.
- B. Install track level and hangers plumb and securely anchor to the ceiling structure above to form a rigid installation. C. Anchor surface mounted curtain tracks directly to exposed grid of lay-in acoustical tile ceilings with suitable fasteners, spaced approximately 600 mm (24 inches) on center.
- D. Anchor surface mounted curtain tracks to concrete, plaster and gypsum board ceilings with a minimum of 3 mm (1/8-inch) diameter fastenings or concealed clips spaced not more than 900 mm (three feet) on center.
- E. Install suspended track seven feet, three inches above the finished floor, with hangers spaced no more than four feet on center. At ceiling line, provide flange fittings secured to hangers with set screws. Secure track to walls with flanged fittings and to hangers with special fittings.
- F. Securely fasten end stop caps to prevent their being forced out by the striking weight of carriers.
- G. Remove damaged or defective components and replace with new components or repair to the original condition.

### **3.2 ACCEPTANCE**

- A. Track shall be installed neat, rigid, plumb, level and true, and securely anchored to the overhead construction.
- B. Carrier units shall operate smoothly and easily over the full range of travel.

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02-01-13

**SECTION 10 22 19**  
**MOVABLE PARTITION SYSTEMS**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 SUMMARY**

A. Section Includes:

1. Single source for movable partitions, inclusive of frames, glass, doors, door hardware, electrical components and medical gas piping where specified.
2. Moveable partitions includes butt hinge wood with optional glass lite doors and glazing, manufactured and installed with demountable partitions.
3. Supply and coordination of conduit, boxes and electrical duplexes into electrical and communication components where specified.
4. Supply and coordination of medical gas piping and outlets where specified.
5. Integration of water, vent and waste lines (supplied by others) into demountable partitions.
6. Integration of voice data and security system components (supplied by others) into demountable partitions.
7. Transaction Countertop

**1.2 RELATED SECTIONS**

- A. Section 06 20 00 - Finish Carpentry
- B. Section 08 14 00 Interior Wood Doors.
- C. Section 08 71 00 - Door Hardware: Door hardware.
- D. Section 08 80 00 - Glazing
- E. Section 10 11 13 - Markerboards
- F. Section 10 25 13 - Patient Bed Service Walls
- G. Division 22 Plumbing:
- H. Plumbing Piping Insulation
- I. Domestic Water Piping & Sanitary Waste and Vent Piping
- J. Gas & Vacuum Systems for Laboratory & Healthcare Facilities
- K. Division 26 - Electrical: Electrical materials, installation, and connections.
- L. Division 27 - Communications: Communication system materials, installation and connection (supplied by others).
- M. Division 28 - Electronic Safety and Security: Security system materials, installation, and connections (supplied by others).

**1.3 REFERENCES**

02-01-13

- AAMA 611-98 - Voluntary Standards for Anodized Architectural Aluminum.
- A. ANSI/BIFMA X5.6-2003 - American National Standard for Office Furnishings.
  - B. ASCE 7-05 - Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures.
  - C. ASTM E72-04- Method for Conducting Strength Tests of Panels for Building Construction.
  - D. ASTM E84-05 - Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials.
  - E. ASTM E90-97- Method for Laboratory Measurement of Airborne Sound Transmission Loss of Building Partitions and Elements.
  - F. ASTM E413-87- Classification for Rating Sound Insulation.
  - G. Limited Production Certification (LPC), Report No. LPCE 75090-1.
  - H. NFPA 70 - National Electrical Code, 2008 Edition.
  - I. UL 1286-2008 - Office Furnishings.

#### **1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Structural Performance: Provide demountable partitions capable of withstanding the effects of gravity loads and the following loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated:
- B. Transverse-Load Capacity of Wall System: Lateral deflection of not more than 1/120 (solid Wall) and 1/175 (glass wall) of the overall span when tested under a uniformly distributed load of 0.24 kN/m<sup>2</sup> (5 psf) in accordance with ASTM E72 or calculated by registered engineer.
- C. Sound Transmission Loss for Moveable Solid Wall: ASTM E90, STC [37] [44].
- D. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics:
- E. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Provide demountable partitions in accordance with ASTM E84. Provide Class A characteristics in area of egress and Class B characteristic in all other areas. The following maximum characteristics:
  - a. Chromacoat MDF Panels: Meets Class B.
  - b. Chromacoat on Fire-Retardant MDF: Meets Class A
  - c. Pre-Finished Veneer on MDF: Meets Class B.
  - d. Fabric Wrapped MDF: Meets Class B.
  - e. 3D Laminate (Thermofoil) Wrapped MDF: Meets Class A
  - f. Kydex Faced MDF Panels: Testing Occurring Presently

02-01-13

### **1.5 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Section 01 00 00: Project management and coordination procedures.
  - 1. Coordination:
    - a. Coordinate other work having a direct bearing on work of this section, including other work required to be installed within or next to Work of this section.
  - 2. Schedule:
    - a. Coordinate delivery of product in accordance with construction schedule to avoid storage and double handling of the wall system.
    - b. Installation of wall system in conjunction with other trades after completion of HVAC equipment, fire suppression, ceiling grid, finished drywall ceiling, floor covering, and lighting fixtures. Final electrical connection, voice data/communications, ceiling tiles, can be completed during or after installation of the wall systems.

### **1.6 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Product Data: Provide product information for each type of product indicated in this specification.
- B. Shop Drawings: Provide Shop Drawings for demountable partitions.
  - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, connection details, and attachment details to other work.
  - 2. Include critical field measurements for [standard] [custom] modular installation, including finished width and height of partitions.
  - 3. Provide structural analysis data for installed products indicated to comply with design loads, signed and sealed by licensed professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
- C. Coordination Drawings:
  - 1. Provide all final engineered drawings relevant to material inclusions within, or connections to the moveable wall product.
  - 2. Provide architectural plans locating movable wall products, including wall finishes and construction of surfaces with which the moveable wall system interfaces with or connects to.
  - 3. Provide reflected ceiling plans, drawn to scale, on which penetrations and ceiling mounted items are shown and coordinated with demountable partitions.

02-01-13

D. Electrical Drawings:

1. Coordinate electrical provisions to be included in moveable partitions with final circuited electrical engineering drawings and schedules.

E. Plumbing Drawings:

1. Coordinate plumbing provisions to be field installed (by others) in moveable partitions with final plumbing engineering drawings and schedules.

F. Samples:

1. Provide samples for verification of each type of exposed finish required, in sample size indicated below.
  - a. Panel Finish Face and Extrusion Components:  
Manufacturer's standard size unit, but not less than 75 mm (3 inches) square.
  - b. Linear Trim: 300 mm (12 inches) long.
  - c. Door Face Finish: Manufacturer's standard sized unit, but not less than 75 mm (3 inches) square.

## 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Sound Transmission Characteristics:

1. Where STC ratings are indicated, provide partitions with STC rating determined by testing an identical system to ASTM E90 and classified in accordance with ASTM E413.
2. Testing to be done by a qualified independent testing agency.
3. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labelled in accordance with NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
4. Mechanical Strength of Demountable Partitions: Provide demountable partitions capable of withstanding static loads in accordance with ANSI/BIFMA X5.6.

## 1.8 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations:

1. Do not deliver or install demountable partition components until building is enclosed and finishing operations are complete, including ceiling and floor-covering installation and painting.

## 2.0 PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

02-01-13

- A. DIRT Environmental Solutions; Moveable Walls.
- B. Or Approved Equal utilizing the procedure defined in SECTION  
01 33 23 SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES

## **2.2 DEMOUNTABLE UNITIZED PANEL PARTITIONS**

### **A. Solid Panels**

- 1. Aluminum Framing: Aluminum extrusions, 6063-T54 or 6061-T6 aluminum alloy.
- 2. Face Mounted Tile Attachment: Provide unitized frame assembly to accept face mounted tiles with orientation and module increments as specified.
- 3. Frame Accessibility: Provide up to 75 mm (3 inches) clear wall cavity for distribution of utilities accessible from either side of wall by removable face panels.
- 4. Insulation: Provide 2 inches of light density, formaldehyde free glass-fibre thermal and acoustical insulation in each panel.
- 5. Base: Provide tiles scribed to floor for installation of specified base trim (by others)

### **B. Face Panels:**

- 1. Thicknesses: 13 mm (1/2 inch).
- 2. Width and Height: As indicated on drawings.

- C. Electrical, Communications, and Security System Requirements: Provide for installation of electrical, communications, and security system items arranged so that wiring can be readily removed and replaced.

### **D. Provide level indicated:**

- 1. Optional frame vertical modification for horizontal power / data frame to frame pass-through.
- 2. Level 2: Provide factory installed EMT conduit terminated above the top or bottom of each unit as indicated on the project drawings.
- 3. Provide all cut-outs and reinforcements required for demountable partitions to accept medical gas components.

#### **a. Frame Bases:**

- 1. Provide frame bases with provisions for height adjustment to accommodate floor slab variances.
- 2. Provide a leveling mechanism for making fine adjustment in height over adjustment range of the product.

02-01-13

b. Connections and Supports:

1. Manufacturer's standard connections and supports that connect and release from floor and ceiling without damage using carpet grippers and ceiling track clips, with exception of the following conditions: bulkhead (drywall ceiling), seismic conditions, electrical or service feeds, physical connections to base building (where required).
2. Panel Joint Closure: Manufacturer's standard, capable of closing up to a 25 mm (1 inch) gap between demountable partitions and base building elements.
3. Trim: Continuous and modular, factory-finished, snap-on type; adjustable for variations in floor and ceiling levels.
3. Base Trim Profiles: Recessed; removable to access leveling mechanisms.
4. Ceiling Trim Profile: Recessed; adjustable to accommodate up to a 12 mm (1/2 inch) gap between demountable partitions and base building elements.
5. Wall Trim Profile: Recessed; adjustable to accommodate up to a 12 mm (1/2 inch) up to 25 mm (1 inch) gap between demountable partitions and base building elements.
6. Colours and Materials: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

E. DOORS

1. Flush Wood Doors: As specified in Section [08 14 00 - Flush Wood Doors.
2. Hardware Reinforcement: Factory milled to suit hardware. Glass supplied by others.
3. Security System Components: Coordinated hardware requirements and prep work for security system components (supplied by others).

F. DOOR FRAMES

1. Butt Hinge Frames: Manufacturer's standard aluminum frame single door factory milled to receive hardware, for 43 mm (1-11/16 inch) [ $\pm$  1.5mm (1/16 inch)] doors. Door frames capable of reconfiguration without part replacement or damage to wall components.

02-01-13

2. Frame Finishes: [Clear-anodized aluminum; AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A31, Class II.
3. Hardware Reinforcement: milled, reinforce, drill and tap frames at factory to receive specified hardware in accordance with the contract hardware schedule and templates.
4. Frame Height: Jambs over length 50 mm (2 inches), for field cutting to suit opening height for proper alignment with adjacent frames. Frame Preparation: Factory milled frame with hinge locations and sizes as determined and set by manufacturer; including factory installed steel backer plates for four (4) hinges (2 pair):
5. Hinges: 4 1/2 x 4 Stanley BB1409 fastened with 10-24 flat head machine screws.
6. Electrical Requirements:
  - a. Security System Components: Coordinated hardware requirements and prep work for security system components (supplied by others).
7. Factory notched and drilled jambs for ceiling track and manufacturer's standard header attachment.
8. Extrusion Profile: Rectilinear profile to match any adjacent unitized glass frames.
9. Seals: Manufacturer's standard.

G: Glazing

1. Provide and install glazing as indicated on drawings.

Glazing will be

G. Accessories and Brackets:

1. Provide flexible and rigid PVC extrusions and co-extrusions installed to fill voids between tiles (horizontal gasket and vertical gasket).

## 2.3 FABRICATION

B. Demountable Unitized Panels:

1. Factory-Assembled frames with 25 mm (2inch) insulation, base track and levellers; face mounted tiles installed to frames on site.
2. Fabricate panels for installation with concealed fastening devices and pressure-fit components that will not damage ceiling or floor covering exceptions.

02-01-13

3. Fabricate panels with continuous light-and-sound seals at floor, ceiling, and other locations where panels abut fixed construction.

4. Factory glaze panels to the greatest extent possible.

C. Components:

1. Fabricate components for installation with concealed fastening devices and pressure-fit members that will not damage ceiling or floor coverings. Exceptions: Drywall ceiling, seismic applications and doors against base building require screw holes in base building for proper fastening.

2. Fabricate for installation with continuous seals at floor and other locations where partition assemblies abut fixed construction and for installation of sound attenuation insulation in partition cavities.

3. Electrical, Communications, and Security System Components: Fabricate demountable partitions to accept electrical, communications, and security systems components specified in Division 26, 27, and 28.

4. Plumbing: Fabricate demountable partitions to accept plumbing components as specified in Division 22.

**2.4 FINISHES**

A. Protect finishes on exposed surfaces from damage during shipping.

B. Appearance of Finished Work:

5. Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved samples.

6. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable.

7. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

**3.0 EXECUTION**

**3.1 INSTALLATION**

A. Install demountable partition systems to manufacturer's written instructions.

B. Install system rigid, level, plumb, and aligned.

C. Apply finished face mounted tiles to framing.

D. Install continuous insulation in base trim cavity.

02-01-13

- E. Install seals to prevent light and sound transmission at connections to floors, ceilings, fixed walls, and abutting surfaces.
- F. Install doors and frames, glazing, and glazing frame assemblies securely anchored to partitions and with doors aligned and fitted.
- G. Install and adjust door hardware for proper operation.

**3.2 DEMONSTRATION**

- A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to demonstrate and train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain demountable partitions.

**3.3 WARRANTY**

- A. 10 year Limited Warranty

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02-01-13

**SECTION 10 22 26**  
**PAIRED OPERABLE PARTITIONS**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 SUMMARY**

- A. Furnish and install operable partitions and suspension system.  
Provide all labor, materials, tools, equipment, and services for operable walls in accordance with provisions of contract documents.

**1.2 Related Sections:**

1. Preparation of opening will be by General Contractor. Any deviation of site conditions contrary to approved shop drawings must be called to the attention of the architect.06 10 00 Rough Carpentry. Structural support for track.
2. All header, blocking, support structures, jambs, track enclosures, surrounding insulation, and sound baffles as required in 1.04 Quality Assurance
3. Prepunching of support structure in accordance with approved shop drawings.
4. Paint or otherwise finishing all trim and other materials adjoining head and jamb of operable partitions.

**1.3 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Complete shop drawings are to be provided prior to fabrication indicating construction and installation details as follows:
- 1.) Include plans, elevations, sections, connection details, and attachment details to other work.
  - 2.) Include critical field measurements for [standard] [custom] modular installation, including finished width and height of partitions.
  - 3.) Provide structural analysis data for installed products indicated to comply with design loads, signed and sealed by licensed professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
  - 4.) Provide all final engineered drawings relevant to material inclusions within, or connections to the movable wall product.
  - 5.) Provide architectural plans locating movable wall products, including wall finishes and construction of surfaces with which the partitions operable partition interfaces with or connects to.

02-01-13

#### **1.4 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE**

A. Provide the following:

- 1.) Panel finish facings and finishes for exposed trim and accessories. Include precautions for cleaning materials and methods that could be detrimental to finishes and performance.
- 2.) Seals, hardware, track, carriers, and other operating components.

#### **1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

A. Qualifications:

1. Preparation of the opening shall conform to the criteria set forth per ASTM E557 Standard Practice for Architectural Application and Installation of Operable Partitions
2. The partition STC (Sound Transmission Classification) shall be achieved per the standard test methods ASTM E90.
3. Noise isolation classifications shall be achieved per the standard test methods ASTM E336 and ASTM E413.
4. Noise Reduction Coefficient (NRC) ratings shall be per ASTM C423.
5. Rack testing for 10 years. (tensional strength stress test)
6. The manufacturer shall have a quality system that is registered to the ISO 9001 standards.

#### **1.6 DELIVERY STORAGE AND HANDLING**

- A. Proper storage of partitions before installation and continued protection during and after installation will be the responsibility of the General Contractor.

#### **1.7 DESIGN / PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS**

A. Stacking:

1. Minimum stacking shall be 1.05 inches/linear foot (87.5 mm/meter) of opening plus 3.5 inches (89 mm) for each locking member.
2. Grille support must be designed to carry the weight of a fully stacked door at any point along its length. Support is to carry the total weight / the total stacking and is express as lbs. per linear ft.

- B. Lintel Deflection: Accommodate deflection of lintel to prevent damage to components, deterioration of seals, or movement between door frame and perimeter framing.

02-01-13

- C. Thermal Movement: Design sections to permit thermal expansion and contraction of components to match perimeter opening construction.

#### **1.8 WARRANTY**

- A. Partition system shall be guaranteed for a period of two years against defects in material and workmanship, excluding abuse.

### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

#### **2.1 MANUFACTURER**

- A. Basis of design: HUFCOR, Inc., 2101 Kennedy Road Janesville, Wisconsin 53545 Telephone: (800) 542.2371 Ext.214, Fax: (608) 758-8253  
B. Model: SERIES 632  
C. Or Equal

#### **2.2 MATERIALS**

- A. Product to be top supported Series 632 paired panels.

1. Panels shall be nominally 3" [76] thick, to 48" [1219] in width, and hinged in pairs.
2. Panel faces shall be laminated to appropriate substrate to meet the STC requirement in 2.04 Acoustical Performance.
  - a. Substrate material Medium Density Fiberboard
  - b. Provide concealed master keyable, cylinder operated, bottom ratcheted rod #3 member with lock operable from [both sides of curtain] [public side of curtain] [tenant side of curtain]. Supply dustproof floor sockets for all drop bolts. Provide rubber bumper at the edge of the locking member.
3. Trailing Frames shall be of 16 gauge [1.42mm] painted steel with integral factory applied aluminum vertical edge and face protection.
4. Vertical sound seals shall be of tongue and groove configuration, ensure panel-to-panel alignment and prevent sound leaks between panels.
5. Horizontal top seals shall be fixed continuous contact dual 4-finger vinyl.

02-01-13

6. Horizontal bottom seals shall be retractable, provide up to 2" [50]nominal operating clearance, and exert downward force when extended.
7. Horizontal trim shall be of aluminum.
8. Low profile hinges on basic panels shall be of steel and project no more than 1/4" [6] beyond panel faces. Each pair of panels to have a minimum of three hinges

B. Weight of the panels shall be 5.7-10.2 lbs. per sq. ft. [27.8-49.8kg/sq.m]based on options selected.

C. Suspension system:

1. . Track shall be of clear anodized architectural grade extruded aluminum alloy 6063-T6. Track design shall provide precise alignment at the trolley running surfaces and provide integral support for adjoining ceiling, soffit, or plenum sound barrier. Track shall be connected to the structural support by pairs of minimum 3/8" [10] dia.threaded steel hanger rods. Guide rails and/or track sweep seals shall not be required
  - a. Each panel shall be supported by one 4-wheeled carrier. Wheels to be of hardened steel ball bearings encased with molded polymer tires.

C. Finishes:

1. Fabric Face finish shall be: Factory applied fabric. Fabric shall be custom selected from Xorel Carnegie fabrics. Reese 6627
2. Marker Board Face finish shall be: Color shall be selected from manufacturer's standard colors.
3. Exposed metal trim and seal color shall be Gray(standard)
4. Aluminum track shall be clear anodized.

### 1.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Accessories: Inset marker storage. Provide two on each side of panel system, Total of four.

### 1.4 ACOUSTIC PERFORMANCE

- A. Acoustical performance shall be tested at a laboratory accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP)

02-01-13

and in accordance with ASTM E90 Test Standards. Standard panel construction shall have an obtained STC rating of 47.

## **2.5 OPERATION**

- A. Panels shall be manually moved from the storage area, positioned in the opening, and seals set. push-pull.
- B. Retractable Horizontal Seals:
  - 1. Retractable horizontal seals shall be activated by a removable quickset operating handle located approximately 42" [1067] from the floor in the panel edge.
  - 2. All retractable seals in each hinged pair shall be operated simultaneously
  - 3. Seal activation requires approximately 15 lbs. [6.8 kg] of force per panel and approximately a 190 degree turn of the removable
- C. Automatic Floor Seals:
  - 1. Horizontal seals shall be activated by pressing the edge of the panel into the edge of the adjacent panel or wall.
  - 2. Seal activation requires approximately 15 lbs. [6.8 kg] of force per panel.
- D. Final partition closure to be Lever closure panel with expanding jamb which compensates for minor wall irregularities and provides a minimum of 250 lbs. [113.4kg] 1 force against the adjacent wall for optimum sound control. The jamb activator shall be located approximately 45" [1143] from the floor in the panel face and be accessed from either side of the panel. The jamb is equipped with a mechanical rack and pinion gear drive mechanism and shall extend 4"-6" [100-152] by turning the removable operating handle.
- E. Stack/Store Panels will be done by retracting seals and moving to storage area. Panels may be stored at either or both ends of the track or in a pocket.

## **PART - 3 - EXECUTION**

### **3.1 INSTALLATION:**

- A. The complete installation of the operable wall system shall be by an authorized factory-trained installer and be in strict accordance with the approved shop drawings and manufacturer's standard printed specifications, instructions, and recommendations.

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MILWAUKEE, WI  
111 ADMIN CONSOLIDATION FOR 10AS SIM LAB  
VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

02-01-13

**3.2 CLEANING:**

- A. All track and panel surfaces shall be wiped clean and free of handprints, grease, and soil.
- B. Cartoning and other installation debris shall be removed to onsite waste collection area, provided by others.

**3.3 TRAINING:**

- A. Installer shall demonstrate proper operation and maintenance procedures to owner's representative.
- B. Operating handle and owners manuals shall be provided to owner's representative.

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**SECTION 10 25 13**  
**PATIENT BED SERVICE WALLS**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

This section specifies the furnishing, installation and connection of the patient wall systems both horizontal and vertical. Patient wall systems are also referred to as prefabricated bedside patient units or PBPUs.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Section 10 22 19 Movable Partition System
- B. Section 22 62 00, VACUUM SYSTEMS FOR LABORATORY AND HEALTHCARE FACILITIES AND Section 22 63 00, GAS SYSTEMS FOR LABORATORY AND HEALTHCARE FACILITIES: Requirements for air, oxygen and vacuum outlets in the patient wall units.
- C. Section 26 05 11, REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS: General electrical requirements that are common to more than one section of Division 26.
- D. Section 26 05 33, RACEWAY AND BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS: Raceways and outlet boxes for wiring.
- E. Section 26 05 21, LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL POWER CONDUCTORS AND CABLES (600 VOLTS AND BELOW): Cables and wiring.
- F. Section 26 27 26, WIRING DEVICES: Wiring devices to be installed in the patient wall units.
- G. Section 26 24 16, PANELBOARDS: Panelboard requirements for patient wall units with a panelboard.
- H. Section 26 05 26, GROUNDING AND BONDING FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS: Requirements for personnel safety and to provide a low impedance path to ground for possible ground currents.
- I. Section 26 51 00, INTERIOR LIGHTING: Lighting fixture requirements when installed in or connected to the patient wall units.
- J. Section 27 52 23, NURSE CALL/CODE BLUE SYSTEMS: Nurse Call and Code One requirements for installation in the patient wall units.

**1.3 SUBMITTALS**

- A. In accordance with Section 26 05 11, REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS, submit the following:
- B. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Sufficient information, clearly presented, shall be included to determine compliance with drawings and specifications.

2. Include electrical ratings, dimensions, mounting details, front view, side view, equipment and device arrangement, wiring diagrams, material, and connection diagrams.
  3. Determine final layout of each style of patient wall system at this stage. Provide configuration drawings showing all possible device (nurse call, medical gases, electrical receptacles and switches, etc.) locations to the Resident Engineer. The Resident Engineer will provide by return of submittal the desired configuration of each style of patient wall system. Limit the number and type of devices allowed for each style of unit to the number and type of devices specified for that style below.
- C. Manuals: Two weeks prior to the final inspection, deliver four copies of the following to the Resident Engineer.
1. Complete maintenance and operating manuals including wiring diagrams, technical data sheets, and information for ordering replacement parts:
    - a. Include complete "As installed" diagrams which indicate all items of equipment, their interconnecting wiring and interconnecting piping.
    - b. Include complete diagrams of the internal wiring for each of the items of equipment, including "As installed" revisions of the diagrams.
    - c. Identify terminals on the wiring diagrams to facilitate installation, maintenance and operation.
- D. Certifications: Two weeks prior to the final inspection, deliver four copies of the following certifications to the Resident Engineer:
1. Certification by the manufacturer that the equipment conforms to the requirements of the drawings and specifications.
  2. Certification by the Contractor that the equipment has been properly installed, adjusted, and tested in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

**1.4 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS:**

- A. Publications listed below (including amendments, addenda, revisions, supplements and errata) form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by the basic designation only.
- B. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):
- 70-11.....National Electrical Code (NEC)
- 99-12.....Health Care Facilities
- C. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL):

UL listed in product category SECTIONS AND UNITS (QQXX). This standard used to investigate listed products in this category is NFPA 70 (NEC).

- D. AAMA 611-98 - Voluntary Standards for Anodized Architectural Aluminum.
- E. ASCE 7-05 - Minimum Design Loads for Buildings and Other Structures.
- F. ASTM E72-04- Method for Conducting Strength Tests of Panels for Building Construction.
- G. ASTM E84-05 - Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials.
- H. Limited Production Certification (LPC), Report No. LPCE 75090-1.

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### **2.1 PATIENT WALL SYSTEMS**

- A. Shall be UL listed.
- B. Shall consist of a structural framework, removable panels and removable equipment console units, factory assembled to house all permanent bedside services including but not necessarily limited to fixtures, grounding jacks, power outlets, telephone outlet, nurses call patient station, medical gas outlet(s) and other fittings or devices.
- C. Shall conform to the following:
  - 1. Applicable requirements in NFPA 70 (NEC) and NFPA 99.
  - 2. Assembly and all components shall be UL listed or labeled.
- D. Coordinate the mounting space provisions for the nurse call equipment with Section 27 52 23, NURSE CALL/CODE BLUE SYSTEMS.
- E. Compressed Air, Oxygen and Vacuum System Equipment: Furnish, install and test the equipment in accordance with the drawings and Section 22 62 00, VACUUM SYSTEMS FOR LABORATORY AND HEALTHCARE FACILITIES and Section 22 63 00, GAS SYSTEMS FOR LABORATORY AND HEALTHCARE FACILITIES.
  - 1. Fixed medical gas outlets are permanently installed in one location and may not be moved without special tools and shutting off the gas involved.
  - 2. Movable medical gas outlets:
    - a. Hose connected to gas manifold type:
      - 1) The hoses connected to gas manifold shall be UL listed and labeled for the purpose.
      - 2) All hoses shall be accessible at all times. Use bars or other restraining devices to control exposed hoses. A panel may cover the hoses provided it can be easily removed with out the use of special tools for hose inspection.

- b. Relocatable type:
  - 1) Relocatable (snap-in) without the use of tools to any one of several different fixed locations.
  - 2) Appropriate relocatable adapter can be used to access available gases from each fixed location.
  - 3) Cover all unused locations with a blank (no gas) adapter plate.
- F. Electrical receptacles and switches shall comply with the requirements in Section 26 27 26, WIRING DEVICES; grounding in Section 26 05 26, GROUNDING AND BONDING FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS; and internal wiring in Section 26 05 21, LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL POWER CONDUCTORS AND CABLES (600 VOLTS AND BELOW).
- G. Styles:
  - 1. Style: A double bed patient wall unit consisting of a full wall unit, Floor to ceiling and wall to wall, as indicated on drawings. Patient bed light power must be wired through the patient wall unit. The wall unit will provide power, medical gases, equipment bed support and bed motor power.
    - a. Provide oxygen gas outlet(s): 2-each bed fixed.
    - b. Provide air outlet (s): 2-each bed.
    - c. Provide vacuum outlet(s): 2-each bed fixed.
    - d. Provide emergency power outlets: 6-each bed NEMA 20R single receptacles, self illuminated red with stainless steel or anodized aluminum cover plate, engraved "EMERGENCY POWER" with minimum 6 mm (1/4 inch) red filled letters.
    - e. Provide normal power outlets: 6-each bed NEMA 20R single white receptacles. One of which is for the bed motor. Provide stainless steel or anodized aluminum cover plates.
    - f. Provide 8 Data Ports for each bed.
    - g. Provide a switch for the overhead/exam light.
    - h. Provide support mounting capabilities between beds for patient monitor.
- H. The unit Style shall have the following features:
  - 1. Basic structural framework shall be constructed of heavy gage extruded aluminum or minimum 1.9 mm (14 gage) cold-rolled steel, designed to be a self-supporting unit for above-the-floor, for close wall mounting or a freestanding installation. For freestanding units, provide the framework with a base plate and overhead structural supports.

2. Drill and tap the side frame members to permit the installation of front panel devices at modular intervals at any elevation between the top and bottom.
3. Provide removable front panels:
  - a. Construct panel of the following materials:
    - 1) Fire retarding core material surfaced with a high pressure plastic laminated facing sheet.
    - 2) Vinyl material heat and pressure applied over a minimum of 1.6 mm (0.060 inch) sheet aluminum back braced for rigidity and sound control.
    - 3) Vinyl material heat and pressure applied over sheet steel minimum 1.6 mm (0.060 inch).
    - 4) Vinyl material heat and pressure applied over sheet aluminum minimum 2.0 mm (0.080 inch).
  - b. Color and texture shall be as indicated on room finish schedule.
  - c. Bond the panel edges with an aluminum extrusion or cold-rolled steel trim designed for mounting directly to the structural framework, thus allowing the panels to be easily removed for access to internal components and for servicing of utility connections or future modifications. Secure panels with hidden screws or other means to offer an overall finished appearance. All exposed metal surfaces or trims greater than 4 mm (1/8 inch) wide shall be of anodized aluminum or stainless steel finished to resist abrasion and affects from hospital cleaning compounds.
5. Mount patient service components in an equipment console made up of a backbox and finish fascia.
  - a. Use galvanized steel backbox with outlet gang openings on minimum 60 mm (2.4 inches) uniform centers to provide mounting supports of front panel devices. Provide removable metal barriers to separate voltage sources and to facilitate wiring between segregated devices within the same horizontal module.
  - b. Match finish, either anodized aluminum or stainless steel of all fascia and device face plates.
  - c. Fascia and/or face plates may be omitted for power and grounding receptacles in the consoles if the receptacles are mounted flush in the PBPV cover panel and facilities (support members, tapped holes, spacing, etc.) are provided behind the panel for future addition or relocation of receptacles.

- d. Provide smooth external surfaces having a finished appearance.  
Maintain adequate spacing of device plates and similar items to eliminate crevices and facilitate cleaning.
- 6. Provide patient services as indicated in paragraphs above, the schematic wiring diagram shown on drawings, and as follows:
  - a. Electrical components: Factory assembled and prewired to a sectionalized junction box at the top of the unit in accordance with circuiting and switching arrangements shown on the drawings. Factory assembled prewiring may be stranded in sizes AWG #10 and #12. Provide an equipotential ground bus with lugs suitable for connecting AWG #14 to AWG #6 conductors with a minimum of 48 screw-type terminals, unless otherwise shown.
  - b. Receptacles: Single Hospital Grade NEMA 5-20R, unless otherwise specified.
  - c. Provide medical gas components compatible with those installed elsewhere in the project that are factory assembled, manifolded and pre-piped, using medical grade copper pipe, to single point connections of each service at the top of the units.
  - d. Provide nurse call services consisting of provisions for adequate space and matching face plates for the equipment and empty conduit to the sectionalized junction box at the top of the unit.
  - e. Provide internal power and signal wiring in separate EMT, flexible metal conduits or approved raceway. Separate normal power circuits from emergency power circuits. Also, provide adequate supports for conduits and piping within the structural frame.
  - f. Telephone outlets/jacks: Plug-in type as approved by the VAMC.
  - g. Except for anodized aluminum and galvanized or stainless steel surfaces, clean and paint all other metal surfaces at the factory with primer and not less than two coats of baked enamel.

## **2.2 MANUFACTURER**

A. Basis of design: DIRT Environmental Solutions, Inc. 325-North Wells St.  
10th Flr  
60654 Telephone: (800) 312-813-8591

B. Or Approved Equal

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### **3.1 INSTALLATION:**

A. Installation shall be in accordance with NFPA 70 (NEC), NFPA 99, and as shown on the drawings.

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VA PROJECT: 695-13-112

DEPT. OF VETERAN AFFAIRS

11-11

B. Compressed Air, Oxygen and Vacuum System Equipment:

1. Install and test the equipment and piping system in accordance with the drawings and Section 22 62 00, VACUUM SYSTEMS FOR LABORATORY AND HEALTHCARE FACILITIES and Section 22 63 00, GAS SYSTEMS FOR LABORATORY AND HEALTHCARE FACILITIES.
2. Install and make connections as required for a complete and operational patient wall system for each unit.

C. Coordination:

1. Coordinate other work having a direct bearing on work of this section, including other work required to be installed within or next to Work of this section.

D. Schedule:

1. Coordinate delivery of product in accordance with construction schedule to avoid storage and double handling of the wall system.
2. Installation of wall system in conjunction with other trades after completion of HVAC equipment, fire suppression, ceiling grid, finished drywall ceiling, floor covering, and lighting fixtures. Final electrical connection, voice data/communications, ceiling tiles, can be completed during or after installation of the wall systems.

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**SECTION 10 26 00**  
**WALL AND DOOR PROTECTION**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

This section specifies wall guards (crash rails or bumper guards), handrail/wall guard combinations, corner guards and door/door frame protectors and high impact wall covering.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Armor plates and kick plates not specified in this section: Section 08 71 00, DOOR HARDWARE.
- B. Color and texture of resilient material: See materials schedule on drawings.

**1.3 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show design and installation details.
- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - 1. Handrail/Wall Guard Combinations.
  - 2. Wall Guards.
  - 3. Corner Guards.
  - 4. Door/Door Frame Protectors.
  - 5. High Impact Wall covering
- D. Test Report: Showing that resilient material complies with specified fire and safety code requirements.

**1.4 DELIVERY AND STORAGE**

- A. Deliver materials to the site in original sealed packages or containers marked with the name and brand, or trademark of the manufacturer.
- B. Protect from damage from handling and construction operations before, during and after installation.
- C. Store in a dry environment of approximately 21° C (70 degrees F) for at least 48 hours prior to installation.

**1.5 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by basic designation only.
- B. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
  - A167-99(R2009).....Stainless and Heat-Resisting Chromium-Nickel Steel Plate, Sheet, and Strip

B221-08.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods,  
Wire, Shapes, and Tubes

D256-06.....Impact Resistance of Plastics

D635-06.....Rate of Burning and/or Extent and Time of  
Burning of Self-Supporting Plastics in a  
Horizontal Position

E84-09.....Surface Burning Characteristics of Building  
Materials

C. The National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers (NAAMM):  
AMP 500-06.....Metal Finishes Manual

D. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):  
80-10.....Standard for Fire Doors and Windows

E. Society of American Automotive Engineers (SAE):  
J 1545-05.....Instrumental Color Difference Measurement for  
Exterior Finishes.

F. Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL):  
Annual Issue.....Building Materials Directory

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### **2.1 MATERIALS**

A. Stainless Steel: ASTM A167, Type 302B.

B. Aluminum Extruded: ASTM B221, Alloy 6063, Temper T5 or T6.

C. Resilient Material:

1. Extruded and injection molded acrylic vinyl or extruded polyvinyl chloride meeting following requirements:
  - a. Minimum impact resistance of 1197 ps (25 ft lbs per sq.ft) when tested in accordance with ASTM D256 (Izod impact, ft.lbs. per inch notch).
  - b. Class 1 fire rating when tested in accordance with ASTM E84, having a maximum flame spread of 25 and a smoke developed rating of 450 or less.
  - c. Rated self extinguishing when tested in accordance with ASTM D635.
  - d. Material shall be labeled and tested by Underwriters Laboratories or other approved independent testing laboratory.
  - e. Integral color with all colored components matched in accordance with SAE J 1545 to within plus or minus 1.0 on the CIE-LCH scales.
  - f. Same finish on exposed surfaces.

### **2.2 CORNER GUARDS**

A. Resilient, Shock-Absorbing Corner Guards: Surface mounted type of 30 mm (1-1/4 inch radius) .

1. Snap-on corner guard formed from resilient material, minimum 2 mm (0.078-inch) thick, free floating on a continuous 1.6 mm (0.063-inch) thick extruded aluminum retainer. Provide appropriate mounting hardware, cushions and base plates as required.
2. Provide factory fabricated end closure caps at top and bottom of surface mounted corner guards.
3. Flush mounted corner guards installed on any fire rated wall shall maintain the fire rating of the wall. Provide fire test of proposed corner guard system to verify compliance.
  - a. Where insulating materials are an integral part of the corner guard system, the insulating materials shall be provided by the manufacturer of the corner guard system.
  - b. All exposed metal in fire rated assemblies shall have a paintable finish.

### **2.3 WALL GUARDS AND HANDRAILS: NOT USED**

### **2.4 DOOR AND DOOR FRAME PROTECTION**

- A. Not Used

### **2.5 HIGH IMPACT WALL COVERING**

- A. Fabricate from vinyl acrylic or polyvinyl chloride resilient material minimum 6mm (0.06 inch) thick designed specially for interior use.
- B. Coordinate with door protection material and supplier for proper fit, installation and color.
- C. Provide adhesive as recommended by the wall covering manufacturer.
- D. All 4 ft high impact wall protection to be provided in rolls. 4'x8' sheets are not acceptable unless quantity is less than what is on a roll.

### **2.6 FASTENERS AND ANCHORS**

- A. Provide fasteners and anchors as required for each specific type of installation.
- B. Where type, size, spacing or method of fastening is not shown or specified, submit shop drawings showing proposed installation details.

### **2.7 FINISH**

- A. In accordance with NAAMM AMP 500 series.
- B. Aluminum:
  1. Exposed aluminum: chemically etched medium matte, with clear anodic coating, Class II Architectural, 0.4 mil thick.
  2. Concealed aluminum: Mill finish as fabricated, uniform in color and free from surface blemishes.
- C. Stainless Steel: NAAMM finish Number 4.

- D. Resilient Material: Embossed texture and color in accordance with SAE J 1545 and as indicated on room finish schedule.

**PART 3 - INSTALLATION**

**3.1 RESILIENT CORNER GUARDS**

Install corner guards on walls in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

**3.2 STAINLESS STEEL CORNER GUARDS: NOT USED**

**3.3 RESILIENT HANDRAIL: NOT USED**

**3.4 ALUMINUM WALL GUARDS**

Not Used

**3.5 STAINLESS STEEL WALL GUARDS**

Not Used

**3.6 DOOR, DOOR FRAME PROTECTION AND HIGH IMPACT WALL COVERING**

- A. Surfaces to receive protection shall be clean, smooth and free of obstructions.
- B. Install protectors after frames are in place but preceding installation of doors in accordance with approved shop drawings and manufacturers specific instructions.
- C. Apply with adhesive in controlled environment according to manufacture's recommendations.
- D. Protection installed on fire rated doors and frames shall be installed according to NFPA 80 and installation procedures listed in UL Building Materials Directory; or, equal listing by other approved independent testing laboratory establishing the procedures.

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**SECTION 10 28 00**  
**TOILET, BATH, AND LAUNDRY ACCESSORIES**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

- A. This section specifies manufactured items usually used in dressing rooms, toilets, baths, locker rooms and at sinks in related spaces.
- B. Items Specified:
  - 1. Paper towel dispenser.
  - 2. Combination paper towel dispenser and disposal unit.
  - 4. Toilet tissue dispenser.
  - 5. Grab Bars: (10800-1.DWG).
  - 6. Shower curtain rods.
  - 7. Clothes hooks, robe or coat.
  - 8. Towel bars.
  - 9. Metal framed.
  - 12. Soap dishes.
- B. This section also specifies custom fabricated items used in toilets and related spaces.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Blocking, 06 10 00 ROUGH CARPENTRY

**1.3 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Each product specified.
  - 2. Paper towel dispenser and combination dispenser and disposal units.
  - 3. Metal framed mirrors, showing shelf where required, fillers, and design and installation of units when installed on ceramic tile wainscots and offset surfaces.
  - 4. Shower Curtain rods, showing required length for each location.
  - 5. Grab bars, showing design and each different type of anchorage.
  - 6. Medicine cabinets showing design and installation.
  - 7. Foot operated soap dispenser, showing anchorage and components.
  - 8. Show material and finish, size of members, and details of construction, installation and anchorage of mop racks.
- C. Samples:
  - 1. One of each type of accessory specified.
  - 2. After approval, samples may be used in the work.
- D. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:

1. All accessories specified.
2. Show type of material, gages or metal thickness in inches, finishes, and when required, capacity of accessories.
3. Show working operations of spindle for toilet tissue dispensers.
4. Mop racks.

E. Manufacturer's Certificates:

1. Attesting that soap dispensers are fabricated of material that will not be affected by liquid soap or aseptic detergents, Phisoex and solutions containing hexachlorophene.
2. Anodized finish as specified.

**1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Each product shall meet, as a minimum, the requirements specified, and shall be a standard commercial product of a manufacturer regularly presently manufacturing items of type specified.
- B. Each accessory type shall be the same and be made by the same manufacturer.
- C. Each accessory shall be assembled to the greatest extent possible before delivery to the site.
- D. Include additional features, which are not specifically prohibited by this specification, but which are a part of the manufacturer's standard commercial product.

**1.5 PACKAGING AND DELIVERY**

- A. Pack accessories individually to protect finish.
- B. Deliver accessories to the project only when installation work in rooms is ready to receive them.
- C. Deliver inserts and rough-in frames to site at appropriate time for building-in.
- D. Deliver products to site in sealed packages of containers; labeled for identification with manufacturer's name, brand, and contents.

**1.6 STORAGE**

- A. Store products in weathertight and dry storage facility.
- B. Protect from damage from handling, weather and construction operations before, during and after installation in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

**1.7 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.

B. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):

A167-99(R2009).....Stainless and Heat-Resisting Chromium-Nickel  
Steel Plate, Sheet and Strip.  
A176-99(R2009).....Stainless and Heat-Resisting Chromium Steel  
Plate, Sheet, and Strip  
A269-10.....Seamless and Welded Austenitic Stainless Steel  
Tubing for General Service  
A312/A312M-09.....Seamless and Welded Austenitic Stainless Steel  
Pipes  
A653/A653M-10.....Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-  
Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip  
Process  
B221-08.....Aluminum and Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods,  
Wire, Shapes, and Tubes  
B456-03(R2009).....Electrodeposited Coatings of Copper Plus Nickel  
Plus Chromium and Nickel Plus Chromium  
C1036-06.....Flat Glass  
C1048-04.....Heat-Treated Flat Glass-Kind HS, Kind FT Coated  
and Uncoated Glass  
D635-10.....Rate of Burning and/or Extent and Time of  
Burning of Self Supporting Plastics in a  
Horizontal Position  
F446-85(R2009).....Consumer Safety Specification for Grab Bars and  
Accessories Installed in the Bathing Area.  
D3453-07.....Flexible Cellular Materials - Urethane for  
Furniture and Automotive Cushioning, Bedding,  
and Similar Applications  
D3690-02(R2009).....Vinyl-Coated and Urethane-Coated Upholstery  
Fabrics

C. The National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers (NAAMM):  
AMP 500 Series.....Metal Finishes Manual

D. American Welding Society (AWS):

D10.4-86 (R2000).....Welding Austenitic Chromium-Nickel Stainless  
Steel Piping and Tubing

E. Federal Specifications (Fed. Specs.):

A-A-3002.....Mirrors, Glass  
FF-S-107C (2).....Screw, Tapping and Drive  
FF-S-107C.....Screw, Tapping and Drive.  
WW-P-541E(1).....Plumbing Fixtures (Accessories, Land Use) Detail  
Specification

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### **2.1 MATERIALS**

- A. Aluminum: ASTM B221, alloy 6063-T5 and alloy 6463-T5.
- B. Stainless Steel:
  - 1. Plate or sheet: ASTM A167, Type 302, 304, or 304L, except ASTM A176 where Type 430 is specified, 0.0299-inch thick unless otherwise specified.
  - 2. Tube: ASTM A269, Alloy Type 302, 304, or 304L.
- C. Stainless Steel Tubing: ASTM A269, Grade 304 or 304L, seamless or welded.
- D. Stainless Steel Pipe: ASTM A312; Grade TP 304 or TP 304L.
- E. Steel Sheet: ASTM A653, zinc-coated (galvanized) coating designation G90.
- F. Glass:
  - 1. ASTM C1036, Type 1, Class 1, Quality q2, for mirrors, and for mirror doors in medicine cabinets.
  - 2. ASTM C1036, Type 1 Class 1 Quality q3, for shelves in medicine cabinets.
  - 3. ASTM C1048, Kind FT, Condition A, Type 1, Class 1 (use in Mental Health and Behavior Nursing Unit Psychiatric Patient Areas and Security Examination Rooms where mirrors and glass are specified).
- G. Foam Rubber: ASTM D3453, Grade BD, Type 2.
- H. Vinyl Covering: ASTM D3690, Vinyl coated fabric, Class A.
- I. Plywood: PS1, Grade CD.

### **2.2 FASTENERS**

- A. Exposed Fasteners: Stainless steel or chromium plated brass, finish to match adjacent surface.
- B. Concealed Fasteners: Steel, hot-dip galvanized (except in high moisture areas such as showers or bath tubs use stainless steel).
- C. Toggle Bolts: For use in hollow masonry or frame construction.
- D. Hex bolts: For through bolting on thin panels.
- E. Expansion Shields: Lead or plastic as recommended by accessory manufacturer for component and substrate for use in solid masonry or concrete.
- F. Screws:
  - 1. ASME B18.6.4.
  - 2. Fed Spec. FF-S-107, Stainless steel Type A.
- G. Adhesive: As recommended by manufacturer for products to be joined.

### **2.3 FINISH**

- A. In accordance with NAAMM AMP 500 series.
- B. Anodized Aluminum:
  - 1. Chemically etched medium matte, with clear anodic coating, Class I Architectural, 0.7-mil thick.
  - 2. Chemically etched medium matte with electrolytically deposited metallic compound, integrally colored coating Class I Architectural, 0.7-mil thick finish. Dyes will not be accepted.
- C. Mechanical finish, medium satin.
  - 1. Chromium Plating: ASTM B456, satin or bright as specified, Service Condition No. SC2.
  - 2. Stainless Steel: NAAMM AMP 503, finish number 4.
  - 3. Ferrous Metal:
    - a. Shop Prime: Clean, pretreat and apply one coat of primer and bake.
    - b. Finish: Over primer apply two coats of alkyd or phenolic resin enamel, and bake.
  - 4. Nylon Coated Steel: Nylon coating powder formulated for a fluidized bonding process to steel to provide a hard smooth, medium gloss finish, not less than 0.3 mm (0.012-inch) thick, rated as self-extinguishing when tested in accordance with ASTM D635.

### **2.4 FABRICATION - GENERAL**

- A. Welding, AWS D10.4.
- B. Grind dress, and finish welded joints to match finish of adjacent surface.
- C. Form exposed surfaces from one sheet of stock, free of joints.
- D. Provide steel anchors and components required for secure installation.
- E. Form flat surfaces without distortion. Keep exposed surfaces free from scratches and dents. Reinforce doors to prevent warp or twist.
- F. Isolate aluminum from dissimilar metals and from contact with building materials as required to prevent electrolysis and corrosion.
- G. Hot-dip galvanized steel, except stainless steel, anchors and fastening devices.
- H. Shop assemble accessories and package with all components, anchors, fittings, fasteners and keys.
- I. Key items alike.
- J. Provide templates and rough-in measurements as required.
- K. Round and deburr edges of sheets to remove sharp edges.

### **2.5 PAPER TOWEL DISPENSERS**

- A. Provided by VA Contractor to provide backing and install.

## **2.6 PAPER TOWEL DISPENSER**

**A. PROVIDED BY VA CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE BACKING AND INSTALL. 2.7 WASTE RECEPTACLES: NOT USED**

## **2.8 TOILET TISSUE DISPENSERS**

**A. PROVIDED BY VA CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE BACKING AND INSTALL. 2.9 GRAB BARS**

- A. Fed. Spec WW-P-541/8B, Type IV, bars, surface mounted, Class 2, grab bars and ASTM F446.
- B. Fabricate of either stainless steel or nylon coated steel, except use only one type throughout the project:
  - 1. Stainless steel: Grab bars, flanges, mounting plates, supports, screws, bolts, and exposed nuts and washers.
  - 2. Nylon Coated Steel: Grab bars and flanges complete with mounting plates and fasteners. Color to be white.
- C. Concealed mount, .
- D. Bars:
  - 1. Fabricate from 38 mm (1-1/2 inch) outside diameter tubing.
    - a. Stainless steel, minimum 1.2 mm (0.0478 inch) thick.
    - b. Nylon coated bars, minimum 1.5 mm (0.0598 inch) thick.
  - 2. Fabricate in one continuous piece with ends turned toward walls, except swing up and where grab bars are shown continuous around three sides of showers, bars may be fabricated in two sections, with concealed slip joint between.
  - 3. Continuous weld intermediate support to the grab bar.
  - 4. Swing up bars manually operated. Designed to prevent bar from falling when in raised position.
- E. Flange for Concealed Mounting:
  - 1. Minimum of 2.65 mm (0.1046 inch) thick, approximately 75 mm (3 inch) diameter by 13 mm (1/2 inch) deep, with provisions for not less than three set screws for securing flange to back plate.
  - 2. Insert grab bar through center of the flange and continuously weld perimeter of grab bar flush to back side of flange.
- F. Flange for Exposed Mounting:
  - 1. Minimum 5 mm (3/16 inch) thick, approximately 75 mm (3 inch) diameter.
  - 2. Insert grab bar through flange and continuously weld perimeter of grab bar flush to backside of flange.
  - 3. Where mounted on metal partitions, provide three equally spaced, countersunk holes, sized to accommodate 5 mm (3/16 inch) diameter bolts.

4. Where mounted on floor, provide four equally spaced holes, sized to accommodate 5 mm (3/8 inch) diameter bolts, not more than 5 mm (3/8 inch) from edge of flange.
- G. In lieu of providing flange for concealed mounting, and back plate as specified, grab rail may be secured by being welded to a back plate and be covered with flange.
- H. Back Plates:
  1. Minimum 2.65 mm (0.1046 inch) thick metal.
  2. Fabricate in one piece, approximately 6 mm (1/4 inch) deep, with diameter sized to fit flange. Provide slotted holes to accommodate anchor bolts.

## **2.10 SHOWER CURTAIN RODS**

- A. Not Used

## **2.11 CLOTHES HOOKS-ROBE OR COAT**

- A. Fabricate hook units either of chromium plated brass with a satin finish, or stainless steel, using 6 mm (1/4 inch) minimum thick stock, with edges and corners rounded smooth to the thickness of the metal, or 3 mm (1/8 inch) minimum radius.
- B. Fabricate each unit as a double hook on a single shaft, integral with or permanently fastened to the wall flange, provided with concealed fastenings.

## **2.12 TOWEL BARS**

- A. Fed. Spec. WW-P-541/8B, Type IV, Bar, Surface mounted; Class 1, towel.
- B. Either stainless steel, or chromium plated copper alloy.
- C. Bar Length: 450 and 600 mm (18 and 24 inches) as shown.
- D. Finish of brackets or supports same as bar.

## **2.13 METAL FRAMED MIRRORS**

- A. Fed. Spec. A-A-3002 metal frame; stainless steel, type 302 or 304. B.  
Mirror Glass:
  1. Minimum 6 mm (1/4 inch) thick.
  2. Set mirror in a protective vinyl glazing tape.
  3. Use tempered glass for mirrors in Mental Health and Behavioral Nursing units.
- C. Frames:
  1. Channel or angle shaped section with face of frame not less than 9 mm (3/8 inch) wide. Fabricate with square corners.
  2. Use either 0.9 mm (0.0359 inch) thick stainless steel, chrome finished steel, or extruded aluminum, with clear anodized finish 0.4 mils thick.

3. Filler:

- a. Where mirrors are mounted on walls having ceramic tile wainscots not flush with wall above, provide fillers at void between back of mirror and wall surface.
- b. Fabricate fillers from same material and finish as the mirror frame, contoured to conceal the void behind the mirror at sides and top.

4. Attached Shelf for Mirrors:

- a. Fabricate shelf of the same material and finish as the mirror frame.
- b. Make shelf approximately 125 mm (five inches) in depth, and extend full width of the mirror.
- c. Close the ends and the front edge of the shelf to the same thickness as the mirror frame width.
- d. Form shelf for aluminum framed mirror as an integral part of the bottom frame member. Form stainless steel shelf with concealed brackets to attach to mirror frame.

D. Back Plate:

1. Fabricate backplate for concealed wall hanging of either zinc-coated, or cadmium plated 0.9 mm (0.036 inch) thick sheet steel, die cut to fit face of mirror frame, and furnish with theft resistant concealed wall fastenings.
2. Use set screw type theft resistant concealed fastening system for mounting mirrors.

E. Mounting Bracket:

1. Designed to support mirror tight to wall.
2. Designed to retain mirror with concealed set screw fastenings.

**2.14 MEDICINE CABINETS: NOT USED**

**2.15 FOOT OPERATED SOAP DISPENSER: NOT USED**

**2.16 SOAP DISHES**

- A. Not Used

**2.17 PAPER CUP DISPENSER: NOT USED**

**2.18 MOP RACKS: NOT USED**

**2.19 STAINLESS STEEL SHELVES (TYPE 44): NOT USED**

**PART 3 - EXECUTION**

**3.1 PREPARATION**

- A. Before starting work notify Resident Engineer in writing of any conflicts detrimental to installation or operation of units.
- B. Verify with the Resident Engineer the exact location of accessories.

### **3.2 INSTALLATION**

- A. Set work accurately, in alignment and where shown. Items shall be plumb, level, free of rack and twist, and set parallel or perpendicular as required to line and plane of surface.
- B. Toggle bolt to steel anchorage plates in frame partitions or hollow masonry.
- C. Install accessories in accordance with the manufacturer's printed instructions and ASTM F446.
- D. Install accessories plumb and level and securely anchor to substrate.
- E. Install accessories in a manner that will permit the accessory to function as designed and allow for servicing as required without hampering or hindering the performance of other devices.
- F. Position and install dispensers, and other devices in countertops, clear of drawers, permitting ample clearance below countertop between devices, and ready access for maintenance as needed.
- G. Align mirrors, dispensers and other accessories even and level, when installed in battery.
- H. Install accessories to prevent striking by other moving, items or interference with accessibility.

### **3.3 SCHEDULE OF ACCESSORIES: SEE DRAWINGS**

### **3.4 CLEANING**

After installation, clean as recommended by the manufacturer and protect from damage until completion of the project.

- - - E N D - - -

**SECTION 10 51 13**  
**METAL LOCKERS**

1. .

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

- A. This Section includes the following: Metal Lockers for Locker Rooms,  
Metal Lockers for Honor Guard Room.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Related Sections include the following:
1. Section 06 10 00 - ROUGH CARPENTRY for furring, blocking, and shims required for installing metal lockers and concealed within other construction before metal locker installation.
- B. Shop prime painting of steel and ferrous metals: Section 05 50 00 - METAL FABRICATIONS
- C. Locker Base: Section 03 30 00 CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE
- D. Type of Finish, Color, and Gloss Level of Finish Coat: Section 09 06 00 - SCHEDULES AND FINISHES

**1.3 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
1. Before fabrication of the lockers is started, submit manufacturer's literature which will be used to determine compliance with submittal requirements.
- C. Samples: Prior to fabrication, provide color samples on actual locker material to determine final color selection.

**1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Installer Qualifications: An authorized representative of metal locker manufacturer for installation and maintenance of units required for this Project.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain metal lockers and accessories through one source from a single manufacturer.
- C. Product Options: Drawings indicate size, profiles, and dimensional requirements of metal lockers and are based on the specific system indicated. Refer to Division 1 Section "Product Requirements."
- D. Regulatory Requirements: Where metal lockers are indicated to comply with accessibility requirements, comply with the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's "Americans with Disabilities

Act (ADA), Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities  
(ADAAG)" and FED-STD-795, "Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards"

#### **1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING**

- A. Do not deliver metal lockers until spaces to receive them are clean, dry, and ready for metal locker installation.
- B. Deliver master and control keys to Owner by registered mail or overnight package service

#### **1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS**

- A. Field Measurements: Verify the following by field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Concealed framing, blocking, and reinforcements that support metal lockers before they are enclosed. Recessed openings.

#### **1.7 COORDINATION**

- A. Coordinate sizes and locations of framing, blocking, furring, reinforcements, and other related units of Work specified in other Sections to ensure that metal lockers can be supported and installed as indicated.

#### **1.8 WARRANTY**

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of metal lockers that fail in materials or workmanship, excluding finish, within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Structural failures.
    - b. Faulty operation of latches and other door hardware.
  - 2. Damage from deliberate destruction and vandalism is excluded.
  - 3. Warranty Period for Knocked-Down Metal Lockers: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.

#### **1.9 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
  - A1008-08.....Steel Sheet, Cold-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy, High-Strength Low-Alloy with Improved Formability, Solution Hardened and Bake Hardenable

ASTM A 568/A 568M-09....Steel, Sheet, Carbon, and High-Strength, Low-Alloy, Hot-Rolled and Cold-Rolled, General Requirements for

ASTM A 653/A 653M-09....Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot-Dip Process

ASTM A 924/A 924M-09....General Requirements for Steel Sheet, Metallic-Coated by the Hot-Dip Process

ASTM B 456-03.....Electrodeposited Coatings of Copper Plus Nickel Plus Chromium and Nickel Plus Chromium

ASTM D 2092-01.....Preparation of Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) Steel Surfaces for Painting

Accessibility Standards:

ADA.....Americans with Disabilities Act

ADA-ABA.....Americans with Disabilities Act and the Architectural Barriers Act

ADAAG.....Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities

FED-STD-795.....Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards  
Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products (NAAMM)

**PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

**2.1 MATERIALS**

- A. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008, Commercial Steel (CS) Type B, suitable for exposed applications.
- B. Fasteners: Zinc- or nickel-plated steel, slot-less type exposed bolt heads, and self-locking nuts or lock washers for nuts on moving parts.
- C. Anchors: Select material, type, size, and finish required for secure anchorage to each substrate.
  - 1. Provide nonferrous-metal or hot-dip galvanized anchors and inserts on inside face of exterior walls and elsewhere as required for corrosion resistance.
  - 2. Provide toothed-steel or lead expansion sleeves for drilled-in-place anchors.

**2.2 METAL LOCKERS**

- A. Manufacturers: Provide locker units from manufacturer's complying with the requirements of this specification and accessible access requirements.

B. Locker Arrangement:

1. Double tier

C. Locker Dimensions:

1. Provide individual units with the following dimensions:

- a. 12" wide, 15" deep and 72" high.

D. Body: Assembled by riveting or bolting body components together.

Fabricate from non-perforated, cold-rolled steel sheet with thicknesses as follows:

1. Tops, Bottoms, and Intermediate Dividers: 0.55 mm (0.0209 inch), with single bend at sides.
2. Backs and Sides: 0.55 mm (0.0209 inch) thick, with full-height, double-flanged connections.
3. Shelf: 0.55 mm (0.0209 inch) thick, with double bend at front and single bend at sides and back.

E. Frames: Channel formed; fabricated from 1.35 mm (0.0528 inch) thick, cold-rolled steel sheet; lapped and factory welded at corners; with top and bottom main frames factory welded into vertical main frames. Form continuous, integral door strike full height on vertical main frames.

1. Cross Frames between Tiers: Channel formed and fabricated from same material as main frames; welded to vertical frame members.
2. Frame Vents: Fabricate horizontal face frames with vents.

F. Doors: One-piece; fabricated from 1.35 mm (0.0528 inch) thick, cold-rolled steel sheet; formed into channel shape with double bend at vertical edges, and with right-angle single bend at horizontal edges.

1. Reinforcement: Manufacturer's standard reinforcing angles, channels, or stiffeners for doors more than 381 mm (15 inches) wide; welded to inner face of doors.
2. Stiffeners: Manufacturer's standard full-height stiffener fabricated from 1.1 mm (0.0428 inch) thick, cold-rolled steel sheet; welded to inner face of doors.
3. Sound-Dampening Panels: Manufacturer's standard, designed to stiffen doors and reduce sound levels when doors are closed, of die-formed metal with full perimeter flange and sound-dampening material; welded to inner face of doors.
4. Door Style: Non-perforated panel.
  - a. Concealed Vents: Slotted perforations in top and bottom horizontal return flanges of doors.

5. Hinges: Self-closing; welded to door and attached to door frame with not less than 2 factory-installed rivets per hinge that are completely concealed and tamper resistant when door is closed; fabricated to swing 180 degrees.
6. Continuous Hinges: Manufacturer's standard, steel continuous hinge.
7. Recessed Door Handle and Latch: Stainless-steel cup with integral door pull, recessed so locking device does not protrude beyond face of door; pry resistant.
8. Multipoint Latching: Finger-lift latch control designed for use with built-in combination locks, built-in key locks, or padlocks; positive automatic and pre-locking.
  - a. Latch Hooks: Equip doors less than 48 inches(1219 mm) high with 2 latch hooks; fabricated from minimum 0.0966-inch-(2.5-mm-) thick steel; welded or riveted to full-height door strikes; with resilient silencer on each latch hook.
  - b. Latching Mechanism: Manufacturer's standard rattle-free latching mechanism and moving components isolated with vinyl or nylon to prevent metal-to-metal contact, and incorporating a pre-locking device that allows locker door to be locked while door is open and then closed without unlocking or damaging lock or latching mechanism.
9. Accessible Latching: provide paddle latch control designed for use with built-in combination locks, built-in key locks, or padlocks; positive automatic and pre-locking at all lockers designated as accessible.
10. Cylinder Locks: Built-in, flush, cam locks with five-pin tumbler keyway, keyed separately and master keyed. Furnish two change keys for each lock and five master keys.
11. Key Type: Flat
12. Bolt Operation: Manually locking deadbolt
13. Equipment: Equip each metal locker with identification plate and the following, unless otherwise indicated.
14. Double-Tier Units: One double-prong ceiling hook and two single-prong wall hooks

G. Accessories:

1. Continuous Sloping Tops: Fabricated from cold-rolled steel sheet, manufacturer's standard thickness, but not less than 0.0329 inch (0.85 mm) thick.
    - a. Closures: Hipped-end type.
  2. Finished End Panels: Fabricated from 0.0209-inch-(0.55-mm-) thick, cold-rolled steel sheet.
  3. End Filler Panels: Provide filler panels at each end of locker run to completely fill any residual space between locker units and adjoining walls. Center locker units in recess area.
- H. Base: Install lockers on constructed concrete base provided under other specification division.
- I. Finish: Baked enamel
1. Color(s): As selected from manufacturer's full color range

### **2.3 FABRICATION**

- A. General: Fabricate metal lockers square, rigid, and without warp; with metal faces flat and free of dents or distortion. Make exposed metal edges free of sharp edges and burrs, and safe to touch.
1. Form body panels, doors, shelves, and accessories from one-piece steel sheet, unless otherwise indicated.
  2. Provide fasteners, filler plates, supports, clips, and closures as required for a complete installation.
- B. Unit Principle: Fabricate each metal locker with an individual door and frame; individual top, bottom, and back; and common intermediate uprights separating compartments.
- C. Knocked-Down Construction: Fabricate metal lockers for nominal assembly at Project site using nuts, bolts, screws, or rivets. Factory weld frame members together to form a rigid, one-piece assembly.
- D. Hooks: Manufacturer's standard ball-pointed type, aluminum or steel; zinc plated.
- E. Coat Rods: Fabricated from 3/4-inch-(19-mm-)diameter steel; chrome finished.
- F. Identification Plates: Manufacturer's standard etched, embossed, or stamped aluminum plates; with numbers and letters at least 3/8 inch (9 mm) high.
- G. Continuous Base: Formed into channel or Z profile for stiffness, and fabricated in lengths as long as practicable to enclose base and base ends of metal lockers; finished to match lockers.

H. Continuous Sloping Tops: Fabricated in lengths as long as practicable, without visible fasteners at splice locations; finished to match lockers.

1. Sloped top corner fillers, mitered.

I. Finished End Panels: Designed for concealing unused penetrations and fasteners, except for perimeter fasteners, at exposed ends of non-recessed metal lockers; finished to match lockers.

1. Provide one-piece panels for double-row (back-to-back) locker ends.

## **2.4 STEEL SHEET FINISHES**

A. General: Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.

B. Factory finish steel surfaces and accessories except stainless-steel and chrome-plated surfaces.

C. Surface Preparation: Clean surfaces of dirt, oil, grease, mill scale, rust, and other contaminants that could impair paint bond. Use manufacturer's standard methods.

D. Baked-Enamel Finish: Immediately after cleaning, pre-treating, and phosphatizing, apply manufacturer's standard thermosetting baked-enamel finish. Comply with paint manufacturer's written instructions for application, baking, and minimum dry film thickness.

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### **3.1 EXAMINATION**

A. Examine walls, floors, and support bases, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of work.

B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### **3.2 INSTALLATION**

A. General: Install level, plumb, and true; shim as required, using concealed shims:

1. Anchor locker runs at ends and at intervals recommended by manufacturer, but not more than 36 inches (910 mm) o.c. Install anchors through backup reinforcing plates, channels, or blocking as required to prevent metal distortion, using concealed fasteners.

2. Anchor single rows of metal lockers to walls near top and bottom of lockers.

- B. Knocked-Down Metal Lockers: Assemble knocked-down metal lockers with standard fasteners, with no exposed fasteners on door faces or face frames.
- C. Equipment and Accessories: Fit exposed connections of trim, fillers, and closures accurately together to form tight, hairline joints, with concealed fasteners and splice plates.
  - 1. Attach hooks with at least two fasteners.
  - 2. Attach door locks on doors using security-type fasteners.
  - 3. Identification Plates: Identify metal lockers with identification indicated on Drawings.
    - a. Attach plates to each locker door, near top, centered, with at least two aluminum rivets.
  - 4. Attach sloping top units to metal lockers, with closures at exposed ends.
  - 5. Attach finished end panels with fasteners only at perimeter to conceal exposed ends of non-recessed metal lockers.

### **3.3 ADJUSTING, CLEANING, AND PROTECTION**

- A. Clean, lubricate, and adjust hardware. Adjust doors and latches to operate easily without binding. Verify that integral locking devices operate properly.
- B. Protect metal lockers from damage, abuse, dust, dirt, stain, or paint. Do not permit metal locker use during construction.
- C. Touch up marred finishes, or replace metal lockers that cannot be restored to factory-finished appearance. Use only materials and procedures recommended or furnished by metal locker manufacturer.

- - - E N D - - -

02-01-13

**SECTION 10 57 00**  
**WIRE SHELVING**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

- A. This section specifies rolling wire shelving units

**1.2 MANUFACTURER'S QUALIFICATIONS**

- A. Rolling wire shelving shall be manufactured by OFM Inc. Wire shelving, track system, and accessories.

**1.3 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section `01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:  
Wire shelving, trim and Track system.
- C. Shop Drawings (1/2 full size):
1. Shop Drawings of all items showing sizes of members, methods of construction and mounting techniques
  2. Fastenings and method of installation.
  3. Provide OFM Inc X5 Storage Solutions (24" Deep shelves)
  4. Or Approved Equal.

**PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

- A. Shelving shall be OFM Inc X5 Storage Solutions

**2.1 STAINLESS STEEL**

- ASTM A167, with No. 4 finish.

**2.12 FABRICATION**

**PART 3 - EXECUTION**

**3.1 INSTALLATION**

- A. Set casework in place; level, plumb and accurately scribe and secure to track system to floor.
- B. The installation shall be complete including all trim and hardware.  
Leave the wire shelving clean and free from defects.

**3.2 FASTENINGS**

- A. Fastenings for securing casework to adjoining construction shall be as detailed on the drawings or approved shop drawings.

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02-01-13

**SECTION 11 73 00**  
**CEILING MOUNTED PATIENT LIFT SYSTEM**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

Ceiling Mounted Patient Lift Systems for the transfer of physically challenged patients are specified in this section.

- A. Basis of Design: Guldmann Inc., 14401 McCormick Dr. Suite A,  
Tampa, FL 33626 Phone: (800) 664 8834 Fax: (813) 880 9558,

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS: Requirements for pre-test of equipment.
- B. Section 13 05 41, SEISMIC RESTRAINT REQUIREMENTS FOR NON-STRUCTURAL COMPONENTS: Seismic requirements for non-structural equipment.
- C. Section 26 05 11, REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS: General Electrical Requirements and items, which are common to sections of Division 26.

**1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

Certification for compliance is required for Ceiling Mounted Patient Lift Systems. Certifications shall be provided by an independent third party who will conduct testing to ensure that the ceiling lift and charging system are safe and in compliance with ISO 10535 & UL 60601-1

**1.4 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with specification Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES.
- B. Certificates of Compliance
- C. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
1. Lifting Capacity
  2. Lifting Speed
  3. Horizontal Displacement Speeds
  4. Horizontal Axis Motor
  5. Vertical Axis Motor
  6. Emergency Brake
  7. Emergency Lowering Device
  8. Emergency Stopping Device
  9. Electronic Soft-Start and Soft-Stop Motor Control
  10. Current Limiter for Circuit Protection
  11. Low Battery Disconnect System
  12. Strap Length

02-01-13

13. All equipment anchors and supports. Submittals shall include weights, dimensions, center of gravity, standard connections, manufacturer's recommendations and behavior problems (e.g., vibration, thermal expansion,) associated with equipment or piping so that the proposed installation can be properly reviewed.
- D. Individual Room layouts showing location of lift system installation shall be approved before proceeding with installation of lifts.

#### **1.5 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are listed in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. International Organization for Standardization (IOS):  
10535-06.....Hoist for the Transfer of Disabled Persons-  
Requirements and Test Methods
- C. Underwriters Laboratories (UL):  
60601-1.....Medical Electrical Equipment: General  
Requirements for Safety  
94-2006.....UL Standards for Safety Test for Flammability of  
Plastic Materials for Parts in Devices and  
Appliances-Fifth Edition
- D. International Electromagnetic Commission (IEC):  
801-2(1991).....Electromagnetic Compatibility for Industrial-  
Process Measurement and Control Equipment-Part  
2: Electromagnetic Discharge Requirements

### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

#### **2.1 CEILING TRACK SYSTEM**

- A. The Ceiling Track shall be made from high strength extruded aluminum T66081-T5 at a thickness of 3/16" (4.8mm). Provide anchor supports at a minimum 3 per linear foot at ceiling substrate. The ceiling track shall be finished with baked enamel paint.
- B. Provide H system tracks with full room coverage.
- C. Provide GH extended ceiling brackets and or wall brackets as required.

#### **2.2 LIFT UNIT**

- A. The Lift Unit shall be constructed of a steel frame system (2205lbs / 1000kg tested) driven by a gear reduced high torque motor.

02-01-13

- B. Basis of Design: Guldmann Inc., 14401 McCormick Dr. Suite A, Tampa, FL 33626 Phone: (800) 664 8834 Fax: (813) 880 9558, Product: Provide each as indicated on drawings
1. GH3+ Lifting Module (Integrated Scale) Lifting capacity 550 - 770 lbs (1 unit required)
  2. GH3 Lifting Module, Lifting capacity 550 - 770 lbs(2 units required)
- C. The Lift system shall have the following features.
1. Lifting capacity: 550 lbs
  2. Electronic soft-start and soft-stop motor control
  3. Emergency lowering device
  4. Emergency stopping device
  5. Current limiter for circuit protection in case of overload.
  6. Safety device that stops the motor to lift when batteries are low.
  7. Lifting speed: 2.3in/s (6 cm/s), 1.6in/s (3.5cm) in full capacity
  8. Horizontal displacement speed: 5.9in/s (150mm/s)
  9. Horizontal axis motor: 24VDC at 62 watts and vertical axis motor at 110 watts
  10. Emergency brake (in case of mechanical failure)
  11. Strap length up to 90in (2.3m) tested for 2998lbs (1360kg)
  12. Cab: VO plastic-fire retardant, UL 94
  13. Wireless remote control (optional)

## **2.3 MOTORS**

- A. Vertical Movement-DC Motor
1. Type: Class A, fully enclosed, permanent magnet.
  2. Rating: 24Vdc, 1.1A, 110W, 4000RPM, 0.3N-m.
  3. Mounting: Secured to chassis.
- B. Horizontal Movement-DC Motor
1. Type: Fully enclosed, permanent magnet, integral reducer.
  2. Rating: 24Vdc, 1.8A, 62W, 260RPM, 1.0N-m.
  3. Mounting: Secured to chassis.

## **2.4 BATTERIES**

- A. The life cycle (number of charging cycles) for batteries shall be in compliance with IEC 801-2.
- B. Provide rechargeable batteries with up to 120 transfers with a load of 200lbs (74kg) and up to 70 transfers with its maximum load of 440lbs (200kg).

02-01-13

## **2.5 CHARGER**

- A. Charger Input: 100-240 Vac, 50/60 Hz.
- B. Charger Output: 27 Vdc, 1 A max.
- C. Supplemental to the charger provide a clip on charging station with indicator lights.

## **2.6 STRAPS AND SLING**

- A. The straps shall be made of threaded nylon. The straps shall ensure the patient's safety by preventing the patient from falling out of the sling.
- B. The sling shall be made from a polyester/nylon net material that is pliable, breathable and easy to use. The sling shall cradle the body of the patient.

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### **3.1 INSTALLATION**

- A. Install ceiling mounted patient lift system as per manufacturer's instruction and under the supervision of manufacturer's qualified representative and as shown on drawings.
- B. If the distance in between the suspended ceiling and anchors is more than 18" consult with manufacturer to determine if lateral braces will be required.

### **3.2 INSTRUCTION AND PERSONNEL TRAINING**

- A. Training shall be provided for the required personnel to educate them on proper operation and maintenance for the lift system equipment.

### **3.3 TEST**

- A. Conduct performance test, in the presence of the Resident Engineer and a manufacturer's field representative, to show that the patient lift system equipment and control devices operate properly and in accordance with design and specification requirements.

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Item	Cat	Tag	Generic	Qty	Part Number	Part Description
	HGS	10100 MULTI-PM OFF	B	1	AO215.62	+Draw Rod 62H
	HGS	10100 MULTI-PM OFF	B	6	AO213.84	+Wall Strip 84H
					HF	+inner tone light
	HGS	10100 MULTI-PM OFF	ZZ	2	Y5010.	+Drw,Pencil 21W 16D
					HF	+inner tone light
	HGS	10100 MULTI-PM OFF	B	1	A1271.67H	+Fin End 67H
					HF	+inner tone light
					HF	+inner tone light
	HGS	10100 MULTI-PM OFF	J	2	A2310.3078L	+Work Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 30D 78W
					HF	+inner tone light
					HF	+inner tone light
	HGS	10100 MULTI-PM OFF	J	4	A3410.1636	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 36W
					63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
					01	+sironetta acapella
	HGS	10100 MULTI-PM OFF	J	8	A3352.1336	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 36W 15-1/2H
					KA	+keyed alike
					HF	+inner tone light
					63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
					01	+sironetta acapella
	HGS	10100 MULTI-PM OFF	B	1	A1125.6730J	+Panel,Tack Ac-Barr Npwr W/Rcp/Com Lc 67H 30W
					HF	+inner tone light
					HF	+inner tone light
					63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
					01	+sironetta acapella
					63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
					01	+sironetta acapella
	HGS	10100 MULTI-PM OFF	A	2	G6142.36MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Starter,No Dim,No Sensor 36W
					SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
					SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
					HF	+inner tone light
					KA	+keyed alike
					1F	+standard height
					2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
	HGS	10100 MULTI-PM OFF	A	2	G6143.36MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Add-On,No Dim,No Sensor 36W
					SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
					SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
					HF	+inner tone light
					KA	+keyed alike
					1F	+standard height
					2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
	GHC	10100 MULTI-PM OFF	UP	2	LW100.28BBF	+Ped W-Pull,Freestd 28D B/B/F
					SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
					SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
					HF	+inner tone light
					KA	+keyed alike
					1F	+standard height
					2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
	GHC	10100 MULTI-PM OFF	UP	2	LW100.28FF	+Ped W-Pull,Freestd 28D F/F
					SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
					SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
					HF	+inner tone light

				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				1M	+2 file converters in each file drawer
HGS	10100 MULTI-PM OFF	R	6	1B2JK7-300	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #300
HGS	10100 MULTI-PM OFF	R	6	1B2JK7-400	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #400
HGS	10101 ASST. OFF	B	3	AO213.84	+Wall Strip 84H
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10101 ASST. OFF	ZZ	1	Y5010.	+Drw,Pencil 21W 16D
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10101 ASST. OFF	J	1	A2310.2454L	+Work Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 24D 54W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10101 ASST. OFF	J	1	A2310.3072L	+Work Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 30D 72W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10101 ASST. OFF	J	2	A3410.1636	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 36W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10101 ASST. OFF	J	4	A3352.1336	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 36W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10101 ASST. OFF	A	1	G6142.36MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Starter,No Dim,No Sensor 36W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10101 ASST. OFF	A	1	G6143.36MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Add-On,No Dim,No Sensor 36W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
GHC	10101 ASST. OFF	UP	1	LW100.28FF	+Ped W-Pull,Freestd 28D F/F
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				1M	+2 file converters in each file drawer
GHC	10101 ASST. OFF	UP	1	LW110.20BBF	+Ped W-Pull,Mobile 20D B/B/F
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
				HN	+no hand grip
HGS	10101 ASST.OFF	R	6	1B2JK7-301	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #301

HGS	10102 ACLS/BLS OFF	B	6	AO213.84	+Wall Strip 84H
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10102 ACLS/BLS OFF	ZZ	2	Y5010.	+Drw,Pencil 21W 16D
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10102 ACLS/BLS OFF	J	2	A2310.3072L	+Work Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 30D 72W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10102 ACLS/BLS OFF	J	4	A3410.1636	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 36W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10102 ACLS/BLS OFF	J	8	A3352.1336	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 36W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10102 ACLS/BLS OFF	A	2	G6142.36MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Starter,No Dim,No Sensor 36W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10102 ACLS/BLS OFF	A	2	G6143.36MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Add-On,No Dim,No Sensor 36W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
GHC	10102 ACLS/BLS OFF	UP	2	LW100.28BBF	+Ped W-Pull,Freestd 28D B/B/F
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
GHC	10102 ACLS/BLS OFF	UP	2	LW100.28FF	+Ped W-Pull,Freestd 28D F/F
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				1M	+2 file converters in each file drawer
HGS	10102 ACLS/BLS OFF	R	6	1B2JK7-302	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #302
HGS	10102 ACLS/BLS OFF	R	6	1B2JK7-402	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #402
HGS	10104 OFFICE	B	1	AO215.62	+Draw Rod 62H
HGS	10104 OFFICE	B	1	AO210.62	+Wall Start 62H
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10104 OFFICE	B	6	AO213.84	+Wall Strip 84H
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10104 OFFICE	ZZ	2	Y5010.	+Drw,Pencil 21W 16D
				HF	+inner tone light

HGS	10104 OFFICE	B	1	A1271.67H	+Fin End 67H
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10104 OFFICE	J	2	A2310.3084L	+Work Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 30D 84W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10104 OFFICE	J	4	A3410.1642	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 42W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10104 OFFICE	J	8	A3352.1342	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 42W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10104 OFFICE	B	1	A1125.6730J	+Panel,Tack Ac-Barr Npwr W/Rcp/Com Lc 67H 30W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10104 OFFICE	A	2	G6142.42MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Starter,No Dim,No Sensor 42W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10104 OFFICE	A	2	G6143.42MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Add-On,No Dim,No Sensor 42W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
GHC	10104 OFFICE	UP	2	LW100.28BBF	+Ped W-Pull,Freestd 28D B/B/F
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
GHC	10104 OFFICE	UP	2	LW100.28FF	+Ped W-Pull,Freestd 28D F/F
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				1M	+2 file converters in each file drawer
HGS	10104 OFFICE	R	6	1B2JK7-304	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #304
HGS	10104 OFFICE	R	6	1B2JK7-404	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #404
HGS	10105 DOCTORS OFF	B	4	AO213.84	+Wall Strip 84H

				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10105 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A2830.1472L	+Trans Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 72W
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10105 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A2310.2472L	+Work Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 24D 72W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10105 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A2352.3072L	+Penin,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 30D 72W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10105 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A3410.1630	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 30W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10105 DOCTORS OFF	J	2	A3410.1636	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 36W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10105 DOCTORS OFF	J	2	A3352.1330	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 30W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10105 DOCTORS OFF	J	4	A3352.1336	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 36W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
GHC	10105 DOCTORS OFF	UL	1	LW200.362	+Lat File,W-Pull Freestd 2 Dwr 36W
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				CB	+counterweight (recommended)
				2R	+side-to-side filing rail
HGS	10105 DOCTORS OFF	A	1	G6142.36MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Starter,No Dim,No Sensor 36W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10105 DOCTORS OFF	A	1	G6143.30MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Add-On,No Dim,No Sensor 30W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10105 DOCTORS OFF	A	1	G6143.36MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Add-On,No Dim,No Sensor 36W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer

GHC	10105 DOCTORS OFF	UP	1	LW110.24BBF	+Ped W-Pull,Mobile 24D B/B/F
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
				HN	+no hand grip
HGS	10105 DOCTORS OFF	R	8	1B2JK7-305	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #305
HGS	10106 OFFICE	B	3	AO213.84	+Wall Strip 84H
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10106 OFFICE	ZZ	1	Y5010.	+Drw,Pencil 21W 16D
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10106 OFFICE	J	1	A2310.3078L	+Work Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 30D 78W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10106 OFFICE	J	1	A3410.1636	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 36W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10106 OFFICE	J	1	A3410.1642	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 42W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10106 OFFICE	J	2	A3352.1336	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 36W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10106 OFFICE	J	2	A3352.1342	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 42W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10106 OFFICE	A	1	G6142.42MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Starter,No Dim,No Sensor 42W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10106 OFFICE	A	1	G6143.36MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Add-On,No Dim,No Sensor 36W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
GHC	10106 OFFICE	UP	1	LW100.28BBF	+Ped W-Pull,Freestd 28D B/B/F
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer

GHC	10106 OFFICE	UP	1	LW100.28FF	+Ped W-Pull, Freestd 28D F/F
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				1M	+2 file converters in each file drawer
HGS	10106 OFFICE	R	6	1B2JK7-306	+Lock Plug and Key, Chrome UM Series #306
HGS	10107 DOCTORS OFF	B	4	AO213.84	+Wall Strip 84H
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10107 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A2830.1472L	+Trans Surf, Sq-Edge Rect Lam 72W
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10107 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A2310.2472L	+Work Surf, Sq-Edge Rect Lam 24D 72W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10107 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A2352.3072L	+Penin, Sq-Edge Rect Lam 30D 72W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10107 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A3410.1630	+Tackboard, B-Style 16H 30W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10107 DOCTORS OFF	J	2	A3410.1636	+Tackboard, B-Style 16H 36W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10107 DOCTORS OFF	J	2	A3352.1330	+Flip Dr Unit, B-Style Fab, W/Lock 13D 30W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10107 DOCTORS OFF	J	4	A3352.1336	+Flip Dr Unit, B-Style Fab, W/Lock 13D 36W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
GHC	10107 DOCTORS OFF	UL	1	LW200.362	+Lat File, W-Pull Freestd 2 Dwr 36W
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				CB	+counterweight (recommended)
				2R	+side-to-side filing rail
HGS	10107 DOCTORS OFF	A	1	G6142.36MNN	+Task Light, Lumisoft, Starter, No Dim, No Sensor 36W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10107 DOCTORS OFF	A	1	G6143.30MNN	+Task Light, Lumisoft, Add-On, No Dim, No Sensor 30W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height

				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10107 DOCTORS OFF	A	1	G6143.36MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Add-On,No Dim,No Sensor 36W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
GHC	10107 DOCTORS OFF	UP	1	LW110.24BBF	+Ped W-Pull,Mobile 24D B/B/F
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
				HN	+no hand grip
HGS	10107 DOCTORS OFF	R	8	1B2JK7-307	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #307
HGS	10108 OFFICE	B	3	AO213.84	+Wall Strip 84H
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10108 OFFICE	ZZ	1	Y5010.	+Drw,Pencil 21W 16D
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10108 OFFICE	J	1	A2310.3084L	+Work Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 30D 84W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10108 OFFICE	J	2	A3410.1642	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 42W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10108 OFFICE	J	4	A3352.1342	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 42W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10108 OFFICE	A	1	G6142.42MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Starter,No Dim,No Sensor 42W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10108 OFFICE	A	1	G6143.42MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Add-On,No Dim,No Sensor 42W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
GHC	10108 OFFICE	UP	1	LW100.28BBF	+Ped W-Pull,Freestd 28D B/B/F
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height

				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
GHC	10108 OFFICE	UP	1	LW100.28FF	+Ped W-Pull,Freestd 28D F/F
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				1M	+2 file converters in each file drawer
HGS	10108 OFFICE	R	6	1B2JK7-308	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #308
HGS	10111 DOCTORS OFF	B	4	AO213.84	+Wall Strip 84H
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10111 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A2830.1472L	+Trans Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 72W
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10111 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A2310.2472L	+Work Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 24D 72W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10111 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A2352.3072L	+Penin,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 30D 72W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10111 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A3410.1630	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 30W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10111 DOCTORS OFF	J	2	A3410.1636	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 36W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10111 DOCTORS OFF	J	2	A3352.1330	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 30W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10111 DOCTORS OFF	J	4	A3352.1336	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 36W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
GHC	10111 DOCTORS OFF	UL	1	LW200.362	+Lat File,W-Pull Freestd 2 Dwr 36W
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				CB	+counterweight (recommended)
				2R	+side-to-side filing rail
HGS	10111 DOCTORS OFF	A	1	G6142.36MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Starter,No Dim,No Sensor 36W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10111 DOCTORS OFF	A	1	G6143.30MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Add-On,No Dim,No Sensor 30W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike

				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10111 DOCTORS OFF	A	1	G6143.36MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Add-On,No Dim,No Sensor 36W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
GHC	10111 DOCTORS OFF	UP	1	LW110.24BBF	+Ped W-Pull,Mobile 24D B/B/F
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
				HN	+no hand grip
HGS	10111 DOCTORS OFF	R	8	1B2JK7-311	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #311
HGS	10117 DOCTORS OFF	B	4	AO213.84	+Wall Strip 84H
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10117 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A2830.1472L	+Trans Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 72W
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10117 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A2310.2472L	+Work Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 24D 72W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10117 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A2352.3072L	+Penin,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 30D 72W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10117 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A3410.1630	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 30W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10117 DOCTORS OFF	J	2	A3410.1636	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 36W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10117 DOCTORS OFF	J	2	A3352.1330	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 30W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10117 DOCTORS OFF	J	4	A3352.1336	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 36W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
GHC	10117 DOCTORS OFF	UL	1	LW200.362	+Lat File,W-Pull Freestd 2 Dwr 36W
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				CB	+counterweight (recommended)
				2R	+side-to-side filing rail
HGS	10117 DOCTORS OFF	A	1	G6142.36MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Starter,No Dim,No Sensor 36W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel

				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10117 DOCTORS OFF	A	1	G6143.30MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Add-On,No Dim,No Sensor 30W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10117 DOCTORS OFF	A	1	G6143.36MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Add-On,No Dim,No Sensor 36W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
GHC	10117 DOCTORS OFF	UP	1	LW110.24BBF	+Ped W-Pull,Mobile 24D B/B/F
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
				HN	+no hand grip
HGS	10117 DOCTORS OFF	R	8	1B2JK7-317	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #317
HGS	10119 DOCTORS OFF	B	4	AO213.84	+Wall Strip 84H
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10119 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A2830.1472L	+Trans Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 72W
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10119 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A2310.2472L	+Work Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 24D 72W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10119 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A2352.3072L	+Penin,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 30D 72W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10119 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A3410.1630	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 30W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10119 DOCTORS OFF	J	2	A3410.1636	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 36W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10119 DOCTORS OFF	J	2	A3352.1330	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 30W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10119 DOCTORS OFF	J	4	A3352.1336	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 36W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella

GHC	10119 DOCTORS OFF	UL	1	LW200.362	+Lat File,W-Pull Freestd 2 Dwr 36W
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				CB	+counterweight (recommended)
				2R	+side-to-side filing rail
HGS	10119 DOCTORS OFF	A	1	G6142.36MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Starter,No Dim,No Sensor 36W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10119 DOCTORS OFF	A	1	G6143.30MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Add-On,No Dim,No Sensor 30W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10119 DOCTORS OFF	A	1	G6143.36MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Add-On,No Dim,No Sensor 36W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
GHC	10119 DOCTORS OFF	UP	1	LW110.24BBF	+Ped W-Pull,Mobile 24D B/B/F
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
				HN	+no hand grip
HGS	10119 COCTORS OFF	R	8	1B2JK7-319	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #319
HGS	10121 DOCTORS OFF	B	4	AO213.84	+Wall Strip 84H
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10121 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A2830.1472L	+Trans Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 72W
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10121 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A2310.2472L	+Work Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 24D 72W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10121 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A2352.3072L	+Penin,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 30D 72W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10121 DOCTORS OFF	J	1	A3410.1630	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 30W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10121 DOCTORS OFF	J	2	A3410.1636	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 36W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10121 DOCTORS OFF	J	2	A3352.1330	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 30W 15-1/2H

				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10121 DOCTORS OFF	J	4	A3352.1336	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 36W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
GHC	10121 DOCTORS OFF	UL	1	LW200.362	+Lat File,W-Pull Freestd 2 Dwr 36W
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				CB	+counterweight (recommended)
				2R	+side-to-side filing rail
HGS	10121 DOCTORS OFF	A	1	G6142.36MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Starter,No Dim,No Sensor 36W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10121 DOCTORS OFF	A	1	G6143.30MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Add-On,No Dim,No Sensor 30W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10121 DOCTORS OFF	A	1	G6143.36MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Add-On,No Dim,No Sensor 36W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
GHC	10121 DOCTORS OFF	UP	1	LW110.24BBF	+Ped W-Pull,Mobile 24D B/B/F
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
				HN	+no hand grip
HGS	10121 DOCTORS OFF	R	8	1B2JK7-321	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #321
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	ZZ	10	Y1314.	+Elec Distributor,Wk Surf Att
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	J	4	A2394.24	+H-Leg for 24D Wk Surf
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	B	14	AO213.72	+Wall Strip 72H
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	J	1	A2310.2478L	+Work Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 24D 78W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light

HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	J	1	A2310.2484L	+Work Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 24D 84W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	J	1	A2310.2490L	+Work Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 24D 90W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	J	2	A2310.2496L	+Work Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 24D 96W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	J	1	A2352.3060L	+Penin,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 30D 60W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	J	1	A3410.1630	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 30W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	J	4	A3410.1642	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 42W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	J	4	A3410.1648	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 48W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	J	1	A3410.1660	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 60W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	J	1	A3352.1330	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 30W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	J	4	A3352.1342	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 42W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	J	4	A3352.1348	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 48W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	J	1	A3352.1360	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 60W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
GHC	10123 STUDENT WORKST	UL	2	LW200.425	+Lat File,W-Pull Freestd Flip Dr W/Pullout Shf,4 Dwr 42W
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				CB	+counterweight (recommended)
				3R	+front-to-back filing rail and dividers in flipper
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	A	1	G6142.30MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Starter,No Dim,No Sensor 30W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike

				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	A	1	G6142.42MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Starter,No Dim,No Sensor 42W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	A	1	G6142.48MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Starter,No Dim,No Sensor 48W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	A	1	G6142.60MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Starter,No Dim,No Sensor 60W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	A	3	G6143.42MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Add-On,No Dim,No Sensor 42W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	A	3	G6143.42MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Add-On,No Dim,No Sensor 42W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	A	3	G6143.48MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Add-On,No Dim,No Sensor 48W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	R	1	1B2JK7-291	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #291
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	R	1	1B2JK7-292	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #292
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	R	1	1B2JK7-293	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #293
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	R	1	1B2JK7-294	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #294
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	R	1	1B2JK7-295	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #295

HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	R	1	1B2JK7-296	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #296
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	R	1	1B2JK7-298	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #298
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	R	1	1B2JK7-297	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #297
HGS	10123 STUDENT WORKST	R	1	1B2JK7-299	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #299
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	B	4	AO215.62	+Draw Rod 62H
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	B	2	AO210.62	+Wall Start 62H
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	B	20	AO213.84	+Wall Strip 84H
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	ZZ	5	Y5010.	+Drw,Pencil 21W 16D
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	B	2	A1271.67H	+Fin End 67H
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	J	4	A2830.1472L	+Trans Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 72W
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	J	5	A2310.2442L	+Work Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 24D 42W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	J	5	A2310.2466L	+Work Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 24D 66W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	J	5	A2310.3066L	+Work Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 30D 66W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	J	6	A3410.1624	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 24W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	J	4	A3410.1630	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 30W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	J	5	A3410.1642	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 42W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	J	12	A3352.1324	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 24W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	J	8	A3352.1330	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 30W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	J	10	A3352.1342	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 42W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
GHC	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	UL	2	LW200.365	+Lat File,W-Pull Freestd Flip Dr W/Pullout Shf,4 Dwr 36W
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				CB	+counterweight (recommended)
				2R	+side-to-side filing rail

GHC	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	UL	3	LW200.425	+Lat File,W-Pull Freestd Flip Dr W/Pullout Shf,4 Dwr 42W
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				CB	+counterweight (recommended)
				3R	+front-to-back filing rail and dividers in flipper
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	B	2	A1125.6730J	+Panel,Tack Ac-Barr Npwr W/Rcp/Com Lc 67H 30W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	B	2	A1125.6736J	+Panel,Tack Ac-Barr Npwr W/Rcp/Com Lc 67H 36W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	A	6	G6120.24NS	+Task Light,E.E.,No Dim,AO/Pros/Etho/Canvas,Canada 24W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	A	4	G6142.30MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Starter,No Dim,No Sensor 30W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	A	5	G6143.42MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Add-On,No Dim,No Sensor 42W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
GHC	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	UP	5	LW140.20BBF	+Ped W-Pull Surface Att 20D for 24D Wk Surf,B/B/F
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
GHC	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	UP	3	LW140.24FF	+Ped W-Pull,Surface Att 24D for 30D Wk Surf,F/F
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light

				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				1M	+2 file converters in each file drawer
GHC	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	UP	2	LW140.28FF	+Ped W-Pull,Surface Att 28D for 30D Wk Surf,F/F
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				1M	+2 file converters in each file drawer
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	R	8	1B2JK7-241	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #241
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	R	8	1B2JK7-242	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #242
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	R	8	1B2JK7-243	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #243
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	R	8	1B2JK7-244	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #244
HGS	10125 NURSE WORKSTA1	R	8	1B2JK7-245	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #245
HGL	10129 MULTI-PURPOSE D	ZZ	3	Y1338.	+HM Connect Ganging Bracket Kit
HGL	10129 MULTI-PURPOSE D	ZZ	6	Y1340.72C2A	+HM Connect Dual Recept Pwr Kit, 2-Circuit,3/8" flex metallic conduit, circuit II,flat att to underside of surf 72W
HGK	10129 MULTI-PURPOSE D	ZZ	3	Y1342.06A	*HM Connect 20 Amp, Pwr Entry w/Plug End, straight plug 6' Long
GH0	10129 MULTI-PURPOSE D	IV	6	DT1AS.3072LC	+Rectangular Table,Squared Edge,Lam,C-leg 30D 72W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGL	10133 MULTI-PURPOSE T	ZZ	9	Y1338.	+HM Connect Ganging Bracket Kit
HGL	10133 MULTI-PURPOSE T	ZZ	12	Y1340.60C1A	+HM Connect Dual Recept Pwr Kit, 2-Circuit,3/8" flex metallic conduit, circuit I,flat att to underside of surf 60W
HGK	10133 MULTI-PURPOSE T	ZZ	3	Y1342.06A	*HM Connect 20 Amp, Pwr Entry w/Plug End, straight plug 6' Long
GH0	10133 MULTI-PURPOSE T	IV	12	DT1AS.3060LC	+Rectangular Table,Squared Edge,Lam,C-leg 30D 60W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
				20	+casters
HGS	10145 SIM TECH	B	3	AO213.84	+Wall Strip 84H
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10145 SIM TECH	ZZ	1	Y5010.	+Drw,Pencil 21W 16D
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10145 SIM TECH	J	1	A2310.3078L	+Work Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 30D 78W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10145 SIM TECH	J	1	A3410.1636	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 36W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10145 SIM TECH	J	1	A3410.1642	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 42W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10145 SIM TECH	J	2	A3352.1336	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 36W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10145 SIM TECH	J	2	A3352.1342	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 42W 15-1/2H

				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10145 SIM TECH	A	1	G6142.42MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Starter,No Dim,No Sensor 42W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10145 SIM TECH	A	1	G6143.36MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Add-On,No Dim,No Sensor 36W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
GHC	10145 SIM TECH	UP	1	LW100.28BBF	+Ped W-Pull,Freestd 28D B/B/F
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
GHC	10145 SIM TECH	UP	1	LW100.28FF	+Ped W-Pull,Freestd 28D F/F
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				1M	+2 file converters in each file drawer
HGS	10145 SIM TECH	R	6	1B2JK7-345	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #345
HGL	10149 RN TRAINER	ZZ	2	Y1338.	+HM Connect Ganging Bracket Kit
GH0	10149 RN TRAINER	ZZ	2	Y1324.3A06	+HM Connect S400,2 simplex recept,2 data openings,pwr cord w/plug end,6' cord/conduit
				4Z	+standard
				0K	+silver anodized
GH0	10149 RN TRAINER	ZZ	2	Y1324.3A10	+HM Connect S400,2 simplex recept,2 data openings,pwr cord w/plug end,10' cord/conduit
				4Z	+standard
				0K	+silver anodized
GH0	10149 RN TRAINER	IV	4	DT6AS.3060LE	+Hght-Adj Rect Table,Squared Edge,Lam,electric hght adj,standard range, 30D 60W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
GH0	10149 RN TRAINER	IV	4	DT9B.T	+Vetical Cord Covers, T-Legs
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing

				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGL	10153 MD TRAINER	ZZ	2	Y1338.	+HM Connect Ganging Bracket Kit
GH0	10153 MD TRAINER	ZZ	2	Y1324.3A06	+HM Connect S400,2 simplex recept,2 data openings,pwr cord w/plug end,6' cord/conduit
				4Z	+standard
				0K	+silver anodized
GH0	10153 MD TRAINER	ZZ	2	Y1324.3A10	+HM Connect S400,2 simplex recept,2 data openings,pwr cord w/plug end,10' cord/conduit
				4Z	+standard
				0K	+silver anodized
GH0	10153 MD TRAINER	IV	4	DT6AS.3060LE	+Hght-Adj Rect Table,Squared Edge,Lam,electric hght adj,standard range, 30D 60W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
GH0	10153 MD TRAINER	IV	4	DT9B.T	+Vetical Cord Covers, T-Legs
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10155 SIM SUPERV. OFF.	B	2	AO215.62	+Draw Rod 62H
HGS	10155 SIM SUPERV. OFF.	B	1	AO210.62	+Wall Start 62H
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10155 SIM SUPERV. OFF.	B	6	AO213.84	+Wall Strip 84H
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10155 SIM SUPERV. OFF.	ZZ	2	Y5010.	+Drw,Pencil 21W 16D
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10155 SIM SUPERV. OFF.	B	1	A1271.67H	+Fin End 67H
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10155 SIM SUPERV. OFF.	J	2	A2310.2442L	+Work Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 24D 42W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10155 SIM SUPERV. OFF.	J	2	A2310.3090L	+Work Surf,Sq-Edge Rect Lam 30D 90W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
HGS	10155 SIM SUPERV. OFF.	J	2	A3410.1642	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 42W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10155 SIM SUPERV. OFF.	J	2	A3410.1648	+Tackboard,B-Style 16H 48W
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10155 SIM SUPERV. OFF.	J	4	A3352.1342	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 42W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike

				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10155 SIM SUPERV. OFF.	J	4	A3352.1348	+Flip Dr Unit,B-Style Fab,W/Lock 13D 48W 15-1/2H
				KA	+keyed alike
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10155 SIM SUPERV. OFF.	B	1	A1125.6730J	+Panel,Tack Ac-Barr Npwr W/Rcp/Com Lc 67H 30W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10155 SIM SUPERV. OFF.	B	1	A1125.6742J	+Panel,Tack Ac-Barr Npwr W/Rcp/Com Lc 67H 42W
				HF	+inner tone light
				HF	+inner tone light
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
				63	+sironetta-Pr Cat 4
				01	+sironetta acapella
HGS	10155 SIM SUPERV. OFF.	A	2	G6142.42MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Starter,No Dim,No Sensor 42W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10155 SIM SUPERV. OFF.	A	2	G6143.48MNN	+Task Light,Lumisoft,Add-On,No Dim,No Sensor 48W
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
GHC	10155 SIM SUPERV. OFF.	UP	2	LW100.28FF	+Ped W-Pull,Freestd 28D F/F
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				1M	+2 file converters in each file drawer
GHC	10155 SIM SUPERV. OFF.	UP	2	LW140.20BBF	+Ped W-Pull Surface Att 20D for 24D Wk Surf,B/B/F
				SB	+full-extension ball-bearing
				SS	+smooth paint on smooth steel
				HF	+inner tone light
				KA	+keyed alike
				1F	+standard height
				2M	+drawer divider in box drawers, 2 file converters in file drawer
HGS	10155 SIM SUPERV. OFF	R	6	1B2JK7-255	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #255
HGS	10155 SIM SUPERV. OFF	R	6	1B2JK7-355	+Lock Plug and Key,Chrome UM Series #355

Grand Total
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**SECTION 12 24 00**  
**WINDOW SHADES**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION**

Cloth shades are specified in this section. Window shades shall be furnished complete, including brackets, fittings and hardware as indicated on architectural drawings.

**1.2 RELATED WORK**

- A. Color of exposed parts of venetian blinds, see room finish schedule.
- B. Lightproof Shades: Section 12 24 21, LIGHTPROOF SHADES.

**1.3 QUALITY CONTROL**

Manufacturer's Qualification: Venetian blind manufacturer shall provide evidence that the manufacture of blinds are a major product, and that the blinds have performed satisfactorily on similar installations.

**1.4 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Samples:
  - 1. Venetian blind slats, 300 mm (12 inches) long, including cord and tape, showing color and finish.
- C. Manufacturer's literature and data; showing details of construction and hardware for:

Venetian blinds

**1.5 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced to in the text by the basic designation only.
- B. Federal Specifications (Fed. Spec.):
  - AA-V-00200B.....Venetian Blinds, Shade, Roller, Window, Roller, Slat, Cord, and Accessories
- C. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
  - A167-99(R2009).....Stainless and heat-Resisting Chromium-Nickel Steel Plate, Sheet and Strip
  - B221/B221M-08.....Aluminum-Alloy Extruded Bars, Rods, Wire, Shapes, and Tubes

D635-10.....Rate of Burning and/or Extent and Time of  
Burning of Self-Supporting Plastics in a  
Horizontal Position

D648-07.....Deflection Temperature of Plastics Under  
Flexural Load in the Edgewise Position

D1784-08.....Rigid Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Compounds and  
Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC)  
Compounds

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### **2.1 MATERIALS**

- A. Stainless Steel: ASTM A167
- B. Cords for Venetian Blinds: No. 4 braided nylon or No. 4-1/2 braided cotton having not less than 175 pounds breaking strength.
- C. Extruded Aluminum: ASTM B221/B221M.

### **2.2 VENETIAN BLINDS**

Fed. Spec. AA-V-00200, Type I, 50 mm (two inch slat) fabricated of aluminum. Pre-production sample is not required.

### **2.3 VERTICAL BLIND LOUVER BLADES: NOT USED**

### **2.4 VENETIAN BLINDS AND SHADES ENCLOSED IN WINDOWS**

Shades or blinds inside of windows panes shall be used at Mental Health and Behavioral Nursing Units. There shall be no cords or ropes attached and curtains shall not be used. Hardware should be flush with the walls so that it can't be used to secure a nose. Hardware should also be tamper proof to prevent removal for use as a weapon or for self harm.

### **2.5 FASTENINGS**

Zinc-coated or cadmium plated metal, aluminum or stainless steel fastenings of proper length and type. Except as otherwise specified, fastenings for use with various structural materials shall be as follows:

**SECTION 12 32 00  
MANUFACTURED MILLWORK**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 SCOPE**

- A. Work required to complete the manufactured millwork indicated by the Contract documents and the items necessary for its proper installation

**1.2 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Project management and coordination procedures
- B. Coordination:
  - 1. Coordinate other work having a direct bearing on work of this section, including other work required to be installed within or next to work of this section.
- C. Schedule:
  - 1. Coordinate delivery of product in accordance with construction schedule to avoid storage and double handling of the millwork product.

**1.3 RELATED WORK**

- A. Provide millwork including cabinets, countertops, backsplashes, supports, shelving and filler panels necessary for complete millwork installation.
- B. Field verification of dimensions prior to order sign off and production.

**1.4 RELATED WORK NOT INCLUDED**

- A. Rough carpentry-blocking within stud walls to adequately support millwork.
- B. Joint sealants-caulking of millwork and/or countertops to abutting walls.
- C. Finish hardware-cabinet locks keyed or master-keyed to building locks.
- D. Resilient base.
- E. Mechanical-finishing, installation, and hook-up of sinks, fixtures, outlets. Furnishings, installation, and final connections of all ductwork shall be by the Mechanical Contractor.
- F. Plumbing items SECTION 22 40 00 PLUMBING FIXTURES Strainers, tailpieces, traps, vacuum breakers, stops, etc. shall be performed by the Mechanical Contractor to state and local codes. In all cases sink cutouts shall be by the Millwork Contractor.
- G. Electrical-furnishing, installation, and final connections of wiring, data lines, conduit, and/or electrical items within millwork shall be performed by the Electrical Contractor to state and local codes.

#### **1.5 MANUFACTURER'S QUALIFICATIONS**

- A. Modular architectural millwork shall be manufactured by DIRT. DIRT Millwork, countertops, and accessories .
- B. Or Equal.

#### **1.6 SUBMITTALS**

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
  - Sinks, trim and fittings.
  - Locks for doors and drawers
  - Adhesive cements
- D. Samples :
  - 1. Submit sample chips for color and finish selection as indicated on drawings.
  - 2. Component Samples: Color material sample chips, unless otherwise indicated, for each of the following items:
    - a. Hardware sample for appearance and drilling pattern.
    - b. Cut sheets for added equipment need to be included.
    - c. Work surface for appearance review.

#### **1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Quality Standards: Consistent with industry standards and performance.
- B. Field Measurements: Where millwork is indicated to fit to other construction or modular wall i.e. DIRT walls, verify dimensions of other construction by field measurement before fabrication and indicate measurements on shop drawing; coordinate fabrication schedule with construction progress to avoid delaying the work
- C. Locate concealed framing, blocking, and reinforcements that support millwork by field measurement before being enclosed and indicate measurements on shop drawings.
- D. Millwork shall be standard 3d laminate, high pressure laminate, veneer or chromacoat as indicated on drawings.

#### **1.8 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS**

- A. Conform to ABAAS standards for accessibility requirements.

## **1.9 PROJECT CONDITIONS**

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install millwork components and accessories until building is enclosed and finishing operations are complete, including ceiling and floor-covering installation and painting.

## **1.10 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING**

- A. deliver, store and handle products in exact accordance with the manufacturer published instructions and requirements. Store materials out of the weather.
- B. Deliver materials in the original unopened packages with manufacturer's name, labels, product identification and lot numbers, where appropriate.

## **1.11 WARRANTY**

- A. Manufacturer to offer a 10 year warranty on the construction of our millwork.

## **2.1 MATERIALS:**

- A. MDF board shall be 48 pounds per cubic foot density, industrial grade.
  - I. 1-inch thick Medium density Fibreboard as used for countertop core
  - II. 3/4-inch thick Medium density Fibreboard as used for all sides on cabinets, shelves, and door/drawer fronts
  - III. 5/8-inch thick Medium density Fibreboard as used for drawer bodies
- C. 3D laminate finish on sides and fronts of cabinets. Back finished upon request. 3D laminate shall be .012 to .020 inch nominal thickness. Colors shall be as indicated on the drawings.
- D. 3d laminate shall be .012 to .020 inch nominal thickness. Colors shall be as indicated on the drawings.
- E. Standard edge detail for 3d laminate is a self-edge eased at 3mm. All 4 edges are finished.
- F. High pressure laminate (HPL) for laboratory countertop surfaces shall be "Chemsurf type" for horizontal surfaces with a nominal 0.038-inch thickness. Finish shall be a fine beaded texture which minimizes smudges and finger marks and offers optimum fine beaded texture which minimizes smudges and finger marks and offers optimum scratch resistance properties. Edging shall be of the same material. Colors shall be as indicated on the drawings.

## **2.2 FINISHES**

- A. Interior Finish Specifications:
  - a) Exposed interior case surfaces shall be finished with a white or black melamine when 3D Laminate exterior finishes are specified.

- b) Interior door and drawer fronts shall be finished with white or black melamine matching the cabinet interior when 3d Laminate.
  - c) Exposed interior case surfaces shall be finished with white or black HPL when HPL exterior finishes are specified.
  - d) Interior door and drawer fronts shall be finished with white or black high pressure laminate when HPL exterior finishes are specified.
  - e) Exposed interior case surfaces shall be finished with matching veneer when veneer exterior finishes are specified.
  - f) Interior door and drawer fronts shall be finished with matching veneer when veneer exterior finishes are specified.
- B. External Finish Specifications:
- a) All vertical surfaces, doors and drawer fronts shall be finished with standard 3D decorative laminates.
  - b) Color selection for the external surfaces, drawer and door fronts consist will be selected from standard colors with SSI North America 3d Laminates choices.
- C. Countertop (Transaction) Finish and Specifications:
- a) Solid Surface Material: Hanex Co., Brioone Series B-003 Mono Vista

## **2.11 HARDWARE**

- a) All cabinetry doors and drawers to receive locks.  
Drawers are standard equipped Hinges shall be concealed 107-degree swing hinge, with two hinges per door up to 36 inches, three hinges per door on extended height cabinets.
- b) with tandembox B, d, M or N premium series full extension drawer system dynamic load capacity of 75 lbs and 110 lbs.
- c) All file drawers are standard equipped with a 6mm aluminum file bar.
- b) Standard pulls are a Bow Pull #117.31.632 from Hafele and a rod Pull #305128195 from Richelieu.
- c) Shelf supports shall be flattened self support pins of 5-millimeter nickel. Shelves are adjustable in all cabinets (standard).
- d) Grommets are 3-inch black plastic (standard)
- e) Lock systems will allow for all single or ganged locked drawers or individual single/double doors. Locks shall be metal and zinc alloy composition, brushed nickel, with 5-pin cylinder type tumbler two keys per lock, individually keyed, keyed alike. All Locks to be provided with Medeco 7-pin cores are to be included in construction contract and coordinated with millwork manufacturer.

## **2.12 FABRICATION**

- A. Base cabinets are to be constructed of 3/4-inch thick MDF sides, tops and bottoms. Overhead cabinets are constructed of 3/4-inch thick

MDF sides, tops and bottoms. Cabinets are assembled with metal bolt and brass inserts (mini fix hardware).

- B. Door and drawer cabinet fronts are to be 3/4-inch thick MDF.
- C. Cabinet shelves are to be 3/4-inch thick MDF and finished on all sides.
- D. Cabinet backs are to be 3/4 inch thick MDF laminated with white/black thermally fused melamine on interior side for 3d Laminate or chromacoat cabinetry.
- E. Cabinet backs are to be 3/4 inch thick laminated with white/black high pressure laminate for high pressure laminated cabinetry.
- F. Cabinet backs are to be 3/4 inch thick MdF laminated with white/black thermally fused melamine on interior side for 3d Laminate or chromacoat cabinetry.
- G. Cabinet backs are to be 3/4 inch thick laminated with white/black high pressure laminate for high pressure laminated cabinetry.
- H. Cabinet backs are 3/4 inch thick MDF finished with veneer for veneer cabinetry.
- I. Drawer boxes are to be 5/8-inch thick melamine, bottom and back, 3/4 inch laminated drawer front, finished with standard 3D laminate, and assembled with Tandembox system. Drawers are full extension with integrated soft close sides in standard white powder coat.
- J. Electrical fixtures, receptacles, wiring and junction boxes required for fixtures and receptacles:
  - 1. Factory installed in casework.
  - 2. For electrical lighting fixtures, see drawings.
  - 3. For electric receptacles and lighting fixtures installed below or adjacent to wall cabinets or above counter tops, see electrical sections or specifications.
  - 4. Install wiring in built-in raceways and terminate at junction box mounted on rear of cabinet and counter.
  - 5. For final hook-up at junction box see electrical sections of specifications.
- K. Not Used.
- L. Base:
  - 1. Provide rubber or vinyl base with close, flush joints; set with adhesive.
  - 2. Remove adhesive from exposed surfaces.
  - 3. Install base at floor line after casework has been accurately leveled.
  - 4. Rub base to glossy finish.
- M. Countertops:
  - 1. Countertops shall be 3/4 inch thick.

2. Splashbacks shall be finished 19 mm (3/4 inch) thick and be secured to countertops with concealed metal fastenings and with contact surfaces set in waterproof adhesive.

3. Provide cut-outs for plumbing trim where shown.

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### **3.1 EXAMINATION**

- A. Examine all adjoining work, verify all governing dimensions, and report any unsatisfactory conditions.

#### **3.2 INSTALLATION**

- A. install materials and systems in accordance with manufacturer published instructions and requirements. install materials with uniform appearance and in proper relation with adjacent construction.
- B. Accurately set all cabinets plumb, square level, and permanently secure in position as indicated on the drawings. install millwork to a tolerance of 1/8-inch or tighter in 96-inches for plumb and level.
- C. Install millwork without distortion so that doors and drawers fit openings properly and are accurately aligned. Adjust hardware to center doors and drawers in openings and to provide unencumbered operations.
- D. Exercise extreme care to avoid damaging the millwork finish during the handling and installation.
- E. Field fabrications and modifications of millwork required for completion of units shall be performed with extreme care to avoid damage to millwork finish. Scribe millwork and fillers as required for a tight fit.
- F. Wall cabinets shall be securely fastened to studs or blocking in the wall.
- G. Install countertops on base cabinets and other support systems with screws. Secure backsplashes to tops with concealed fastening methods.
- H. Install solid surface material countertops on base cabinets and other support systems with approved silicone sealant/adhesive. Secure backsplashes to tops with approved silicone sealant/adhesive.

#### **3.2 CLEANING**

- A. Clean all materials provided under this section and all adjacent materials, which may have become soiled from this work.
- B. Wipe out millwork interiors and empty drawers of dirt and debris. remove pencil marks and other blemishes from millwork surfaces.
- C. Remove foreign matter that could affect operation or appearance of hardware.
- D. Make final adjustments to drawers and doors. Doors shall swing freely. All doors shall be aligned both vertically and horizontally. drawers

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shall open and close smoothly, without binding or excessive slide and play.

- E. Remove from the site all debris resulting from the work of this section.
- F. 3d decorative Laminates: refer to the Care and Cleaning Guidelines provided by Klockner Pentaplast Pentadecor 3d Laminate Film.
- G. High Pressure Laminates (HPL): refer to NEMA publication Ld3-2005 Annex B Care and Cleaning of Laminates.

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